Charged by The Police

Many Persons Were Injured in Conflict Last Night—Numerous Arrests.

Newspapers Ordered to Abstain From Criticizing Acts of Royal Family.

Madrid, Feb. 13.—The arrangements at the palace for to-morrow's wedding are proceeding rapidly. Tribunes have been erected in the chapel in which the ceremony will occur. The seating capacity, about 500, will be sorely taxed. A great many ticket holders will be unable to gain admittance, on account of the limited space in the chapel.

Some of the guests who have arrived here to attend the ceremonies will not leave their rooms in the palace.

It will be impossible for the crowds to show their feelings, as no members of the royal family nor of the Caserta family will appear in public, and there will be no military parade in connection with the ceremony. The wedding will be as near private as its royal character will permit.

It has practically been decided to abandon the remainder of the programme of festivities or any event which would permit the assembling of the public, and which might lead to trouble.

Following the lead of the Imparcial, other papers announce that they will not make any reference to the wedding.

With nightfall every approach to the Puerto del Sol was jammed with the idle populace. Insulting remarks were hurled at the police and the civil guards' trumpeter sounded a charge, which was made with drawn swords. Heads were not spared; many persons were injured and there were numerous arrests. The scattering crowds sought the shops and hotels. All the front doors of the Hotel de Paris were smashed in, a great crowd assembling there. The police and guards charged into the streets leading to the Puerto del Sol, but the dispersed throngs quickly re-assembled.

The authorities have warned the newspapers that they must abstain from criticism of the acts of the royal family, or the publication of news or comments calculated to fan the present agitation.

During the afternoon the ministers held a long and important council. The evident intention to deal severely with offenders against public order seems to be having a most salutory effect.

The strong aggressive measures of the civil guards early in the evening resulted in quiet during the latter part of it, and Madrid just before midnight, when this dispatch is filed, is calm, the guards having been almost entirely withdrawn.

Effervescence continues, however, at Barcelona and Grenada, where the gendarmes have been reinforced. At Malaga anti-clerical demonstrators stoned a newspaper office and a policeman was wounded by a revolver shot.

TRADE OF THE STATES.

Increase in Imports and Exports During the Past Year.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The general survey of foreign trade introductory to the volume on "Commercial Relations With the United States," has just been published.

It says our foreign trade to-day, as compared with that of recent years, shows a gain remarkable, because it has been achieved with but little effort. The question for the future, says the publication, is whether we can hold the position we seem about to gain by means of economy or production, greater labor efficiency and cheap raw material, or whether we shall have to arm ourselves with weapons especially fashioned for controlling foreign trade, such as more scientific export methods, better facilities for banking and transportation, more liberal credits and manufacturing for particular markets with intelligent regard to climate and race requirements.

According to United States treasury returns, the imports of this country for last year, in round numbers, amounted to $830,000,000, and the exports, $1,478,000,000, an increase of over $30,000,000 in the import trade, as compared with the preceding year, and of $202,480,000 in exports. Of the exports, the percentage of manufactured goods rose to a very considerable extent, and our industrial growth continued last year at a rapid pace, enabling us to take less finished goods from other countries and to furnish more. The relative cheapness of United States products has given them preeminence, it is shown, and the remarkable growth of the foreign demand for our iron and steel is cited as a striking instance of what undercutting in prices will do.

The entrance of the South into the trade of the Orient is spoken of as a novel feature of expansion. The acquisition of the Hawaiian and the Philippine Islands, it is declared, has converted our Pacific slope from a mere outpost of trade into a hive of commerce; while Cuba and Porto Rico offer the Southern States a convenient stepping stone to Latin-American trade.

There are 33 lawyers in the Kansas legislature.

THEIR CLAIMS SET AT REST.

The claim of other cough medicines to be as good as Chamberlain's are effectually set at rest in the following testimonial of Mr. C. D. Glass, an employee of Bartlett & Dennis Co., Gardiner, Me. He says: "I had kept adding to a cold and cough in the winter of 1897, trying every cough medicine I heard of without permanent help, until one day I was in the drug store of Mr. Houlehan and he advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and offered to pay back my money if I was not cured. My lungs and bronchial tubes were very sore at this time, but I was completely cured by this remedy, and have since always turned to it when I got a cold, and soon find relief. I also recommend it to my friends and am glad to say it is the best of all cough medicines." For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents.

SETTLING CLAIMS.

Commission to Be Appointed by President McKinley.

Washington, Feb. 12.—The conferees of the Senate and House to-day reported an agreement upon the bill providing a means for settling the claims of citizens of the United States against Spain as provided for in the Paris treaty of peace. The House conferees receded from their amendment requiring the court of claims to pass upon such claims and accept provision for a commission. The membership of the commission is, however, increased from 3 to 5. Provision was inserted making the decisions of the commission final but giving it authority to grant a re-hearing, under certain circumstances, and also to ask the opinion of the United States Supreme court on points of law. The commissioners are to be appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate and the bill requires that they shall be "Learned in the laws." The headquarters of the commission will be in Washington, but it is empowered to send a commissioner abroad to take testimony.

ANTI-JESUIT RIOTS.

Gendarmes Charged the Mobs at Santander and Barcelona.

Santander, Feb 13.—A mob stoned the offices of the Catholic journal at Alaya, The Watch Tower, yesterday evening, shouting "Down with the Jesuits." The gendarmes had to fire a volley in the air and charge the mob in order to save the Carmelite monastery, from which the monks had fled in terror. The rioters fired several shots in reply and then marched through the streets. When passing the Carlists houses the occupants poured water on the heads of the rioters and the latter retorted by stoning the houses.

Demonstration at Barcelona.

Barcelona, Feb. 13.—A mob armed with cudgels made a threatening demonstration to-day in front of the Jesuit college. The police charged and dispersed the rioters.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Two Men Identified By Marshal's Daughter as Burglars Who Killed Her Father.

Joplin, Mo., Feb. 13.—Johnson and O'Neil, who have been held in this city several days suspected of complicity in the Cudahy kidnapping case, were identify yesterday as the men who killed the marshal while robbing a bank at Bronaugh, Mo., several months ago.

At the time of the robbery the marshal's daughter saw the two men through a window. She positively identified Johnson and O'Neil as the men who killed her father. At the time of the robbery $16,000 was taken and $20,000 destroyed by the explosion that wrecked the safe.

When arrested here the men carried several thousand dollars in gold. They were taken to Nevada to-day for trial.

RUSSIANS LOST HEAVILY.

Forty-Two Men Killed in an Engagement With Chinese.

London, Feb. 13.—A special dispatch from Shan Hai Kuan, dated February 11th, says the Russians lost forty-two men killed in an engagement at Kao Chiao, and that they refused the assistance of the allies.

It is hoped that the arrival at Pekin of Sir Walter Hiller, adviser to the British military authorities in China, will expedite the negotiations with the Chinese court.

MANY PERSONS DROWNED.

La Paz, Bolivia, Is Inundated—City in Darkness.

Lima, Peru, Feb. 13.—A dispatch from La Paz, the nominal capital of Bolivia, dated February 11th, 5 p. m., says that the overflow of the river has caused the inundation of the city and the destruction of bridges. The electric lighting system has been disabled and the city has been in darkness for two nights. Many lives have been lost and the damage will aggregate a million dollars (Bolivian).

FILIPINOS SURRENDER.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The following cablegram to-day was received at the war department from Gen. Macarthur, at Manila:

"Col. Simon Tecson, seven of the officers, 71 soldiers, 59 guns, 2,000 rounds ammunition, surrendered unconditionally on February 11th, at San Miguel de Mayumo, Luzon."

MARCHED OUT IN A BODY.

Czechs To-Day Left Lower House of the Reichsrath.

Vienna, Feb. 12.—In the lower house of the Reichsrath to-day when Ferdinand's declaration relative to his marriage to the Countess Chote was read, the young Czechs rose in a body and walked out after their spokesman had congratulated the Archduke and his wife, and had declared that the Czechs did not recognize the competence of the Reichsrath to deal with matters affecting the succession to the throne in the dominions of the Bohemian crown.

MOTHER WON APPEAL.

Madrid High Court Orders That Senora Ubao's Daughter Be Restored Her.

Madrid, Feb. 12.—The high court has reversed the judgment of the two lower courts, and has ordered the restitution of Senora Ubao's daughter.

The Ubon case attracted a great deal of attention in Spain and elsewhere. Senora Ubao had appealed to the high court for the restoration of her daughter, who she claimed was induced, under pressure from her Jesuit confessor, to abandon her home during the mother's illness and to enter a convent.

Mosquitoes were unknown in Switzerland until the completion of the St. Gothard tunnel under the Alps.

Bamboo fiber makes absolutely the best copying paper there is, and the bamboo paper is made almost exclusively in Japan.

To Review Strathcona's

Men Will Visit Buckingham Palace, Where King Edward is to Present Medals.

Piet Dewet Arrives at Capetown to Discuss Peace—Boer Losses at Ermelo.

London, Feb. 14.—King Edward will review Strathcona's Horse to-morrow for the purpose of conferring the medals earned in the South African war.

The Canadians will arrive in London to-day, and will be allowed to view the King's procession to Parliament. They will then return to barracks and wait for the review. The officers will attend this afternoon at the war office to see the medals, which will then be sent to Buckingham Palace.

To-morrow evening the regiment will be driven to Apsley Gate, Hyde Park, from which point they will march to Buckingham Palace, accompanied by a band from the Foot Guards. On their arrival at the gardens of the Palace, the King will review them and present the medals.

With the exception of six who are suffering from typhoid and were landed at Gravesend, the troopers are all in good health.

Elaborate arrangements have been made to entertain them in London. The theatres and music halls have offered them free admission, and the clubs will elect the officers honorary members.

They will sail for Canada on the Numidian, February 25th.

Boer Losses at Ermelo.

Durban, Natal, Feb. 13.—The Boer losses when thew were atacked by Gen. French at Ermelo last week are said to have been 40 men killed and 200 made prisoners.

Gen. French has recaptured a 15-pounder captured from the British at Colenso.

Piet Dewet's Missions.

Capetown, Feb. 13.—Another death from bubonic plague occurred to-day, and two fresh cases are officially reported.

Piet Dewet, who arrived in Capetown yesterday to engage the Afrikanders in the peace movement, has an appointment for Friday or Saturday with Mr. Theron, president of the Afrikander bund, who is coming here for the special purpose of discussing peace possibilites. Mr. Dewet, on behalf of the Boer peace commission, desires the Afrikander bund to announce clearly that the invaders can expect no aid from the Cape Dutch, and then to send a deputation to Mr. Steyn and Gen. Dewet to endeavor to prevail upon them to surrender.

ANOTHER RAID.

Two Persons Injured at Winfield, Kansas—Shots Were Fired.

Kansas, City, Mo., Feb. 13.—A special to the Star from Winfield, Kansas, says:

"In to-day's raid on the bar rooms shots were fired by both parties. Miss Emma Denny was hit in the mouth either by a bullet or a piece of glass. Charles and Henry Schmidt were in the "joint" at the time and made a show of resistence. Charles drew a revolver and was cut in the face by a hatchet wielded, he declared, by a minister. Great excitement and several street fights followed. Mayor Albright has called a meeting of the council to consider means for preventing further trouble."

A BLIZZARD.

Syracuse, N. Y., Feb. 12.—Northern and Central New York are several feet deep in the worst blizzard of the winter, and, in some respects, of many years. In the city, snow ploughs and shovel gangs are keeping the street car tracks in semi-passable condition; but in the country districts the roads are drifted to such depths that travel is impossible. Special to the Post-Standard from outlying towns say that worse conditions have never been known. In some cases communication with other villages, except by wire, is cut off.

THOUSANDS DEAD.

London, Feb. 13.—The Daily Mail publishes the following from its St. Petersburg correspondent: "Serious reports are in circulation here regarding the outbreak of what was first called 'hunger typhus,' but is now officially admitted to be bubonic plague, in the Khirghiz steppes of Western Siberia. Many thousands have died in the districts between Semipalatinsk and Orenburg. The government is sending large quantities of wheat to be distributed to the starving population, and is organizing travelling medical services to localize the outbreak."

OPERATION NECESSARY.

The Hague, Feb. 12.—It is rumored that the Queen's mother will go to Bonn shortly to undergo a serious operation, the necessity for which is the reason that Queen Wilhelmina's marriage festivities were not postponed, as otherwise they would have been because of the death of Queen Victoria.

A dispatch from Ottawa says the Conservative whips were appointed yesterday as follows: Chief whip, George Taylor; for Ontario, Messrs. Ingram, Corby and Lancaster; for Quebec, Messrs. Pope and Ball; for the Maritime provinces, Messrs. Ganong and Lefurgey; for Manitoba and the West, Mr. Roche.

NERVOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, and kindred ailments, take wings before the healing qualities of South American Nervine. Thomas Hoskins, of Durham, Ont., took his preacher's advice, followed directions, and was cured permanently of the worst form of Nervous Prostration and Dyspepsia. He has recommended it to others with gratifying results. It's a great nerve builder. Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.—12.

SUPPOSED DISASTER.

Wreckage Has Been Found Along Coast of Newfoundland.

St. Johns, Nfld., Feb. 13.—A wreckage has been found at va points on the coast of Newfound The articles picked up include pe the interior woodwork of a stear part of a ship's boat, several pie bulwarks, and a can containing There are numerous reports as to buoys, boats and boards marked erne" being found, but these ha been verified.

It is almost certain that the Lu was the victim of the disaster near B calieu. A message from the agent to the owners this evening says: "Unidentified wreckage, the same as Lucerne's fittings, found at Lead cove." The agent would certainly know the vessel's bridge deck, which was what drifted ashore, but he would not care to admit it for the sake of the relatives of the crew.

The commissioners and marines conversant with the whole affair agree that the ship has gone. Her loss involves 30 lives, 23 of which were her own crew and seven others. The supposition is that she either burst her boilers and went to pieces or struck the cliffs and foundered. The only fact beyond dispute is that a steamer and crew have perished. As all the Lucerne's crew resided here, the disaster has appalled the whole community, being the worst ever known since the Greenland disaster three years ago.

It is now feared that another wreck has occurred, in this case a sailing vessel, as a spar belonging to a three-masted schooner drifted ashore at Black Head this evening, with other wreckage, which could not have belonged to the Lucerne. This adds to the depression, because the vessel may be a local fish-carrying craft, whose loss will involve the lives of another eight or ten residents.

KILLED BY INDIANS.

Yaquis Have Escaped From the Federal Troops Who Were Guarding Them.

Tuscon, Ariz., Feb. 13.—Ignacio Caxialo, a prominent rancher, has been killed by Yaqui Indians at Siris, near Hermocillo. General Torres made an effort to secure a number of Yaqui Indians to take them to the interior of the republic, the government hoping to stop the Yaqui warfare by this plan. He brought the Indians to Hermocillo, after the soldiers had killed Verde, an old chief of the Yaquis at Hermocillo.

The Indians broke away from the Federal troops and General Torres, who guarded them. At Siris they pillaged ranches, stole horses and provisions, and fled to the Yaqui river. Several prominent ranchers were killed by the Yaquis.

Soldiers pursued the Indians, but caught only a few. People are excited at Hermocillo, and advices received by Tucson merchants warn Americans against going into the mountains.

DECLINED.

Three Chinese Officials Refuse to Commit Suicide.

Pekin, Feb. 13.—At least three of the Chinese to whom Emperor Kwang Hsu sent a choice of methods of suicide in pursuance of the demand of the powers for their punishment with death have declined to comply, and the Emperor has withdrawn his request that they should destroy themselves.

His Majesty now telegraphs that when he agreed to the terms of the joint note, the latter only required that the punishment should fit the crime, and he argues that if the worst of the guilty deserve death, the others should be punished in other ways. The foreign envoys on the contrary say that seven of those who are least guilty deserve death, and as there is no worse punishment, all must suffer the same penalty, although if China should desire to make distinctions regarding the crimes, she can sentence the worst either to quartering or to some other form of Chinese execution. Unless the court changes its views no immediate settlement is possible.

RECRUITS WANTED.

United States Army to Be Increase to One Hundred Thousand Men.

Washington, Feb. 13.—According to the present plans of the war department, the army is to be recruited to its full authorized strength of 100,000 men. The regular army now consists of about 67,000 men, including the troops in the Philippines, so that the new enlistments are limited to about 33,000 men.

It is realized by the officials that it will take a long time to secure so many men, but the full machinery of the army is being exerted in that direction with gratifying results. Over four hundred recruits were obtained last week, and it is said that much better progress will be made when the recruiting agencies are in full operation.

INVESTIGATION AT MANILA.

United States Citizen Charged With Furnishing Supplies to Filipinos.

Manila, Feb. 13.—Gen. Davis has been designated to conduct the investigation into the recent charges against D. M. Carman, an American contractor, who is charged with furnishing supplies to aid the Filipinos.

During some recent fighting in the mountains of Tayabus, 16 insurgents were killed and important captures were made. A number of insurgent officers have surrendered at Subib. A quantity of ammunition has been discovered in the house of Americans at Manila.

DISPERSED BY POLICE.

Madrid, Feb. 12.—The Republicans held several meetings yesterday to close the anniversary of the proclamation of the republic. Progressives endeavored to march in a procession to the meeting with the Federals, but the police barred their road and compelled them to disperse. The meetings were enthusiastic. The provincial prefects now announce that tranquility has been established in the various departments.

The liquidators of the Banque Ville Marie yesterday declared a second dividend of five per cent. to depositors. The first dividend was ten per cent.

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ry.

Mad. Caserta spent the aftern. ... in the grounds of the palace. The Countess also did not leave the palace precincts.

In an interview to-day Senor Sagasta, the Liberal leader, said he disapproved of the noisy demonstrations, but recognized that they were the outcome of the existing situation, which was aggravated by the Ubac. He thought the presence of Count Caserta in Madrid was unnecessary, and that he ought not to come to the marriage, as he might have foreseen that his presence would create trouble. The statesman criticized the brutality of the police, declaring that no law authorized the government to order the police to club the people, even if they raise subversive criticism. The offenders ought to be arrested. "The government hopes the agitation will cease on the day of the wedding, but I doubt it," said Senor Sagasta. "A carnival is often the occasion for disorders. I am astonished that many people do not attach importance to these events. It is impossible to foresee what the future has in store."

The Imparcial announces that a lieutenant and two soldiers were among the persons arrested yesterday. The lieutenant was immediately released, amid cheers for the army.

Martial law has been declared in Valencia.

Prevented a Fire.

Valencia, Feb. 11.—Deputy Ibanez headed the demonstration here yesterday when the prefect's carriage was stoned. The mob threw petroleum on the monastery of Camil Lez, but the gendarmes succeeded in preventing a conflagration. The disorder continued all day. The seminary and several convents were stoned. A procession of the Rosary did not leave the church owing to the threatening attitude of the crowd.

Dispersed by Gendarmes.

Granada, Feb. 11.—A large mob paraded the streets here to-day shouting "Long live liberty," and "Down with the Jesuits." A crowd gathered around a convent and shots were fired from within. The crowd increased in size and the prefect, with a detachment of gendarmes, arrived on the scene. The mob hooted them. The prefect entered the convent, and when he emerged he explaind that the shots were fired by a couple of gendarmes within the convent in order to attract assistance. He had not fired on the mob. The latter renewed its anti-Jesuit cries and attempted to break into the building, but the gendarmes dispersed the rioters. The excitement still prevails.

Opposed to Marriage.

Madrid, Feb. 11.—The Duke of Veragus and General Lopez Dominguez were the only Liberals present at the banquet given at the palace on Saturday evening in honor of Prince Charles of Bourbon. The former, in the course of private conversation with another guest, stated that he did not repent of having voted in the senate against the marriage of Prince Charles and the Princess of the Austrias, as he believed it to be contrary to reasons of state.

M. Leopold Cerf, the head of the well known Parisian publishing house, has committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver. Mystery surrounds the motives for this act, as his business was in a prosperous condition, and there is no knowledge of any domestic trouble which could have unhinged his mind. It is suggested that he was very disappointed at not having been recently decorated with the Legion of Honor.

In Japan there are no old maids. Up to the present, according to Japanese law, if a woman was found unmarried after a certain age, a husband was selected for her. Now, however, the Mikado has issued a decree allowing her to remain unmarried if she chooses.

TALL CORN

doesn't come by accident. A fertile soil and careful cultivation are necessary to produce the towering stems and heavy ears.

Yet the farmer who understands that he can't have a healthy corn crop without feeding and weeding, seems to think that he can have a healthy body without either care or culture. But the body is built up just as the corn is, by the assimilation of the several chemical elements on which vitality depends. And what weeds are to the corn, diseases of the stomach and nutritive systems are to the body; they divert the necessary food supply from the proper channels, and the body becomes lean, sickly and ill-nourished.

Take proper digestion and assimilation of food is a primary essential of health. By healing diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery increases the digestive and assimilative powers, stimulates the action of the blood making glands, and sends to every organ of the body the rich red-corpuscled blood on which physical vigor and vitality depend.

"I took two bottles of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, for stomach trouble," writes Clarence Carnes, Esq., of Taylorstown, Loudoun Co., Va. "It did me so much good that I didn't take any more. I can eat most anything now. I am so well pleased with it I hardly know how to thank you for your kind information. I tried a whole lot of things before I wrote to you. There was a gentleman told me about your medicine, how it had cured his wife. I thought I would try a bottle of it. Am now glad that I did, for I don't know what I would have done if it had not been for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate the bowels and cure constipation.

PARIS STRIKE.

... Roughly Handled During ...ts With Police.

...eb. 12.—The striking tailors ...kers had another meeting ...n; about 600 were present. ...ounced that many of the big ...fused to release the girls at ...r to prevent their taking part ...meeting. The strikers thereupon ...ched to march in procession through the Rue de la Paix and call on the working people to leave the workshops in spite of their employers.

The strikers on emerging into the street singing "La Marseilles," were met by the police, who dispersed them after several conflicts, during which a number of working girls were roughly handled. Several tailors who interposed were bruised and arrested.

The police superintendent had to severely reprimand his men.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.

Steamer Dolphin Brings News That George St. Cyr Has Been Found Guilty.

Seattle, Wn., Feb. 12.—Steamer Dolphin has arrived from Alaska with news that George St. Cyr, a member of a well known Canadian family, had been found guilty at Dawson of the murder of H. Davis, and sentenced to the gallows. An appeal will be taken.

BLOWN TO PIECES.

Six Men Killed By Explosion at Gunpowder Works Near London.

London, Feb. 12.—An explosion occurred to-day in the Chilworth gunpowder works, near Guildford, 17 miles from London. Six men were blown to pieces.

THE YUKON COMMISSIONER.

Ottawa, Feb. 12.—Although the resignation of Commissioner Ogilvie, of the Yukon, has not yet been received at the department of the interior, and although no intimation has been received that he will resign, there are those who have reached here from the Yukon who say that he intends resigning, and that he is now on his way to Ottawa.

In the event of Mr. Ogilvie's resignation no better man could be selected to fill the office that J. H. Ross, of the Northwest government. Mr. Ross has a thorough knowledge of western affairs and would make a very capable administrator.

EXPENSIVE SOLDIERS.

Washington, Feb. 12.—The house to-day passed the army appropriation bill and entered upon consideration of the sundry civil bill, the last but one of the big money bills.

The debate on the army bill was made notable by a statement of Mr. McClellan (New York). Comparing the cost of the soldier in European armies with the cost of the United States soldier, according to his figures, including the cost of pensions, etc., each United States soldier involved an expense of $2,028, while a German soldier costs $227, and a French soldier $232.

MILLION DOLLAR FIRE.

Plant of National Glass Company at Rochester, Penna., Destroyed.

Rochester, Penna., Feb. 12.—Early this morning the town of Rochester suffered the greatest fire in its history.

The plant of the National Glass Company, the largest tumbler plant in the world, was totally destroyed. Supt. Houlds, of the glass company, estimates the loss at $1,500,000.

A LOCK OUT.

Scranton, Pa., Feb. 12.—The strike of the four thousand silk workers in Scranton has resolved itself into a lock-out. The mill owners and managers to-day declare they will not re-open their mills until the girls are willing to resume at the figures which were offered nearly two weeks ago, and in which there was a concession of 25 cents a week to each employee.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

London, Feb. 12.—The newspapers here to-day announce the engagement of Mr. W. Bayard Cutting, the private secretary of Mr. Jos. H. Choate, the United States ambassador, and Lady Sybil Cuffe. Lady Sybil Marjorie Cuffe is the youngest daughter of the Earl of Desart, Hamilton John Agmondesnall Cuffe. She was born in 1879.

QUESTION OF A MINT.

Hon. W. S. Fielding Will Introduce a Bill During Present Session.

Ottawa, Feb. 12.—Mr. McLean, in the House to-day, urged the government to purchase the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific railways, as there was danger of these lines being controlled by United States corporations.

Dr. Borden, minister of militia, told Mr. Ingram it was not the intention to bring back the remains of Canadian soldiers who died in South Africa.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier told Mr. Brock that he had received a personal invitation from Premier Barton to visit Australia. Whether he will accept depends on the length of the session.

A discussion took place on Mr. Charlton's motion for a committee to devise rules limiting the length of speeches. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he intended to move for a modification of the rules, with a view to adopt the English procedure.

Hon. W. S. Fielding announced his intention to introduce a bill this session to establish a mint in Canada.

NO DIVORCE FOR BARMAIDS.

Extraordinary Attitude of High Court Judges in Austria.

The judges in the Vienna Divorce court have just given a remarkable verdict in the case of Theresia Eder, a barmaid, who sought a divorce from her husband, Johann Eder, because of his brutal violence and cruelty.

The judges, while admitting brutality, rejected the demand for divorce on the ground that as Theresia Eder was a barmaid before her marriage she must have been accustomed to scenes of assault and violence, and what another woman would object to would be a commonplace occurrence to her.

The court of appeal has now ordered a new trial of the case.

CHINESE NEGOTIATIONS.

Ministers Will in Future Communicate Only in Writing.

Berlin, Feb. 11.—A special dispatch from Pekin says: "To-morrow there will be held another meeting of foreign envoys, but without the Chinese plenipotentiaries, who constantly interrupt and render any action almost impossible. Hereafter the foreign envoys intend to communicate only in writing, and to designate their dicisions as irrevocable."

Reformers Beheaded.

Pekin, Feb. 11.—Li Hung Chang paid a long visit to-day to Sir Ernest Mason Satow, British minister, and made explanations regarding the appointment of Ching Ho Hsi to carry messages of condolence to the Court of St. James, on the death of Queen Victoria. The Chinese plenipotentiaries explained that the special envoy was equal in rank to anyone in the empire, with the exception of royal personages, as a literary chancellor held the same rank as a viceroy.

Recent edicts from the court show a desire to institute immediate reform. The Emperor calls for the return of those reformers who were active two years ago. Unfortunately most of them have been beheaded.

Withdrawal of Troops.

Hongkong, Feb. 11.—One of the generals at Tien Tsin has asked the authorities here to prepare sea rations for 30,000 troops in April. It is supposed to indicate a return of the Indian expedition.

Concert of the Powers.

Paris, Feb. 11.—During the discussion of the foreign office budget in the senate to-day, M. Delcasse called attention to the situation in China. He said it was pregnant with difficulties, and he feared the powers would impair the integrity of China.

M. Delcasse said his initiatives had always been directed towards the restoration of the normal situation by the powers. The latter's adhesion to the French propositions showed the interests of each were thereby safeguarded. Some impatience at the slowness of the negotiations was displayed, but even this proved that the powers held the maintenance of the concert to be superior to everything else. The powers' conditions had been accepted, and it was necessary to have them carried out. The government desired the speedy recall of the French troops, but only when the normal situation was restored. M. Delcasse added: "If we are ready to defend tenaciously our interests and our rights, we profess the same respect for the rights of others. Chinese affairs have afforded the opportunity to prove the community of interests of France and the United States and the common actions of France and Russia in China." The alliance was being strengthened by equal advantages which each of the powers drew therefrom. France desired that party spirit should end where the grave interests of country began. Hearty applause followed this statement.

THE ESTIMATES.

Appropriations for British Columbia—Additional Sorters for Victoria Post Office.

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—The following Brit... Columbia items are included in the estimates submitted this afternoon: William Head, second disinfection chamber, $10,000; Kamloops building, $12,000; Nelson building, $15,000; Westminster buildings, $17,000; Rossland building, $20,000; Vancouver drill hall, $19,000; Columbia river improvements, $5,000; Fraser river improvements, $10,000; Salmon river improvements, $2,500; Skeena river improvements, $6,500.

Telegraph Lines—Re-poling Ashcroft-Barkerville lines, $14,500; Golden station to Windermere, $1,000; 154-Mile House to Quesnelle Forks line, $3,500, Quesnelle to Atlin line, construction $30,000, working expenses $40,000; Yukon line, working, $47,500; Dawson to Fort Egbert, $8,000.

Provision is made for two additional sorters in the Victoria post office, and one additional at Vancouver.

FAMINE SUFFERERS.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 11.—The minister of the interior at last admits that widespread distress exists in large sections of the country owing to the failure of the crops. An official announcement issued to-day says there has been a complete failure of the crops in the governments of Kherson and Tomsk, and the territory of Smolenski, while similar conditons exist in numbers of districts of Bessarabia, Kieff, Tobolsk, Taurida, Podolia and the Trans-Bikalia territories. The government has sent a million and a half roubles for the relief of the sufferers, and considers that five and a half millions will be necessary to meet the requirements, of which 5,000,000 will be contributed by the government. The minister of the interior appeals to private charity in aid of the government.

TWENTIETH CENTURY METHODS OF TREATING CANCER

The Surgeon's Knife, the Paste and the Plaster Supplanted by the New Method of Constitutional Treatment.

In this day of scientific research, old, ineffectual ways of doing things are being supplanted by new, up-to-date scientific methods. In medicine, progress has been more marked than in any other department of knowledge. But a short time ago, cancer was considered by the profession and the public to be an incurable disease. The only treatment in vogue was painful operations, the dreadful drawing of the plaster or the awful eating of the caustic paste. Now, all this has been done away with, and persons afflicted with this terrible disease can be cured in the privacy of their own homes without the need of any suffering. The new constitutional remedy is a pleasant vegetable compound, which, when taken into the system, kills the germs of cancer, neutralizes the cancer poison and cures the disease so perfectly that it never returns again. MESSRS. STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont., will send full particulars of this new treatment to those interested on receipt of 2 stamps. All correspondence regarded as strictly confidential.

Canadian Artillery

Gen. O'Grady-Haly Says It Second to None in Imperial Service.

Lord Roberts Also Expresses A... preciation of Good Work in South Africa.

Tuberculosis Convention—Actio... Urged to Prevent Spread of the Disease.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—At the annual me... ing of the Dominion Artillery Assoc... tion this afternoon, Lieut.-Col. Irw... presided. The first business was ... passing of an address of condolence a... sympathy to His Majesty the King. T... address also expressed loyalty to H... Majesty.

In reply to a vote of thanks, L... Minto said that he had recently rece... ed a private letter from Lord Robe... in which the commander-in-chief sa... "I am very glad to tell you that ... Canadian artillery in South Africa w... so much better than I had been led ... expect."

Dr. Borden said he was in favor ... having detachments meet in open co... petition.

General O'Grady-Haly, referring ... the Canadian artillery, said it was s... ond to none in the Imperial forces.

Last year's officers were re-elected.

Tuberculosis Convention.

The tuberculosis convention met in ... Normal school this afternoon. It w... convened by His Excellency the Gov... nor-General. There were on the p... Hon. Sydney Fisher, Sir Wm. Hingst... Dr. Roddick and Sir Jas. Grant.

An address having been presented ... His Excellency, Lord Minto repl... dwelling on the importance of the s... ject the convention was called for.

Sir James Grant then read his op... ing address.

Sir Wm. Hingston moved the first re... lution that, whereas, in view of gene... prevalence of tuberculosis in Cana... and of the high mortality caused by ... ease, etc., resolved, that in the opin... of this conference it is the duty of ev... provincial municipality and individ... citizen to adopt organized methods ... lessening the spread of the dise... which is causing directly or indire... probably one-fifth of the total deaths ... the Dominion.

Dr. Lafferty, Calgary, pointed out t... many consumptive persons were res... ing to that district in the hope of de... ing benefit from the change of air. ... though Calgary should be either prot... d against the inroads of consumpti... or else the government should grant ... towards the erection of an institutio... which they could receive proper t... ment.

Dr. Fag..., of Victoria, B. C., said ... adies' fashionable trailing skirts ... the means of circulating the disease. ... said that a cleaning establishmen... Victoria told him that they refused ... skirts, in some instances being left on ... premises.

Sir Wm. Hingston made the state... that tuberculosis or consumption ... not hereditary, and could not be tr... mitted by man to his offspring. It ... are and only an accident when a ... ther gave it to her babes.

Professor Adams, of McGill, Mont... read a paper in which he said the a... Kamloops district was the best in ... da for consumptives.

Telegraph Line to Salt Spring.

Ralph Smith has been advised tha... government is to build a telegraph ... connect Salt Spring Island with ... ey and thus give connection with ... oria.

The Senate.

The senate will adjourn to-day ... March 6th.

LOSS OF THE LUCERNE.

(Associated Press.)

St. Johns, Nfld., Feb. 14.—The ... ispatch from the Lucerne's agent ... I fear it is only too true that she ... ptal loss. I have recognized a ... icked up at Russell's Cove yester... It was learned to-day that the cre... he British brig Emulator, which ... abandoned on December 20th in ... ean, who were thought to have ... assage on the Lucerne, form p... he crew of the steamer Southern ... oming from London.

INSURED AGAINST LOSS

(Associated Press.)

New York, Feb. 14.—The Herald ... ording to a cable report receive... is city, British investors, it is ... ve just insured their proper... loyds against loss by the death ... erpont Morgan, paying for th... rance the exceptionally high pre... three per cent. for three mont... the rate of 12 per cent. a year ... rect verification of the report co... tained in this city. Morgan ... ars old.

ROBBED BY BANDITS.

(Associated Press.)

Toronto, Feb. 14.—A Guadal... exico, dispatch says J. B. P... hose home is in this city, was ... nited and robbed by bandits ... aking the overland trip from ... e Eula to Jonacitlan, in the sta... ilisco. Mr. Powell represents ... anadian Investment Co. in Mexi...

KIDNEY DUTY.—It is the par... portion of the kidneys to filter out p... hich pass through them into the ... hen the kidneys are diseased they ... their whole duty, and should ha... lp and strength that South Am... ney Cure will afford in any a... rms of kidney disorder. It relieve... urs. Sold by Dean & Hiscocks an... Co.—14.