IV. MAN AND SIN.

16. What is man?

Man is a rational and moral being, created and called to be the child of God.

17. What value has God put upon man?

God made man to have dominion over the works of His hand, and, as Christ died for every man, every one is of infinite value to God the Father.

18. Is man morally free?

Man, though weak, is free to choose the ends for which he shall live, to do or disobey the will of God, and is responsible for the same.

19. What does Conscience do?

Conscience shews the sense of right and wrong written in the heart, approves or condemns according as a man is true or false to the light within, the voice of God, or the standard of duty.

20. What is the sum of God's law for man? "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart—and thy neighbour as thyself." (Matt. xxii. 37-39.)

21. What is sin, and wherein does it lie?

Sin is doing wrong when we know what is right, is failure to do and to be what God requires of us, and in general is selfishness and lawlessness; and it lies in any desire, or thought, as well as in any word or deed, contrary to the good will of God.

22. What are the effects of sin?

Sin separates us from God, wounds His love, incurs His just displeasure, corrupts our nature, and injures our neighbours and our children after us.

23. How are the effects of sin shewn?

They are shewn in shame, misery, degradation and loss of inward power, and will be fully disclosed in the day of judgment.

24. What purpose are the effects of sin meant to serve?

They are meant to correct and teach us to do better, and to warn others against like wrong-doing.