THE DESTRUCTION OF WEEDS AND SELECTION OF SEEDS

Checker-Board System of Cultivation, and the Law That Like Produces Like.

Altho there is an abundance of material issuing from the agricultural presses of the province on the subjects of weed destruction and seed selection, yet practical experience when talking among a number of hard-headed farmers always has a good hearing. The story of weed killing is on old one, yet something new can be learned each year. Ever since Adam was ordained to fight the cursed things, man has been trying to fight the battle against weeds with varying success. At the Richmond Hill meeting on Friday last Simpson Rennie, the old Scarboro warhorse of agriculture, preached the doctrine of "smothering." He would take the thistles' life blood by a series of leaf-cutting operations. The plants breathe as we do and if we take away their lungs—that is, the leaves—we will kill the weed, root as well as branch.

This was how, to be particular, he proposed to get rid of the Canada Thistle, the perennial sow thistle, twitch grass and other pests of our Ontario farms.

"I can remember the first patch of Canada thistles I ever saw," continued the lecturer. They were on my father's farm away back in the years gone by. But I believe to-day the perennial sow thistle is worse. I find that it is common all over Ontario with the possible exception of Essex and Kent, where there is possibly so much rag weed that it is impossible to take root. (Laughter.)

How to get rid of it is the vexing question. Yet it can be done. You can kill it in one season if it is as thick as the hair on a dog's back, if you will, by properly attending to it. A plant can't live without leaves—and therein lies the secret. Deprive them of their leaves during the growing season in the hot days of summer. It may be well to resort to a bare summer fallow in order to do this, altho I do not ordinarily advise summer fallowing where a root crop could be made to answer. The farmer must not mind the roots down in the soil. Get the top leaves cut. It is impossible to get to the bottom of thistle roots by plowing. It was a favorite idea with the old settlers that if we would wait until the Canada thistle got into bloom and then cutting it, somehow or other the trick was accomplished. But we know a better method now. Use a wide-sheared cultivator when scuffling, and also plow in the fall. Keep your scuffler from tearing up the horizontal roots. Cut off the leaf crowns and thus prevent the plant breathing.

Clean Seed From Dirty Farms.

"Farmers need not be discouraged if they have dirty farms, for clean seed from such is a possibility. The hoe crop, using the checker-board system of cultivation, will do much. Plow shallow. Use a revolving colter. Leave the turnip tops to enrich the field. I do not favor deep plowing, but I am a great lover of sub-soiling."

Twitch Grass.

"How would you kill twitch grass?" was asked. "I would work it out on top and burn it. After a harvest is the best time to deal with it as it is impossible to check its growth, especially on clay land in the spring. The spring-tooth cultivator is a good implement for this purpose, the great secret of all this weed destruction. It is an interesting business, in which study will save a lot of hard work and wasted labor. Know the habits of your enemies and kill them at their vulnerable points.

Corn and Potatoes.

"Some people sell all their big potatoes," said Mr. Rennie, "and plant their small potatoes. The result is, the potato crop soon plays out. It has been proved that it is best to plant big, uniform potatoes, cut into pieces that have one or two eyes in each piece. Some say plant whole potatoes, but as a rule, whole potatoes produce a larger percentage of small potatoes. As to planting, I found the checker-board system best, with the hill three feet apart each way. I prefer flat culture, and I have found subsoiling good till tops are up six inches. Keep the land loose and the tubers will not grow up and sunburn. Spraying will largely prevent blight, while the dipping of the seed potatoes in a weak solution of bluestone is worth the trouble as a preventive of rot."

Changing Seed.

A question was asked by F. M. Chapman, if it were advisable to change seed often, or would it be better to follow seed selection here? A recent article of The Ayrshire Post, which advocated the changing of seed in the great Clyde Valley, where potatoes are a staple crop, prompted the question.

In reply, Mr. Rennie said: "I had the same variety of potatoes for 15 years, having made a good selection of my seed each year. With this selection it is not so important to change the seed, altho if you have a low farm or field where the potatoes are grown, it might be well to go to some one on higher land where the potatoes ripened better. This is really seed selection. To use the bluestone solution, dissolve one and a half to two pounds of bluestone in 50 gallons of water. Place the sack of potatoes in this solution for half an hour, then turn them out to dry, and cut them next day. Be careful not to have the solution any stronger than this."

Seed Corn.

"My work with the growing of seed corn has been a delightful one. I bought Compton's Early and kept on selecting the seed for twenty years, taking those ears that were straightest, longest, well filled out at both ends, the ends being broken off. I planted the best kernels. The result was that I produced ears that were 14 or 15 inches long and very uniform."

EASTERN FAT STOCK SHOW.

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—The annual Eastern Ontario Fat Stock and Poultry Show will be held here March 7 to 8.

Do Not Hesitate

When you need a rest, or if you are in ill-health, to spend a few weeks at the Winter Resorts of Florida, Mexico or California. Fast time and good connections via the Grand Trunk Railway. For full particulars and illustrated literature call on C. E. Horning, city ticket office, northwest corner King and Yonge-streets.

The Label Tells The Truth

"Brewed from purest spring water," this ale,—the limpid, sparkling Highland Spring supplies Port Hope brewery. From this, with Canadian malt and real Kentish hops, we brew

Port Hope Pale Ale

Delighting to look at, so clear,—no sediment, delicious to drink,—the honest smack of really good ale, makes appetite, agrees with anybody,—builds flesh, helps the whole system. Try it on the dinner-table,—get Port Hope Pale Ale in pints and quarts from all reliable dealers.

THE PORT HOPE BREWING AND MALTING CO.

At Port Hope, Canada

Good!

Family trade supplied on receipt of telephone order to: T. W. Cowley, Main 1080, 792 Queen-street East; K. Davis, North 89, 601 Yonge-street; W. J. Donley, North 1644, 205 Parliament-street; T. K. Haffey, Main 2195, 216 Wilton-avenue; W. K. Hill, Main 452, 250 Queen-street West; E. Field, North 714, 207 Welelsley-street.

SALVATION ARMY BUREAU TO PREVENT SUICIDES

Already Seven Persons Intending Self-Destruction Have Been Dissuaded.

Philadelphia, Feb. 18.—Seven persons bent on suicide already have had their burdens of woe lifted thru the anti-suicide bureau of the Salvation Army in this city, which only has been in business three days.

A chauffeur from France was the first applicant. He could not make prospective employers believe in him. He could not speak English, and he was slowly starving to death. In a dime lodging house he heard a fellow-countryman talking about the suicide bureau, and, believing it was a place where decent burial was assured those who ended it all, he went to register himself for a coffin.

The suicide agent in charge of the bureau took him in charge, had his abilities proved at a nearby garage and then sought out agents for French autos who might want a man familiar with French machines. His pawned clothing were redeemed and he was put to work with all thoughts of suicide banished from his mind.

A woman of the streets was the next candidate. Two Salvation lassies took her in tow. They took her to a nearby restaurant and fed her, and then talked of the work she was to do. She never once had thought of work. Who would hire her? The lassies knew persons who would give her shelter and food and clothes and some day money for her work. She is working now.

These two cases are typical. All the others were helped the same way. There is no preaching, no red tape about this suicide war. It is a simple proposition to remove the cause.

Jos. Gilmour.

Ingersoll, Feb. 18.—Joseph Gilmour, Wellington-street, died, suddenly last night. In the morning he attended service in the Baptist Tabernacle. He had been a resident of Ingersoll for over twenty years. He was in his 66th year and besides a widow is survived by three daughters, two of whom are in Victoria, B. C.

KEEP YOUR NERVES STRONG

No Surer Road to Ill-Health Than Neglect of the NERVES.

The nervous system ministers equally to a man's physical as it contributes to a man's intellectual powers.

Modify its activity, we have various forms of hallucination, mental depression, sleeplessness and hysteria.

If you say a man is strong it implies that his nervous system is strong.

If you say that a woman's nerves are weak, you affirm what is absolutely true, that her whole physical condition is so far below the par that collapse may easily follow.

No remedy has ever been devised that will compare with Ferrozone in nervous maladies.

Ferrozone does not affect the nerves as hypnotics or sedatives which lull them into obedience—it makes them strong, because it contains the constituents that are necessary to make nerve strength.

Ferrozone makes blood.

Ferrozone gives strength.

Ferrozone forces appetite, assures assimilation of food.

Ferrozone imparts to the whole organism vim, endurance, buoyancy.

No matter how nervous you are or how long this condition has prevailed, use Ferrozone, and in a month you will have convincing proof of its tonic and restorative power.

Perfectly safe even for children, absolutely sure to restore anyone nervous, unstrung and hysterical.

Ferrozone cures not by stimulation, but by nourishing and feeding the nervous organization with the elements it lacks; try Ferrozone, sold in 50c boxes by all druggists.

105 LOADS AT JUNCTION PRIME CATTLE SELL FIRM

Few Offered, However—Medium Cattle 15c to 25c Cwt. Lower —Hogs 10c Lower.

Receipts of live stock at the Union Stock Yards, Toronto Junction, were 105 carloads, composed of 2190 cattle, 44 sheep and 15 calves.

There were a few loads of good to prime cattle, but the bulk of the offerings were neither fit to kill or export, being little better than short-keep feeders, and as such should have been taken back to the farmers to finish.

Trade was brisk for the best grades of exporters and butchers, but there was a class of cattle brought on the market as exporters, that were not good enough to ship, many of which were bought for butcher purposes. This latter class were off in price from 15c to 25c per cwt. from last week's prices, as they were not wanted for export, space not being available like it was a short time ago.

Exporters.

Prices ranged from $5 to $5.40, the bulk selling at $5.15 to $5.25. Export bulls sold at $3.50 to $4.50 per cwt.

Butchers.

Prime picked butchers' cattle sold from $4.85 to $5.50, but only a very few got the latter price. The bulk of the best butchers sold from $4.75 to $5.10; loads of good, $4.50 to $4.75; medium, mixed with cows, at $4.15 to $4.40; common mixed loads, $3.85 to $4.10; cows, $3 to $4 per cwt.; canners, $1.50 to $2 per cwt.

Milch Cows.

A few good to choice milkers and springers sold at $45 to $62.50 each.

Veal Calves.

Not many calves offered. Prices ranged from $6 to $7 per cwt.

Sheep and Lambs.

Lambs sold at $6 to $7 per cwt.; sheep at $4.75 per cwt.

Hogs.

H. P. Kennedy reported hogs as being 10c per cwt. lower, or $6.70 for selects and $6.45 for lights and fats.

Representative Sales.

William Levack bought 28 car loads of fat cattle, amongst which were several lots of the best butchers and exporters sold on the market. The prices paid by Mr. Levack were the same as those given above, which are his quotations of the market for fat cattle.

Maybee, Wilson & Hall sold: 20 good export steers, 1270 lbs. each, at $5.25; 20 good export steers, 1200 lbs. each, at $5.25; 22 exporters, 1300 lbs. each, at $5; 8 exporters, 1550 lbs. each, at $5.12½; 13 exporters, 1290 lbs. each, at $5.10; 19 exporters, 1270 lbs. each, at $5; 1 export bull, 1730 lbs. each, at $4.40; 12 choice butchers', 1190 lbs. each, at $4.95; 11 choice butchers', 1150 at $4.40; 12 choice butchers', 1190 lbs. each, at $4.87½; 6 choice butchers', 1140 lbs. each, at $4.75; 9 choice butchers', 1000 lbs. each, at $4.85; 20 choice butchers', 900 lbs. each, at $4.60; 4 choice butchers', 1010 lbs. each, at $4.55; 8 choice butchers', 1170 lbs. each, at $4.55; 9 choice butchers', 1090 lbs. each, at $4.50; 18 choice butchers', 1050 lbs. each, at $4.50; 3 good butchers', 1070 lbs. each, at $4.25; 10 light butchers', 900 lbs. each, at $3.90; 5 good cows, 1100 lbs. each, at $3.75; 3 light butchers', 900 lbs. each, at $3.90; 5 bood cows, 1100 lbs. each, at $3.90; 6 good cows, 1100 lbs. each, at $3.75; 3 fair cows, 1130 lbs. each, at $3.40; 3 good cows, 1400 lbs. each, at $3.70; bought three loads of butcher cattle on order for outside points.

McDonald & Maybee sold: 14 exporters, 1480 lbs. each, at $5.30 per cwt.; 20 exporters, 1350 lbs. each, at $5.10; 19 exporters, 1340 lbs. each, at $5.10; 16 exporters, 1280 lbs. each, at $5; 10 exporters, 1270 bs. each, at $5; 18 exporters, 1290 lbs. each, at $4.75; 12 butchers', 1175 lbs. each at $4.60; 13 butchers', 950 lbs. each at $4.10; 11 butchers', 1100 lbs. each at $4; 13 butchers', 970 lbs. each, at $4; 5 butchers', 1030 lbs. each, at $4.50; 23 butchers', 1000 lbs. each, at $4.40; 16 butchers', 970 lbs. each, at $4.10; 21 butchers', 1090 lbs. each, at $4.40; 18 butchers', 1070 lbs. each, at $4.50; 13 butchers', 1130 lbs. each, at $4; 15 butchers', 1240 lbs., each, at $3.75; 10 butchers', 1030 lbs. each, at $4.25; 11 butchers', 900 lbs. each, at $3.10; 18 butchers', 1150 lbs. each, at $3.35; 12 butchers', 1085 lbs. each, at $3.25; 12 butchers', 1115 lbs. each, at $3.50; 1 export bull 1540 lbs., $3.60; 1 export bull, 1710 lbs., $4.13; 1 export bull, 1850 lbs., $3.75; 6 export bulls, 1510 lbs. each, at $3.75; 1 export bull, 1660 lbs., at $4; 1 export bull, 1380 lbs., at $3.75; 13 sheep, 190 lbs. each, at $4.50; 14 lambs, 90 lbs. each, at $6.63.

Crawford & Hunnisett sold: 1 load exporters, 1275 lbs. each, at $5 per cwt.; 1 load exporters, 1300 lbs. each, at $4.80; 1 load exporters, 1250 lbs. each, at $4.90; 1 load butchers', 900 lbs. each, at $3.90; 1 mixed load bulls, cows, etc., at $3.85 per cwt.

William McClelland bought 4 loads butchers', 1000 to 1050 lbs. each, at $4.20 to $4.50 p er cwt.

R. J. Collins bought 30 butchers', 1025 lbs. each, at $3.20 to $4.20 per cwt.

J. H. Dingle bought for the Fowler Packing Company of Hamilton 49 steers and heifers, 1050 lbs. each, at $4.60; 19 choice heifers and steers, 1150 lbs. each, at $4.75; 1 load cows, 1200 lbs. each, at $3.55.

Harry Murby bought 1 load of butchers' cows, 1100 to 1200 lbs. each, at $3.25 to $3.40 per cwt.; 2 loads of steers, 900 to 1100 lbs. each, at $3.75 to $4.25 per cwt.

Wesley Dunn bought 40 lambs at $7 per cwt.; 20 sheep at $4.75 per cwt.; 5 calves at $6.75 per cwt.

Fred and J. L. Rountree bought 26heifers, 1050 lbs. each, at $4.75 per cwt.; 22 steers and heifers, 1060 lbs. each, at $4.70; 24 steers and heifers, 1100 lbs. each, at $4.65; 15 butchers', 1040 lbs. each, at $4.15; 6 butchers', 925 lbs. each, at $3.40; 6 cows, 1250 lbs. each, at $3.75; 8 cows, 125 lbs. each, at $3.35; 1 export bull, 1970 lbs., at $4.40; 1 butchers' bull, 1025 lbs., at $3.40; 2 canners at $1.50 per cwt.

T. Halligan bought 2 loads mixed butchers' and exporters at $4.50 to $4.90 per cwt., and 4 milch cows at $48 to $53 each.

C. Zeagman & Sons bought 100 cattle as follows: 50 butchers' steers, 1200 lbs. each, at $4.25 to $4.55; about 50 cows and heifers, 1150 lbs., at $3 to $3.60 for cows, and $4.25 per cwt. for heifers; 9 choice heifers, 930 lbs. each, at $3.90 per cwt.

Frank Hunnisett, Jr., bought 65 butchers', 1000 to 1200 lbs. each, at $4.25 to $5 per cwt.

James Halliday bought 1 pair prime milkers, at $125; several butchers' cattle a t $4.50 per cwt.

H. Hunnisett bought 64 exporters, 1200 to 1300 lbs. each, at $4.80 to $4.90 per cwt.

Market Notes.

Messrs. Brown and Mulkern of the C. P. R. were visitors at the market. Mr. Brown is the general freight agent.

There were 75 cattle dealers registered at the Live Stock Exchange building over Sunday.

Several lots of cattle came in box cars, the railways not having live stock cars enough that were available.

The Gunns' Abattoir Co., Limited, have commenced to slaughter cattle.

There were seven choice steers sold on the market that were fed by F. M. Chapman, farm editor of The World, that brought the highest price paid on the market, which speaks volumes for Mr. Chapman as a feeder and practical farmer.

Hamilton was represented on the market, as usual, by J. H. Dingle, buyer for the Fowler Packing Co., who bought about 70 butchers' cattle, amongst which was a choice load of heifers, 1150 lbs. each at $4.75 per cwt.

A. McIntosh was a heavy buyer of export cattle.

British Cattle Markets.

The World received the following special cable from W. D. Newton, live stock salesman, Glasgow, Scotland, who reports Canadian steers as selling at 11½c to 12c and bulls at 9½c to 9¾c. Also a special cable from Poels, Brewster & Duckham, cattles salesmen of London, Liverpool, Bristol and Manchester, who report States steers 11¾c; Canadian steers at 11½c, Canadian cows at 10½c, Canadian bulls at 9½c.

DEATH OF COL. OLCOTT THEOSOPHISTS' LEADER

News of His Passing Away in India is Received—Founded Theosophical Society.

The death is announced at Adyar, Bombay, India, on Saturday, of Colonel Henry Steele Olcott, president-founder of the Theosophical Society. Col. Olcott recently paid a visit to Europe, when he presided at the Theosophical congress, held in Paris. In returning to India he met with an accident near Genoa in October, tripping at the top of a flight of 14 steps, and falling to the bottom. He severely injured his leg as well as suffering from general shock, and his age and infirmity have proved unequal to the strain.

Col. Olcott was born near New York, Aug. 2, 1832. He became well-known in political circles, served in the civil war, and was chairman of a very important commission of enquiry appointed by the government.

Subsequently, while acting as correspondent for a New York daily, he investigated the psychic phenomena at the Eddy homestead in 1874. As a result of this was published his volume "People of the Other World."

It was here also that he met Madam Blavatsky, who interested him in occult science, and with whom and William Quan Judge, he founded the Theosophical Society in 1875.

Attention will probably once more be directed to this organization, as was the case on the deaths of Blavatsky in 1891, and of Judge in 1896. It is probable that Mrs. Annie Besant will be elected president to succeed Col. Olcott. Meanwhile the work of the society, which is an incorporated body, will be continued by the proper officers, in whom the property and valuable library at Adyar is vested.

Col. Olcott devoted much of his time to this library, which has many important manuscripts in native tongues. His own books, besides the volumes of "The Theosophist," which he edited, include a Buddhist Cathechism, approved by the high priests of Ceylon and Japan; a translation of D'Assler's "Posthumous Humanity," "Theosophy, Religion and Occult Science," and "Old Diary Leaves," of which three volumes have already been published.

No member of the society was more earnest in his devotion to the cause of the Masters or Mahatmas, as the Elder Brothers of Humanity have been called. He once said:

"No one knows better than myself the fact of the existence of the Masters. You and I will never see Jesus in the flesh, but if you should ever meet . . . or one or two others whom I might mention, I think you will say they are near enough our ideal to satisfy one's longing for the tree of humanity to put forth such a flower."

There are two Theosophical Societies in Toronto, of which A. G. Horwood is president of one, annd Albert E. S. Smythe of the other.

AN INSURANCE PROBLEM.

Legislature Asked to Compel Woman to Sign Release of Policy.

Fredericton, N.B., Feb. 18.—(Special.)—Attorney-General Pugsley, when introducing a bill in the legislature today to amend the Life Insurance Act and to meet a difficulty which has been raised by one insurance company, cited a case where a man had insured his life in favor of a woman whom he intended to marry.

The marriage had not taken place, and he desired to substitute other beneficiaries. She consents to this, but won't sign a policy. There is no power to make her and the company seeks legislation to that effect.

Piles Cured

Broken Down With Twenty Years' Suffering, Massachusetts Man Cured by Wonderful Pyramid Pile Cure.

Trial Package Free to All on Request.

"I tried the sample of your cure you sent to me. I used it and then bought a 50c box. The results were immediate and surprising to me, I assure you. I had been to a dozen of the best doctors and paid much money to them with no results whatever. I had this affliction for 20 years. I was in a hospital for a long time, and I left it physically broken down. I have been so bad for months at a time as to be unable to walk. Having a friend who lost his life by an operation, I desisted from ever having that experiment tried on me. I owe you a debt of gratitude. I believe that piles would be banished from humanity and become an unknown thing, were every one afflicted with them to but spend from 50c to $1 for Pyramid Pile Cure. Its speedy action also makes it extremely favorable for impatient people. I am, yours sincerely, George H. Bartlett, Mattapan, Mass."

Why should this man be cured and you left to suffer? Why should you endure the torture of an operation when thousands of cases of the utmost severity have been instantly remedied by our method?

The Pyramid Pile Cure is Nature's method of curing piles. The little suppositories immediately reduce all congestion and swelling, heal the fevered and ulcerated parts and bring the rectum back to its normal condition.

It costs you absolutely nothing to try this treatment. We will gladly send you a free trial package of the Pyramid Pile Cure in a plain sealed wrapper without any expense to you, if you will send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 80 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

When you have used the sample of the Pyramid Pile Cure, you can get the same remedy at any druggist's at 50 cents per box.

The Magdalen Islands Development Co., Limited

Organized Under the Laws of the Dominion of Canada.

AUTHORIZED SHARE CAPITAL

$1,000,000 Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preferred } Shares $100.00 Each
$1,000,000 Common }
$ 500,000 Six Per Cent. First Mortgage Bonds

ISSUED CAPITAL

Six Per Cent. First Mortgage Gold Bonds	$367,000
Preferred Shares	517,000
Common Shares	668,000

OFFICERS and DIRECTORS

C. E. ARCHIBALD, President, Montreal; late Prop. Empire Tobacco Company; Vice-President Smart Bag Company, Limited.

JAMES W. PYKE, Vice-President, Montreal; President Phoenix Bridge and Iron Works; President Terminal Warehouse and Cartage Co., Limited.

LIEUT.-COL. G. E. ALLEN JONES, Quebec; Director Chinic Hardware Company, Limited; Director Quebec and Levis Company, Limited.

W. F. V. ATKINSON, Quebec, Lumber Merchant.

E. W. HUMPHREY, of Humphrey and Co., Montreal.

HERBERT M. MARLER, Montreal; Director Terminal Warehouse and Cartage Company, Limited.

W. G. TAIT, Pictou.

SOLICITORS
COOK & McMASTER, Montreal.

BANKERS
SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA.

R. P. DOUCET, Secretary and Treasurer.

AUDITORS and REGISTRARS
MACINTOSH & HYDE, Montreal.

TRANSFER AGENTS
MONTREAL TRUST AND DEPOSIT COMPANY.

NOTE—By an agreement made with the Magdalen Islands Company, who were the vendors, and the Magdalen Islands Development Company, Limited,

$ 10,000.00 in cash.
20,000.00 of 6 per cent. First Mortgage Gold Bonds.
100,000.00 of 7 per cent. Preferred Shares.
100,000.00 of Common Shares.

Total.....$230,000.00

is to be deposited with the Montreal Trust & Deposit Company, and is only to be turned over to the vendors on the following conditions, to wit:

25 per cent. when the Magdalen Islands Development Company, Limited, earn $150,000.00 net per annum.

25 per cent. when for two consecutive years the Magdalen Islands Development Company, Limited, earn $150,000.00 per annum.

50 per cent. when the Magdalen Islands Development Company, Limited, earn for three consecutive years $150,000.00 per annum.

During this trusteeship no interest or dividends shall be paid, either on the cash, the bonds, or the shares deposited, nor shall the shares have any voting power.

This corporation is the proprietor of the Magdalen Islands, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, Dominion of Canada, including mineral and fishing rights belonging thereto together with steamers and boats engaged in the fishing business.

The Company is operating the various fisheries of the Islands with modern methods and the latest appliances, and are engaged in a general fishing, cold storage and transportation business.

Formerly the fishing was conducted principally by residents of the Islands, many of whom were the tenants of this Company. The Company are now employing a large number of these tenants, together with other fishermen, to operate the said fisheries on a large scale.

Summary of Estimated Profits from Fisheries:

Sealing	$12,500.00
Salt Spring Herring	22,000.00
Fresh Herring	4,000.00
Frozen Herring	12,500.00
Mackerel	25,500.00
Cod Fish	14,000.00
Canned Lobsters	25,000.00
Fresh Fish and Lobsters	7,500.00
	$128,000.00
Aditional Income Rentals from Land	$3,000.00

Total estimated income for 1907 - $131,000.00

Or after paying—		
Six per cent. interest on $247,000 6 per cent. bonds	$14,820.00	
Seven per cent. interest on $417 000 7 per cent. preferred shares	29,190.00	
Six per cent. interest on $568,000 common shares.	34,080.00	
		$78,090.00
Leaving a surplus of		**$52,910.00**

With the present issue of securities the company propose to make the following improvements, viz:

Instal machinery to handle economically the immense deposits of gypsum on the islands, and for which it is believed, contracts can be obtained for about 50,000 tons per annum at an approximate price of 90 cents per ton.

It is also proposed to manufacture sand-lime bricks, the materials for which the company has an enormous quantity. The plant to be erected will have a capacity of 20,000 bricks per day.

The company will in addition establish steamship service between the Islands and Pictou, N.S., and they believe that with first-class service this will be very profitable.

At Pictou, N.S., in addition to the ice-freezers to be erected, it is proposed to build a cold storage warehouse and do a general cold storage business, and with these improvements made, it is estimated that the increased earnings will amount to not less than $50,000.00 per annum, or a total net earning of

$181,000.00

Or after paying—		
Six per cent. interest on $367,000 bonds	$22,020.00	
Seven per cent. interest on $517,000 preferred shares	36,190.00	
Six per cent. interest on $668,000 Common Shares	40,080.00	
		$98,290.00
Leaving a surplus of		**$82,710.00**

The securities of this Company will be quoted after February 20 on the Montreal Stock Exchange, and a complete prospectus can be obtained on application to the Company or from any broker.

PORT HOPE WILL FIGHT TO SECURE THE CANAL

Can't Admit the Claims of Trenton and Will Ask Aid of Other Municipalities.

Port Hope, Feb. 18.—(Special.)—A report that the government had decided upon Trenton as the southern outlet for the Trent Valley Canal created consternation here to-day, altho it is not entirely credited. The people of Durham intend to scrutinize the reports upon which the decision is said to be based most closely with a view to requiring further consideration of the question if Port Hope's claims have not been given justice.

In this determination they rely upon a letter from Sir Wilfrid Laurier, published during the last election, in which he pledged himself to obtain fuller and more complete reports if the engineer's reports should be found to be unsatisfactory in any detail.

Durham claims that the Trenton route will cost half a million dollars more than the Port Hope route, and that the annual cost of maintenance will also be much greater. It is also contended that the Trenton route will destroy the value of the canal for local trade (which Sir William Mulock admitted to be the chief value of the canal) because it will prevent the canal from being of service for the transportation of freight between Central Ontario and Toronto, Hamilton and other western points.

Meetings of all the public bodies are to be summoned, and strong representations will be made to the government. Bowmanville, Peterboro, Oshawa, Toronto and other places will be asked to urge the advantages of the Port Hope route with its quicker construction and cheaper cost.

Looks Like Trenton.

An Ottawa despatch says: "Altho no final conclusion has yet been announced as to the choice between Port Hope and Trenton for the outlet on Lake Ontario of the Trent Canal, the latter seems almost certain to be given the preference because of the sheltered route that it would provide for shipping thru the Bay of Quinte. So far as cost of the building of the canal, there does not seem to be much between the two routes proposed, but the Trenton outlet has had the approval of the several engineering authorities who have looked over the situation."

Peterboro Belives it.

Peterboro, Feb. 18.—(Special.)—The announcement that Trenton has been selected as the southern outlet of the Trent Canal created no surprise here as it was generally felt that Port Hope stood little chance of being chosen as the terminus. Trenton is regarded as the natural route, being nearer the larger centres of manufacture, to say nothing of the coal traffic for a very large section of Ontario, thru which the canal passes, and in which manufacturing is carried on extensively.

Hastings, Campbellford, Frankford and other places which will be directly benefited by the Trenton route are naturally pleased with the decision.

R. R. Hall, M.P., said to-day that while the route by Trenton was chosen it did not follow that a branch might not yet be constructed to Port Hope.

Chas. Cornwall.

Brockville, Feb. 18.—(Special.)—The death is reported from Gouverneur, N. Y., of Charles Cornwall of Rockport, Ont., postmaster, a leading man for the past fifty years. He was a general merchant, also a J. P. and served for nearly twenty years in the township and county council. He was 85 years old and leaves a widow.

Grain Shipments.

Winnipeg, Feb. 18.—Two hundred and forty-five cars of grain were loaded and shipped from points on the lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway on Saturday.

INCORPORATED PHILANTHROPY

Grenfell Ass'n of America Organised for Missionary Work.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 18.—The Grenfell Association of America, formed to carry on philanthropic and missionary work among deep-sea fishermen and others in Labrador, Newfoundland and elsewhere and in particular to aid to promote the work and plans of Dr. Wilfrid T. Grenfell of the Royal National Mission to Deep-sea Fishermen, was incorporated to-day.

The directors include: Francis Lynde Stetson, Herbert L. Satterlee, Ernest Hamlin Abbott, Stephen Baker, S. Edgar Briggs, William Adams Brown of New York City, Hamilton W. Mabie of Summit, N. J., and Henry Vandyke of Princeton.

GEO. COHAN DIVORCED.

New York, Feb. 18.—Ethel Levy today obtained a verdict from a jury in the supreme court entitling her to a decree of absolute divorce from George Cohan, the actor and playwright. The suit was unopposed.

G.T.R. Earnings.

Montreal, Feb. 18.—Grand Trunk Railway system traffic earnings from Feb. 8 to 14, 1907, were $663,298; 1906, $628,018; increase, $35,280.

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