ANNUAL SIN-CLEANING.

An Astonishing Ceremony Witnessed in Northern Mexico.

A Young Greaser Scourged with Cactus Spikes—Faith That Sustains Penitents Through Great Torture—Atonement for the Sins of Many.

"Any one who has ever been on the cattle trail in Texas or New Mexico has seen many illustrations of the profound fear and religious faith of the Mexican cowboys," said C. P. Horton, proprietor of the Loupas cattle ranch in New Mexico, to a New York Sun reporter. "The laceration of their flesh with thorny cactus in time of danger or trouble, as a penance for their sins, is a common act among them, and many is the herd of cattle that has suffered enormous loss through Mexicans in charge of them attaching more importance to their barbarous atonement for past wickedness than they did to the cattle in their custody. I once knew a herd of 3,500 cattle to be stampeded in a thunder-storm because the Mexicans who were trailing them were afraid of thunder and lightning, and threw themselves from their horses, stripped themselves, and lashed their naked bodies with cactus as a propitiation of the elements, while the herd rushed wildly away in all directions and hundreds were lost.

"It is not an uncommon thing for Mexican cowboys to stop on the trail to punish themselves for their sins. Frequently their cries while giving themselves the thorny flagellation cause a disastrous stampede of the cattle they have been entrusted with. I have many a time seen these Mexicans walk barefooted for rods over patches of cactus spikes, while a companion followed and lashed their naked backs with the same thorny plant—the formidable cane cactus. Once I was in a town in Northern Mexico and witnessed an astonishing exhibition.

"I had a friend down there who was looking after the interests of a mining company, and as I had been asked to go into the concern, I went down to look the ground over. I arrived in the place on Friday—just a year ago last Good Friday.

"'You're just in time,' exclaimed my friend when we met. 'They're going to give this community its annual sin-cleaning by lashing a greaser till you can't tell him from a side of dressed beef, and we'll go see 'em do it.'

"He then explained to me that on every Good Friday at least one Mexican in the parish had to submit to public flagellation with cane cactus, as a penance not only for his sins for the year past, but for those of the community in general. I accompanied my friend to see how an official flagellation was conducted.

"We went first to the church, which was an ancient one. In the altar stood a young Mexican stripped to the waist. The priest was saying prayers over him, and all the people were kneeling and telling their beads.

"'That's a chap they call Bad Lopez,' whispered my friend. 'He has evidently beaten the record for wickedness this year, and will get the tickler.'

"The ceremonies at the church were soon over. Then Bad Lopez took up a heavy cross that lay near the altar, threw it across his shoulder, and followed the priest out of the church. The cross was made of timber eight inches square. It was not less than eight feet long, with cross arms in proportion. Lopez bent under its weight. The people in the church followed Lopez. The procession marched nearly half a mile, and the Mexican couldn't have carried that heavy cross another rod. But the destination had been reached. A cross had been raised on the spot, and around this Lopez walked once and laid his cross on the ground. The crowd surrounded the standing cross. Two stout Mexicans stepped forward. Each had in his hand a stalk of cane cactus. A stalk of cane cactus is about four feet long. A man can just nicely reach around its butt and get a firm hold of it. The stalk tapers to a point, and has numerous branches, four or five inches long. Stalk and branches are covered with thousands of needle-like thorns. These are an inch long and as poisonous as a bee stinger. Every wound made by one of these spikes is bound to swell and fester and itch worse than nettles.

"It was with one of these encouraging weapons that each of Lopez's scourgers was armed. They were apparently anxious to purify that parish without delay, for they did not hesitate a moment when they stepped from the crowd, but started right in to threshing the young Mexican's bare back as if they were simply rattling out a floor of grain. Around and around that cross Lopez marched, his flagellators at his heels, and wielding their frightful weapons with vigor and regularity, while the spectators chanted a weird and discordant hymn. At the first blow of the cactus the Mexican's back was lacerated as if it had been cut by lances, and the blood ran down in streams. A visible tremor shook his frame, and he drew himself down convulsively under the pain of the first blow, but not a sound escaped his lips. The poison spikes were pounded into his flesh as long as there were any branches to the cactus stalk. By the time the terrible scourgers were worn out there was not a spot of whole skin or untorn flesh from the Mexican's shoulders to his waist. Scores of the thorns had broken off in the flesh, and protruded from the lacerated mass like porcupine quills.

"As soon as the merciless beating was over, Lopez was marched back again to the church. At the church door a smooth bar of wood was passed over his mangled back from the shoulders down, to remove such of the spikes and adhering sections of the cactus as would come off with the scraping. Those, with other bits of cactus that the spectators had picked up around the cross, were thrown on the ground in front of the church door, and over these Lopez walked in his bare feet, to and fro several times. Then the sacrifice was over. The Mexican had atoned for a whole parish's sins and his friends took him home. I don't know whether he ever got well or not, but I was told that it was a common thing for the victims of these flagellations to be six months recovering from the effects of the punishment and that once in awhile one died."

Resuscitation After Apparent Suspension of All Animal Functions.

Probably one of the most remarkable of this class of cases is one which occurred in the practice of the late erudite and philosophic dean of the Long Island College Hospital, Prof. Samuel G. Armor. I record it, as I had it more than once from his own lips, says a writer in the Medical News:

The patient was a well-to-do man, with wife and children. He had purchased a pain-relieving remedy of a traveling quack. Its basis was canabis Indica, or Indian hemp. He swallowed an overdose, taking it in drachms instead of drops. In time he developed all the symptoms of narcotic poisoning. In spite of all efforts on the part of the attending physician he died. The grief-stricken wife and children wept at the bedside of the dead man. * * * At last all left the death-chamber except Dr. Armor and a negro attendant. Looking out of a window the doctor mused for some time over the sad fate of his friend and benefactor, for such he had been, and came to the philosophical and scientific conclusion that his friend was somatically (functionally) dead, to be sure, but that cellular life was still active, for the room was warm. He thought that if the respiratory and circulatory functions could be maintained by external influences until enough of the poison had been eliminated by the cellular activity the patient might still survive. Dr. Armor stated to me that if required he would solemnly swear that the shortest possible time that could have elapsed from the time death was declared until he concluded to make efforts at resuscitation "was at least one hour." In this estimate he allowed for all the circumstances that might cause time to be overestimated, and felt certain in his own mind that he had fixed the time at less than it had actually been.

Bottles of hot water were applied to the limbs; hot water, pepper and whisky were injected into the bowels and the same poured into the stomach. Artificial respiration was begun. When the doctor tired the negro relieved him, and so they alternated. Occasionally the stethoscope was employed to detect a possible heart-flutter. All was of no avail. After two hours' effort the body continued lifeless; hope had fled. The negro continued, however, while the doctor rested. The desire to save his friend, if possible, and the scientific aspect of the question that had been raised caused a renewed attempt; more injections were given and more hot bottles were applied.

More than three hours had elapsed and again was the attempt abandoned, and once more vigorously made. After nearly four hours of hard work, and when about to desist for the third time, Dr. Armor thought he detected a slight movement of the lips. Soon again he was positive he saw it. Again he noticed it after a long interval, and was certain of returning life. The stethoscope discovered an occasional light, muffled sound over the heart. More injections were given and efforts at artificial respiration were redoubled. At last the gasp became pronounced, the heart-beats more frequent, the respiration deeper and more regular, until eventually respiration and circulation were established, but at a slow rate. Consciousness was not regained for hours, but eventually returned.

Dr. Armor's description of his own feelings and those of the family and the negro at the time may be better imagined than described. The patient was alive and well over a score of years afterward; in fact he was alive and well but a few years ago, and prominently known and interested in New England banking and financial circles.

TRADE IN PEANUTS.

A Branch of Commerce Very Important to Southern Farmers.

When we pass a peanut stand, or see a bag of peanuts in the grocery store, we do not think of peanuts as forming any important share in our commerce. We do not think that the peanut trade is a branch of trade very important to the people in a certain section of our country; that if the crop should fail it would mean suffering and ruin to many people. Peanuts grow in Virginia, Tennessee and Eastern North Carolina, Alabama and Mississippi. The best grade comes from Virginia, and they are known as "goubers;" in Alabama and Mississippi as "pinders." Dealers say that no improvements have been made in the peanut farms; they are just what they were thirty years ago, although the peanut trade has doubled in nine years. The farms are small, and the crops are cared for by negroes. The nuts are planted in hills about a foot apart, in rows about two and one-half feet apart, and are harvested by plowing and turning over with long-handled forks; this shakes off the dirt, when the vines are gathered and shocked about a pole, where they are left to dry, the vines being so placed as to protect the nuts from the rain; mildewed nuts turn black, and are less salable though the nuts may be as sweet. A dealer says, in the New York Evening Post, that "the shocks, after they have been built up, are left standing for several weeks, until the nuts are quite dried and cured. They are then stripped from the vines by hand, packed in bags, and carried to the middleman who handles them for the farmer. By the middleman the nuts are taken to the top floor of a factory, and are scoured and polished by rubbing against each other in a long revolving iron cylinder. Spouts carry them, after cleaning, to the second floor, where they are run through a fanning-mill. From the mill they are delivered on to an endless apron, made of slats hinged together, and as they travel along on this girls sitting on each side sort them into grades. The nuts are then put into sacks and are ready for shipping. They are brought to New York mostly by steamers, although some come by rail. They are sold here as 'Wilmingtons,' 'Virginians,' 'Tennessee' and 'Spanish.' The last variety was formerly grown in Spain, but is now raised in Virginia to good advantage. The grades are known as 'fancy handpicked,' 'extra handpicked,' and 'choice.' The screenings are the poorest nuts, and these are bought by venders at county fairs and mixed in with a better grade."

Peanuts are shipped to all parts of this country and to the West Indies, but no trade has been developed with Europe. This limited trade, however, amounts to five million dollars per year.

DECREPIT HEN FRUIT.

How Rotten Eggs Are Utilized by the Confectioners of the Hub.

They must utilize pretty nearly every thing in Boston, according to the following anecdote by the correspondent from that city to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. He says:

Every thing in this world, they say, has some use. Even rotten eggs are sold here at three or four cents a dozen to Hebrews of the lowest class, who appreciate their gamey flavor. This is not the only employment, however, that has been found in Boston for back-number products of the barnyard. Only a few days ago a friend of the writer chanced to see a greengrocer in the act of dumping a barrelful of eggs from a city wharf into Massachusetts Bay. While in the very act the tradesman was hastily interrupted by a well-dressed passer-by who exclaimed:

"My dear sir, what are you doing?"

"Dumping bad eggs," responded the groceryman, briefly.

"Are they hopelessly bad?"

"Awful."

"Chirp?"

"Past that."

"Give you a dollar for the lot."

"Done," said the groceryman. "But may I ask you what you want them for?"

"Cream puffs," answered the stranger. "Bad eggs are as good as fresh ones for making them, with a few chemicals thrown in. Pay you a dollar a barrel for all you'll send me. I'm a confectioner."

There are great cold-storage houses in Boston, by the way, which are filled every summer with millions of eggs, to be taken out at this season and sold for "strictly fresh' at fabulous prices. They taste very well, too, notwithstanding so many months of keeping, but get bad almost immediately. People generally are not aware that many of the eggs they buy are brought all the way from China, where a whole nation has been in the poultry business for seven thousand years.

Like an Old Roman.

The Emperor of Russia has just decorated and rewarded a private soldier whose fidelity to his duty recalls the stories of the Roman sentinels who perished in the destruction of Pompeii. When the recent earthquake destroyed a small Russian town in Central Asia this soldier was on duty in the Military Treasury. Although the houses were crashing around him this faithful fellow stood motionless, waiting death. The only sign which showed that he appreciated his situation was the fact that he raised his hands as soldiers do in prayer. Fortunately a Sergeant in the street saw him amid the ruins and instantly ordered him to quit his post, which he did, right

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

McBRIDE, HARRIS & CO.

Importer of Fruit and Commission Merchants,

134 McGill Street, Montreal.

Advances made on consignments. Bankers: Merchants' Bank of Canada.

G. E. Bishop, Agent, Port Williams Station, N. S.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Use Seavey's East India Liniment 12

Minard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia.

Mrs Frances Hodgson Burnett, the authoress, is seriously ill.

Prominent business men and shippers in the Upper Provinces are jubilant over the trade prospects of the year.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. V. Rand.

The Amherst *Record* says: Cunberland county is making most commendable progress in the rearing of thoroughbred stock of all kinds.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by George V. Rand.

Any child will take McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup; it is not only exceedingly pleasant but is a sure remedy for all kinds of these pests. Look out for imitations. Get McLean's, the original and only genuine.

When the hair shows signs of falling, begin at once to use Ayer's Hair Vigor. This preparations strengthens the scalp, promotes the growth of new hair, restores the natural color to gray and faded hair, and renders it soft, pliant, and glossy.

The Sackville creamery, the only one in New Brunswick, has been so successful this year that next season it is intended to enlarge its operations to include the milk of 250 cows.

As one who has fully tested its worth I heartily recommend Puttner's Emulsion to all who are suffering from affections of the *Throat* and *Lungs* and I am certain that for any form of *Washing Disease* nothing superior can be obtained."
Sackville, N. S. Robert R. J. Emmerson.
Aug. 1889.
Bwn Brothers & Co. Halifax. N. S.

A prominent official at Montreal confirms the information that the Grand Trunk railway is preparing to build a new short line to St John, N. B., and Halfax via the Temisconata railway.

For Rickets, Marasmus and all Wasting Disorders of Children

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, is unequalled. The rapidity with which children gain flesh and strenghth upon it is very wonderful. "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Rickets and Marasmus of long standing. In every case the improvement was marked."—J M Main, M D, New York. Sold by all Druggists at 50 cts and $1.00.

Queen Victoria is one of the four most accomplished linguists among living ladies of imperial rank. She is absolute mistress of the four European languages—French, German, Italian and Spanish.

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

To the Editor:

Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address.

Respectfully, DR T. A. SLOCUM,
37 Yonge street, Toronto Ont.

From British Board of Trade returns it appears that the value of the exports to Canada for the eight months ending 31st August was £3,763,802 against £3,767,632 for the corresponding period of 1888; and the value of imports from Canada was £4,493,245, against £3,935,433.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

Gents,—I took a severe cold, which settled in my throat and lungs and caused me to entirely lose my voice. For six weeks I suffered great pain. My wife advised me to try MINARD'S LINIMENT and the effect was magical, for after only three doses and an outward application, my voice returned and I was able to speak in the Army that night, a privilege I had been unable to enjoy for six weeks.

CHARLES PLUMMER.

Yarmouth.

Mr Fredrick Douglas, United States Minister to the Heyten republic, has gone to his post in a United States warship, leaving the Harbor of New York under a salute of fifteen guns. Mrs Douglass, his accomplished wife, goes with him. The honors paid to Mr Douglass, the fact that he, a colored man and once a slave, has been entrusted with this important mission, is an encouraging omen to all well-wishers of the colored race.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup," for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething, is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price, twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other. 39

Stellarton is to be incorporated, the vote taken last week resulting in a majority of 22 for incorporation.

SHILO'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by George V. Rand.

The Canadian cantatrice, Madame Albani, visited Balmoral Castle the other day and sang before the Queen.

China threatens to retaliate on the United States. The Chinese have a hard time of it in America, and China is about retaliating.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker-Mouth. Sold by George V. aand.

The American eagle must be a gay old bird—he is bald. If you don't want to be bald, use Hall's Hair Renewer, and you wont be. Try it.

A recent southerly storm did serious damage to the Partridge Island pier, near Parrsboro, carrying away a portion of the outer end and leaving it in such a condition that the ballast is falling out.

Baird's Balsam of Horehound promptly relieves and cures obstinate coughs, croup, hoarseness, and all affections of throat and lungs. It gives immediate relief.

Catarrh is in the blood. No cure for this loathsome and dangerous disease is possible until the poison is thoroughly eradicated from the system. For this purpose, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best and most economical medicine. Price $1. Six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

Mrs Helen Gregory is the first girl graduate of Trinity College, Toronto, to have the degree of B. A. conferred on her.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Of the 1,060 men in the Eastern Penitentiary of Pennsylvania only 19 were bred mechanics, a fact which shows that men who are trained to work seldom become criminals.

HOSPITAL REMEDIES.

What are they? The growth of intelligence in medical matters has given rise to a demand for a class of genuine, reliable medicine. The opportunity of the ignorant quack, who grew rich curing everything out of a single bottle has passed. To supply satisfactorily this demand this list of remedies has been created They are the favorite prescriptions of the most famous medical practitioners of the day, gathered from the hospitals of London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna. Prescriptions which cost the patients of these specialists from $25 to $100 are here offered prepared and ready for use at the nominal price of *one dollar each*. Not one of them is a cure all; each one has only the reasonable power of curing a single disease, and each one keeps is contract. Sufferers from Catarrh, Diseased Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Fever and Ague, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa or Nervous Debility, should send stamp for descriptive catalogue to Hospital Remedy Co., 303½ West King St., Toronto, Canada. If your druggist does not keep these remedies remit price and we will send direct.

A COMPLETE HISORY OF THE **JOHNSTON & Canemaugh Valley Flood:** embracing also, a history of the floods in Williamsport, Lock Haven, Sunbury, and all the flooded districts in the State of Pennsylvania, also in Washington, D. C., New York, Maryland, Virginia, and West Virginia, all of which caused the total loss of over 11,000 lives and the destruction of over $40,000,000 worth of property:

By GEO. . FERRIS, A M.

Octavo, 522 pages; ILLUSTRATED WITH FORTY EIGHT FULL PAGE ENGRAVINGS. Price $1 50. First edition issued August 10th. *We pay duty on all books.*

AGENTS WANTED. Send 50 cts for complete outfit.

H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., NEW YORK.

R. W. EATON

Has in stock a very large assortment **Stationery, School Books, Bibles, Poems, etc.,** also a choice lot of **Fancy Goods.**

PICTURE & ROOM MOULDING.

His stock of ROOM PAPER, comprising the choicest patterns ever shown here, will be complete next week. His prices are the lowest in the County

Kentville, March 5th, 188·

N. B.—Frames made at short notice and cheap for cash.

EGGS.

EGGS FOR SETTING FROM PRIZE-WINNING LIGHT BRAHMAS AND WYANDOTTES.

At Truro last fall I exhibited three coops of chicks; won 1st and 2d on Lt Brahmas; 1st on Wyandottes at Windsor 1887; won 1st and 2d on Lt Brahmas. My stock is constantly enriched by fresh importations from the best breeders in the United States.

PRICES FOR EGGS.—1 sitting, 13 eggs, $1; 3 sittings, $2; from either or both varieties, carefully packed and ready to ship. Success guaranteed.

LEWIS J. DONALDSON,
Port Williams.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Established 1810.

—UNLIKE ANY OTHER.—

Positively Cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Colds, Tonsilitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Influenza, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Nervous Headache, Sciatica, Lame Back, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints and Strains.

AS MUCH FOR INTERNAL AS FOR EXTERNAL USE.

It is marvelous how many different complaints it will cure. Its strong point lies in the fact that it acts quickly. Healing all Cuts, Burns and Bruises like Magic. Relieving all manner of Cramps and Chills.

ORIGINATED BY AN OLD FAMILY PHYSICIAN.

All who buy direct from us, and request it, shall receive a certificate that the money shall be refunded if not satisfied. Retail price by mail 35 cts, 6 bottles, $2.00. Express and duty prepaid to any part of United States or Canada. ☞ Valuable pamphlet sent free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

GENERATION AFTER GENERATION HAVE USED AND BLESSED IT.

"I heartily recommend Puttner's Emulsion to all who are suffering from affections of the Throat and Lungs, and I am certain that for Wasting Diseases nothing superior to it can be obtained."

"I have been suffering from Pulmonary Diseases for the last five years. . . About two years ago, during an acute period of my illness, I was advised by my physician to try *Puttner's Emulsion*. I did so with the most gratifying results. My sufferings were speedily alleviated, my cough diminished, my appetite improved, I added several pounds to my weight in a short time and began to recover strength. This process continued until life, which had been a misery to me, became once more a pleasure. Since then Puttner's Emulsion has been my only medicine. . . As one who has fully tested its worth I heartily recommend it to all who are suffering from affections of the *Lungs* and *Throat* and I am certain that for any form of *wasting diseases* nothing superior can be obtained." . . .

ROBT. R. J. EMMERSON,
Sackville, N. S., Aug., 1889.

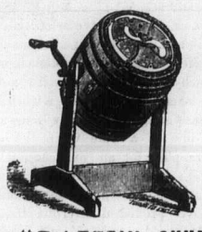
Brown Brothers & Co.,
Chemists, Halifax, N. S.

Excelsior Package Dyes!

Are unequalled for Simplicity of use, Beauty of Color, and the large amount of Goods each Dye will color.

The colors, namely are supplied: Yellow, Orange, Eosine (Pink), Bismarck, Scarlet, Green, Dark Green, Light Blue, Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Brown, Black, Garnet, Magenta, Slate, Plum, Drab, Purple, Violet, Maroon, Old Gold, Cardinal, Red, Crimson.

The above Dyes are prepared for Dying Silk, Wool, Cotton, Feathers, Hair, Paper, Basket Woods, Liquids, and all kinds of Fancy Work. Only 8 cents a package. Sold by all first class Druggists and Grocers and wholesale by the EXCELSIOR DYE CO., C. HARRISON & CO., Cambridge, King's County, N. S.



THE "DAISY" CHURN.

People buy the "Daisy" Churn because it makes a superior quality of butter and fully ten per cent. more of it than any other churn in the world. And because it saves half the labor and is perfect in material and workmanship and is so easily cleaned. And because it is so simple and durable. And because it is warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

Over 80,000 sold in the United States last year. Try one and see for yourself. For sale by

D. MUMFORD.

Wolfville N. S., July 12th.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

STREETSVILLE, P. Q., May 3, 1889.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Gentlemen.—I have used Kendall's Spavin Cure for **Spavins** and also in a case of lameness and **Stiff Joints** and found it a sure cure in every respect. I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.

Very respectfully, CHARLES J. BLACKALL.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

ST. THOMAS, P Q., April 22, 1889.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Gents:—I have used a few bottles of your Kendall's Spavin Cure on my colt, which was suffering from Influenza in a very bad form, and can say that your Kendall's Spavin Cure made complete and rapid cure. I can recommend it as the best and most effective liniment I have ever handled. Kindly send me one of your valuable books entitled "A Treatise on the Horse." Yours respectfully, L. F. WILKINSON.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

FORT ELLICE, MAN., May 10, 1889.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Gentlemen:—I always keep your Kendall's Spavin Cure and Blister on hand and they have never failed in what you state they will do. I have cured a bad case of Spavin and also two cases of Ringbone of years standing, on mares which I bought to breed from, and have not seen any signs of disease in their offspring. Yours truly, D. J. O'KEEFFE.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

JOB PRINTING of every description done at short notice at this office.

OUR JOB ROOM

IS SUPPLIED WITH

THE LATEST STYLES OF TYPE

—OF—

Every Description

JOB PRINTING

DONE WITH

NEATNESS, CHEAPNESS AND PUNCTUALITY.

SEAVEY'S EAST INDIA LINIMENT

A Genuine Indian Remedy.

Prepared from a recipe obtained from a native of India.

Hundreds of testimonials from all parts of the country, wherever this remarkable remedy has been intruduced, attest to its efficiency. Once use in in the family and you will never after be without it. For CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, SUMMER COMPLAINT, CHILLS AND CRAMPS take a half tea-spoonful in hot sweetened water and milk.

A Cure Guaranteed.

A gentleman writes, "I was suffering from a very scaere attack of Cholera, used different remedies but got no relief; tried Seavey's East India Liniment and was cured at once."

Price 25 Cents.

☞ *Ask your dealer or druggist for it.*

S. Harris & Son,
Proprietors,
Margarettville, N. S.

1889. THE 1889.

Yarmouth Steamship Co.

(LIMITED.)

The Shortest and Best Route Between Nova Scotia and the United States. The Quickest Time—Only 17 Hours Between Yarmouth and Boston.

The fast steel steamer "YARMOUTH" will leave Yarmouth for Boston every

Wednesday & Saturday

evenings, after arrival of the train of the Western Counties Railway.

Returning, will leave Lewis' Wharf, Boston, at 10 a. m., every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, connecting at Yarmouth with train for Halifax and intermediate stations.

The "YARMOUTH" carries a regular mail to and from Boston and is the fastest steamer plying between Nova Scotia and the United States, fitted with triple expansion engines, electric lights, bilge keels, &c, &c.

The Steamer "CITY OF ST JOHN" leaves Pickford & Black's wharf, Halifax, every MONDAY at 10 a. m, for Yarmouth and intermediate ports; returning leaves Yarmouth every THURSDAY at 8 a. m

For all other information apply to D Mumford, station master at Wolfville, or to

W. A. CHASE, Sec.-Treas. L. E. BAKER, Manager.

Yarmouth, April, 1889.

NOTICE!

P. CHRISTIE, TAILOR,

Begs to inform his numerous friends and customers that he has on hand a choice lot of Diagonals, Tweeds and Pantings in great variety and at prices

To Suit Every One.

These goods he is prepared to make up in the Latest Style and a perfect fit guaranteed, and *all work finished when promised.* Special Discounts given to Clergymen and Students.

Don't forget the place—over J. R. Blanchard's Dry Goods Store.

Kentville, Feb.16, 1887

WE SELL

COODWOOD, SPILING, BARK, R R TIES LUMBER, LATHS, CANNED LOBSTERS, MACKEREL, FROZEN FISH,

POTATOES, FISH, ETC.

Best prices for all Shipments. Write fully for Quotations.

HATHEWAY & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
22 Central Wharf - Boston.
Members of the Board of Trade, Corn and Mechanic's Exchanges.

GEO. V. RAND,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

DRUGS MEDICINES CHEMICALS FANCY GOODS

PERFUMERY AND SOAPS, BRUSHES, SPECTACLES, JEW. ELLEBY, ETC. ETC

Main Street, Wolfville, N.S

WOLFVILLE Meat & Provision Market.

The subscriber having opened a general Meat and Provision Market in Wolfville would respectfully solicit patronage.

Fresh Meats of Every Description Always On Hand.

All kinds Fresh Fish every Friday.

Close at 6 o'clock every evening except Tuesdays and Saturdays.

W. R. Kaye,

Wolfville, June 14th, 1889. 3 mos

Dike For Sale.

One Lot, 2¼ acres, on Grand Pre
One Lot, 1½ acres, on Wickwire. Both of good quality and easy of access.
For further particulars apply to

J. S. Dodd.

1 mo. Wolfville.

Auctioneer.

The subscriberhaving been urgently solicited to offer his services as a general auctioneer, takes this method of informing those in need of such service that will be at their command.

E. D. BISHOP.

Wolfville, April 18th, 1889.

DON'T RISK YOUR LIFE

WITH AN

OLD HARNESS!

WHEN YOU CAN

GET A NEW ONE At Patriquin's FOR $15.00.

W. & A. Railway.

Time Table

1889—Summer Arrangement.—1889.

	GOING EAST.	Exp. Daily.	Accm Daily	Exp. Daily.
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
	Annapolis Le've		6 10	1 10
14	Bridgetown "		7 05	1 47
28	Middleton "		8 05	2 23
42	Aylesford "		9 12	2 55
47	Berwick "		9 35	3 08
50	Waterville "		9 50	3 15
59	Kentville "	5 45	11 10	3 50
64	Port Williams"	6 00	11 30	4 03
66	Wolfville "	6 06	11 40	4 09
69	Grand Pre "	6 16	11 55	4 18
72	Avonport "	6 25	12 10	4 27
77	Hantsport "	6 40	12 30	4 40
84	Windsor "	7 08	1 30	5 05
116	Windsor Junc"	8 43	4 00	6 25
130	Halifax arrive	9 25	4 50	7 00

	GOING WEST	Exp. Daily.	Accm. Daily	Exp. daily.
		A. M	A. M.	P. M.
	Halifax--- leave	7 00	7 25	3 15
74	Windsor Jun--"	7 40	8 40	4 00
16	Windsor "	8 57	11 00	5 40
53	Hantsport "	9 19	11 32	6 08
58	Avonport "	9 35	11 50	6 18
61	Grand Pre "	9 41	12 10	6 27
64	Wolfville "	9 51	12 25	6 38
66	Port Williams"	9 57	12 40	6 45
71	Kentville "	10 25	1 40	7 00
80	Waterville "	10 45	2 15	
83	Berwick "	10 52	2 30	
88	Aylesford "	11 05	2 55	
102	Middleton "	11 37	4 00	
116	Bridgetown "	12 13	4 57	
130	Annapolis Ar've	12 50	5 50	

N. B. Trains are run on Eastern Standard Time. One hour added will give Halifax time.

Steamer "City of Monticello" leaves St John every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday Friday and Saturday a. m. for Digby and Annapolis, returning from Annapolis same days.

Steamer "Evangeline" will make daily connection each way between Annapolis and Digby

Steamer "New Brunswick" leaves Annapolis for Boston direct every Tuesday and Friday p. m.

Trains of the Western Counties Railway leave Digby daily at 5.30 a. m. and 2 45 p m; and leave Yarmouth daily at 7.15 a. m and 2 30 p. m.

Steamer "Yarmouth" leaves Yarmouth every Wednesday and Saturday evening for Boston.

Steamers "State of Maine" and "Cumberland" leave St John every Monday, Wednesday and Friday a. m. for Eastport Portland and Boston.

Trains of the Provincial and New England All Rail Line leave St. John for Bangor, Portland and Boston at 6.10 a. m. and 8 55 a. m., and 8.30 p. m., daily, except Saturday evening and Sunday morning.

Through Tickets by the various route on sale at all Stations.

J. W. KING, General Manager.

Kentville, 7th June, 1889.