POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

RESOUNDING CHEERS GREETED DR. PARKIN

His Eloquence Fired a Great Missionary Meeting in Exeter Hall--A Strong Note of Imperialism Runs Through the Canadian's Remarkable Address.

This speech (of Dr. George R. Parkin) was one of the most eloquent and stirring that has ever been made on a missionary platform. It thrilled the whole meeting, and when Dr Parkin sat down the hall resounded through and through with the cheers of his listeners.

The foregoing, from the Church Times, describes the address Dr. Parkin at great missionary meeting in Exeter Hall, London, during the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, on May 18. The times' report of Dr. Parkin's speech follows:

Dr. Parkin (Canada) said: It is almost a common-place of the platform to say that we belong to the greatest empire that the world has ever known. I am afraid that this is very often said by Englishmen in a spirit of boastfulness and in a way that does a good deal of harm to themselves and to others who hear it. But there is a way of saying this in a manner that does not do us harm, and that is if we say it with a sense of the responsibility that rests upon us as the greatest empire of the world. If we say it in this sense we cannot repeat it too often. Think of what our empire means! Four hundred millions of the population of the globe is under the British flag! It is a fifth of the world. We have, too, the command of the seas, and this means that it brings English ships and English people into every port and every harbor in the world; and it means, too, that our English character and our English christianity has to pit itself against the religion and the superstition of all those with whom it comes in contact. The humblest English sailor who ever set foot on board ship has to stand as the representative of the Christian character which comes out of this country.

It is an amazing fact this, and a tremendous responsibility, and an Englishman is not worthy of the name of Englishman, who fails to grasp this great fact and to feel this responsibility. A distinguished statesman said the other day, in a speech which has been much quoted, that the British Empire is the greatest secular agency in the world. Let me tie on to this a further truth. The Church of England is the great National Church of this country, and this Society is, I understand, the representative of the missionary spirit of this Church of England.

The Greatest Secular Agency.

Well then, if it is true that the British Empire is the greatest secular agency in the world, then it must be true that the Church of England, and the S. P. G. as the official representative of the missionary spirit of that Church, must prove itself the greatest religious force in the world. Now, as you know, the growth of this venerable Society has gone hand in hand with the vast empire across the Atlantic, and is it not a remarkable fact that although the great secular power of England lost its dominion over the secular power of the United States, that church of the United States was able to say, in 1812, that whatever their Church had been in the past had been due to the long-continued care of the S. P. G.? If you had nothing else to put down to your credit, if you had nothing else to fire your enthusiasm, this fact would be enough to fire it. You know when we lost the United States, there were a great many people who said that the Empire of Great Britain was coming to an end. Why, it was only just beginning! For it was by that experience that Great Britain learnt for the first time how to govern colonies.

I was reading a book by a French authoress the other day, in which she said that it is a nation's religion which moulds their character and their lives, and their method of government. Now, it is a wonderfully interesting question to consider whether the Christian religion is really the basis of our national greatness, and whether that Christianity is going to prove sufficient, is going to show whether it has the elasticity of expansion, whether it is going to prove strong enough to meet and to stand against, and to convert all the religions and superstitions with which it is brought in contact. Well, the test is surely going to lie in the development of an organization such as this, and I say this because the final question, the final test by which a Church stands or falls is its missionary spirit. Now, you can easily see that this vastly-expanding empire needs the very broadest statesmanship to direct it. It isn't only the people who are talking just now at Westminster who direct the future of this empire; it is quite as much the people who are at such a meeting as this, and I believe, I feel sure, that the sense of responsibility of this great empire is held quite as much by one as by the other.

A Searching Question.

Here is a point I want to put before you. You have pouring out of this country every year hundreds and hundreds of people, and the question is, where do they go? Well, some of them go to our own colonies across the seas, to settle down in the great agricultural districts of Canada, and the essential point is this--you are by this means sowing the seed of great nations. Whoever they are and wherever they go they are as scattered seed from which in time nations will spring forth. Now, if you look at any ordinary seed advertisement, what do you always find that they say? They say, we have tested everyone of our seeds before we send them out. Do you test the seed you are sending out? I do not know of any business principle more applicable to the highest principles of Christianity than this--test your seed. See that those whom you are sending out carry within them what is necessary to the making of Christian men and women. Fancy what the feeling must be to some humble clergyman in a little country parish in England seeing a boy, whom he had trained from his earliest days, enlisting in the army and sent out as a man to some frontier town of the empire to stand in that lonely place as the type of Englishman and Christian, judged by the natives of the place by what he is. Or you take your great public schools, your Eton and your Harrow, and there again you have the final test in the men who are sent out often to govern and administer justice, and who move in the highest places and are accust med to that sense of superiority [illegible] Englishman too often [illegible] it is a marvelous sowing of the seed; think of it, the millions of the inhabitants of our empire who are of the colored races, and some of these races have a religion older than ours and have had their martyrs long before ours and their customs ingrained in them for thousands of years. Think what a strain upon the intellect it must be for the men who have to meet these ancient religions, and who have to get out of it all that is good and uplifting and yet press on them the higher light and higher wisdom that has come to us.

A Great Responsibility.

And there is South Africa. A little while ago I travelled through South Africa, and so let me put this point before you. Of all the terrible responsibilities that is put to any society that of sending men and women to work out in South Africa is the greatest. What do I mean by that? Well, I was talking about South Africa to an American Bishop who knew it well, and he said, "Why South Africa is a country which has a history reaching far back through the ages, and the people there have never written a book; never painted a picture, except a few scratches on the rock; never constructed a machine; never even built a decent house; and that has been going on for thousands of years." And we have come face to face with such a people, for whose control and uplifting we are responsible! Think what skill and what patience and what faith that requires! And yet, as I said to Booker Washington the other day, if you want to get encouragement you must go to South Africa. There you will find enormous progress being made among people who haven't even had the advantages of slavery—yes, the advantages of slavery—for slavery does give a backbone and a grit to a people, though the difficulty is how to apply it. They are face to face with a gigantic task, and one thing is certain, only Christianity will do it. Nothing but Christianity can be the solution, Christianity which looks forward over the centuries that are to come.

We Are the Romans.

Some time ago I was traveling in an express train across a wild part of California, and sitting opposite to me was a young American. We had been traveling all day, and just after we had run through the 47th station I asked him what the size of this state of California was. He told me, making a rapid calculation, he reckoned that it was more than twice the size of the United Kingdom—just this one state! Well, I didn't say, "What a wonderful country this United States is." I said, "What a wonderful country this little island of Britain is, that such a small area can produce a world-wide empire." You remember what a wonderful picture we are given of St. Paul. How as a Roman citizen he could go all over the civilized world and be protected. Yet our world is ten times as big as that. We are Romans, for we have a pass all over the world under the British flag. But St. Paul was a Greek, too. He had the culture and the learning of the Greeks, so that he could face the Athenians when he went to that great city to preach the Gospel. And we have a great literature and learning behind us too, But St. Paul was a Jew too, with all the Jew's fiery religious zeal and enthusiasm. And we must have something of the Jew in us, something of that spiritual fervour of his. It is only when this simile is complete that the Englishman will be ready to undertake that responsibility which is thrown upon him. With the far-flung battle line of our church and the banner of our faith held over us there can be no limit to the power and possibilities that will be ours in the future of the world.

DRY DOCK DELEGATION ASK FOR BOND GUARANTEE

Ottawa, June 21—A delegation from St. John this morning asked the government to guarantee the bonds of the dry dock company. The dominion is pledged to a subsidy of $600,000, the province $200,000 and the city of St. John $100,000 and the site. The proposal is that the dominion should take over the subsidies and guarantee the bonds to the amount of something more than a million dollars.

The delegation was headed by Mayor W. W. White, and with him were Geo. Robertson, M. P. P., Robert Thomson, Joseph Allison, F. B Carvell, M. P., Mr. Turgeon, M. P., and Mr. LeBlanc, M. P. The members of the government present were Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. Chas. Hyman and Hon. H. R. Emmerson. The delegation was given an attentive hearing. Sir Wilfrid asked that the request be put in writing.

BIG WELCOME FOR ROOSEVELT DESPITE THE STORM

New York, June 22—After two days in Massachusetts, President Roosevelt tonight left Jersey City at 8.15 for Washington.

The president's train arrived at the Mott Haven yards of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railway at 6.48 and was switched to the transfer boat Maryland, which started a few minutes later for Jersey City. At Jersey City a crowd cheered the chief magistrate and he bowed his acknowledgements as the train pulled out for the national capital.

In spite of unfavorable weather he was given an enthusiastic welcome in all cities and towns he visited in Massachusetts and Connecticut and accorded distinguished honors by three educational institutions.

Despite the tremendous electrical storm which swept over Massachusetts and Connecticut the president's journey from Williamstown to Jersey City was a prolonged ovation. After leaving Williamstown at 1.40 p. m. the special train stopped at North Adams, Adams, Pittsfield, Brookfield Junction, Danbury and South Norwalk. The crowds assembled at the six places aggregated many thousands; those at North Adams, Pittsfield and Danbury being notably large. At Pittsfield the president left the train for a few minutes and addressed a great crowd from a stand erected near the station.

The president's train is scheduled to reach the national capital at 2 a. m.

OUR FARMERS URGED TO RAISE MORE FOR THE HOME MARKET

An Interesting Talk With W. F. Stephen, Dominion Expert, About New Brunswick

HAS BEEN LECTURING IN THIS PROVINCE

Sees Many Possibilities Here, and Shows How Advantage of Them Can Be Taken--Speaks of Certain Sections as Particularly Appealing to Him as a Mixed Farming and Dairying Country.

"We feel that the majority of the farmers in this province are making a mistake in selling off too much feed," said W. F. Stephen, of Huntingdon (Que.), one of the dominion dairy experts, Wednesday.

"There is a good soil and good climate here," he continued, "and the country is well watered, and I fail to see why there cannot be a greater production from the farms. They do not supply the home market and they should."

Mr. Stephen, who is an expert in matters pertaining to practical farming, and dairy cattle in particular, is one of a small party of men from the the dominion department of agriculture who have been assisting the local government under Commissioner of Agriculture Farris of the maritime provinces, in the interests of dairy and agricultural matters. The others are Duncan Anderson, of Rugby (Ont.), a horse and feed cattle expert, and F. W. Broderick, of Truro (N. S.), who has a first class knowledge of seeds.

In company with W. W. Hubbard they arrived in this city late last Tuesday, and left yesterday forenoon for Petitcodiac, where lectures will be given, and from there they will proceed to Chatham and Prince Edward Island.

Mr. Stephen, who is secretary of the Montreal Milk Suppliers' Association, and who gave stock lectures at the exhibition held here last autumn, said, just prior to leaving yesterday, that wherever meetings had been held in the province there had been no difficulty to secure audiences. There was always a deep and general interest manifested in what the lecturers had to tell. The meetings were of particular value through the fact that the speakers had with them a couple of horses and four cows. There is one heavy draught horse, and a light horse, and the cows represent the been and dairy classes. By having these animals, those addressed can see at a glance what the lecturers are poining out.

Great Farming Possibilities.

There were three meetings at Lower Jemseg on Tuesday, said Mr. Stephen, and each was largely attended.

"From what we have seen of New Brunswick," he said, "we realize that there are great farming possibilities here. Of course, I am not saying that the entire country is suited for agricultural purposes for much of it is heavily timbered, but yet, there are many parts well adapted for farming.

"Along the St. John river valley the soil, I believe, is very fertile. The whole region has a most prosperous appearance and we passed through many flourishing farms. We feel, though that a mistake is being made in selling off the feed. It should be retained. Larger crops would be produced, and more stock supported.

"In Ontario and Quebec where stock raising is carried on on an extensive scale, you will find most prosperous conditions, and between New Brunswick and the latter province, there is but little real difference, so far as land and climate are concerned. What I have seen of New Brunswick reminds me of Scotland, where much success has been achieved, particularly in beef raising, but it is only by intensive farming that this can be brought about.

"In Quebec we have certain advantages over the people of this province. There is a larger population, and a far better home market.

Should Supply Home Market.

"As far as we can learn the people of New Brunswick are not supplying the home market. Instead, there are large importations from the west. It is my belief that you can raise, within the borders of your province all that you import, and you would be greatly benefiting yourselves if you took up home production and consumption instead of importation.

"Of course, there is the labor question to consider, but I think it could be overcome by bringing out farm help from the old country. There are plenty of people of that class across the water, and I understand that already there are quite a few scattered through the country. They are accustomed to maintaining fertility in the soil."

Good Words for Some Sections.

Mr. Stephen spoke in a complimentary way about the Tobique river region. He said the soil there was rich, and that possibly there was not another section of the province so generally suitable for mixed farming. He was there for a few weeks last autumn.

Mr. Stephen was also enthusiastic respecting Sussex, and that portion of the Kennebeccasis valley surrounding the district. He had visited Sussex at various times, and said the farms around there amply demonstrated what could be done when the farmer intelligently applied his energies.

"There is too great a tendency in other parts of New Brunswick," observed Mr. Stephen, "to cultivate large areas. There is not enough concentration. It is better to have a small tract of land under a high state of cultivation, than to have acres growing but poor crops. The farmer should content himself with less land, when he is unable to cultivate the most of it.

"There are some remarkably fine dairy farms at Sussex. The Ayrshire breed of cattle (perhaps the very best for diary purposes) has been brought to a high degree of excellence. Formerly there was difficulty to be met with, respecting dairys because the farms were so scattered, but with the introducution of cream gatherers the trouble has been overcome. Woodstock is a good dairy centre, but I cannot say that it is ahead of Sussex."

Mr. Stephen remarked that the efforts by the government to foster agricultural matters were accomplishing excellent results. In New Brunswick, Hon. L. P. Farris and Mr. Hubbard devoted much thought and time to the work, and their endeavors had been, and would continue to be, of great benefit to the country.

EXPECT TRUCE IN ROYAL ARCANUM

Belief That Supreme Council Will Reconsider Objectionable Insurance Rate Order.

(N. Y. World).

The Supreme Council of the Royal Arcanum will in all probability be forced to reconsider its action concerning the new insurance rates of the order. The tide of protest from members seems irresistible.

All over the country a feeling against the new rate schedule has been aroused which the supreme regent and his associates cannot set aside, and if the grand councils in each state, following the demands of the subordinate councils, convene and insist upon the supreme council being reconvened for the purpose of reconsideration of the new rate schedule, their demands cannot be set aside.

The local councils are making a most earnest and determined fight against what is termed an injustice to the old members through the new rates.

While it is true the older members are doing most of the protesting, they are supported by the younger men, who take the stand that if the old men are now deprived of the protection they paid for for more than twenty years, no guarantee can be extended the young men that the same thing will not happen to them.

In the west the dissatisfaction over the action of the supreme council is loudly expressed. D. E. Cameron, of Milwaukee, grand secretary of the order in Wisconsin, has declared open war against the new rates.

"The new rate," Mr. Cameron said, "was ordered by the supreme council at its meeting held in the last days of May, without consultation with the grand jurisdictions of the order, and would appear to be an arbitrary ruling from which it may be necessary to make a most determined appeal. It is the second increase in rates made by the order, the first having been put in force seven years ago. With hundreds of other older members of the order, I believe that the local councils and the grand jurisdictions should have been consulted in a move of such far-reaching importance as this must prove to be.

"When the first increase was made the supreme council levied three extra assessments, raising $2,000,000 from which to draw an income sufficient to make up whatever discrepancy should be found to exist at any time in the fund for the payment of the death losses. I now understand that the principal of that fund has been drawn upon to the extent of $90,000 to pay claims. I have seen no statement as to the disposition of the interest. I presume that reports showing the status of the fund will be forthcoming."

The Royal Arcanum Bulletin, official organ of the order, defends the action of the supreme council. In the course of a long statement it says an adjustment of the insurance rates was necessary because the revenue from the present scale of assessments will not pay the mortality claims.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., June 20—(Special)—Rev. W. W. Lodge opened the conference this morning with the usual devotional exercises.

A communication from the editor of the Wesleyan was read.

Rev. G. Steele spoke on the business of the book room. He stated that the book committee considered that the affairs of the book room were in good condition. Rev. A. D. McCully, B. D., read the report of the board of examiners. It was moved that the board be constituted the same as last year. Rev. C. H. Paisley, D. D., chairman, Rev. A. D. McCully, secretary.

Rev. Mr. Steele reported for the children's fund.

Rev. T. Marshall presented the report for the missionary committee.

The case of Rev. Mr. Rice was referred to the missionary secretary for favorable consideration.

It was recommended that payments to the fund be made through the conference treasurer.

The committee recommended that the summer school for missions be held in some central place. A party of experts from the mission board is coming to the east in August and will hold gatherings in the eastern conferences.

After a lengthy discussion it was resolved that the school be held in St. John at a date to be settled later, and that the circuits of the conference be strongly advised to avail themselves of the opportunity and send delegates. A strong committee was named to carry this motion into effect, viz., the ministers of St. John churches, J. Hunter White, E. R. Machum, J. S. Tait, J. N. Harvey, W. A. Adams, C. H. Hutchings.

Permission was given the Margate, circuit to sell the parsonage at Margate, the proceeds to be devoted to the parsonage at Kensington.

The methodist conference made the following changes today in the final draft of the station sheet: A. D. McLeod, for Cape Wolfe; K. C. W. Squires, Andover; W. J. Clements, Souris.

Dr. Paisley was appointed chairman, and A. D. McCully, secretary of the board of examiners.

At the afternoon session the chairmen of districts were elected as follows: St. John, Rev. C. W. Hamilton; Fredericton, Rev. James Crisp; Woodstock, Rev. J. C. Berrie; Chatham, Rev. J. S. Strothard; Sackville, Rev. George Steele; St. Stephen, Rev. W. H. Sharp; Charlottetown, Rev. W. W. Lodge; Summerside, Rev. A. D. McCully.

Rev. C. W. Hamilton was elected secretary-treasurer of sustentation committee; Rev. G. M. Campbell, delegate to the general conference; vice, Rev. John Goldsmith; Revs. C. W. Hamilton, W. R. Pepper, reserves.

Dr. Paisley submitted educational report No. 2, adding George Morris' name to those already reported for permission to go to college, and giving a list of deputations appointed to attend educational meetings.

A resolution welcoming Rev. Mr. Dobson to the conference was passed by a standing vote.

The children's fund assessment for 1905 is as follows: St. John, $920; Fredericton, $520; Woodstock, $325; Chatham, $360; Sackville, $630; St. Stephen, $295; Charlottetown, $555; Summerside, $430; total, $4,035.

The conference special committee was appointed as follows: The president and secretary, chairmen of the districts, and the following laymen: Dr. Allison, John E. Irvine, E. R. Machum, J. J. Weddall, and W. D. Baskin.

At the evening session the report of the supernumerary fund was adopted. It showed that $1,750 was distributed on the same assessment as last year.

The amended report of temperance committee was passed. The item formally recommending the extension of prohibition now in force in P. E. Island to other provinces was changed in the wording so as to read "equally effective legislation" instead of "similar legislation."

Dr. Scott of the U. N. B., submitted an amended constitution to the sustentation fund. The constitution, which was characterized by Rev. Wm. Dobson as "sane and workable," passed.

The selection of the place of meeting next year was left with the special conference committee.

E. R. Machum, of St. John, was appointed delegate to the Dominion Alliance convention now on in Toronto.

It was decided that at the next conference a motion be made that the members of the conference entertain themselves.

After devotional exercises the conference closed.

NINE POINTS OF THE LAW

(Continued from page 6.)

hour. I knew him too well by this time to be deceived.

"I've got it!" I cried in his ear. "I've got it!"

"Got what?" he asked me, stepping back.

"The picture!"

"What?"

"The picture. He showed it me. You had to go without it; I saw that. So I determined to have it. And here it is."

"Let's see," said Raffles grimly.

I threw off my cape and unwound the canvas from about my body. While I was doing so an untidy old gentleman made his appearance in the hall, and stood looking on with raised eyebrows.

"Looks pretty fresh for an Old Master, doesn't she?" said Raffles.

His tone was strange. I could only suppose that he was jealous of my success.

"So Craggs said. I hardly looked at it myself."

"Well, look now—look closely. By Jove, I must have faked her better than I thought!"

"It's a copy!" I cried.

"It's the copy," he answered. "It's the copy I've been tearing all over the country to procure. It's the copy I faked back and front, so that, on your own showing, it imposed upon Craggs, and might have made him happy for life. And you go and rob him of that!"

I could not speak.

"How did you manage it?" inquired Sir Bernard Debenham.

"Have you killed him?" asked Raffles sardonically.

I did not look at him; I turned to Sir Bernard Debenham, and to him I told my story, hoarsely, excitedly, for it was all that I could do to keep from breaking down. But as I spoke I became calmer, and I finished in mere bitterness, with the remark that another time Raffles might tell me what he meant to do.

"Another time!" he cried instantly. "My dear Bunny, you speak as though we were going to turn burglars for a living!"

"I trust you won't," said Sir Bernard, smiling, "for you are certainly two very daring young men. Let us hope our friend from Queensland will do as he said, and not open his map-case till he gets back there. He will find my cheque awaiting him, and I shall be very much surprised if he troubles any of us again."

Raffles and I did not speak till I was in the room which had been prepared for me. Nor was I anxious to do so then. But he followed me and took my hand.

"Bunny," said he, "don't you be hard on a fellow! I was in the deuce of a hurry, and didn't know that I should ever get what I wanted in time, and that's a fact. But it serves me right that you should have gone and undone one of the best things I ever did. As for your handiwork, old chap, you won't mind my saying that I didn't think you had it in you. In future——"

"Don't talk to me about the future!" I cried. "I hate the whole thing! I'm going to chuck it up!"

"So am I," said Raffles, "when I've made my pile."

The Future of Netherwood.

Arrangements are now being made for extensive repairs and improvements at Netherwood, the Rothesay school for girls. Miss Pitcher and Miss Ganong will arrive at the school Aug. 1, and will superintend the arrangements for increasing the usefulness and comfort of the property for a school.

Miss Pitcher and Miss Ganong have been associated with Mrs. Armstrong for the past two years with a view to taking over the entire management of the school. The discipline and the course of instruction were put in their hands at that time, and the success with which they managed both has been attested by the marked progress of the pupils and the loyal support they have been given by pupils in all matters of order and discipline.

Miss Pitcher, daughter of Rev. J. T. Pitcher, of Ottawa, was for seven years head teacher of Stanstead College, Quebec. Her success in the work of that school was attested by an invitation from the president of Stanstead to return as principal of the new girls' school in connection with the same college. After leaving Stanstead, Miss Pitcher spent a year in post-graduate work at McGill before taking up her work as principal in the ladies' college, Halifax. Her four years there were marked with great success, several of the prominent men in ducational work in Nova Scotia having congratulated her on the work she did there in raising the scholastic standard of the school and improving it socially as well.

Miss Ganong, graduate of Smith College, was associated with Miss Pitcher at Halifax for four years, and did excellent work both as a teacher and in assisting in the home life of the girls.

Miss Ganong and Miss Pitcher will continue the course of instruction and the method of school government as they have established it, with every reason to hope for continued success. The school is very fortunate in having Mrs. Armstrong's work and influence still with it. The teachers and matron have been selected with the utmost care, both as to their ability in their own line of work and in the usefulness in helping the home life of the school.

SUNLIGHT SOAP is made of pure fats and oils and contains no dangerous ingredient. It is a pure soap that gives absolute satisfaction. 118

BIRTHS

COOMBS—At St. John, (N. B.) on the twenty-second inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Fred W. Coombs, a son.

MARRIAGES

MULLIN-BUCKLEY—At St. Bridget's church, Chapel Grove, on June 21, by the Rev. Jos. H. Borgmann, C. SS. R., Daniel Mullin, of Fairville, to Elizabeth Buckley, of Clifton, Kings county (N. B.)

DEATHS

NAVES—In this city, June 22—Ann Naves, aged 77 years, widow of the late Samuel Naves, formerly of Black River (N. B.), leaving two sons and four daughters to mourn their sad loss.

Funeral from the residence of her son-in-law, John G. Tobin, 56 Southwark street, Saturday at 2.30 o'clock.

WETMORE—A Clifton, on the 20th inst., the Rev. David I. Wetmore, in the 82nd year of his age.

McWILLIAMS—In this city on June 19th, Michael McWilliams, leaving a wife, one son and one daughter to mourn.

(Philadelphia and Boston papers please copy.)

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived.

Tuesday, June 20.

Stmr Calvin Austin, Pike, Boston via Maine ports, W G Lee, mdse and pass.

Stmr Indianapolis, 1592, Cove, Manchester, A Watson, bal.

Coastwise—Schrs Effort, 63, Apt, Annapolis; Beulah, Benton, 36, Guthrie, Sandy Cove; Emily, 59, Morris, Advocate; stmr Granville, 49, Collins, Anapolis.

Wednesday, June 21.

Ship Marina Madre (It), 2564, Podesti, from Port Nolloth, J H Scammell & Co, bal.

Coastwise—Stmr Harbinger, 46, from Rockwell; River Hebert; schr Chieftain, 71, Tufts, from St Martins; Essie C, 72, Whelpley, from Alma; Citizen, 48, Woodworth, from Bear River; Ethel May, 16, Hudron, from Hampton (N S); Abbie Verna, 65, Morris, from Advocate Harbor; Viola Pearl, 23, Wadlin, from Beaver Harbor and cld; stmr Brunswick, 72, Potter, from Maitland and cld for Canning.

Thursday, June 22.

Stmr Senlac, 614, McKinnon, Halifax via ports, Wm Thomson & Co, and cld.

Schr C W Mills, 318, Mariman, Carrabelle, (Fla.), master, pitch pine.

Cleared.

Tuesday, June 20.

Schr Sallie E Ludlam, Pedersen, Philadelphia—cargo loaded at Shulee.

Schr Tay, Spragg, Stamford, A Cushing & Co.

Schr Georgie E Wasson, Newport f o, D Fraser & Sons.

Schr Adelene, Smith, Bridgeport, Stetson, Cutler & Co.

Schr Harry Knowlton, Haley, Philadelphia, J H Scammell & Co.

Coastwise—Schrs Susie N, Merriam, Windsor; James Barber, Tufts, St Martins; Silver Cloud, Post, Digby; Little Annie, Poland, West Isles; Pansy, Pike, Apple River; stmr Aurora, Ingersoll, Campobello.

Wednesday, June 21.

Schr Erie, Gale, for City Island f o, James R Warner & Co.

Coastwise—Schrs Essie C, Whelpley, for St Martins; Fleetwing, Fritz, for Port George; Yarmouth Packet, Shaw, for Yarmouth; Citizen, Woodworth, for Bear River; Ethel May, Hudson, for Hampton (N B); Emma T Storey, Gough, for Wilson's Beach; stmr Britannic, Olsen, for Sydney via Halifax.

Thursday, June 22.

Schr Wm. F. Green, Randall, City Island f o, Chas Mitler.

Coastwise—Schrs Rolfe, Rolfe, Port Greville; bartn Enterprise, Steeves, Hillsboro; stmr Harbinger, Priest, River Hebert; schrs Helen M, Hatfield, Wolfville; Dora, Canning, Parrsboro; Alma, Tufts, Alma; tug Maggie M, Gilchrist, Chance Harbor; schr Lost Heir, Maguire, fishing.

Sailed.

Tuesday, June 20.

Stmr Oruro, Seeley, West Indies via Halifax.

Wednesday, June 21.

Stmr St John City, Bovey, for London via Halifax.

Stmr Calvin Austin, Pike, for Boston via Maine ports, W G Lee.

Schr Grace Seymour, for Hillsboro for New York.

Halifax, June 22—Ard, stmrs Oruro, St John.

Sld—Stmr Olivette, Boston.

Hillsboro, June 20—Cld, stmr Edda, Meldell, Newark.

CANADIAN PORTS.

Halifax, N S, June 20—Ard stmrs Palanza (Ger), from Hamburg and sailed for New York; Minia (Br cable), for sea.

Cld—Stmr Contre Amiral Caubet (Fr cable) for sea; schr Hugh John, for Jordan's Bay.

Sld—Stmr Havana, Scott, for St Pierre (Miq.)

Halifax, June 21—Ard. stmrs Halifax, from Boston, and sailed for Hawkesbury; Olivette, from Charlottetown via Hawkesbury.

BRITISH PORTS.

Aberdeen, June 19—Sld stmr Escalona, for Sydney (C B.)

Barbados, June 9—Ards stmr Ocamo, Buchanan, from Halifax via Bermuda, etc, and sailed for Trinidad.

Sld June 9—Schr Frances A Rice, Stuart, St Martins.

Glasgow, June 20—Ard stmr Salacia, from Montreal and Quebec via Liverpool.

Fastnet, June 20—Passed stmr Ulunda, from Halifax and St John's (Nfld), for Liverpool.

Liverpool, June 20—Ard barque Lavinia, from Rose au Rue.

London, June 20—Sld stmr Columbia, for Boston.

Sharpness, June 10—Sld stmr Glitra, for St John.

Liverpool, June 21—Ard, stmr Caronia, from New York.

London, June 21—Sld, stmr Gulf of Ancud, for Halifax.

Ard—Stmr Evangeline, from St John and Halifax via Havre.

Preston, June 20—Ard, stmr Heros, from Chatham.

Barry Island, June 22—Passed, stmr Nordhavel, Schmidt, Chicoutimi for —.

Blyth, June 21—Ard, stmr Norfolk, Chicoutimi.

Exmouth, June 21—Sld, bark August, St John.

Glasgow, June 22—Ard, stmr Carthaginian, Philadelphia via St John's.

Inistrahull, June 22—Passed, stmrs Denaby, Quebec for Greenock; Mount Royal, Montreal and Quebec for Liverpool.

Liverpool, June 21—Ard, stmr Majestic, New York.

Liverpool, June 22—Sld, stmr Bohemian, Bohemian, Boston; Southwark, Quebec and Montreal; Victorian, Quebec and Montreal via Moville and Rimouski.

Malin Head, June 22—Passed, stmr Athara, Montreal via River du Loup for Glasgow.

Manchester, June 22—Ard, stmr Caledonian, Boston.

Prawle Point, June 22—Passed, stmr Kildona, Montreal and Quebec for London.

Liverpool, June 21—Ard, stmrs Ulunda, Halifax and St John's (Nfld), 22nd, Caledonia, Boston for Manchester.

Queenstown, June 22—Sld, bark Hifondon, from Dublin for Gaspe (P Q).

Savannah, June 22—Sld, stmr Dora, Montreal.

Tory Island, June 22—Passed, stmr Ionian, Montreal and Quebec for Glasgow.

West Hartlepool, June 21—Sld, Bengore Head, Montreal.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Eastport, Me, June 20—Sld schr Annie A Booth, St John.

Havre, June 17—Ard stmr Evangeline, St John and Halifax for London.

Hyannis, Mass, June 20—Ard schr Onward, St John f r Vineyard Haven.

New York, June 20—Ard schrs Abbie and Eva Hooper, Port Reading for Saco; Sebago, Port Reading for St John.

Portland, Me, June 20—Ard schrs Hattie Murial, St John for Boston.

Saunderstown, R I, June 20—Ard schr Mauna Loa, New York for Pictou (N S.)

Vineyard Haven, Mass, June 20—Ard schrs Zeta, New York for Cheverie (N S); Addie Fuller, Shulee (N S) for New York; Charles A Sproul, from Musquash for orders.

Passed—Schrs E Merrill Port Greville (N S) for New York; Abbie C Stubbs, St John for do; Annie B Mitchell, Hurricane.

Boston, June 21—Ard, ship George, T Hay, Lubecchbay Harbor, Me, June 21—Ard, schr Lyra, Evans, from St John.

City Island, June 21—Bound south, bark Altona, from Walton (N S).

Schrs St Anthony, from River Hebert (N S); Jessie Lane, from St John.

Cadiz, June 14—Sld, stmr Salerno, for Halifax.

Havre, June 19—Sld, stmr Pomeranian, for Montreal.

Saunderstown, R I, June 21—Sld, schr Mauna Loa, from New York for Pictou (N S)

Portland, June 2.—Sld, stmr Hilda, for Parrsboro (N S).

Vineyard Haven, June 21—Ard, schrs Keewaydin, from Parrsboro (N S), for Bridgeport; S A Fownes, from Dorchester (N B) for Norwalk (Conn).

Sld—Brig Aquila, from Gaspe (P Q), for Providence.

Passed—Stmr Nanna, from New York for Hillsboro (N B).

FOREIGN PORTS.

Augusta, Sicily, June 12—Sld, bark Teresin, Boothbay (Me.)

Bath, Me, June 22—Ard, stmr Baines Hawkins, Chaleur Bay.

Boston, June 22—Ard, stmr Prince George, Yarmouth.

Sld—Stmrs Arabic, Liverpool; Alexandra, Copenhagen; Boston, Yarmouth.

Calais, June 22—Cld, schr Maple Leaf, Windsor.

Chatham, Mass, June 22—Light southwest winds at sunset. Thick fog all day and no observation.

City Island, June 22—Bound south, schrs Persis A Colwell, Two Rivers (N S); Margaret G, Apple River (N S).

Havre, June 22—Ard, stmr La Savoie, New York.

New Haven, Conn, June 22—Sld, schr Ida May, St John.

New York, June 22—Sld, stmrs Nordkap, Tilt Cove; La Bretagne, Havre; Numidian, Glasgow, bark E C Mowatt, Guntanamo.

Saunderstown, R I, June 22—In port, schrs Lizzie D Small, New York for Boston; Priscilla, Providence for St John.

Vineyard Haven, Mass, June 22—Ard, schrs Silver Spray, Sand River for New York; Onward, Fredericton for Providence; Mauna Loa, Elizabethport for Pictou (latter sailed).

Sld—Schrs I N Parker, from Norwalk for St John; Keewaydin, from Parrsboro for Bridgeport.

WANTED.

TEACHER—With superior school license is wanted by school district No. 2, St. Martins. Apply, stating terms and references, to Wm. Smith, secretary, St. Martins, N. B.

WANTED—Second or third class female teacher for district No. 6, in the parish of Rothesay, Kings county. Apply, stating terms, to J. H. Saunders, secretary school trustees. Address Rothesay, Gondola Point, Kings County, N. B.

WANTED—Provincial Hospital, two young women to engage in nursing. Good wages. Previous experience not essential. Address Medical Superintendent, Dr. J. V. Anglin, Fairville, N. B. 6-24 4i

WANTED—A second class female teacher for next term to teach the school in District No. 8, Perth and Drummond. One lately from the Normal School preferred. Apply, stating salary, to John Walker, South Tilley, Victoria Co., N. B. 6-17 4i sw

WANTED—Second or third class Teacher for School District No. 5, Lepreaux, Charlotte county. Apply, stating terms, to Thomas Haggerty, Secretary School Trustees, New River, Charlotte Co., N. B. 6-17 4i w

WANTED—Second or third class teacher for School District No. 14, parish of Drummond, county of Victoria. District rated poor. Apply to Secretary H. Howlett, Lake Edward, Victoria county. 6-17-4i-sw.

LOCAL and General Salesmen wanted in every town and district in New Brunswick to represent "Canada's Greatest Nurseries." Special list of hardy varieties for New Brunswick. Start now at best selling season. Write for prospectus and send 25c. for our handsome aluminum microscope—magnifies 4½ times, just the thing for botanists. Stone & Wellington, Toronto, Ont. w-201

GIRL for general housework for the summer at Riverside. Apply to Mrs. E. Barnes, Riverside, or telephone No. 84 H. 6-23-tf

MEN WANTED—Reliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise and introduce our goods by tacking up showcards on trees, fences, bridges and all conspicuous places; distributing small advertising matter. Commission or salary; $960 a year or $80 a month and expenses, $3 per day. Steady employment to good reliable men. We lay out your work for you. No experience needed. Write for full particulars. Salus Medical Co., London, Ontario, Canada. w-21

WANTED—First or second class teacher for School District No. 2, Wicklow. Apply to School Secretary, D. C. Sipp, Wicklow.

MEN WANTED—Reliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, tack up showcards on trees, fences, along roads and all conspicuous places; also distributing small advertising matter. Salary $900 per year or $75 per month and expenses, $3.50 per day. Steady employment to good, reliable men. No experience necessary. Write for particulars, Empire Medicine Co., London, Ont. 12-10 1-yr-d-sow

WANTED—Gentlemen or ladies—$800 per year and expenses; permanent position; experience unnecessary. A. A. O'Keefe, 157 Bay street, Toronto. 12-25-1yr—w.

Ambitious young men for large Insurance Company as agents. Experience not necessary. Men of character, energy and push can make big money and position. A few good country districts open for the right parties. Address at once. "AGENT," P. O. Box 13, St. John, N. B.

FOR SALE,

FARM FOR SALE—Situated in the parish of Studholm, K. C., containing 200 acres, 9 miles from Sussex half mile from P. O., one mile from school, two and a half miles from Mills, stores, churches, blacksmiths shop and cheese factory. Soil, clay loam, free from stone; cuts 35 tons of hay; could be made to cut 50. Abundance of pasturage; well watered. Plenty of good hardwood. Apply on the premises to David Proudfoot. P. O. address, Mt. Pisgah, K. C. 5-24-2mon-w

FARM FOR SALE—The undersigned will sell his farm, containing 160 acres, one hundred of which is free from stone and under good cultivation. It is situated in the parish of Cambridge, county of Queens, within ten minutes drive from White's Cove wharf; also convenient to churches, school, post office, etc., and cuts about 30 tons of hay annually. The buildings consist of a good frame house 24x32, well finished, with ell and woodhouse; also two large barns, hog house, ice house, etc. Terms, two-thirds cash, the balance under mortgage. For further particulars apply to John Orchard, on the premises. 5-24-1mo-wn.