And the resplôndent rivers His to enjoy With a propriety that none can feel,
But who, with filial confidence inspired
Can lift to heaven an unpresumptuous eye
And smiling say "My father tpade them all,"
Are they not his by a peediar right,
Whose ege they fill with tears of holy joy
Whose feart with pitass, and whose exalted mind,
With worthy thoughts of that unwearied love
That planned, and built, aud still upholds. a world, So clothed with beauty, for rebellious man?"
By oiting these pious sentiments in the present connection, I trust I stall not be decmed faulty, as neglecting the relating rule of this institution; for piety to the Creator of all, should ever proceed from contemplation of his manifold works. It is this contemplation, prosecuted in this spirit, that makes the truest philoso phier, and invigorates the mind with fertilizing streams of know ledge and wisdom, and emotions that are even more precious than wisdum. And unsophisticated nature, viewed with an unprejudiced cye, will ever inspire that adoration of nature's Author which wec term natural religion, and which is a part and parcel of all true religion. In thls field, Ray and Derham and Newton and Addison and Paley, lave laboured. And, in our own day, Broughaui and Chalmers and Powel and Whewell, the authors of the 13 ridgewater treatises, and an host besides, are engaged in tracing the coniticetion between philosophy and natural religion, or, in other words, between nature and her Author. And I cannot withhold my belief and hope, that this and all similar institutions, whille they may properly; or at least cautiously, avoid political and religious debate, will ever consult and promote the harmony and trelfare of the community, and exhibit and ratify the friendships of science, thorais, and piety.
It camot be expected that any of the topics, glanced at in this lecture, should have received an attention proportioned to their demaids. The subject was selected out of the many, in reference to the ostensible object of this Institute, which we deem should be steadily kept in view and pronoted.
Lre long, I trust, you will listen to a more inciting and improviug oratory, delivered by some of those many uminent strangers, whom we expect will visit Halfax, when makhig an occilental

Stcam uavigation has done much for the world," in a short
; and I trust it will do much for us in improving our interCourse, and bringing home to us the arts, inventions, discoverics, and litertiture of the old world ;"and making us as a community, what at this period ëvery people ought to be,-a living illustration of "the "Bacónian maxim, "Kuowledge is Power ;" or, as more strongly expressed of old " by the Israelite philosopher, Solomon,

 orer thio, aiglity .":

## SChaPs From Master humphrexs clock.

## the ruling passión.

'I never knew,' said Sam, fixing his eye in á ruminative manner upon tho thusliuitg barber," I never kneer but vun o' your trade, but he wos worth: a dozen, and wos indeed dewoted to his callin' !
' Was's he in the easy shaving way sir,' inquired Mr. Slithers, ©or in the outting and curiing line?'

Both,'"replied Sam; 'easy shavin' was his natur, and cuttin' and ourlin' was his pride and glory. His whole delight was in his trade. He sipent all his money in bears mad run in debt for 'em besides, and there they wos a growling avay down in the front cellar all day long, and ineffectooally guashing their teeth, vile the grease $o^{\prime}$ their relations and friends wos being re-tailed in gallipots in the shop above, and the first-floor winder wos ornamented vith their 'heads; not to speak $0^{\circ}$ the dreadful aggrawation it must have becen to 'em to see a man alvays a walkia' up' and dovin the pavement outside, vith the portrait of a bear in his last agonies, and l:nderneath in large letters," "Another fine animal was slaughtered Yesterday at Jinkinson't Hows'ever, there they wos, and there Jenkinson woos, till he was look wery:ill with inn'ard disorder; lost the use of nislegigs, and wos confitied to his bed vere he laid a wery long time, but sicil wos his pride in his profession even then, that whenever he wos worse than usual the doctor used to go down stairs and say, 'Jinkinsou's wery low this mornin'; we must give the beart a stir:' and as sure as they stirred e'm up a bit and made 'enn soar, Jinkinson opens his eyes as' if he wos ever so bad, calls out. 'There's the béars 1 ' and rewives agin.'

Astonistling " cried the barber.
Not a hit;' maid Sami, shuman natur neat as imported. Von day the dootor hajpenin"to say, 'I shall look in as usual to-morrow maruith', Jinkinson catches'hold of his hand and says ' Doctor' he ssitgs, ' vill:you grant me one farour?' 'I will Jinkinson' says the dootori; 'then doctor' says Jinkinson, 'vill you come unshaved;rand letrime shave you?' 'I will' says the doctor. 'Bless you'says'Jinkinson. Next day the doctor came, and arter he'd beent shaved 'allskilful and reg lar, he says 'Jinkinson' he says, 'it's wery'plain this does's you good. Now' he says, 'I're got a cöachmail ashias got a.beard that it ud warm your heart to work on, and thoughthe:footman" he says "hasn't got much of a beard; still be's $a$ thying it on vith a anairto wiskers to that extent that razors is a christian charity: wif they take it in turns to mind the carriage when it's a waitin " below lye says, ' wot's to hinder you from operatiu' on both of 'enc every day as well as upou me? you've got six
children' he says, ${ }_{2}{ }^{2}$ wot'stoithinder you from shavin' allt thet theads and keepin' em shaved? you've got two essistants in the shop down stairs, ' wot's to hinder you from cuttin and curlin them as often as you'like?' Do this'thé säys 'and'you're' a man'agin." Yriăkinson squédged the doctor's hand and begun that wery'day : he kept bis tools upon the bed, and whenever he felt his-self gettin' worse, be turned at vun $o$ ' the "children who wos a rumnin about the bouse vith heads like cléan "Dutch cheeses, and sháved' him agin. "Vun day the lawyer come to make his will; all the time he wos a takin it down, Jinkinson was secretly a clippin-avay at his-hair vith a large pair of scissors. 'Wot's that ere snippin noise?' says the lawyer every now and then, 'it's like a man havin' his hair cut.' 'It is wery like a' man bavin' his hair cut' says poor Jinkinsun hidin' the scissors and lookin' quite innocent. By the time the lawyer found it out he was wery nearly bald. Jinkinson was keptalive in this vay for a long time, but at last vin day he has ail the children in vun arter another, shaves each on 'em wery cleari, and gives him vun kiss on the crown of his bead; then he has in the two assistants, and after cuttin' and curlin' of 'em in the first style of elegance, says he should like to hear the voice o' the greasiest bear, vich rekvest is immedetly complied with; then he says that he feels wery hapy in his mind and wishes to be left alore; and then he dies, previously cuttin his own hair and makin' one flat curl in the wery middle of his forehead.'

## the toung hairdresser.

- Vunce upon a time there wos a young hairdresser as opened a wery smart litule shop vith four wax dummies in the winder, two gen'lmen and two ladies-the gen'lmen vith blue dots for their beards, wery large viskers, ou-dacious hends of hair, uneommon clear eyes, and nostrils of amazin' pinkness- the ladies with their heads o' one side, theirryght foreingers on their lips, and their forms deweloped beautiful, in vich last respect they had the adwantage over the gen'Imen, as wasn't allowed but wery little shoulder, and terminated rayther abrupt, in fancy drapery. He had also a many bair-brushes and tooth-brushes.bottled up in the wivider, neat glass cases on the counter, a floor-clothed cuttin' room up stairs, and a weighin' macheen in the shop, right opposite the door; but the great attraction and ornament wos the dummies, which this here young hair-dresser wos constantly a runnin' out in the road to look at, and constautly a runnin' in agin to touch up and polish; in short he was so proud on' 'em that ven Sunday come, he was always wretched and mis'rable to think they wos behind the shitters; and looked anxiousisy for Moïday on that account. "Tunrọ' these'dummies was a'favourite vith hiim beyond the'others, and.ven ang of his acquaintance asked him wiy'the didn't get married -'as the young ladies he knowed, in pàrtickler;, often did-he'used 'to'say; "Néver Inever vill enter into the bonds of rediock, he says, until 1 meet vithia young tooman as erealizes my idea 'o' that ere fairest dummy vith the light hair. Then and not till then'' he says, T vill approach the altar!' All the young ladies he knowed as had dark hair told him this wos very sinful, and that he was wurshippin' a idje, but thenn as wos at all near the same shade as the dummy coloured up wery much, and wos observed to think him a werry niee young man.
' The young hair-dresser hadn't been in the habit o' makin this awowal above six months, ven he en-countered a young lady as wos the wery picter o' the fairest dummy. . Now' he says, 'it's all 'up. I am a slave!" The young lady wos not only the picter: $0^{\circ}$. the fairest dummy, but she wos wery romantic as the young hair-dresser wos too, and he says ' Oh l' he says, 'here's a community o' feelin', here's a flow o' soul!' he says, • here's a interchange o' sentiment! The young lady didn't say much $0^{\prime}$ course, but she expressed herself agreeable, and shortly afterrards vent to see him vith a'mutual friend. Thie lair-dresser rushes' out to meet hèr, but d'reectly she sees the dummies she changes colour and falls'a tremblin' ${ }^{\text {' }}$ wiolently. 'Look up my love' says the bair-didesser, 'behol' foù 'imige in mg winder, but not correcter than in my art $\mathrm{l}^{\prime}$, "My thige! she says. ' Your'n' replies the hxir-dresser. 'But whose inige is that!" she says, a pinting at vin $o$ ' the gen!lmèn. ' 'No vun's, my love' he says, it is but a idea.'. 'A idea!' slie 'cries, 'it is a portrait, I feel it is a portrait, and that ere noble face must be in the milingtary.' 'Wot do I hear !'says he a crumplin his curls. 'Villiam Gibss' she says quite firm, 'never renoo the subject. I respect you as a friend she says, 'but my affections is set upon that manly brow.' 'Tbis' says the hair-dresser 'is a reglar blight, and in it I perceive the hand of Fate. $\therefore$ Farevell! Vith these vords he rushes into the shop, breaks the' dummy's nose vith a blow of his curlin irons, melts him down at the parlour fire, and "never smiles artervards.'
'The young lady, Mr. Weller?' said the housekeeper.
-Why ma'am' said Sam, 'finding that Fate had a'spite agin her and everytody she came into contact with, she never smiled neither, but read a deal o' poetry and pined ariay - by rayther slow degrees, for she an't dead yet. It tool' a good deal o' poetry to kill the hair-dresser, and some people say arter all that it was more the girinad water as caused him to be run oveŕ; praps it wos a litthe $0^{\prime}$ beth, and came o' mixing the' tivo.'
yonnige on the thatis.
A fleet of barges were coming lazily up, some sideways, same head first, some stern first; all in a wrong-headed, dogged, olstinate way, bumping against the larger eraft running under the bows of steamboats, getting into erery kind of nook and corner where
they bad no business, and beeng cruchedonall sides like so many wallnut shells; while each with its pair of long sweeps struggling and splashing in the water looked like some lumbering fish in pain. In some of the wessels sathañor all hands were busily engaged in cöling ropes, spreading out sails to dry, taking in or discharging their cargoes; in others no life was visible but two or three tarry boys, and perhaps a barking dog running to and fro upon the deck or scrambling up to look over the side and bark the louder for the view. Coming slowly on through the forest of masts was a great steam ship, beating the water in shoprt impatientstrokes with heary paddles, as though she wanted room to breathe, and ad. vancing in her huge bulk like a sea monster among the minnowsof the Thames. On either hand were long' black tiers of colliers; between them vessels slowly, working out of harbourawith sails; glistening in the sun, and creaking noise on board, re-echoed from a hundred quarters. The water and all upon it was in actire motion, dancing and buoyant and bubbling up; while the old grey Tower and piles of building on the shore, with many a church spire slooting up between, looked coldly on, and seemed to, disdain their clating, restless neighbour.


## SORROW.IN CHLLDHOOD

There was only IIrs. Quilp at home, and she, little expectingi the return of her lord, was just composing herself for a refresbing slumber when the sound of , his footstsps aroused ber: : : She had barely time to seem to be occupied in'some, needle.w.ork, when the entered, accompanied by thé child; bäving left Kit Kitown stairs.:
'Here's: Nelly Trent, dear'Mrs. Quilp,' said her;husbannd. s'if glass of wine, my dear, andal biscuit,; for she has bad a long walk. She'll sit with you my soul, while I write a letter.
Mrs. Quilp looked tremblingly in her spousels face to know what this unusual courtesy might portend, and obedient to the summons she saw in his gesture, followed him into the next room:
'Mind what I say to you;' whispered Quilp, 'See if you can get out of her anything about her grandfather, or what they do; or how they live, or what he tellshiber. I've my reasons formknowing, if. can. You romen talk more freely to one another than you do to uss, and you have a soft; mild way with you thatll win upon her. Do you hear ?:
'Yes Quilp.'
' Go; then. What's the matter now?'
' Dear Quilp,' faltered histwife, 'I love the child-ifyou could do without making me deceivether- -
$\because$ The dwarf muttering a terrible ${ }^{\text {r }}$ oathillooked round as if.for:some weapon with which to inflict condign punishiment apon higqtisölledient wife :The sübmissived little woman hurriedly eñitreated bim
 Do you hear me," "whispered Qüilp, nitp ping and pinchingther
 tening, recollect. If you're not sharp enough . Ih/creak the döot and wo betide you if I have to creak it much: . Go I'
Mrs: Quilp departed according to order, and her amiable hisband, ensconcing himself behind the partly opened door, and applying his ear close to it, began to listen with a face of great craftiness and attention.
Poor Mrs: Quilp was thinking, however, in what manner to begin or what kind of enquiries she could make; and it was not until the door, creaking in a very urgent manner, warned ber to proceed without further consideration; that the sound of bier voice was heard:
'How very often you have come back wards and forwards lately to Mr. Quilp, my dear.
-I have said so to grandfather a hundred times,' returned Nell innocently!
$\because$ And what has he said to that?:
© Only sighed, and dropped his :head, and seemed so sad and wretcled thatiif you could have seen him I am sure you must have oried; you could not have helpedit more than I, I know. How that door creaks!
' It often does,' returned Mrs. Quilp with an uneasy glance to: wards it. ' But,your grandfather-be used not to be so wretchwards
ed?
?
'Oh no!' said the child eagerly, 'so different! we were once so happy, and he so cheerful and contented ! You cennot think what a sad otange has fallen on us since.'
'I am very, very sorry; to hear you speak like this my dear !" said Mrs. Quilp. And she spoke the truth.
-Thank you,' returned the child, kissing her cheek, 'you are always kind to me, and it is a pleasure to talk to you. I can speak to no one else about him but poor Kit. I am very, happy still, I ought to feel happier, perhaps, than I do, but you cannot think how it grieves me sometimes to see him alter so,'
'He'll alter again Nelly' said Mrs. Quilp, 'and be what he was before.'
"...Ohif. God would only let thaticome about 1 's said the child with streaming. eyes ;.' but'it is a long time now since be first began toI thought I saw that door moving!
'It's the wind,'said Mrs. Quilp faintly. i 'Began to-?',
-To be so thoughtful and dejected, :and to forget our old way of spending the timeiin the longrevenings,' said the child, I used to ${ }^{\circ}$ : read to thim by the fireside, ind he sat listening : and when I I stopped and weetbegan to italk, he told me about my mother, and how she once spoke; and llooked just like: me, when she was a little child. Thenibeused to take me on his knee, and try to make

