

## XIII. OF EXAMINERS.

1. Each Board of Commissioners appoints two well-qualified persons—who may or may not be members of the Board—to be members of the “Committee of District Examiners.” The Council of Public Instruction appoints another member of this Committee, who acts as its Chairman. The business of this Committee is clearly set forth in the Act.

2. Each committee will hold semi-annual examinations during the months of October and April. All applicants for license to teach, and all wishing to be examined for admission to the Normal School, must present themselves before the Examiners at their semi-annual examinations. The law makes no provisions for special examinations, nor is any needed. Each committee will appoint stated times for its semi-annual meetings, in order that all may be aware of the times of their recurrence.

3. The exercise of much judgment and discretion will be required of these Examiners. If, in the discharge of their high duties, they shall place themselves in sympathy with the efforts now put forth to leaven the youthful mind of the Province with a sound education, no provision of the Act will do more to elevate the tone and quicken the life of popular education than the appointment of these officers. The following are the qualifications which the Examiners shall require of all applicants for licenses:

## SYLLABUS OF EXAMINATION.

*Female Candidates—Class III.*

**LANGUAGE: Reading**—To read a passage in prose, and another in verse, with a distinct utterance and due attention to the punctuation.

**Spelling**.—To spell correctly any ordinary sentence dictated by the Examiners.

**Grammar**.—1. \* To parse easy sentences and apply the rules of Syntax.  
2. To have some general knowledge of the construction and various modifications of simple sentences.

**REMARK**.—The order pursued in parsing should be, from the *general* to the *particular*, as in the following model:

Word.	Class.	Sub. Class.	Inflexions.	Syntax.	Rule of Syntax.
Boys	Noun.	Com.	{ Plu., 3rd Pers. Mas. gen. Nom. Case.	{ The subject of the pro- position.	{ “The subject of a proposition must be in the Nom. Case.”
love	Verb.	{ Transitive, Regular.	{ Active Voice, Ind. Mood. Pres. Tense, Plu. 3rd Pers.	{ Agrees with its subject, “Boys.”	{ “A verb must agree with its subject in num- ber and person.”
novelty.	Noun.	Com.	{ Sing. 3rd Pers. Neut. gen. Obj. Case.	{ Limits the action ex- pressed by the verb “love.”	{ “A noun or pronoun used to limit the ac- tion of a Trans. verb, must be in the Obj. Case.”