

## FIRST GREAT REQUISITE!

Pure Blood and Strong Nerves.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND GIVES THESE BLESSINGS TO EVERY SUFFERER.

The Only Medicine That Thoroughly Banishes Disease.

An Ontario Lady's Experience

The first great requisite for a condition of perfect health for every man, woman and child at this season, is pure blood and strong healthy nerves. They give us the health, strength, vim and activity that we are so eager to possess, so that we may be fortified to meet the enervating weather of our hot summers.

Three-fourths of our people rush into the portals of summer with systems changed with deadly impurities and poisons. The blood is foul and stagnant; the liver and kidneys work imperfectly, and are very often diseased. With many, rheumatism, dyspepsia and indigestion are daily troubles. Constipation, headache, dull head and heavy brains, and tired feelings and sleeplessness, makes life a misery for thousands.

Life is not safe when such symptoms and diseases are permitted to run unchecked. If you, reader, happen to be one of the many suffering from any of the forms of disease just referred to, do not fail to give Paine's Celery Compound a trial at once. It is your only safety—your only true and certain deliverer from perils that end in death.

Paine's Celery Compound is an absolute and certain specific for the troubles that threaten your life. It has cured thousands, and will do the same good work for you. One bottle will cost you less than a visit to a physician, and will convince you of its power to cure.

Mrs. C. Ferguson, of Reddickville, Ont., says:

"For eight years I was sorely troubled with neuralgia, nervous debility and indigestion, for which I tried various medical remedies, and was treated by five doctors. I did not receive any good results from any source until I was recommended to use Paine's Celery Compound. Before I had used one bottle I was cured. After using four bottles, I am now almost as well as ever before in my life. I sleep well, appetite is good, and I feel renewed and strengthened."

### SPAIN AND CUBA.

MADRID, April 21.—The government of Spain has completed, barring a few details, its preparations of putting into shape the contemplated reforms in the colonies. Colonial Minister Castellanos asserts that they are on the lines traced by his predecessor and passed March 12, 1895, but no definite date is yet fixed for carrying out the reforms. The government will decide on dates after again consulting Gen. Weyler. The colonial minister says that his frequent interviews lately with Premier Cánovas were chiefly regarding statements to be made in the royal speech on the meeting of the cortes in May, with a view to exhibiting to the country the real state of affairs in Cuba, the object of the campaign, the intentions of the cabinet respecting colonial autonomy, and the relations existing between the Madrid government and Washington City. Much stress will be laid upon the necessity of continuing the efforts to prove the coast defence of both the mother country and the colonies, and of placing the army and navy on a better footing.

These declarations of the minister of the colonies are much commented upon. Madrid journals, Liberal and Republican, freely express the opinion that the Cuban reforms are not likely to be satisfactorily carried out by the Conservative party, which has always fought them and contributed to the failure of the first and more comprehensive home rule bill of 1893. La Epoca and other ministerial organs have been instructed to say that this evolution of the colonial policy is not due to American interference, but is purely spontaneous. Anyhow, the reforms could hardly be put into force during the rainy season, which means a significant delay to gain time by postponement for several months.

It is interesting to observe how the idea is gaining among all classes that the Cuban war will be brought to a close by some concession that may lead to honorable arrangements for the submission of the insurgents without too much apparent mediation or pressure on the part of the United States. It is significant, indeed, that La Epoca now admits the feasibility of making extensive concessions to pacify Cuba, and that El Imparcial says to-day: "It is evident that we must go beyond the reforms already mentioned." La Epoca observes: "The Spanish nation alone might bargain upon the basis of capitulation to put an end to the painful war, but on the condition that this would be in no wise due to an incursion of foreigners into our affairs."

Toronto, April 20.—W. E. R. Palmer, proprietor of the Palmer house, in this city, and one of the best known hotel men in Ontario, died last night.

Sherbrooke, April 20.—John Yates, bookkeeper, was driven from a trestle by the overflowing of the river while going home, five miles from here. The road was submerged when he left.

Toronto, April 20.—W. A. Campbell, the well known assignee, left the city to-day for Rossland, B. C., where, he says, next year he will represent the interests of an Eastern mining syndicate.

Will be found an excellent remedy for bile headache, Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

## THE CITY.

ARRANGEMENTS are being rapidly perfected for the ball to be given on May 25 in A.O.U.W. hall by the members of Hope lodge, No. 1, Degree of Honor. The committee in charge intend serving a delicate supper and will make every effort to entertain their guests. Richardson's orchestra is to furnish the music.

Mrs. Wilson, Lady Aberdeen's private secretary, and Miss Johns were the only delegates elected at yesterday's meeting of the Women's Council to attend the convention of the society to be held in Montreal next month. There are three delegates yet to be appointed, but these will be chosen later on, as in the course of a few days it will be definitely known whether any ladies of the council are going East and would fill the position.

MR. S. J. MARSH, mining engineer, leaves for Vancouver this morning on his way to Cariboo as manager of the Cariboo and Williams Creek Consolidated Mining Co. This company has acquired the Black Jack quartz mines on Williams creek and will start operations immediately. Mr. Marsh will superintend the shipment of the machinery now lying at Vancouver for the reduction of ore by the cyanide process. This process is peculiarly adapted to the gold bearing ores of Cariboo. Mr. Marsh has had a great deal of experience in managing mines and reduction works in the Western States, and speaks in more hopeful terms of the Cariboo district, which he has already thoroughly examined. The Black Jack ore, which runs about \$28 to the ton, can be worked very cheaply by the cyanide process, as has already been proved by exhaustive tests of samples.

THE reports read at the annual vestry meeting of St. Saviour's church on Monday evening showed a satisfactory financial condition, the church being free from debt and with an increased revenue. There are over 100 attendants of the Sunday school. The rector chose Mr. W. H. Saunders as his warden in place of Mr. B. Boggs, who wished to retire, and Mr. P. D. Goepel was elected warden. The other elections resulted as follows: Auditor, Mr. F. C. Roberts; side-men, Messrs. H. S. Henderson, H. Brackman, V. Mitchell and J. Saunders; church committee, Messrs. R. J. Russell, Capt. Gaudin, R. J. Styles, H. Henderson, J. Finnore and J. H. Howes; delegates for a term of three years to provincial synod, Judge O'Reilly, B. Boggs, V. Mitchell and Capt. Gaudin. A vote of thanks and sympathy was passed to Mr. H. O. Price, who owing to ill health had to retire from the position of people's warden.

### PASSING THE ESTIMATES.

Before proceeding to deal with the estimates the council last evening heard the report of the select committee on the tenders for boots and shoes and for clothing for the police. They recommended that the contract for boots be awarded to Geo. H. Maynard, at \$6.50; that seventeen suits for constables be purchased from W. D. Kinnaird, at \$19.50; two for sergeants from Thomas Bros. & Grant, at \$24, and one for the Chief from the same firm, for \$25.

A report and letter from the street superintendent about street work necessarily done in inclement weather was referred to the streets committee.

ALD. CAMERON protested once more against the manner in which the street sprinkling is carried out. He found on inquiry that morning, when dust was flying in every direction and no sprinkler was in sight, that the engineer said the roads were to take the sprinkler out for only half a day, and he thought this was not right, as the sprinkler should be out whenever the state of the roads called for it.

In the discussion which followed it appeared that no such orders have been issued, and it was promised that for the future the movements of the sprinkler will be regulated by the state of the roads rather than by the time of day. The council then went into committee of the whole on the estimates. The rates of taxation were fixed at 15 mills on the dollar on the assessed value of land; 7½ mills on 50 per cent. of the assessed value of improvements; for education purposes 2 mills on the assessed value of land; for board of health 1 mill on the assessed value of land. The rates to be levied on improvements for education and board of health purposes were left for further consideration.

Salaries being touched upon, Ald. Partridge expressed a wish to reconsider the matter of the policemen's pay, as since the force had been reduced in numbers he thought the pay might very well be made the same as last year. The salaries were left for the present and other items were proceeded with. Those for the waterworks, the fire department, the park, \$2500; police clothing, \$1300; keep of prisoners, \$3000; requests, funerals and lunatics, \$700; interpreters, \$150; hack and express, \$150; sundries, \$200; and other items, \$200, were agreed upon; so were the following:

Fire department—Feed for horses, \$1500; repairs to apparatus, \$400; horseshoeing, \$350; hardware, oil, etc., \$400; fuel, \$400; medical attendance on horses, \$150; furniture, bedding, etc., \$100; harness and clothing, \$350; supplies for chemical engine, \$250; rent for hydrants, Victoria West, \$400; fire engine maintenance, \$400; new hydrants, \$250; couplings, gongs, etc., \$100; tubes for engine John Grant, \$100; new wheels for hose carriage, \$250; sundries, \$200.

For street lighting, for all purposes, \$5,000 appeared in the draft of the estimates. In this connection Ald. Glover stated that to meet the requirements of the city the new building will have to be enlarged at a cost of \$2,500; a 60 light dynamo and lamps will cost \$2,500, the cost of transferring dynamo and switchboards and new belting would be \$350—making \$5,350, which he considered absolutely necessary for this improvement alone. He therefore thought that to give the people the light they are asking for the amount of this vote should be at least \$10,000. After discussion the item passed as it originally appeared.

The committee then rose, and the council agreed to meet again, to proceed with the consideration of the estimates, on Friday evening.

The steamer City of Puebla from San Francisco arrived at 6:30 last evening, bringing 102 tons of freight for Victoria.

## CRAIGFLOWER ROAD.

The Craigflower road difficulties were discussed yesterday at a conference held at the city hall, at which the city council, the petitioners who want the road kept open and the property owners who object to their lots being cut in two by the road, were all represented. The Mayor presided and the proceedings were of a somewhat informal character, the petitioners and the property owners who opposed them being given full opportunity to explain their views.

Mr. C. W. Jenkinson opened for the petitioners, asking that the city take steps towards keeping the Craigflower road open, as it was a public highway and a more direct and convenient route than by other streets.

Rev. Mr. Ellison, as a property owner, set forth his side of the question, maintaining that his lots would be greatly injured by allowing the Craigflower road to go through them diagonally instead of using Catherine and Langford streets.

Mr. R. Hall, another property owner, was of opinion that the city should stand aside and let the petitioners and property owners fight the matter out in the courts, asking that the city take no part in the matter.

The Mayor while not discussing the merits of the case, and speaks in more hopeful terms of the Cariboo district, which he has already thoroughly examined. The Black Jack ore, which runs about \$28 to the ton, can be worked very cheaply by the cyanide process, as has already been proved by exhaustive tests of samples.

Mr. Marchant took the same view and the conference finished by the Mayor remarking that the city council would give the matter their consideration.

LONDON SOCIETY. LONDON, April 18.—Although it is yet early in the year, London streets present the crowded and enervating appearance peculiar to the height of the season. Piccadilly, Regent and Bond streets have an especially attractive aspect, the stores being crowded with customers and a glance at the wares displayed in the windows and paraded the streets. The regalia of the lodge presented a pleasing appearance.

The Progressist and Costa Rica are loading with coal.

DUNCAN. DUNCAN, April 20.—The usual monthly meeting of the North Cowichan municipal council was held here on Saturday last, the reverend, T. A. Wood, in the chair. Mr. A. S. Dumbleton and other Victorians had fair success with the rod in the Cowichan river Saturday.

Wandering dogs have caused considerable loss amongst sheep of late. Mr. J. S. Shoptand had ten lambs and two sheep worried and killed last week.

NEW DENVER. (From the Ledger.) A number of prospectors have gone to the Needles, on the Lower Arrow lake, and several locations have already been made.

In the dry ore belt work is being done on the Tamarac, Exchange, Two Friends, Elwood Fraction, Arlington, and several other properties.

The concentrates from the Lucky Jim show 127 ounces of silver and 24 per cent. zinc. The owners will probably build a concentrator on Seaton creek this summer.

On Springer creek, a little over a mile west of the Arlington, is situated the Ottawa, owned by Mulvey and Clement. An option of \$25,000 has been given to Chas. T. Dunbar. The Ottawa has a ledge five feet wide of free-milling silver ore, and its development would be of great benefit to the district.

Work is being done on properties on the north fork of Carpenters creek. The ledge has recently been tapped on the Silver Key and has shown 16 inches of ore. Three men are developing the New Columbia, a claim adjoining the Silver Key. Tom Walker has a tunnel in 100 feet on the Bouleste and ore all the way. Opposite the Bouleste Jim Ryan has worked on a claim since last summer.

There is nothing gloomy about the prospects of the Enterprise, on Ten Mile. The upper tunnel is in 200 feet and shows 18 inches of ore. The lower tunnel is in 290 feet and has ore all the way to 5 to 29 inches in width. In the last 12 feet of the lower tunnel 26 tons of ore were taken out. Four hundred feet below the lower tunnel the best showing on the claim has been found, and as the snow melts two new tunnels will be commenced. There has been taken out of the Enterprise this winter 300 tons of ore.

Valentine & Abercrombie, two of the owners of the Little Daisy, on Eight Mile, expect to commence work this week. This property is a gold one, and carries hardly any silver. Free-milling ore was found, and depth turned it baser and richer. One hundred feet of tunnel and open cut work has been already done, and the owners expect by driving 300 feet more to tap a large chute of ore and prove to their own satisfaction the value of the Little Daisy.

The Silver Key is one of the oldest locations in the Slokan. Last November a company was formed with a capital of \$100,000 and half of the stock set aside to develop the property. The ore crops out in three places. Work was commenced near the creek, and after driving a cross-cut for 83 feet the ledge was tapped and drifting commenced on a four-foot lead, carrying 16 to 18 inches of ore. The ore from the Silver Key is dry, and will average 150 ounces in silver, \$2 to \$6 in gold, and 10 to 15 per cent. in lead. It is the intention to vigorously prosecute the work on their property and make it a shipping mine as soon as possible.

In 1862 the B. C. government offered a bonus of \$5,000 to anyone who would discover a gold quartz mine and prove that it would pay at a depth of 25 feet. S. T. Walker, now a resident of New Denver, while on his way from Cariboo to Yale in the fall of '61 found a quartz claim on Bald mountain, between the forks of Kettle and Antler creeks, as says of which went \$27 in gold. Thinking to obtain the bonus he returned with some men to where he had found the ledge in July, '62. Breaking through eight feet of snow they reached the

## NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

British Columbia Underwriters' Annual Meeting—Mining in the Slokan Country.

What Is Being Done in Golden Cariboo—The Losses of Flockmasters.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER. VANCOUVER, April 20.—A number of well known prospectors and mining men returned by the Quail from visiting claims along the coast north of here. Several of them brought back sample sacks of ore for sampling and assaying. All of the claim owners report exceedingly bright prospects for the mines along the coast. This tendency to work northwards seems to indicate considerable activity in that direction during the coming summer, and emphasizes the wisdom of obtaining smelter works in Vancouver as soon as possible.

The B. C. Fire Underwriters' Association concluded its session at West Vancouver yesterday. Next year's meeting will be held in Victoria.

Mr. Kendall, of Vancouver, has been missing since the 13th of April; friends are anxious. Mr. Kendall was last seen on the morning of the 13th at Cordova street. It is feared that he has met with foul play.

WELLINGTON. WELLINGTON, April 20.—Last evening Rev. T. H. Rogers gave a very interesting address on secret societies, showing the benefits derived from them. He also maintained that there were too many societies and the benefits received from a financial standpoint did not amount to one-third of the money paid in. Concluding, he said everyone should belong to some church and that he was a member of that society which has for its head the King of Heaven.

The district meeting of the Druids was held here on Saturday evening last. During the afternoon a procession headed by the Elms brass band paraded the streets. The regalia of the lodge presented a pleasing appearance.

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ground on the 8th of July and commenced work. After paying \$16 a day wages and sinking a shaft fifteen feet the paystreak disappeared, and Mr. Walker was out \$3,200. As it was the first attempt in the province to develop a quartz mine Governor Douglas was in favor of paying the \$5,000, but the government voted it down, and Walker received nothing except the satisfaction of being the first man to open a gold quartz lead in British Columbia.

CARIBOO. (From the B. C. Mining Journal.) Reports from Cariboo are that many people from that section will visit Cariboo this season.

In the vicinity of Onion Bar, where there are layers of it to be seen between Onion creek and Empire valley. The engine of the Dominion Gold Dredging Company is at Ashcroft after lying at Dryden since last summer. It is on its way to Lillooet, where its owners have application for a dredging lease of a few acres on the river.

The Seattle company that have a hydraulic mine across the Fraser river a few miles below North Bend will soon begin operations. The spring is cold and backward, but for all that the grass is quite green around the Chilcooten hills. Cattle can be seen grazing for miles. Stock are in good condition for this time of the year and those that have wintered look as well as those that were led.

Col. Wright, of Ottawa, and associates in the 43rd mining company will be Ashcroft about the 1st of May on their way to Omineca. They will take in about 25 tons of freight, including some hydraulic machinery. Mr. Vallee and Doc Hallway went down from North Bend to the coast on Wednesday to take steamer to Port Simpson to go in from that way. We look for a good report from that section this season.

The Beaver Mouth property has been sold to an English syndicate and the transfer papers are on their way across the water. It is uncertain how much work will be done this season. Many prospectors on foot and on horseback have started up the Cariboo road in the past week.

S. McCartney and Oliver Redpath have completed development work on the Tenderfoot at Savona. Several shafts have been sunk and the ore is showing up splendidly.

The group of Cinnabar mines on Hardie mountain have been bonded and a good deal of development work will be carried on on these claims this summer. It is contemplated to put in a diamond drilling plant for prospecting in the near future. The latest reports are that there have been a few distinct discoveries made on Dead Man's creek.

Mr. Norton, of the San Juan Mining Company of Norton Creek, accompanied by Mr. Tuttle, of Tacoma, passed through Ashcroft this week on their way to Quesnel. The deep diggings of Cariboo have been the ones from which the great wealth has been taken and Mr. Norton is of the opinion that their are many good propositions of a similar character which will be opened up in the next few years. These ancient river bottoms have been found at depths varying from 75 to 285 feet. The cost of drifting depends upon the character of the ground. In good ground a set to a set and a half can be taken out in a day. The cost of tunneling at the San Juan mine has been about \$2 per foot.

That the banks of the Fraser still contain a large amount of gold is fairly certain, as the number of Chinese that frequent its banks. The great bulk of them are robbing, although there are large companies formed, such as the one at High Bar, which construct long sluices, washes, lumbies and use sluice boxes. It is without a question, all these Celestials make from \$1.50 to \$3 a day. At French bar a party of Chinese have been working for years and are said to have made as high as \$6 per day to the man.

On Churn creek, or St. Mary's creek, some years ago there was considerable excitement. At first parties made as high as \$6 per day on the bottom of the creek. The gold is of a coarse quality, and pieces have scaled 25 tons. This creek has never been thoroughly prospected, and there may be places where mining may be carried on profitably. At the headwaters there are also extensive quartz ledges, and gold has been found in many of the creeks as well.

GOLDEN. (From the Era.) The International gold mine at the head of the middle fork of the Spilemehene river about twenty-eight miles from the Columbia river was discovered in the eighties by Archie McMurdo, who held it in his possession until 1894, when he sold it to a Toronto firm. They did some work, but owing to the death of McMurdo the mine was abandoned. The crown grant, and the company permitted their bond to run out. They have, however, since bought the property for half the previous amount. There is some carrying galena—of different dimensions, some but small flatters and others of several feet in width, but there are three which are very notably marked as the predominance of them. They all contain gold easily obtained by the pan from any part of the surface where the vein matter has become decomposed and the gold can often be seen in the quartz where the iron sulphide is in a decomposed state.

Work on the Kicking Horse river is being pushed ahead and will without doubt be finished before high water comes.

FORT STEELE. (From the Fort Steele Prospector.) It is reported that thirteen Chinamen have taken up 1,300 feet of bench diggings on Wild Horse creek, the locations having been made between the Nip and Truck and the McVittie ground.

The Invicta company has ten men completing the dam and preparations for new machinery.

N. A. Wallinger, T. McVittie and F. Norbury have had their placer ground surveyed; they have a lease on about 80 acres adjoining the Nip and Truck.

The Banks Bros. are pushing work on the Dardanelles. There are several parties after the property.

Ben Fugh is working on the Timrose and has some good ore in sight.

The schooner Lulu left for Mud Bay yesterday with Mr. Gordon and family and a load of household furniture.

## Letters Come.

Letters come day by day telling us that this person has been cured of dyspepsia, that person of Bad Blood, and another of Headache, still another of Biliousness, and yet others of various complaints of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels or Blood, all through the intelligent use of Burdock Blood Bitters.

It is the voice of the people recognizing the fact that Burdock Blood Bitters cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Blood.

Mr. T. G. Ludlow, 334 Colborne Street, Brantford, Ont., says: "During seven years prior to 1886, my wife was sick all the time with violent headaches. Her head was so hot that it felt like burning. She was weak, run down, and so feeble that she could hardly do anything, and so nervous that the least noise startled her. Night or day she could not rest and life was a misery to her. I tried all kinds of medicines and treatment for her but she steadily grew worse until I bought six bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters from C. Stork & Son, of Brantford, Ont., for which I paid \$5.00, and it was the best investment I ever made in my life. Mrs. Ludlow took four out of the six bottles—there was no need of the other two, for those four bottles made her a strong, healthy woman, and removed every ailment from which she had suffered, and she enjoyed the most vigorous health. That five dollars saved me lots of money in medicine and attendance thereafter, and better than that it made home a comfort to me."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAON Wood stated publicly in court that Dr. J. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to—Times, July 18, 1884. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN REMEDY IN COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, RHEUMATISM, &c. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular if it did not supply what they want and fill a place. Medical Times, January 12, 1885. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Colic, &c. CAUTION—Some genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the character which will be opened up in the next few years. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 81 Great Russell street, London. Sold at 1s. 3d., 2s. 6d., 4s., 6s., 8s., 10s., 12s., 14s., 16s., 18s., 20s., 22s., 24s., 26s., 28s., 30s., 32s., 34s., 36s., 38s., 40s., 42s., 44s., 46s., 48s., 50s., 52s., 54s., 56s., 58s., 60s., 62s., 64s., 66s., 68s., 70s., 72s., 74s., 76s., 78s., 80s., 82s., 84s., 86s., 88s., 90s., 92s., 94s., 96s., 98s., 100s., 102s., 104s., 106s., 108s., 110s., 112s., 114s., 116s., 118s., 120s., 122s., 124s., 126s., 128s., 130s., 132s., 134s., 136s., 138s., 140s., 142s., 144s., 146s., 148s., 150s., 152s., 154s., 156s., 158s., 160s., 162s., 164s., 166s., 168s., 170s., 172s., 174s., 176s., 178s., 180s., 182s., 184s., 186s., 188s., 190s., 192s., 194s., 196s., 198s., 200s., 202s., 204s., 206s., 208s., 210s., 212s., 214s., 216s., 218s., 220s., 222s., 224s., 226s., 228s., 230s., 232s., 234s., 236s., 238s., 240s., 242s., 244s., 246s., 248s., 250s., 252s., 254s., 256s., 258s., 260s., 262s., 264s., 266s., 268s., 270s., 272s., 274s., 276s., 278s., 280s., 282s., 284s., 286s., 288s., 290s., 292s., 294s., 296s., 298s., 300s., 302s., 304s., 306s., 308s., 310s., 312s., 314s., 316s., 318s., 320s., 322s., 324s., 326s., 328s., 330s., 332s., 334s., 336s., 338s., 340s., 342s., 344s., 346s., 348s., 350s., 352s., 354s., 356s., 358s., 360s., 362s., 364s., 366s., 368s., 370s., 372s., 374s., 376s., 378s., 380s., 382s., 384s., 386s., 388s., 390s., 392s., 394s., 396s., 398s., 400s., 402s., 404s., 406s., 408s., 410s., 412s., 414s., 416s., 418s., 420s., 422s., 424s., 426s., 428s., 430s., 432s., 434s., 436s., 438s., 440s., 442s., 444s., 446s., 448s., 450s., 452s., 454s., 456s., 458s., 460s., 462s., 464s., 466s., 468s., 470s., 472s., 474s., 476s., 478s., 480s., 482s., 484s., 486s., 488s., 490s., 492s., 494s., 496s., 498s., 500s., 502s., 504s., 506s., 508s., 510s., 512