

the broad ligament, I clamped it with forceps and removed it. No fetus was found, but specimen shows an extruded mole from within layers of broad ligament. I removed about two tablespoonfuls of clotted blood, showing that tube had ruptured into the broad ligament. The anterior and posterior layers of broad ligament were united by a continuous catgut ligature. The abdomen was mopped out with dry sterilized pads. The peritoneum was united by a continuous catgut ligature; the aponeurosis and muscles united by catgut, and the skin closed by a continuous horse-hair suture.

Patient had an uneventful convalescence. Temperature, $99\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ on the second day. Stitches removed on tenth day. Union by first intention.

Both cases are interesting from the fact that they were both primiparæ. I might add, too, that the second case I mentioned as dying from hemorrhage was also a primipara. The first case reported to-day is particularly interesting to me, on account of the gangrenous appendix, and also from the fact of the fetus being found.

THE CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE OF TRACHEAL BREATHING.*

BY A. F. MCKENZIE, M.D., MONKTON, ONT.

Mr. President and Members of the Huron Medical Association,—During normal respiration there is no noticeable movement of the larynx. By the term tracheal breathing, as used in this paper, is meant that form in which the respirations are accompanied by up-and-down movements of the larynx, and with it, of course, the trachea. My attention was first called to this subject by a short paper, which appeared in some medical journal a good many years ago, soon after I commenced to practice. I am sorry to say that at present I am not able to give the name of the author of the article nor the journal in which it appeared. So far as my memory serves me, I think the subject of the paper was "Signs of Approaching Death," and, after enumerating the ordinary signs by which we are usually guided in forming an estimate as to the probable outcome of any serious case of acute illness, the author spoke of tracheal breathing as

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