OAK HALL - 115 King E. 116 Yonge.

$10 Suits and Overcoats $12

From the points of good fitting—good wearing—stylish clothes—you can judge our whole stock made specially for our own city trade—by these two popular prices—we have suits as low as *five* and as high as *twenty-five* dollars.
Special values in fine Natural Wool Underwear.

116 Yonge
115 King E.

HAMILTON NEWS

Remember, THE MORNING WORLD is Delivered to Any Address in Hamilton for 25 Cents a Month. Phone 804.

THEY KEPT THE LAWNS GREEN

Hamilton Improvement Society Makes Many Awards in Annual Flower Competition.

SCHOOLS WELL SUPPLIED WITH COAL

Strathcona Can Secure 10,000 Tons Welsh Coal at 45 Shillings at Montreal.

Hamilton, Oct, 9.—The City Council Chamber was crowded this evening with citizens attracted to see the distribution of awards in the flower competition, under the auspices of the Hamilton City Improvement Society. R. Tasker Steele was in the chair. The first awards were those in The Spectator competition to children and adults for the best kept gardens. The prizes were valued at $125. Mayor Hendrie, Canon Forneret and Adam Brown made the presentations to the winners. Those who captured the prizes for the best gardens by adults for the whole city, irrespective of districts, were: Robert Anderson, 126 Inchbury-street; Arthur O'Heir, 92 South Wellington-street; John Kilford, 191 Smith-avenue, and Thomas Nicholson, Robinson-street.

Samuel Barker, M.P., presented the prizes in the window box competition, donated by the society, and valued at $60.

J. V. Teetzel, K.C., announced the decision in the society's $25 competition for ward foremen, the three best kept districts. The committee had been unable to decide between the good seven and the $25 was given to them all, to be shared as they thought fit.

On motion of John Cape, it was decided to request the City Council to appoint a superintendent of tree pruning.

Flag For the New School.

At the meeting of the Board of Education to-night, Ald. Domville, on behalf of the Coronation Committee, presented the board with a handsome flag for the new King Edward school. Adam Brown was present and made a short speech.

Trustee Zimmerman announced that in the matter of coal the schools were well supplied, there being enough on hand to last till April.

Petitions for increases of salary from the fourth book teachers and the principal of the Hannah-street school were referred to the Internal Management Committee.

Court Excelsior At Home.

An at home was held this evening by Court Excelsior, A.O.F., to commemorate the court's institution on Oct. 3, 1872. S. Aylett was chairman of the concert that constituted the first part of the proceedings. S. H. Kent, H.C.R., and D. A. Bedwell, secretary, made addresses on the order and the court. Refreshments were served as a wind-up.

Concert For Striking Miners.

The Executive of the Trades and Labor Council to-night decided to hold a concert on Oct. 23, in aid of the striking miners and place boxes thruout the city for subscriptions towards their support.

Held a Banquet.

Hearts of Oak Lodge, S.O.E., celebrated its anniversary to-night by holding a banquet in the Crystal Cafe. About one hundred members and friends were present. George King presided, and J. Blackburn was in the vice-chair. Among those who responded to toasts were George Evans, John Laing, Thomas Paradine, William Hill, T. W. Jutton, C. Vosper.

This evening Detective Bleakley arrested Louis Simard of Guelph on a charge of stealing bicycles from W. G. Fahner, David Wark, jr., and John Freeborn. The prisoner has been operating here for two or three days.

Coal Situation.

Mayor Hendrie to-day received the following cablegram from the High Commissioner's office, in reply to a query from His Worship: "Have seen High Commissioner. Subject to prompt acceptance, could probably supply 10,000 tons large anthracite, 45 shillings cost, freight and insurance at Montreal, shipment October. Could probably secure 3000 ton steamer ready Monday next. With your authority to close could probably make 43 shillings for the latter, perhaps for whole. Payment cash against documents in London."

Another offer was to ship 5000 tons from Swansea, Wales, at 32 shillings there, or 43 shillings at Montreal.

Mayor Hendrie also received a telegram from Mayor Howland of Toronto, asking that this city join in an effort to get the government to permit the conducting of municipal fuel yards during this winter, to open up the Crown lands areas for the cutting of wood and to get the railways to reduce rates on fuel supplies. Most of this has already been done by the Hamilton Council.

Soft coal remained at $8 a ton today.

Want More Money.

The longshoremen are making matters worse by demanding more money for unloading coal. The dealers have been advised by them that they want five cents more a ton, counting from Oct. 1. The old prices for unloading were 17 cents for hard and 20 cents for soft coal, with an additional 3 cents for side hatch vessels. Now the men ask 22 and 25 cents, with the additional 3 cents for the side hatches. The demand is made in the face of an agreement made last April.

At the Assizes.

The list at the Assizes was disposed of this afternoon, and Justice Street returned to Toronto. In Lynch v. Balfour, J. D. Lynch of Hagersville, sued to compel Balfour & Co., city, to take over paper under discount in the bank. The action was dismissed with costs. Campbell v. Campbell, for $765 for arrears on an annuity, was tried this morning. Mrs. Campbell, widow of the late William Campbell, mill owner, of East Flamboro, brought action against the executor, Samuel Campbell, his son, to enforce an annuity of $200 on the mill property. Judgment was given for the plaintiff, with a reference to the local master to compute the amount owing to the plaintiff. In Vollmar v. Dowswell, a nonjury action, Philip Vollmar of Chatham, sued the Dowswell Manufacturing Company for alleged infringement of a patent. Plaintiff claimed that he patented a machine, the Premo, in October, 1900, and transferred the patent to the defendant in November, 1900. On July 6, 1901, the patent was reassigned by the defendant to the plaintiff. Since then the plaintiff has discovered that the defendant was infringing on his machine with one called the Premier, which, he claimed, was constructed on the same scientific principle. Plaintiff asked for an injunction to restrain the defendant company, for an accounting of the profits and for damages.

The defendant denied having infringed on the plaintiff's patent. Judgment was given for the plaintiff.

In Carpenter v. the Vulcanite Portland Cement Company, Carpenter Bros., city, sued to recover $6000 for a breach of contract by the defendant company, a Philadelphia concern. The plaintiffs ordered a quantity of cement, but defendants failed to deliver it, because the price went up. The action was undefended, and the judge assessed the loss to the plaintiffs at $4913.

The last case, McNally v. Aitchison, to set aside a will, was referred to the local master.

Carpenter v. Pearson, for $1446 on a promissory note, and McKeown v. Grant's Spring Brewery Company, to have a mortgage cancelled, were transferred to the December non-jury court.

Heard v. Hutchinson, for $300, money alleged to be owing, was transferred to the next court.

Galbraith v. Hunter, for $5000 for seduction, has been formally transferred to the Milton Assizes, but it will be settled without going to trial.

Judgment For the Grants.

Judge Monck has given an order directing judgment to be entered against J. M. Lottridge, executor, for $16,791, being $15,200, four-tenths of the value of the Grant estate, valued at $38,000, and interest, to which the surviving four members of the family are entitled.

Minor Mention.

"Try Noble's Top Barrel." ed

Harry J. Lawry, now of Chicago, was in the city to-day.

James Sage, contractor, died early this morning, aged 55 years.

New American Hotel, recently refitted and refurnished thruout. Nelson Pitton, proprietor.

Mayor Hendrie was visited this morning by George H. Pierce, representing the Stromberg-Carlson Telephone Manufacturing Company, of Rochester. Mr. Pierce says his company is ready to do business in Hamilton, and he wants to be considered.

John Goodman, a street railway motorman, narrowly escaped death last night. He was knocked down on the devil strip, and fell between two cars.

SIX NURSES GRADUATE.

Medals and Diplomas Presented at Grace Hospital.

The graduating exercises of the class of 1902 at Grace Hospital were carried out on Thursday night in a most pleasant manner. The graduating nurses were: Misses E. J. Knox, M. McMillan, Laura Phillips, Sadie Foster, Alice M. Cameron, Margaret S. McKenna.

Judge McDougall presided. Prof. Vander-Smissen presented the leading nurse with the medal bearing his name, and Frank Wismer presented the second graduate with the medal bearing his name.

SLEEP DISTURBED

By Sudden Startings and Jerking of the Limbs—Restlessness and Wakefulness—Symptoms of Nervous Exhaustion.

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

Twitchings of the muscles of the face, sensitiveness to light, sound and motion, grinding teeth during sleep, continual movement or tapping of the fingers, neuralgic headache, sparks before the eyes, disorders of sight and hearing and feelings of discouragement, langour and despondency are other indications of a weak and exhausted nervous system.

Plenty of people put up with these symptoms, in the vain hope that they will pass off, and that old-time health and vigor will return. Alas, nervous disorders do not right themselves.

Nervous prostration and collapse, epilepsy, paralysis, locomotor ataxia and even insanity itself are but further developments of nervous exhaustion. The symptoms mentioned above come as a warning to you to rebuild the wasted nerve cells and rekindle the vital spark of nerve energy which is fast becoming depleted.

Mrs. John Beaton, 148 Mill-street, London, Ont., and whose husband is a bookkeeper, states: "I was very nervous, could not sleep, and was troubled a great deal with neuralgic pains in my head. After having used Dr. Chase's Nerve Food for some time I am pleased to state that my nervous system has been very much benefited. I do not have those dreadful headaches, and am able to get a good night's sleep. We have also used Dr. Chase's Ointment in our family for skin diseases, and found it to be an excellent remedy."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is composed of nature's most powerful restoratives and nerve invigorators; 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for $2.50, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

ENVOY OF THE NAVY LEAGUE

H. F. Wyatt Arrives in the City to Discuss Imperial Problems.

DOES NOT COME TO ADVISE US.

Aims to Have the Colonies Hold Up the Hands of Great Britain.

"I have not come to give advice, but simply information on a subject in which I am sure all Canadians are more or less interested," said H. F. Wyatt, special envoy of the Navy League to Canada, to The World, on his arrival in the city on Thursday afternoon. Mr. Wyatt was met by Frank Hodgins, K. C., whose guest he will be.

"There is every reason why the Canadian public should take part in the general discussion on the navy, and turn their attention to naval affairs," remarked Mr. Wyatt. "Canada has recognized, by her

Militia Act, the fitness of having her militia take an interest in naval matters, and, before anything definite is done, it is necessary that public opinion should be with it. It is the experience of the United Kingdom that the British government has never done its duty by the navy, except when constrained to do so by the force of outside agitation. On more than one occasion, the empire narrowly escaped losing her prestige on the seas, and the object of the Navy League is to keep the government alive to the importance of always having the navy prepared for any shock of war. Party leaders are always afraid of getting ahead of the public, and for this reason, they neglect the navy in times of peace. That has been their attitude during the past 50 years."

Referring to the objects of the league, Mr. Wyatt remarked: "It aims at educating public opinion thruout the empire, and, by doing that, we remove fear from the party leaders of going ahead, and preparing the navy in times of peace, so that she may be adequate for any task at all times. The league is not an official organization; it is purely educational, and was formed in 1894. It has seven branches in London and 26 thruout the country. One of the things it is responsible for is having several recognized defects in the Mediterranean remedied, after a warm agitation."

As to the article in The London Times, minimizing the object of his visit, Mr. Wyatt stated that the very reasons assigned by The Times against his mission were the very reasons why he should come to Canada. "I cannot believe that the Canadians," he said, "would think it worth while, as The Times suggests, repudiating a man who comes here in a spirit, earnest and humble, from a body of Imperial workers, without the faintest presumption of advising what to do, but simply to get the minds of Canadians turned to the subject which has been so much neglected, and to have it ventilated and discussed. With this end in view, I shall endeavor to establish branches of the Navy League in Canada, in order to assist those Canadians who sympathize with the great objects in view, and who, themselves, are anxious to do something for the good of the empire, as a whole."

"We hope that a combination will come as between England and Canada, in regard to the navy. Our idea is in keeping with that of the Toronto Branch of the League, which is, that a force of men should be trained in the A Division of the Fleet Reserve; that some of the ships should be brought over to Canadian ports, together with the officers, who should train the Canadians in the use of the guns. It is thought, in that way, a most useful service could be given the navy. If Canada could supply 5000 of such men, that would be a very important addition. These men, of course, would be paid while under training, the same as the other regulars in the country. What would be the feeling of the people of Canada to-day, if the fate of the empire were in the balance in a naval conflict, and none of her sons could come to her assistance? Surely, judging from the South African campaign, Canada would be passionate to help, but she would be utterly impotent to do so, unless previous preparations had been made towards that end."

"It has been said," he continued, "that a difficulty to be experienced here is that of the French-Canadians, who would probably be averse to the spread of the Navy League. I contend, most emphatically, that no man in Canada has a stronger material interest in the command of the seas by the British navy than the French-Canadian, because, in the event of Britain losing that command, and losing Canada, the privileges and advantages the French-Canadians enjoy under the Treaty of Utrecht will go off the boards. The control of the schools by the Roman Catholic Church and the whole civil process will last as long as the British navy remains undefeated, and no longer. In the event of defeat, it would either mean annexation or independence, and, with the latter, it would take ten million dollars annually for the country to maintain a navy of its own."

Mr. Wyatt will be entertained to a smoker in the Military Institute before leaving Toronto, and it is likely that the military gentlemen of the city will be given the opportunity of listening to him in a lecture.

GREAT STRIKE NEAR END

Continued From Page 1.

don't see how President Mitchell can settle the strike without calling a convention. If only a part of the demands are granted, that would render it necessary to call a convention, and that would take two weeks at least."

Perhaps by Monday.

Late in the afternoon, President Mitchell and the district presidents had another conference at the Ashland House. Mr. Nichols said that his associates had not considered any formal or informal proposition from the operators. He said that the strike might be settled by Monday, but intimated that this was improbable.

Oscar S. Straus, member of the Conciliation Committee of the National Civic Federation, called on President Mitchell late in the afternoon. On leaving, Mr. Straus said: "President Mitchell wanted to see me, but the object of my visit I cannot make public."

Mark Hanna's Hand.

"Mr. Guernsey" was with President Mitchell frequently to-day, and was a member of the conference in Platt's office. M. W. Guernsey is said to be a pseudonym of Daniel J. Keefe, president of the longshoremen, with headquarters at Detroit. Keefe is known to have been in the anthracite region, but the exact nature of his mission has not been divulged.

During the anthracite strike of 1900 Keefe represented Senator Hanna and the Republican National Committee, and was very influential in bringing about a settlement of the differences between the operators and the miners, securing a raise of 10 per cent. in wages. The best information is that Mr. Keefe is on a similar mission now.

As Yet Without Result.

From what may be described as an inside and authoritative source, it may be learned that the conference at the office of Senator Platt was absolutely without result, the operators refusing to consider the political aspect of the situation, and maintaining the position that the question was one beween employer and employe as to the management of the properties concerned.

According to the authority above indicated, Senator Quay and Gov. Odell expressed the opinion, that should the

SUNLIGHT SOAP

Unless the soap you use has this brand you are not getting the best

Ask for the Octagon Bar. 24c

strike continue for another fortnight or longer the effect would be to so possess the public mind with the one subject of shortage of fuel that political duties would be neglected and the voters remain away from the polls on election day, with the natural result, that the majority party in Pennsylvania and New York would be the greater sufferer. Senator Penrose expressed his concurrence in the representations of the others, and Senator Platt and Mr. Lauterbach spoke in a similar strain. These latter advised something in the nature of an armistice, under an implied promise to the miners, that their union would be recognized by the operators.

Operators Stand Out.

On their part, the operators declared that the question at issue was entirely apart from politics, and they refused to be influenced by representations as to the effect the strike might have upon the fortunes of one party or the other.

One of the political conferees next suggested that to protract the struggle with the miners' union would be to open the way for the advocates of anti-corporation legislation at Harrisburg and Albany to move for the introduction of measures calculated to impair the value of railroad and coal properties, and it was even possible, that in the stress of public opinion, laws might be enacted that would impair for years the value of the properties the operators represented. It was said by one speaker that a bill of this antagonistic character had already been framed and was ready for submission to the Pennsylvania legislature. The possibility of harrassing litigation, both in Pennsylvania and New York, was also dwelt upon, and the fear expressed that in some instances the state of public opinion might influence the determination of such suits.

Saw Morgan.

These representations failed to move the operators, who, according to the gentlemen already quoted, declared that party politics should not be injected into the situation. The operators further expressed their confidence in the integrity of the courts, and said they had no fear of the success of any attack that might be made thru the state legislatures upon the property interests concerned. This brought the conference to a close. Shortly afterwards Gen. Thomas of the Erie had a long talk with J. Pierpont Morgan, the nature of the conversation not being disclosed by either of them. It is asserted on what appears to be good authority that Mr. Morgan was in communication during the day with some of the politicians who conferred with the operators, but that he declined to be placed in the attitude of a party to the controversy.

Late to-night there was a conference in the rooms of the Republican State Committee between Gov. Odell, chairman G. W. Dunn of the State Committee and Edward Lauterbach. Concerning this conference Gov. Odell would only indicate that the talk was along general lines. He said, however, that the approval of President Mitchell had not been obtained to any suggestions or propositions for settling the strike. He added that if there was a renewal of the conference at Senator Platt's office he would in all likelihood take part in it.

About this time Edward Lauterbach, and David Lamar drove up to the Ashland House, and went in to see President Mitchell. They remained in conference about twenty minutes. On leaving Mr. Lauterbach said:

"Things are progressing. That's all I can say at this time."

He and Mr. Lamar drove away. President Mitchell would not be seen by representatives.

MITCHELL TO ROOSEVELT.

Washington, Oct. 9.—President Mitchell of the Coal Miners' Union has refused to comply with the appeal of President Roosevelt to call the strike off.

President Mitchell's letter, made public at the White House to-day, is dated Hotel Hart, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Oct. 8, 1902, and the text is as follows:

"Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States:

"Dear sir,—Hon. Carroll D. Wright has, no doubt, reported to you the delivery of your message to me last Monday and my statement to him that I should take your suggestion under advisement, altho I did not look upon it with favor. Since that time I have consulted with our district presidents, who concur fully in my views.

"We desire to assure you again that we feel keenly the responsibility of our position and the gravity of the situation, and it would give us great pleasure to take any action which would bring this coal strike to an end in a manner that would safeguard the interests of our constituents.

"In proposing that there be an immediate resumption of coal mining upon the conditions we suggested in the conference at the White House we believed that we had gone more than half way and had met your wishes.

"It is unnecessary in this letter to refer to the malicious assault made upon us in the response of the coal operators. We feel confident that you must have been impressed with the fairness of our proposition and the insincerity of those who maligned us.

"Having in mind our experience with the coal operators in the past, we have no reason to feel any degree of confidence in their willingness to do us justice in the future; **and inasmuch as they have refused to accept the decision of a tribunal selected by you, and inasmuch as there is no law thru which you could enforce the findings of the commission you suggest**, we respectfully decline to advise our people to return to work, simply upon the hope that the coal operators might be induced or forced to comply with the recommendation of your commission.

"As stated above, we believe that we went more than half way in our proposal at Washington, and we do not feel that we should be asked to make further sacrifice. We appreciate your solicitude for the people of our country, who are now and will be subjected to great suffering and inconvenience by a prolongation of the coal strike, **and we feel that the onus of this terrible state of affairs should be placed upon the side which has refused to defer to fair and impartial investigation.** I am, respectfully, (Signed) John Mitchell, president U.M. W. of A."

FEDERATION WILL AID.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor is considering the anthracite coal situation, and will issue an appeal, probably to-morrow, to the public for aid for the strikers. It is said that Presidents Gompers and Mitchell were in communication to-day, tho the former refused to answer questions along that line. Mr. Gompers said:

"We will furnish the miners all the assistance, financial and otherwise, to the extent of our power, and you can depend on it that they will not give in unconditionally by any means."

DEMAND FOR COAL DECLINES.

London, Oct. 9.—Nothing is known at Newcastle regarding the report circulated to-day in New York of the cancellation of American orders for coal, but the demand for coal is declining. No transactions were reported to-day.

COAL PRODUCTION YESTERDAY.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Oct. 9.—The amount of coal mined to-day was a slight increase over that of yesterday, owing to more men reporting for work. The Royal Colliery, near Shamokin, was closed by a strike after working for three weeks at an eight-hour rate. Men were placed in the Mount Lookout Colliery, and work is to be resumed there as soon as the troops arrive. Movements among the Philadelphia and Reading collieries indicate that there will be a general effort to resume work there. In the middle coal field the same efforts are under way.

The estimated production to-day was:

	Tons.
Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company	6800
Erie Coal Company	3700
New York, Ontario and Western Company	3200
Philadelphia and Reading Company	3400
Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company	3100
Lehigh Valley Coal Company	1900
Delaware and Hudson Company	1700
Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company	900
Smith and Myers	900
Temple Coal and Iron Company	700
Lykens Coal Company	700
Markle Bros	500
North American Coal Company	600
People's Coal Company	600
Susquehanna Coal Company	600
West End Coal Company	700
Beddall Bros	300
Silver Creek Coal Company	300
St. Clair Coal Company	200
Gee Bros. & Co	200
Llewellyn Bros	50
Total	31,150

THE CRISIS IS AT HAND.

New York Herald: There is ground for hope that the end of the disastrous coal strike is near.

With the placing of the full military force of Pennsylvania in the disturbed territory protection is assured for all who desire to work, and despite the adverse vote of the local unions the reports from The Herald's special correspondents this morning indicate that a considerable proportion of the men desire to resume their labors.

The arrival in this city last night of President Mitchell and the three district presidents of the anthracite region suggests that some important conference has been arranged. It is incredible that these men otherwise would have left the theatre of the struggle at such a critical juncture on any trivial mission or to create a mere theatrical impression.

Both operators and miners must realize the fearful responsibility that they have assumed in flouting—one side and the other—the fervid appeal of President Roosevelt to resume the production of coal and avert the calamity that menaces the whole country. Disclaiming any legal authority to intervene, the President only voiced the appeal of the people, and it is not Mr. Roosevelt but the American people that has been "turned down" by the heads of the coal trust and the labor trust.

The interests of neither coal barons nor union leaders amount to a row of pins in comparison with the rights and interests of the great public in the maintenance of the coal supply, and with the acute discomfort and suffering now experienced there is a growing sentiment that bodes no good to either side if the obstinate deadlock is further protracted. The arrogance of the coal trust in rejecting all proffers of arbitration and in treating all efforts on behalf of the public interest "outside interference" have excited popular hostility. On the other hand, it is well known that resort to the strike, which has now lasted five months, was by no means unanimously desired by the miners, but was forced by a small majority, and our special despatches this morning indicate that the minority have been held out thus far only by its tyrannous rule.

Public sentiment has from time to time swayed from one side in the controversy to the other, but under the bitter pressure of the present famine, which pinches the whole community—with the exception of a few favored individuals whom the coal barons furnish with supplies—the general sentiment has crystallized into "a plague o' both your houses!". We have now reached a point at which the claims of both sides are to be tested. The operators have strenuously asserted that with adequate protection they could produce enough coal to afford relief to the public, while the union leaders have as strenuously asserted "the more troops the fewer men will work."

Now that Governor Stone has awakened to the emergency and put all his forces in the field, we shall have a speedy test of the question whether men have been restrained from working by the terrorism of a tyrannous majority. This can be settled as soon as the presence and the demonstrated discipline of the troops shal give assurance that any man who desires to sell his labor may do so in safety. The majesty of the law must at all hazards be asserted for the protection of the permanent rights of the irreconcilable strikers as well as of those who desire to work, for "where law ends tyranny begins." Whether an adequate supply of coal can be mined under protection of the troops is a question of vital importance that must be settled, and promptly.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Sale of Vacant Lands

CITY OF TORONTO, TORONTO JUNCTION, NORTH TORONTO, ETC.

The Liquidator of The Farmers' Loan & Savings Company offers for sale 443 vacant lots, namely:

121 Vacant Lots in the City of Toronto, 161 Vacant Lots in Toronto Junction, 161 Vacant Lots in North Toronto, Etc.

These Lots will be disposed of at greatly reduced prices in order to wind up the liquidation.

For lists and full information apply

THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION (LIQUIDATOR)

59 YONGE STREET 135

As Coffee Merchants everybody knows Michie's.

They know Michie's because Michie's is the one place where you can get a quality and blend of pure Mocha and Java, that you can't very often find elsewhere, and Michie's price is only 45c per lb.

MICHIE & CO., Grocers, Etc 7 King Street W. 4 Phones.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND Mats. Wed. Sat. Best 25 Few 50 Seats THE GLITTERING MUSICAL COMEDY A HOT SCOTCH MAJOR Best Seats Evenings 75.50.25 NEXT WEEK "The Pride of Jennico"

TORONTO Mat. daily except Wed Evgr. 10, 20, 30, 50. Mats. 10, 15 and 25. A THE BIG SCENIC PRODUCTION. LITTLE OUTCAST Next Week "ALASKA"

PRINCESS THEATRE MATINEE SATURDAY E. H. SOTHERN Management of Daniel Frohman in "IF I WERE KING" NEXT WEEK Mr. E. S. Willard

SHEA'S THEATRE Week Oct. 6. Matinee daily, all seats 25c. Evening 25c, 50c Delmore & Lee, Katharine Osterman & Co., Hicksom & Burns, Midgley & Carlisle, Young American Quintette, The Baileys, Kinetograph, Frank and Jen Latona.

STAR Matinee, 15c, 25c, Every Day. All This Week. MIACO's CITY CLUB BURLESQUERS First time here. Next Week—Trocadero Burlesquers

Westminster Abbey Coronation Choir's Production of the Coronation Music and English Cathedral Music, Metropolitan Church, Thursday (Thanksgiving Day) and Following Friday Evening. Plan of the church opens at Massey Music Hall to-morrow (Saturday) morning at 9 o'clock. Admission 50 cts (unreserved); reserved seats, 75 cts. and $1.

BELL PIANOS BUILT TO LAST A LIFE TIME. Warerooms, 146 Yonge St.

THE VETERANS' LOCATING AND COLONIZATION ASSOCIATION HEAD OFFICE: CANADA LIFE BUILDING. Col. Lawrence Buchan, C.M.G., President. Major William Hendrie, Jr., Vice-President. Major Donald M. Robertson, Secretary-Treasurer.

NEW WILLIAMS Sold easy payments. We rent machines by the week or month HEAD OFFICE: 78 Queen-st. W Manning Chambers.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR—CARpenter and joiner work, band sawing, shaping, mouldings, etc. W. F. Petry, St. Mary-street.

RICHARD G. KIRBY, 539 YONGE-ST., contractor for carpenter and joiner work; general jobbing promptly attended to. 'Phone North 904.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

ALL WANTING MARRIAGE LICENses should go to Mrs. S. J. Reeves, 625 West Queen; open evenings; no witnesses. ed

H. S. MARA, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, 5 Toronto-street. Evenings, 539 Jarvis-street.

ARTICLES WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE STANDING desk, 5 or 6 feet long. Apply A. M. Orpen, Toronto.

Take Angier's Emulsion in the Summer.

If you have weak lungs or consumption make your fight against the disease during the summer. Physicians advocate fresh air, moderate exercise, and plenty of nutritious food. A valuable adjunct to this treatment, is Angier's Petroleum Emulsion. It promotes a healthy appetite, puts the digestive organs in a condition to digest and assimilate food—thus greatly improving nutrition. It keeps the bowels in a normal condition so that pills and aperients are unnecessary. It is pleasant to take, agrees with the stomach, restores health and vitality.

All druggists sell it.

ANGIER CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON, MASS.

HELP WANTED.

CABINETMAKERS OR BENCH HANDS Wanted—Experienced or improvers, piece or day work; open shop. Apply The H. Krug Furniture Company, Limited, Berlin, Ont. ed

GARDENER—AN ENGLISHMAN WITH experience in Canada, six miles from city, on railway. Apply Box 30, World Office.

TERRITORIAL RIGHTS THROUGHout Canada for selling Acetylene Gas Generators. Manufacturers, Permanent Light Co., 14 Lombard-street, Toronto. ed

WANTED—FINANCIAL MAN TO SELL balance of capital stock. References required. Salary and expenses. Sovereign Life Assurance Company, 502 Temple Building.

WANTED—PARTY TO DO PLOWING, seven miles up Yonge-street (stabling and house room). State price per acre. Box 34, World.

WANTED—FARM HAND, TEN MILES from city. Box 35, World.

WANTED—"GRILLE AND ROUND wire worker, must be first-class man." Apply Canadian Otis Elevator Company, Limited, Hamilton.

WANTED—SHOE TRAVELER, WITH experience and connection, for Niagara Peninsula, lake shore and west; also for W. G. & B., and branches. Apply Box 36, World, Toronto.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUNG WOMAN, EXPERIENCED IN nursing, wishes a position with invalid; references. Apply P., 80 Wellington-avenue.

TO RENT

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