

WAR DISPATCHES OF WEEK

By Special Leased Wires Direct to the Ontario

LILLE NOW AN UNDEFENDED TOWN.

LONDON, August 27.—A Belgian officer who returned here yesterday from Hazebrou, France says the Daily Express Ostend correspondent, stated that it was decided on Monday not to defend Lille, and Tuesday the mayor's proclamation was published announcing the evacuation by the French troops and the transformation of the town into an undefended place.

All the Gendarmes were disarmed and steps were taken to deliver the town to Germans. Tuesday evening all the available treasure was removed.

NO CONFIRMATION OF LILLE SURRENDER.

LONDON, August 27.—There is no official confirmation of the reports that Lille has surrendered to the Germans. The War office professes to have no information regarding it.

SERVIANS HOPE TO ANNIHILATE AUSTRIANS.

NISE, August 27.—Official announcement was made to-day that following the four days' battle along the fifty mile frontier along the Drina in which the Austrian army of invasion was defeated by the Servians, the victorious Servians are now driving the enemy toward Lomniza. Every effort is being made by the Servian commander to cut off the Austrian retreat and to annihilate the army.

CENSORSHIP RESPONSIBLE FOR UNREST?

LONDON, August 27.—Influences are at work which do not fully comprehend the psychology of the nation. Britons cannot for ever co-operate with unrest and show enthusiasm in a war they cannot see and about which they are denied all knowledge even to a supply of those harmless pictures which appeal so warmly to the people.

AUSTRIAN MOBILIZATION RESEMBLES A FARCE.

ROME, August 27.—The Messageor has received a despatch from its correspondent at Nish, Serbia, saying that the total Austrian prisoners in the Servian hands number ten thousand. Some of the prisoners declare the Austrian mobilization bears great resemblance to a farce. The desertions were countless in number and fully 40 per cent of the men called upon to serve failed to answer.

Despite this and Austrian defeats at the hands of the Servians and Russians the aged Emperor Francis Joseph is being supplied constantly with fallacious triumphant bulletins. The reason for this is the critical health of the Monarch.

BEATEN RUSSIANS NUMBER 200,000.

BERLIN, August 27, via London.—The correspondents of the Lokal Anzeiger and the Tageblatt, at the Austrian headquarters estimate the strength of the Russian forces beaten at Krasnik, a town of Russian Poland at four or five army corps, or possibly two hundred thousand men. Two Russian corps which formed the advance guard were on Aug. 23, ejected from the heights of Krasnik and Frampol.

Sanguinary battles occurred on the route to Lubin and on the heights and in the forests along the small river Chodol, which were only finally decided on August 25. The battle was fought in a difficult country which was full of forests.

THINKS GERMAN COMMUNICATION WEAK.

LONDON, August 27.—Tests made at various points along the German army's line of communication, says the Ostend correspondent of the Dailly News, show that it is surprisingly weak. The Germans seem to have gone forward with the idea that they had nothing more to fear from the Belgian army.

THREE FRENCH TOWNS REPORTED OCCUPIED.

LONDON, August 27.—A despatch from Ostend says the Germans have occupied Lille, Roubaix and Valenciennes all in France. They were unopposed by the allied troops.

The towns are all close to the Belgian frontier, Lille and Valenciennes being ten miles from the line and Roubaix five. Roubaix is five miles northeast of Lille and Valenciennes is thirty miles southeast of the same city.

Lille is the most important from a military point of view. It has a fortress of the first class, and the circle of its forts is thirty miles. Recent despatches from Paris said Lille was held by French reservists. Roubaix would appear not to be fortified. It is a manufacturing centre.

Valenciennes also is a manufacturing city, an important military point. It has an arsenal and extensive barracks.

NINE FORTS AT NAMUR HELD OUT.

LONDON, August 27.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Ostend, credits a Belgian officer from Namur with the statement that the forts there are still holding out with the exception of Machovellette and Cognole, which were destroyed by the German bombardments. The Belgians fought for two days, this officer says and there is still a large force of Germans before Namur.

GERMAN WIRELESS REPORTS NAMUR FORTS FALLEN.

BERLIN, August 27.—By wireless via Sayville L.L. All the forts at Namur have fallen and Longwy near the Luxemburg border, has been captured after a resolute defence. The French forces which attacked the German Crown Prince's army have been repulsed. Upper Alsace is free of the enemy except at the points to the westward of Kolmar.

BRITISH MARINES LAND AT OSTEND.

LONDON, August 28.—The British marines in force are now in control of Ostend, says a despatch from that place to the Times. They continued landing all day yesterday and several quick firers were brought ashore to-day.

The men present a splendid appearance and all are eager for a speedy meeting with the enemy.

The approaches to the station are thronged with sight-seers and citizens who express regret that the marines were not landed sooner.

The British-officers declare they have not landed sooner because several prominent local officials objected that it would frighten the hotel visitors.

The fighting at Snaeskerke on Tuesday changed the minds of these objectors and the city fathers forthwith asked for, and the British Government sent the marines.

LIEGE NOT BADLY DAMAGED.

ROME, August 28.—via Paris, The newspapers publish correspondence to the Berlin Tageblatt from Liege saying that the town has been little damaged and that only some groups of houses on the hill there have been destroyed.

FISHING CRAFT SUNK BY MINE.

LONDON, August 28.—Five members of the crew of a Scotch fishing craft that has been sunk by a floating mine 30 miles off Blythe, Northumberland, were landed at Hull to-day.

RUSSIANS MARCHING ON BERLIN.

PARIS, August 28.—Colonel Osobichin, Russian military attache here is quoted by the Journal as having remarked in an interview that they could say, without indiscretion, that other Russian armies were about to invade Western Prussia. After crossing the Vistula, he said, the Russians would march straight to Berlin.

SUNK AN AUSTRIAN DESTROYER.

LONDON, August 28.—A Central News despatch from Brindisi, Italy, says that a British destroyer sunk an Austrian destroyer off Corfu after ten minutes fight.

NO REPORT OF CASUALTIES YET.

LONDON, August 28.—The official bureau says, Earl Kitchener has received a telegram from Sir John French stating that the latter feels strongly the necessity of giving full details of the casualties as soon as possible. He hopes to telegraph some of them immediately. It has been impossible under the circumstances to send them up to the present.

THE GERMAN VERSION OF THE FIGHTING.

BERLIN, August 28.—By wireless, via Hahille—Headquarters have issued an official report stating that the western enemy has everywhere been defeated and is in full retreat after nine days' fighting.

General Von Kluk defeated the English army at Maubeuge, renewed the attack to-day and threatened to surround it.

Generals Von Buelow and Von Hausen completely defeated the French-Belgian forces, about eight corps, between the Sambre and the Namur, and the Meuse, in several days' battle and are now pushing them to the eastward of Maubeuge.

The attack on Maubeuge was opened by the Grand Duke Albrecht of Wuerttemberg who defeated and pursued the enemy across the Semis and Meuse.

The German Crown Prince is advancing towards the Meuse and the Crown Prince of Bavaria repulsed an attack from Nancy and the South.

General Von Heeringen continues the pursuit southward through the Vosges.

BRITISH TROOPS REPULSE REPEATED ATTACKS.

LONDON, August 28.—In the House of Commons to-day, Premier Asquith made the following statement:—

"We have heard from Field Marshall Sir John French, Commander in charge of the British expeditionary force, that in the fight which took place between his army and the enemy, on Wednesday, August 26th, and which appears from French official reports to have been in the neighborhood of Cambrai and Lecateau our troops were exposed to the attack of five German army corps two divisions of cavalry, and a reserve corp of cavalry and a second cavalry division. The Germans charged again and again but were driven back with very heavy losses. The British rifles supported by their army, were very effective. Our second corps in the fourth division bore the brunt of the cavalry attack. Our first army corps was attacked on the right and inflicted a very heavy loss on the enemy. I regret to say that our casualties are heavy but the numbers are not yet known. The behaviour of our troops was in all respects admirable.

General Joffre, the French commander-in-chief, in a message published this morning conveys his congratulations and sincere thanks for the protection so effectively given by our army to the French flank."

Under the German army formation an army corps is made up of ten regiments of infantry, which at war-strength number 3,000 men to a regiment, four regiments of cavalry of about 730 men each, four regiments of field artillery and one of heavy artillery of about 930 men each, and two battalions of engineers. This would make the force which attacked the British approximately 188,350 men.

NAMUR FORTS STILL HOLD OUT.

PARIS, August 28.—The Havas Agency says, that two motor cyclists attached to the Belgian army, who arrived in Paris this morning declare that the forts at Namur are still holding out and that they are not even ready to surrender.

BELGIAN WOUNDED AT FOLKESTONE.

FOLKESTONE, via London, August 28.—A number of Belgian wounded from Namur have arrived here, but it is difficult to get any connected account of the fight there. They state that the Germans bombarded continuously from Friday till Sunday and they believe it was the superiority in long range of the German guns which gave them the victory.

On Saturday a German shell exploded in Marchovette fort and put the largest gun and one six-inch gun out of action. Two hundred Belgian soldiers while trying to escape, were practically annihilated by German shrapnel and machine guns.

On Sunday ammunition began to run short in some of the forts and more ammunition was sent for but the town fell at mid-day Sunday before the ammunition arrived. The Belgian soldiers made splendid retirement which was covered by the French troops.

60,000 GERMANS KILLED AROUND CHARLEROI.

PARIS, August 28.—An officer who returned here, wounded, after participating in the fighting around Charleroi, declares that in the three days' fighting there the Germans lost fully 60,000 in killed and wounded. He claims that the German artillery was not well served while the firing of the French was deadly and accurate. At many places he says the piles of dead were so high that they had to be moved to permit the guns to return the range.

MALINES TAKEN BY THE GERMANS.

LONDON, August 28.—The Mail's correspondent at Rotterdam in a despatch from Antwerp dated Thursday night says:—"After a magnificent defence of two days, by the Belgian army Malines was retaken by the Germans.

"On the first day 20,000 Germans opposed the Belgians and on the second day 40,000 hung their might against a greatly inferior force. In the end the Belgians retired on Antwerp leaving the enemy in possession of the town. The Germans immediately entrenched after ordering the inhabitants to leave. Wachtens and Helndonck were destroyed and their being used as a cover against Antwerp.

"The Germans are furious and in revenge."

GERMAN REINFORCEMENTS.

ROME, August 29.—A despatch to the Giornale D' Italia, from Basel, Switzerland, says three German Army Corps, two Austrian Army Corps, and a great quantity of siege artillery have crossed the Rhine.

ITALY WILL PRESENT ULTIMATUM.

LONDON, August 29.—The Paris correspondent of the Express wires, his paper, "I am informed that Italy will present an ultimatum to Austria requesting an explanation of Austrian mobilization on the Italian frontier. Only a brief period will be given for an answer, and within a short time Italian troops are expected to be in Trieste.

RIOTING IN GERMAN TOWN.

LONDON, August 29.—A Copenhagen despatch says the captain of the German steamer, "Derkid" which has arrived there from Danzig, Germany, told of at terrible panic there. He said, the inhabitants were in a desperate condition and that there had been fierce rioting. Foreigners and their possessions, he said, were ruthlessly misused.

GERMANS FALLING.

LONDON, August 29.—A despatch to the Daily Mail, says the western front of Poland as far east as Lodz, was for sometime held by smaller German detachments. These are now falling back and Lodz, has been re-occupied by the Russians. The advance Russian cavalry has reached Kolgusch, near Lodz.

BERLIN REPORTS RUSSIAN DEFEAT.

BERLIN, August 29.—via wireless Sayville, L.L.—News of the defeat of five Russian army corps to the south of Allenstein is made public here to-day. It is stated from official sources that the battles which have been in progress for several days past are expected to be decisive. Austrian troops are pursuing the Russians from Krasnik, about 20 miles north of the Galician frontier in the direction of Lublin. Austria, according to this same authority, has invaded Russia, and has occupied the region in front of Zamosse a strongly fortified town of Russian Poland on the Wieprz, 45 miles southeast of Lublin. The Austrians are said to hold the region to the west, north and southeast of Lemberg, Galicia, and have advanced toward the Dneister river against the strong invading forces of the enemy.

AUSTRIANS DECISIVELY DEFEATED.

LONDON, August 29.—The Russians are advancing rapidly on Lemberg, Austria, their cavalry overcoming all Austrian opposition, says, a despatch from the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company. The message continues: "The Russian troops are marching on Moenigsberg and have already repulsed the advance guard of the garrison. The Russians now occupy important positions on the river Alle, between the rivers Vistula and Dneister, the Russians are in close touch with the Austrians, whom they have already defeated decisively at Temaschoff and Monasterzyska."

RUMORED FALL OF KOENIGSBURG.

LONDON, August 29.—A despatch to the Times, from St. Petersburg, says, reports are circulating there of the fall of Koenigsburg, the strongly fortified seaport of the Germans in East Prussia. The Russian advance in East Prussia gave rise to three days of prolonged and stubborn engagements in the vicinity of Soldan, Allenstein, and Pischoffsburg, were the enemy had concentrated the army corps, which retreated from Gumbinnin, and some fresh troops. Allenstein, has been successfully occupied by the Russians.

AUSTRIANS ASSUME THE OFFENSIVE WITH DISASTROUS RESULTS.

LONDON, August 29.—A St. Petersburg despatch to the Times says, the Austrians made a bold bid for the offensive yesterday, by trying to seize the left flank of the Russian position in Poland, with the obvious intention of relieving the pressure on the German forces in northeastern Prussia. Two or three army corps advanced as far as Kielce, where they encountered a strong Russian force. A pitched battle was fought and resulted in the overthrow of the invaders, who sustained heavy losses. Operations in Eastern Galicia, according to the despatch were developing fast, and the Russian net is drawing around Lemberg. The German Allenstein army is in full retreat towards Eibing and Marienburg.

KOENIGSBURG SURROUNDED.

LONDON, August 29.—The reported capture of Koenigsburg is not confirmed says the Times correspondent, but he has the best of authority for stating that Koenigsburg is completely surrounded.

ALLIES ABOUT TO ENGAGE NEAR BOULOGNE

LONDON, August 29.—A Paris despatch says, train service between Paris and Boulogne was suspended to-day. This is taken to indicate that the Allies are about to engage the Germans on or near the railway line running into Boulogne.

SOLDIERS ARE LECTURED

Camp Commandant Tells Them What is Expected of Them.

Valcartier Camp, Que., August 31.—There was a general tightening up of both discipline and drilling in the huge mobilization camp to-day. The soldiers are now fairly well organized and drilling is being conducted with greater regularity and smoothness. Every soldier on the grounds was given a stiff lecture by the senior officers following instructions issued by the camp commandant, Col. Williams, yesterday, on the necessity of keeping the camp in absolutely sanitary condition on paying closer attention to duty and on the penalty that would be imposed should any man touch liquor.

Drilling began at 7.30 o'clock in the morning and continued throughout the day. While 6,000 soldiers were given instructions in skirmishing and rifle practice at the butts several more thousands were drilled in company and battalion formation. It was strenuous work under a hot sun, but the men are gradually being hardened to it, and there is comparatively little falling out of the ranks. The camp strength was increased to about 22,000 troops during the day, all the arrivals being Westons, Winnipeg, Regina and Moose Jaw units arrived on five special trains and although tired from their tedious journey across the country, they marched almost like regulars down the centre of the camp to their lines.

About 8,000 men detained, among them being 1,438 men from Winnipeg, 577 from Moose Jaw, and 498 from Regina, 1,998 from Saskatoon, 571 from 11th and 15th regiments, 148 from 22nd Light Horse, 174 and 29th Light Horse, 280, Regina, 85th regiment, 169, the Corps of Guides, 23, 16th Light Horse, 251, and 3rd Field Troop, C. E. 50.

BOMBARDED BY GERMANS

Fox Signals on Track Startled People

Lake Ontario Park bombarded by the Germans! This is the thought that ran through the minds of more than one at that place on Thursday night, but there was nothing in it. About nine o'clock the patrons of the park were astounded at the loud reports of what they took to be the guns of a German invasion but on investigating the cause, the authorities found that the artillery-like explosions were nothing more than a number of railway fox signals, placed on the street car tracks by somebody with a perverted sense of humor. Soldiers of the 14th Regiment and 6th Field Battery, who were in the pavilion rushed out and a general air of solemnity pervaded the pleasure-seekers until the cause of the outbreak had been ascertained. About six of the signals had been placed on the tracks and were exploded by a street car at intervals of a few seconds. A person did not need to have a very sensational imagination to think that they were the reports of a number of guns. The 14th Regiment and Field Battery had a number of representatives in the vicinity, however, so the police was safe from harm.—Kingston Standard.

Patriotic Association

Representatives of most of the fraternal organizations met last evening in the armouries and a successful launching of a system of aid in case of need took place. On Monday evening at eight o'clock the Belleville Patriotic Association and the fraternal organizations representatives will meet in the armouries for organization.

The following names were added to the Home Guard Reserve last night: W. F. Ashley, W. H. Wrightmeyer, James Collins, R. Powell, Chas. R. Cole, H. Hales, F. Wilson. From Canton No. 8, I.O.O.F. W. J. Richey, E. C. Thompson, R. H. Ketcheson, A. E. Cole, H. W. Hindstrom, A. L. Hogan, W. A. Pringle, E. M. Juby, W. J. Hulley, W. H. Luffan, W. Hardin, Geo. R. Brown, W. McDonald, J. R. McDonald, Geo. Westfall.

The evening was spent either at drill or at musketry, and afterwards the most of those present attended Dr. Gibson's talk on First Aid. Musketry practice and drill takes place on Tuesday evening next.

KIDNEY HEADACHE

is caused from the blood being thickened with uric acid poisons circulating in the head. Anti-Uric Pills cure all forms of kidney trouble. They are so good and so sure F. O. Clark guarantees them. Be sure you get Anti-Uric Pills. B. V. Marion on every box. Sold only at F. O. Clark's drug store.