dents of temporal government. Would any one it a doctrine of scripture? It would be hard what would become of the Church of England herself, should her government ever cease to be part in. right of kings was an article of belief, but is ruled by a majority of the House of Commons, composed of men of all religions, and especially plicable to the unendowed, unestablished, ivileged church in the colonies. The royal supremacy is a sort of lay papacy which cramps House of Assembly; and too many perthe Church of England, and stands in the way of a complete union of the Anglican Churches has told us what these oaths chiefly are; surely anything so antiquated and obsolete as those of God, they are in some measure impli-

to see altered or omitted.

"Mr. Hall proposed another amendment, excolony, either as regarded the natives or the instead of leaving this to be done irregularly by Tenure Bill, instead of letting each be "After further discussion, Mr. Brittan's amendment was carried—the paragraph being other should be also."

allowed to stand as in the original draft, "An additional paragraph referring to the discussions in Parliament on the Colonial Church Bill having been proposed by Sir T. Tancred, and subsequently withdrawn, the business of the meeting terminated, after a vote of thanks to the chairman, by his pronouncing the bless-

lowing addition should be made to the bishop's he carried on, is eminently qualified for plan, viz:—

plan, viz:That in the opinion of this meeting there the task, which out of pure love he has should be in each diocese a separately-constitu-ted corporate body, in whom shall be vested, and by whom shall be administered, the church

revenues of such diocese.'
"He said he believed the meeting would be

TO CORRESPONDENTS. to him our reasons for not inserting his commu- posed by the Government.

LETTERS RECEIVED TO NOVEMBER 29. Rev. E. P., Stratford; D. D. C., Bowmanville; J. L., Ancaster, rem.; Rev. G. T., Amherst, N S., rem. for self, J. R. and Miss C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Upper Canada College—Winter Term. New Books just received by H. Rowsell.

The Church.

London, November 21st, 1854. A meeting of the committee of general management for collecting an Episcopal Fund in the rural deanery of London, will be held at St. Paul's School House, on Wednesday, 13th day of December, at 1 o'clock.

H. HAYWARD,

that they may be laid before the committee. ARE WE LIVING IN A CHRISTIAN COUNTRY?

any one, after reading the following title far as this question is concerned. The endor ed on the bill lately passed by the House of Assembly: "An act to make deavored to make it appear that the church BETTER PROVISION for the appropriation was the mere creature of the state and that ing them available for municipal purposes." surprised if the all denominations do not The monies now to be appropriated to the soon learn that the church takes much construction of roads and bridges were higher ground.

disgusted with the lengthened agitation, such appropriation was not found sufficient determined to take no longer part in the any further appropriation might be made, strife; contented with having at one time or if the tenure by which the rectors or raised their voices against the threatened incumbents held the same were question. spoliation, and still refusing to enroll them- able, so much of the act might be varied selves in the ranks of the enemy; they or repealed. This, we doubt not, was the have remained inactive, on neutral ground, way in which all churchmen who brought as they supposed, and left the question to their families to this colony construed the on this subject, but nothing within our ken has in the former note.

them will be able to justify himself for re- clergy," taken apart from the context, emmaining inactive when there was work for braced others besides the clergy of the of the parent and christian." maintain that what is called the royal suprema-ey is an essential doctrine of the church? Is him to do. "He that is not with me is church of England and Ireland (which we against me," are the words of our Divine doubt), yet all would agree that any act sal church? Then where was the church before the line of Constantine? Is it of the essence of the Reformed Church of England? What, our faithfulness, and that we might exert sacrilege and a spoliation of God's people. then, has become of the church in America it for the furtherance of the glorious work since their separation from England? And which we are mercifully permitted to take

monarchial? The doctrine of the royal supremacy may have suited an age when the divine give an account of the manner in which we have disposed of each and all our wholly out of place when the empire is virtually talents. It is now thought of but little consequence in what way we exercise our talent when called upon to take part in the election of members of the mit themselves to be biassed by private throughout the world. The time must speedily come when the oaths and obligations which bind that, if the member whom they have interest, or personal friendship, forgetful our bishops and clergy will be revised, as they elected supports a government which by the upper end of the hall, supported on each goes for installing Romanism as a supreme dewould have been long since but for the suspen-sion of the powers of convocation. Mr. Hall influenced more by the fear of man than its measures gives ample proof that it is are in the present day must speedily be abolish- cated in the sin committed. We dwell They were indeed felt by some to be so upon this subject now, because individua bar to some excellent men taking orders in corporations and governments; but who, in The seventh paragraph, as proposed, was this free country, give the government power to enact bad laws, but the members Mr. Bealey moved the 8th clause. It was who vote with the administration? And evident that the fundamental doctrines of the who delegated to the members that power church, and the authorized version of the scriptures, could not be in any way subject to the decision of any colonial church. So suspicious Let every elector call to mind the motives was our own church of any doctrine propounded by any less authority than that of the whole vote in favour of the representative of his church, that she allows no doctrine to be essen- county, and if his conscience tells him that tial which has not been sanctioned by one of the four first general councils. With regard to the adaptations of the liturgy to the particular statute book with this bill, which makes circumstances of a colonial church, the matter a better provision for the appropria-stood on a different ground, and a diocesan tion of the heritage of God's children. synod might properly sanction such adapta- let him earnestly pray to be forgiven, "Mr. Brittan moved as an amendment that and evince the sincerity of his reclause eight stand as in the bishop's draft, which was seconded by the Rev. W. Mackie.

pentance by doing all that lies in his power to raise a fund equal to that which "Mr. Porter thought it would be greatly has been alienated from its holy purpose, windicial to this settlement if it went fourth prejudicial to this settlement if it went forth that a public meeting here had proposed to allow alterations of the liturgy to be taken in cannot be expected to attend the labours hand. On higher grounds, too, it would be highly objectionable, as nobody could say where it might stop. For his own part, having gone it might stop. For his own part, having gone through many trials and sorrows, he would declare that nowhere could he find prayers so suitable to every emergency as in our admirable ments which may justly he expected to be liturgy, and not one of them would be consent inflicted on it if such a bill as we have referred to become the law of the land "Mr. Hall proposed another amendment, ex-plaining more fully the purpose of those who would vary the clause so as to allow a power to we think, a most immoral stratagem to the synod of the diocese to adapt the liturgy to insure the votes of the Lower Canadian any peculiar exigencies which might arise in a members: they consented to let this bill be carried, step for step, with the Seignorial

CHURCH NORMAL AND MODEL SCHOOL. We are gratified to learn that a Normal and Model School have been opened in the Rev. M. M. Dillon, with the sanction On the following evening a public meeting of of his Lordship the Bishop of Toronto. members of the Church of England was held in The preparations are complete for the resideration the same subject. The Rev. O. because School teachers without the same subject. Matthias presided, as at Christchurch. At this be trained as School teachers, without any meeting the bishop's plan appears to have been charge except for such books as they may adopted bodily; an amendment to discuss the require; and these will be furnished at a "Mr. Dampier then proposed that the fol-

weighed according to its own merits, threat-

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE.

It is with much satisfaction that we refer unanimous in affirming the principle that the property set apart in the settlement for the of Assembly on the motion of its leader to church should be administered by and for the appropriate £20,000 towards the relief of use of the settlement. This having been sether widows and orphans of those of the mously, and the meeting shortly after separarights contended for by England and France. We at the same time deem i but just to state that Francis Hincks, Esq. J. R., of Carleton Place, will receive a letter from the secretary of the Church Society by this mail, which will, we trust, satisfactorily explain who ventured to propose that the House would sanction the appropriation if pro-

> We are given to understand that a portion fland was granted by the Government as a public burial-ground at York Mills. Wil any of our readers enlighten us on this subject, and tell us what has become of this land?

> As an act of courtesy we give insertion in another column to a communication from H. C. Baker, Esq., though we doubt not our readers will say "cui bono."

The section of the act to which he refers, and on which he lays so much stress. TORONTO, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1854. most clearly defines the particular church for which the appropriation of the land for the support of a protestant clergy within the said province, and also for the erecting and endowing of parsonages or rectories, &c. was made. Why, therefore, he thinks we should join issue with protestants of all denominations, many of whom hold; to say the least, as heretical doctrines as the P. S. It is requested that all returns of sub- church of Rome, we cannot understand. scriptions in parishes and missions be forwarded to the Secretary, on or before that day, in order tors, of the so-called protestant denominations, to the title of protestant clergy; we look upon them as teachers of erroneous doctrines more or less heretical: with them Is a question which may well be put by therefore we have no common ground so of the monies a ising from lands heretofore it owed its position to the fact that it was known as the Clergy Reserves, by render- endowed by the state. We shall be much

intended to provide for the maintenance. That portion of the section which relates of the Protestant religion. Do the majority to the "varying and repealing" is equally of the people of Canada believe that this intelligible. The constitutional act passed act makes a better provision for the appro- in 1791 pledged the faith of the British priation, &c.? Without hes tation we an- government to those members of the church swer, they do not! and we shall be much who should emigrate to the then wild surprised if the title of this bill does not wastes of Canada, that they would find a open the eyes of many to the enormity of provision made in lieu of tithes for the the sin committed by the secularizers.

Numbers there are, who, wearied and lands being appropriated for that object; if cially) a work must be carefully read

CONVOCATION OF THE UNIVERSITY. We copy the following account from the Colonist:

Hall, the Hon. W. H. Blake, Chancellor of the ness the interesting proceedings. two o'clock, the Chancellor and the majority of the senate and the various Professors, followed by the students, entered the hall, and took the ces appointed for them respectively. The Chancellor, dressed in a chastely ornamented ndsome purple robe, was seated on a dais at commenced by the following gentlemen being admitted to degrees:

TO THE DEGREE OF M.A.-Light, R. N.; Clark, A. M.; Morris, You have already

Trew, N. M.; McGregor, C. J.; Crombie,

II .- ADMISSION TO STANDING :- Cand. B.A. Farnie, H. B.; McCaughey, J.; Paterson, N. 4to Anno—Cattanach, A.; Crombie, M. M.; Hume, R.; Kingsmill, N.; Linklater, Gul.; McNab, A.; Sanderson, J. E.; Tassie, Gul.;

3to Anno—Bowlby, W. H.; Hodgins, T.; Jamieson, C.; Lister, B. B.; Matheson, R.; Matheson, T.; McDermid, P.; Unsworth, R. 240 Anno-Burns, N.; Francis, Gul.; Kennedy, G.; Lambert, R.; Oliver, Gul.; Ross, J.;

III .- MATRICULATION. In Jure Civili-Blake, D. E.; Fitzgerald, E.; Wells, R. M.; McCarghey, J.; Hodgins, T. In Medicina-Francis, Gul.

In Artibus-Moss, T.; Rattray, Gul., J.; Barnhart, C. E.; Mulligan, G. K.; McCabe, Gul.; Paul, C. D.; Wilson, J. In Agricultura-McNab, A.

After the Degr es were conferred, the Certificates of Honor and Prizes were that pretence, excluded!" distributed to the successful candidates, accompanied by appropriate remarks by the learned President and Professors, and the proceedings were closed by an address from the Chancellor.

DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

THE CHURCH SOCIETY OF THE DIOCESE OF TORONTO. COLLECTIONS MADE IN THE SEVERAL CHURCHES, CHAPELS AND MISSIONARY STATIONS

APPOINTED TO	O BE TAKEN	UP	IN ()CTO	BEF	1, 18	354.
BUILDINGS GOT VERY							d.
Proviou	sly announ	ced				7	
York Mills, per	aburah we	rido	n			3	
York Mills, per	Magne	0	17	71			
Trinity Church	, Moore	0	11	41			
St. Mary's, Mo	ore	-0	11	22			
Butler's Static	on, Moore	0	4-	6			
Church Sarnia		5	15	4			10
per Rev. G. J.	. R. Salter			100	0	11	10
St. Mary Magd	alene, Na-	dis					
panee		1.	5	0			
St. John's, Rich		0	10	0			
ver church "	nadoni	-	-	-	1	15	0
St. George's Cl	hurch, God	eric	eh, p	er			
Rev. E. T.	Elwood				5	5	0
Trinity Church	. Cornwall	3	5	6			
Christ Church	h. Mouli-	27					
nette		0	15	0			
per Rev. H.			10		4	0	6
Lindsay's Wha		DGU.	1993	T. 185	1		
		0	18	10			
Gower							
Richmond			18				
Corners in N. (0	6	9	-		11
per Rev. J.		110	da lin	7/0	4	4	0
St. Paul's, Ner		1	0	1			
Christ's Churc	ch, St. Al-						
bans			15	2			
Trinity Chure	b, Aurora.	0	10	1			
ner Rev. S.	Ramsav	-	1	-	2	5	4
St James' Ch	urch. Stra	tfor	rd.	per			
St. James' Ch Rev. E. Pa	tterson		100		2	10	0
St. George's,	Feorgina	0	10	10			
Park's School	Honya	0		5			
				104			
Sutton	haal Harris			91			
Shepherd's Sci	nool House	U	*	2	1	-	11
per Rev. W.	. Ritchie	11125	12 16	1	1	9	11
Charles Tolk Charles	Benesey of a			-			101
Collections	amounting	to.		20	26	7	10
-	-	-	-	-	and in	-	-

Reviews, Books and Publications.

Our welcome visitor, "The Spirit of will be highly appreciated by subscribers restore to us again the blessings of peace? to this useful periodical. Its pages will always be perused with interest by all true Catholics.

I would only beg, in conclusion, to remind your readers that these brave and devoted men are fighting for us for Evaluation. to this useful periodical. Its pages will Catholics.

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, tion; The Census; The Secret Agent; regiment. Colour in Nature and Art; Latin Versi-el intrusive, or inappropriate, I remain, my dear sir, C mmercial and Social Condition of the World, Part I.; Peace and War; The War and the Ministry.

We have received the first number of Mrs. Trail's "F male Emigrant's Guide," published by Maclear & Co., but as yet the price charged for the number.

Maclear & Co., Toronto.

time, we have not had leisure to peruse its that you will give insertion to this note, and the times to receive the counsel and advice of the and as the criticisms of our contemporary are generally truthful, we do not hesitate to endorse it: from the glance we took of its pages we formed the same opinion, but or approval of the proposed withdrawal from the proposed withdrawal from the proposed withdrawal from the proposed withdrawal from the proposed of the Cloudy or approval of the proposed withdrawal from the proposed of the Cloudy has Excellency the Committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the proposed withdrawal from the proposed of the Cloudy has been described by his Excellency the Committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the proposed of the Cloudy has been described by his Excellency the Committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the proposed of the Cloudy has been described by the Committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the proposed of the Cloudy has been described by his Excellency the Committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the proposed of the Cloudy has been described by his Excellency the Committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the committee as the committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed withdrawal from the committee as to the language and tenor of the proposed with the committee as to the language and tenor of the committee as to the language and tenor of the committee as to the language and tenor of the committee as to the langua having taught us that (in these days espe- Reserve Fund. through, and its contents weighed per se, irrespective of the celebrity already attained by the author, before we venture to MY DEAR SIR, recommend it.

sacraments, on apostone docume and order, on the use of a common version of the scriptures. and a common liturgy, not on the mere acciand which we carnestly commend to the perusal adjournment the Rev. Mr. Fuller without ex-

mission, we extract from its pages a few brief heard his remarks and the first resolution lines as illustrative of its style."

word of God on the altar of religious liberty as a necessity at any rate in the free school system; reasons, for I am well assured that very many and now, following out these principles logically. whose good opinion I have reason to value, will consistently, in the formation or expurgation of be disposed to condemn the slightest hesitation our whole school literature for the relief of con- on this vexed point. ence, for the liberty of conscience, where, and at whose instigation, by whose conscience for the England and Ireland to the share it now poswas held on Friday afternoon, in the University rule, for the guide, shall the great work of relief sesses in the proceeds of the reserves, are prim-Hall, the Hon. W. H. Blake, Chancellor of the Triversity, presiding. There was a large concourse of ladies and gentlemen present, to witcome the integration of the leader and bear sway? Your argument compels are proceeds of the reserves, are primarily based upon the Act 31 George III, chap. 31, passed in 1791, and commonly called the Constitutional Act. Shortly after you to the choice of some one, for you reject the rule of the majority, and a mixture of opposing consciences you cannot have, but if conscience be your principle of regulation in the schoolsystem, you must take the conscience of some one sect. Whose shall it be? You have already shall be situated, and to no other use or purpose determined the matter. Your whole argument You propose the exclusion of the Bible, because the conscience of the Romanist requires it. You are ready to follow the reads as follows, viz.: priest of Romanism at his beck, through the J. H.

B.C.L.—Boyd, P.
B.A.—Brown, J.; Marling, S. A.; Bayley,
R.; Oille, L. S.; Blake, D. E.; Wells, R. M.;
Jones, C.; McKeown, J.; Boulton, J. F.; Thom,
J.; Trew, N. M.; McGregor, C. J.; Crombie,

The obliteration and mutilation of the school striction hereinafter provided." noblest bursts in the English tongue, and most | certain interests, in which the above are include exquisitely - wrought compositions, historic, ed, shall remain thirty days before both Houses poetic, and didatic, must be cut away, and cast out as sectarian, against which the suspicion of sectarianism was never breathed, the idea never thought of. Compositions of superior acknowledged excellence and immemorial use are to be from them! Because they are not sectarian,coloring his descriptions with the colors that the church demands; therefore they are to be with vested rights. marked and condemned as sectarian, and, on

Correspondence.

PROPOSED COLLECTION ON BEHALF OF THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS OF OUR SOLDIERS AND SAILORS IN THE EAST.

(To the Editor of the Church.) REV. AND DEAR SIR-While our brethren in England are making the most noble and praise BEHALF OF THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS' FUND | worthy exertions to provide for the widows and rphans of those brave men who have already illen, or may fall in the terrific struggle in oress our sympathy for the cause of suffering

he General Fund? I do not know what the corporations of our bure, that I only speak the sentiments of thou-nants of churchinen in this Diocese, when I say that they would rejoice in having an opportunity tion to the committee on the 3rd instant. afforded them of contributing to the relief of the wives and children of those who have so nobly sacrificed their lives in their country's And upon the principle of giving ex- The Rev. T. S. KENNEDY, pression to our christian sympathy and benevo-ience, through the medium of the Church, I would beg respectfully to suggest, that a day might be fixed for taking up a collection in all our churches and stations for this purpose. The offertory would be far preferable to any subscription lists, as it is scriptural, appropriate, and unobtrusive. If the attention of our venerated Bishop were called to this subject, we cannot doubt but that his Lordship would feel happy in giving his people the desired opportunity of testifying their respect for the memory of the heroic dead by ameliorating the sufferings of their surviving relatives.

We have just been making collections for the widows and orphans of deceased clergymen in this Diocese; and this circumstance naturally arouses our feelings on behalf of those poor women and children who may be suddenly de prived of their only earthly support by the hor-rors of war. No one can read the accounts with with the papers are filled, of the sanguinary battle of Alma, without being struck by the cool determination, the heroic bravery, and the in-domitable ardour which characterized the troops of the allied armies, and who did not feel Missions," published by Daniel Dana, Jr., for the Board of Missions, for the months of November and December, has just come Alma, the day after the battle? Who can pe to hand. In addition to the interesting re- ruse the accounts of both officers and men with ports and papers which are always to be tect our fleets and armies, to prosper the right found in this publication, it contains an eous cause in which we are engaged, to put an index for the nineteenth volume, which end to this unnatural and cruel strife, and to

are fighting for us, for England, and in defence of You will see, by reference to the appendix to the rights and liberties of the whole world! Let the report, the number of the class and of the us then beseech God to bless and protect them. published by Leonard Scott & Co. of lately stationed in Toronto: surely, then, the New York, for November, has been laid on citizens will rejoice to testify the deep sympathy our table by H. Rowsell. Its contents which they feel at hearing of the sad and awful are-Turkey and its Population; Civiliza- loss of life experienced by this noble and devoted

Hoping that these few lines may not be deem-Yours, very faithfully,

Nov. 12, 1854. AMICUS.

To the Editor of The Church.

HAMILTON, 13th Nov., 1854.

REVEREND SIR, - Having given the proceed-

Clergy Reserve Question.

The question being a most important one, and

Yours respectfully, Hugh C. Baker. HAMILTON, 1st July, 1854.

sacraments, on apostolic doctrine and order, on be settled by others. Professed Christians act. Supposing that there were some who so vividly pictured the fallacy and sin of the list for being under the property school system. So the republication in a list for being under the fallacy and sin of the list for being under the list for being u plaining the object, requested all present to "While wishing it to prosper on its holy remain; I complied, and without taking part, nes as illustrative of its style."

this my name did not appear, or I should have requested its withdrawal, as I now beg respect-

whose good opinion I have reason to value, will-

I assume that the claims of the Church of

37 provide for the setting apart of lands and the appropriation of the funds thus derived "solely for the maintenance and support of a protestant whatever." That the three succeeding sections 38, 39 and 40, contain authority in reference to parsonages or rectories in connection with the Church of England, and that the 41st section

"That the several provisions hereinbefore whole region of school literature and usages.
You have already egun to do this; and the printion of lands for the support of a protestant the tyrant of all the rest.

And to this day this disgrace stands perpetuated in the school books. The Romish edict has be subject to be varied or repealed by any exmarked its way, as it generally does, so that there is no mistaking it. And it stands a palpable demonstration of the consequences to which this argument against the Bible, at the demand of the conscience of a single sect, must lead.

The obliteration and mutilation of the sahed striction hereignfor provinces respectively, and assented to by his majesty, his heirs or successors, under the restriction hereignfor provided."

books is one legitimate result, and some of the The next section provides that Acts affecting

With this statute before me, I am unable with charged as sectarian, in which no quality or spect of sectarianism can be detected, because the imprimature of a particular sect is withheld term or consider any possible appropriation of this property by the duly constituted legislature McNaughton, T.; Young, F. H.; Milroy, Gul.; because the historian was not a Romish historian, of the province in accordance with the powers because the poet was not a Romish poet, so specifically reserved to them, an act of sacri-

As I believe that this view of the question about to be agitated is contrary to the opinion entertained by every other member of the Central Committee, I conceive it my duty to de-cline acting with them, as I have no desire to seek support for my views or in any way oppose the course that the leading members of our communion may think themselves justified in

I should, perhaps, add, that while I do not assume that the proceeds of the Reserves were originally intended for religious uses, and in this belief I am realy to unite in a movement to secure an equitable appropriation of the pro-ceeds of this property amongst the various bodies which we are now engaged, would it not be de- of professing christians who are clearly Prosirable that we in this country should also ex. TESTANT in doctrine, (the Church of Rome havng been fully provided for by the 14th George umanity, by sending home our contributions to HII, cap. 83), claiming for our communion no rights in the past, but only such a share as we may appear entitled to upon an equitable basis: several cities and towns may do in this matter; and I further conceive that such a movement, to or what steps, if any, are being taken for a yield promise of success, should proceed from a

general subscription; but of this I am quite united committee of protestants of all denomination

tion to the committee on the 3rd instant. I remain, Yours very faithfully, HUGH C. BAKER.

Colonial.

WORLD'S FAIR AT PARIS IN 1855. [CIRCULAR.] SIR -I have the honour to enclose a copy

the report of the Executive Committee of the commission appointed to secure a representation of Canadian industry at the Great Paris Exhibition to be held next year, and as under the regulations which have been adopted you are entitled to become a contributor, I have to request that you will, with as I ttle delay as possible, furnish me with the following information: 1st. Whether you will undertake to be a contributor on the condition of delivering your con-tribution at Montreal or Toronto, on or before the 1st of February next, to be paid therefor at the market value;

2nd. What you would propose to contribute in order to illustrate your particular branch of industry as efficiently as possible, and what department of that branch you specially excel in.

The object of this enquiry is that, in case several manufacturers or mechanics in the same branch may be contributors, each should have assigned to him the special department in which he most excels;
3rd. Furnish an estimate of the probable cost

of each article delivered at Montreal or Toronto. You will please head your proposition thus: Proposition of A. B. to contribute to class -, to be submitted to sub-committee -

sub-committee having charge of that class.

You will address your proposal through the post office to J. C. Taché, Esq., M. P. P., Secretary to the Executive Committee for the Paris I have the honour to be,

Your most obedient Servant, J. C. TACHE,

The Executive Committee of the Provincial Commission appointed to ensure a fitting representation of the industry and resources of Canala at the World's Exhibition to be held in Paris in the year 1855, have the honor to report: That the success of the present effort to pro-

ings of the late meeting of our Synod without cure a creditable exhibition of Canadian industhe remarks made by the several members in support of their votes, I fear some misconception may arise amongst those who were not present the price charged for the number.

In the price charged for the number.

It is at the Paris Exhibition must depend, in a great degree, on the cordial and zealous co-portion of the public at large through the operation of the public at large through the pub as to the nature of my vote in the negative upon several Local Committees. It has been deemed RIGHT OF THE BIBLE IN OUR COMMON the question of adopting the Report and Protest absolutely necessary, in order to ensure unity SCHOOLS. By Geo. B. Cheever, D. D.: of the Committee appointed to consider the of action as well as efficiency, that there should be a Central Executive Committee, the members of which, or at least a majority of them, should We some weeks since acknowledged the receipt of the above pamphlet. Up to this we retrained from expressing it, experience religious uses of the proceeds of the Clergy of Mechanics' Institutes or other scientific add to their number, and it is hoped that in each locality some one or more of the classes in dicated will at once organize a Local Committee, the Secretary of which should put himself into communication with the Secretary of the Exe-

at Montreal and Toronto there should be Central Local Committees, and as the duties of these Committees will be much more laborious and F. Hineks, Chairman. responsible they should be organized in a different manner. It is proposed that until further arrangements can be made, the resident members of the Executive Committee should correspond with the Secretary, and that they should to the Jurors' report which will be placed with submit, with as little delay as possible, the names of such gentlemen as may be eligible for Executive Committee have appointed eight subserving on the Central Committees, bearing in committees, lists of which, with the classes under mind that the most important qualifications are | their charge, are subjoined : the ability to be useful, active and energetic cooperation, and disconnection with parties likely to be exhibitors. Having provided for the organization of the Committees, the next subject for consideration is the mode to be adopted to secure a creditable representation of our In-dustry at Paris. The Executive Committee would earnestly press on the public the importance of systematic and, when practicable, scientific arrangements. They beg to call attention to the following extracts from the Jurors' reports on the London Exhibition. In the report of the Jurors of Class 1 on mineral products, by Mr. Dufresnoy, Member of the Institute of France, Inspector General of Mines, &c., it is E. P. and Mr. Holwell, of Quebec.

"Of all the British Colonies, Canada is that whose exhibition is the most interesting and complete, and one may even say that it is superior, so far as the mineral kingdom is concerned, to all countries that have forwarded their products to the Exhibition. This comes from the fact that the collection has been made in a systematic manner, and it results that the study of it furnishes the means of appreciating at once the geological structure and the mineral resources of Canada. It is to Mr. W. E. Logan, one of the members of the jury, who fills the office of Geological Surveyor of Canada, that we are indebted for this collection, and its value spot most of the specimens that have been sent to the Exhibition, and arranged them since their to the Exhibition, and arranged them since their arrival in London."

practicable to cultivate in Scotland; the specimens are beautiful, and the arrangement scientific and excellent. No consideration of cost or trouble has been allowed to interfere with providing all that is necessary to render this collection a true and complete illustration of the vegetable products of Scotland. A Council Medal has been awarded to Messrs. Lawson for their admirably displayed, very complete, instructive and scientific and scientifically arranged collection of the alimentary products of

manufactures, as implements, or for ornaments,

by Professor Owen, say:

"Among the numerous samples of raw produce contributed by different countries, there the tions and the advantages which the commercial exhibited."

Local Committees.

To assist the public as much as possible in and commendable a purpose. or Local Committees. "Honornble Mention." A more detailed list of your Majesty's Imperial Ally, the Emperor may be given hereafter, but the Committee are of the French. anxious that as little delay as possible should take place in developing their scheme to the Address was ordered to be engrossed; and to be

sanction of the Commissioners to the principle in the first line of the Address would be filled up, of paying for all articles sent to the Paris Exhi- so as to make it proceed from both houses of the bition, but at the same time they propose that the contributors should receive all prizes or honors which may be awarded to the articles sent by them. The great difficulty in carrying sent by them. The great difficulty in carrying the algorithms of the other contributors are the state of th out the plan of purchasing is to avoid partiality, and the Committee have anxiously considered mending to the consideration of this house the

Montreal or Toronto, on or before 1st February a purpose. next, payment to be made for such articles at the fair wholesale market value, to be decided in case of dispute by the Judges at the Local Ex-

2. The Local Committee may further recommend for consideration a proposition from any party who has received a first prize at any Local hour; and the latest accounts seem to say that

stances, the Sub-Committee may take such steps as they may think best to ensure a proper representation of their particular branch. By these means it is hoped that public confidence will be inspired in the impartiality of the Committee. But it is proposed to go further. The whole public are invited to compete at the Local Exhibitions, at Montreal and Toronto, and any successful competitor will have his contriany successful competitor will have his contribution purchased on the same terms as those furnished by the classes already described. The Executive Committee do not bind themselves to send to the Paris Exhibition any of the articles which they engage to purchase. They must be guided by circumstances such as the extent of time, we have not had leisure to peruse its pages with that careful artention which the importance of the subject demands. We have met with the following notice of it in the Hamilton Gazette of the 27th instant, and as the criticisms of our contemporary are generally truthful, we do not hesitate to endorse it: from the glance we took of Incorporated Colleges, the Presidents and Secretaries of Agricultural Societies, and Presidents of 'Mechanics' Institutes or other scientific bodies. The Committees should have power to add to their number, and it is hoped that in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some one or more of the classes in each locality some or more of the It is recommended that all the contributions be sent to Montreal or Toronto, where they will be The details received during the past week delivered free of expense to the Central Com- have been exceedingly interesting, and they will ecommend it.

I beg to acknowledge your notes of the 15th cutive Committee, and give him all the information with the secretary of the Expense to the Central Committee, and give him all the information in his power as to the employment of the pointed to aid the Central Committee recently appointed to aid the Committee in determining on pointed to aid the Committee in determining on pointed to aid the Committee in determining on peaceful shores, wherever a British heart beats "This is a work much required in these God ignoring times, where sacred writ is held to be superfluous in the training of our youth at superfluous in the training of our youth at common schools—much has been said and written common schools—much has been said and written of the Central Committee recently appointed to aid the Committee in determining on the articles to be sent to Paris, but no prizes a superfluous in the training of our youth at some common schools—much has been said and written of the Central Committee in determining on the articles to be sent to Paris, but no prizes will be awarded. Such is the scheme which the accompanied with any propositions which be made for its illustration. For reasons which be made for its illustration.

will be explained elsewhere, it is proposed that | zealously supported by the Local Committees

J. C. TACHE, Secretary.

The classification adopted by the Executive Parties desiring more minute details are referred

SUB-COMMITTEES:

Classes 1 & 2.—Sub-committee 1.—Mr. Langton, M. P., chairman. Messrs. Rhodes, M. P. and Dorion, M. P.

Class 3 .- Sub-committee 2 .- Mr. Rhodes, M. P., chairman. Messrs. Gamble, M. P., E. W. Thompson, R. L. Denison and Mr. Archambeault. Classes 4, 26 & 28.—Sub-committee 3.—Hon. Mr. Young, M.P., chairman. M.L.C., Hon. Mr. Belleau, M.L.C., Mr. Langton, M. P., and Mr. Leeming. Classes 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 & 10.—Sub-committee 4.

-Mr. Dorion, M.P., chairman. Hon. Mr. Mc-Kay, M.L.C., Sir Cusack Roney, Mr. Stevenson, Classes 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, & 20.—Sub-committee 5.—Mr. Gamble, M. P., chairman. Mr. Cartier, M. P., Mr. Brown, M. P., Mr. Street, and Mr. Matthie.

Classes 16, 17, 18 & 19.—Sub-committee 6.— Mr. Brown, M. P., chairman. Mr. Gamble, M. P., Mr. Légaré, Mr. Street, and Mr. Leeming. Classes 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27 & 29.—Sub-committee 7.—Mr. Holwell, chairman. Sir Cusack Rouey, Hon. Mr. Young, M. P., Mr. Stevenson, M. P., and Mr. Archambeaul Class 30.—Sub-committee 8.—Hon. Mr. Belleau, chairman. Sir Cusack Roney, Mr. Cartier, M. P., Hon. Mr. Young, M. P., and Mr.

The chairman and secretary are ex officio mem-

Again, in the report of the Jurors of Class 3. their formation as early as possible to the sec-Again, in the report of the Jurors of Class 5.
"Substances used as food," by Dr. Hooker, it may think useful. No expenditure can be "Messrs Lawsons' collection exhibits the ear incurred without the written authority of the and grain of every variety of cereal and also models of all the roots which it has been found by an estimate of the probable cost. be borne in mind that the great object is to illustrate every branch of Canadian industry in the most systematic manner. It has been found impossible to give the names of any of the parties entitled by the regulations to contribute except those who obtained rewards at the London and New York exhibitions. Circulars will be sent to the others as soon as possible.

THE WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' GRANT. On motion of Sir Allan MacNab, it was re-The Jurors of Class 5, in their report on ani mal and vegetable substances chiefly used in manufactures as implements on firm. To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN, We, your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, Legislative Assembly of Canada are several collections of especial value which derive additional merit from their completeness and from the fact that they illustrate the trade derive additional merit from their completeness and from the fact that they illustrate the trade derive additional merit from their completeness and from the fact that they illustrate the trade derived by your Majesty's brave and manufactures of an entire country. The importance of such collections not only in a in the Crimea, on the 20th day of September feel at liberty to condemn those who advocate secularization, I think we have good reason to secularization, I think we have good reason to secularization to the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but in a statistical and scientific that must be ever memorable in the commercial but i point of view, is very great, and the jury there- the history of nations, as well for the deeds of fore, being desirous of expressing their appro-bation of the practical benefits to be derived armies, as for its important effects on the from the formation and study of such collec- future peace and wel are of the civilized world. At the same time we condole with your and manufacturing community may obtain by Majesty, and sympathize with all classes of their means, have determined to recommend the award of the Council Medal to the Governor life which has arisen from this fierce and ments of those countries the natural products bloody struggle against the enemy of Europe, of which were so instructively and completely the sufferings of the numerous wounded in the army of your Majesty and that of your allies, The three classes above adverted to comprise and the desolation of the widows and orphans the great staple products of Canada, her mine-rals, agricultural products, and timber, and the of victory courageously fighting in the cause of Committee hope that efforts will be made to ensure a satisfactory representation of them. European liberty. Moved by these considerations, by sentiments of sympathy and co. Bas-They would likewise suggest that the respective | sion for the suffering survivors, and the sorrows manufactures should be illustrated by exhibit- and privations of those who have been left ing the materials in their various stages, up to widowed and fatherless by this fearful contest, the highest point of perfection. It is most important in the opinion of the Committee that the funds for the relief of the bereaved and copies of the Jurors' Report of the London Ex- afflicted widows and orphans of these of the on should be placed within reach of as soldiers, sailors, and marines of the allied many as possible, and all persons desirous of exhibiting are strongly recommended to read such parts of that interesting work as may be specially important to them. Those who have copies of this work are requested to place them allow, to place at the disposal of the commissions of the commission of at the temporary disposal of the Central Local | sioners appointed by your Majesty for receiving

the meantime, the committee propose appending to this report a concise table shewing the classification adopted at the London Exhibition, and to be divided in equal proportion, between the the awards of the Council Medals, also, the names of Canadians who obtained Medals or Majesty's gallant Army, and those of the Army

On motion of Sir Allan Macnab, the said communicated to the Legislative Council, by The committee being of opinion that voluntary effort is not to be relied on, have obtained the Honors thereto, after obtaining which, the blank

this point, and have determined to recommend:

1. That all who have received prizes or honorable mention at the London Exhibition in 1851, or the New York Exhibition of 1853, and sailors, and marines of the allied armies and all who have received first prizes at either of the Provincial Exhibitions of Upper and Lower Canada in 1853 and 1854, should be invited to now engaged; and to assure his Excellency cannot in 1993 and 1994, send propositions to the Local Committees stating whether they will send specimens of their products and manufactures for exhibition to consideration for so humane and commendable

> FROM THE LONDON CORRESPONDENT OF THE DAILY COLONIST. London, Nov. 10, 1854.

Hope is still deferred as to the taking of Se-Exhibition, which shall be referred to the Sub- after ten- days' furious bombardment from Committee of the Executive Committee charged French and British, combined with a gallant with that branch of industry.

3. In case of failure to obtain contributions from the above classes or under special circumfort. The last parallel has however now been stances, the Sub-Composition was taken and the last parallel has however now been stances. bution purchased on the same terms as those in point of numbers, it is certain that the car-