

Local Briefs

P. L. Smith and Morse Handy, of Ridgetown, were visitors in the city Sunday.

Miss Emma Teft has gone to Cleveland, Ohio.

William Smith, of Eberts spent Sunday in the city.

The Oldfellow's moon feast has been postponed for a week.

Frank Raynor, of Dresden spent Sunday at his home here.

The bugle band will meet for practice to-night at eight o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Paul, of Pontiac, Mich., were guests in the city Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Ferguson, of Blenheim, were visitors in the city Sunday.

T. L. Pardo, M. P. P., of Cedar Springs, spent Sunday with friends in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gonne spent Sunday with Mr. Gonne's parents, on Adelaide street.

A young man's class is being formed at Park street Methodist church. P. B. Fetterly and C. B. Sissons will be the teachers of the class.

The Evil Eye and Devil's Affect are among the attractions at the Grand in March and April.

Miss Stegman and Harry Horsted sang a very pretty duet in Holy Trinity church last Sunday evening.

Dr. Dudley Frayer, who has been spending a few days at Hotel Tecumseh, has gone to New York.

Mrs. Chas. Laddis and her mother, Mrs. T. W. Crozier, are spending a few weeks in Saugebois and Toronto.

Wanted, 100 men and women to take Robert's course of Physical Culture. See advt. on another page.

The bachelors of Blenheim will give a dance next Wednesday evening. A number from Chatham will attend.

Workmen to-day commenced the work of raising the roof over the stock part of the new public library.

A party of sportsmen from Chicago went out to John Green's at Rond Eau yesterday to do some duck shooting.

Dr. Rutherford and Rutherford are putting in water power by which their X-ray machine will be manipulated.

Mrs. V. Campbell, of Tilbury, who has been spending the past week with her cousin, Mrs. W. J. Laird, Gray street, has returned home.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Howard took place yesterday morning at St. Joseph's church, and St. Anthony's cemetery, and was largely attended.

Rev. Mr. Kerr, of Blenheim, preached to the young people at Victoria avenue Methodist church Sunday evening. The sermon was a very good one.

Mrs. Frances Calmeyer and daughter Phyllis, who have been visiting for the past two weeks, at P. Keenan's, Jeffery street, left yesterday for their home in Detroit.

Gunniss Royal Marine Band of 60 people, including six ladies, comes here next Friday night. They will leave for England on Wednesday with the intention of entering the large hospitals in pursuit of his studies.

John T. Conway, of Austin's, has resigned his position and has accepted another at his former home in Perth. He leaves for Perth next Sunday afternoon and will assume his new duties on the following Monday.

There is no mistake made when it is announced that Dr. Thornton will give a grand lecture in St. Joseph's Hall, Cross street, Friday evening, Nov. 14th, at 8 p. m. Reserved seats at Tschirhart's music store for five cents extra.

Mike O'Mara superintended the laying of the Gas Co's main across the river, and made a good job of it. The pipes were found water-tight and, when the little water that got in while the main was being laid, was pumped out, the pipes were quite dry and no leak could be found. The pipe was found to be an easy means of communication between the two sides of the river.

The Pontiac paper of recent date gives a d-d praise to Garnet Sparks, a former Chathamite. Waite Bros. & Robinson opened their big store, during opening lasted three days, during which the store and goods were on exhibition. No sale being permitted. The electric light effects were superb. Some 500 lights were used. The electric light work, the decorating and the window dressing was done by Garnet Sparks, formerly of the Gordon store, here.

James Jones, the North Chatham gun smith, has been doing some thinking. He put some apples in a gun to bake without putting in any sugar. When the apples were cooked, Mr. Jones poured off a pint of syrup. Mr. Jones now wants to know where carbon in the sugar that syrup comes from. It couldn't have come from the atmosphere via the leaves. It couldn't have come from the sap because the sap stops running before the apple grows. It must, of course, come from the earth, but from what. Is it from lime stone or from sand in the earth? Mr. Jones offers the problem for solution.

TEMPERANCE MEETING

A gospel temperance meeting was held in the temperance committee rooms Sunday afternoon at which there was a very large attendance. Rev. W. Knowles, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, and Rev. Mr. Kerr, of Blenheim, gave interesting and effective addresses. It was decided to rent the Opera House for every Sunday afternoon until the day of the poll, where gospel temperance

The Dog Knows

That there is something wrong with his master. They have no more romps and rambles. He tries in vain to coax the listless youth from his chair.

When the lungs are diseased, physical weakness soon begins to show itself and the active and outdoor life is given up. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures the cases of the lungs and other organs of respiration. It cures obstinate, deep-seated coughs, bleeding lungs, emaciation and other conditions which if neglected or unsuitably treated may find a fatal termination in consumption.

"After using about five bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery my boy seems to be right," writes Mr. J. W. Price, of Oak, Monroe, Ohio. "He was very bad when I commenced to give him the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' He had consumed and we doctored with them until he was past walking. It has been ten months since he stopped taking your medicine and he is in good health. We are very thankful to you for saving our son."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach, blood, and lungs. Substitution means a little more profit for the dealer but a loss for you.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its consequences.

meetings will be held. President Westman, of the city Temperance Association, expresses great hope of victory in the coming campaign. Every part of this district is working earnestly and successfully.

THE DANCE

Large crowds attended the William Street Baptist church to hear the first of Rev. J. J. Ross' special series of sermons. His subject Sunday evening was "Christianity and the Dance," and he proceeded to denounce dancing as a hindrance to Christian life.

"Dancing," said the reverend gentleman, "is denounced by all denominations and not alone by the Baptists. It is harmful from a physical standpoint as well as spiritual. Since I have taken charge of this church even two of its members have been expelled on account of dancing. Some people, even the select of our land, say that there is no harm in it, but that does not make it right. Can you take religion into the ball room? Would you care to talk about taking Christ and Him crucified into the ball room? You cannot serve two masters."

The speaker then proceeded to give statistics, showing that more women were ruined through dancing than from any other cause. He appealed to his audience to be in line with the cause of God and to come out from the world and follow closely in the footsteps of the lowly Nazarene.

At this service Mrs. S. C. Walker sang a vocal solo.

REMARKABLE SUCCESS

Of a New Catarrh Cure.

A large and constantly increasing minority of the people are afflicted with catarrh sufferers. This is not entirely the result of our changeable climate, but because modern investigation has clearly proven that many diseases, known by other names, are really catarrh. Formerly the name catarrh was applied almost exclusively to the common nasal catarrh, but the throat, stomach, bladder, kidneys and intestines are subject to catarrhal diseases as well as the nasal passages.

In fact, wherever there is mucous membrane there is a feeding ground for catarrh.

The usual remedies, inhalers, sprays, douches or powders, have been practically failures, as far as anything more than temporary relief is concerned, because they simply dry up the mucous secretions, without having the remotest effect upon the blood and liver, which are the real sources of catarrh. It has been known for some years that the radical cure of catarrh could never come from local applications, but from an internal remedy, acting on the blood and expelling the catarrhal poison from the system.

A new internal preparation which has been on the market only a short time, has met with remarkable success as a genuine, radical cure for catarrh.

It may be found in any drug store, sold under the name of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, large pleasant-tasting lozenges, composed principally of antiseptic ingredients, Bloodroot, Red Gum and similar catarrh specifics.

Dr. Ainslie in speaking of the new catarrh cure says: "I have tried the new catarrh remedy, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, upon thirty or forty patients with remarkable satisfactory results. They clear the head and throat more effectively and lastingly than any other catarrhal remedy that I have ever seen, and although they are what is called a patent medicine and sold by druggists, I do not hesitate to recommend them as I know them to be free from cocaine and opiates, and that even a little child may use them with entire safety."

Any sufferer from nasal catarrh, throat or bronchial trouble, catarrh of the stomach, liver or bladder will find Stuart's Catarrh Tablets remarkably effective, pleasant and convenient, and your druggist will tell you they are absolutely free from any injurious drug.

LETTER BOX

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

To the Editor of The Planet:

Dear Sir,—Your article in Wednesday's issue, giving particulars of the death of a seven-year-old child, caused by Christian Science, refusing to provide medical aid, the article I thoroughly endorse and I sincerely hope steps will be taken to vindicate the law.

Some time ago I had a letter from a lady of the Christian Science persuasion in reference to my mission, as created by hypnosis, suggesting to the possibility of a Christian Scientist being able to create disease as well as to heal it.

Her letter was not altogether reassuring. She admits that disease can be created by hypnosis, but adds "in Christian Science this could not be the case, for any one attempting such a thing is not a Christian Scientist, or follower of Christ, and any one making such an attempt would soon find their power of healing has gone from them."

She also disclaims any desire to create a carbuncle on my nose, though she assumes she would rejoice to remove one were it there.

This is all very well; it would be but small comfort to me to show that the party who created the power of mind thereby forfeited the right to call herself a Christian Scientist, and also that she had deprived herself for the future of the power of healing.

It would seem rather a worse look-out for me if her power of healing was gone, for otherwise she might have repented and cured me.

Besides, a person is sufficiently made up of mind to create a carbuncle on my nose might, in her joy of gratifying her malice, be content to forfeit the title of Christian Scientist, together with her healing powers attached to the science.

My would-be "comforter" remarks that many people criticize Christian Science without having looked into it or read any work on the subject, at any rate, I am not one of these.

For my sins, I read many years ago the greater part of the gospel of Mrs. Eddy, and fully realized the impression which it produced upon my mind. I am bound to say that I cannot advise anybody else to waste the time in reading the book, for the principles that it contains might be stated in half a dozen sentences, if not less.

My correspondent says: "We believe that God, our Father, is all good, and that He is the source of all our good, and that He is the source of all our evil." Our mind is but a reflection of His mind, therefore from Eternal Good no evil thing such as sickness and pain can proceed. We then believe that our minds reflect Eternal Good, no evil can harm us.

I do not see the force of the "therefore," but Christian Science, I take it, is a matter of faith or intuition rather than of logic.

The sentiments are very beautiful and comforting, and as much applicable to an earthquake, a shipwreck, the breaking of a dam, or any other evil that afflicts humanity, as to more bodily sickness.

My correspondent might well go a step further, and believe, with Dr. Pangloss, that no such thing as evil exists in this world in any shape. But when it is deduced from such premises that a lady can cure, let us say, a broken-down horse by the power of the mind, for the payment of five dollars per week, there is a somewhat formidable hiatus in the argument.

Yours, J. J. WILDE

ANNUAL RALLY.

The Bloomfield Union Sunday school held one Sunday, which they will remember for many a day, and they were decorated for the occasion. The roll call by Mrs. Wells aroused in the old familiar names of early settlers, Delseus, Wilcox, Chrysler, Lee, Drury, Mackay, Montgomery, Keats and others to the number of 50 scholars who, with friends and parents, filled their comfortable school house and added their personal and financial encouragement to this live and prosperous mission Sunday school.

HARVEST HOME SERVICES DOVER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

The Harvest Home Services in connection with the Dover Presbyterian church were held on Sunday, Nov. 2, and they were a grand success. The roads were good and it was a lovely autumn day—just the day for such a function. The church was beautifully decorated for the occasion with evergreens and flowers and a liberal display of grains, vegetables and fruits betokened a bountiful harvest. The pastor, Rev. A. E. Nelly, B. A., occupied the pulpit at both services. In the morning he chose his text from Mark 14: 8, and in the evening from John 7: 37. Both efforts were eloquent and deeply impressive. The choir made special preparation for the day and the music was well rendered. Instead of the usual tea meeting with its attendant work and worry on the following night, the pastor introduced the innovation of a free will offering in connection with the services and the people responded nobly, the collection morning and evening amounting to \$64.

GOVERNOR OF ISLE OF MAN.

The Manifest Duties of a Very Unique Position.

By way of pendant to a recent description of the constitutional independence of the Isle of Man, it is interesting to note what those functions are to which Lord Raglan, as Governor of the island, is called. He has a unique position and responsibilities. He is the successor of the Kings and Lords of Man, who, till the sixteenth century, ruled it as an absolute monarchy, and as their successor he has succeeded to nearly all their prerogatives, and to others which the Legislature has continually thrust upon him. He prorogues and dissolves the House of Keys, which cannot meet without his precept. He is president of the Legislative Council (or Upper House) and the Typographical Society (both branches of the Legislature sitting as one), which cannot meet without his presence nor adjourn but on his motion, and he not only intervenes in their debates, but can vote in their proceedings and in the Legislative Council has the casting vote.

This is better than the War Office, but it is not all, by any means. He can initiate both legislation and taxation, and without his consent no law or tax can either be made or repealed. He has likewise a direct vote on all expenditure, is Chancellor of the Exchequer, and President of the Local Government Board. Nor is this all. He is Local Chief Justice of Appeal in civil cases, and President of the Court of General Jail Delivery—the highest criminal court in the island. He is captain general of the Manx military forces (here Lord Raglan's hereditary and acquired talents will come in), and Chief Commissioner of the police and prison. A civil appointments are made on his recommendation, he examines and admits members of the bar, and thirteen out of the seventeen Church livings in the island are his gift. To crown all, he exercises the sovereign's right of pardon, and is the leader of Manx social life.

In fact, we can only call to mind two important sides of Manx life with which Lord Raglan as Governor is concerned. He is the lord and supreme arbiter. One is the writing of novels, of which, it is well known, Hall Caine possesses a monopoly in this island. The other is the breeding and export of Manx ponies. But outside these spheres of activity, Lord Raglan seems to be of everything from Prime Minister to policeman, that an ambitious man could desire. We hope he will get on well with the Manx people.

Great Feats of Human Labor.

The following are said to be ten of the most remarkable works of human labor:

1. The Pyramids of Egypt, the largest work near Cairo, known as the Great Pyramid, built by Cheops, King of Egypt, took 260,000 men twenty years to build.

2. The artificial reservoir—Lake Moeris, near Assuan, which served to store up the waters of the Nile during the seasons of floods, and distribute them by canals, over the land of Egypt, took 100,000 men twenty years to build.

3. The Taj Mahal, a tomb erected in Agra, in Hindostan, by Shah Jemal, and yet seems so airy that when seen from a distance it is so like a fabric of mist and sunbeams, with its great dome soaring up a silvery bubble about to burst in the sun, that even after you have touched it and climbed to its summit you almost doubt its reality. It cost over \$15,000,000.

4. The Temple of Baalbec, in the erection of which stones 62 feet long, 20 feet broad and 15 feet thick have been used—more prodigious masses than have ever elsewhere been moved by human power, and exceeding in size any stones used in the Pyramids.

5. The Temple of Karnak, described by Ferguson as the noblest effort of architectural magnificence ever produced by the hand of man. It covers twice the area of St. Peter's at Rome, and undoubtedly is one of the finest buildings in the world.

6. The Great wall of China, 1,280 miles in length. It is 20 feet in height, and in thickness 25 feet at the base and 15 at the top.

7. The Eiffel Tower, erected in the grounds of the Paris Exhibition, and 984 feet high.

8. The Suez Canal, with 88 miles of waterway, connecting the Mediterranean and Red Seas, and forming the principal route to India. It cost more than \$85,000,000, and 172,602 men by human power, and exceeding in size any stones used in the Pyramids.

9. The railway bridge (the largest cantilever bridge in the world) over the Forth, with two spans each of 1,700 feet, erected at a cost of nearly \$20,000,000.

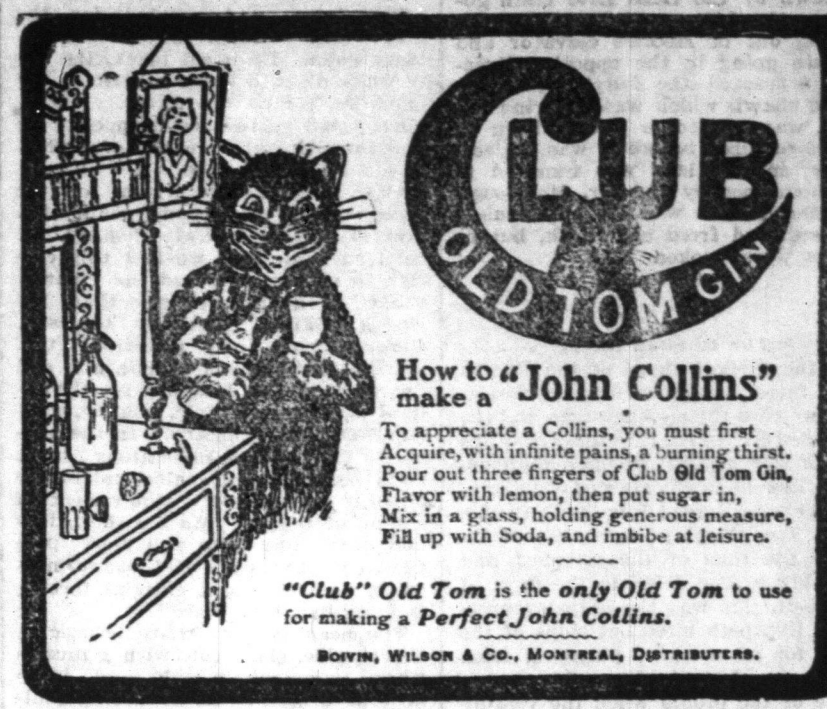
10. The Leaning Tower of Pisa, which deviates 13 feet from the perpendicular.

A Private Railway Station.

Lord Barrymore, says The Westminster Gazette, is the only individual in the South of Ireland who possesses the luxury of a private railway station. The line between Cork and Queenstown runs directly through the most beautiful part of Lord Barrymore's lovely demesne at Fota, and of course somewhat disfigures the lovely place. By figures the heavy duty of the place, a company undertook to build a railway station at Fota. No one can stop at this station without a written permit from Lord Barrymore or his agent.

London's Thousands.

If the number of people daily entering London were to be dispatched from any given station by train, 1,977 trains, each requiring 600 persons, would be required for the purpose. Moreover, if all these trains were arranged in a straight line they would cover 221 miles of railway.



How to "John Collins"
make a "John Collins"

To appreciate a Collins, you must first Acquire, with infinite pains, a burning thirst. Pour out three fingers of Club Old Tom Gin, Flavor with lemon, then put sugar in, Mix in a glass, holding generous measure, Fill up with Soda, and imbibe at leisure.

"Club" Old Tom is the only Old Tom to use for making a Perfect John Collins.

BOVIN, WILSON & CO., MONTREAL, DISTRIBUTERS.

It's sad to think how much good money is spent on bad tea despite the fact that Blue Ribbon is in every store.

Put up Black Mixed & Ceylon Green

A Few Users of Smith Premier Typewriter Figures Cannot Lie

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And hundreds of others using from	1 to 3

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A DISTINGUISHED CANADIAN.

Still Further Honors for Sir Edward Percy Cranwell Girouard.

The London Gazette of August 19, contained the following announcement:

"The King has been pleased to give and grant unto Captain and Brevet-Major (local lieutenant-colonel) Sir Edward Percy Cranwell Girouard, K. C. M. G., D. S. O., R. E., his Majesty's royal license and authority that he may accept and wear the insignia of the second class of the Imperial Ottoman Order of the Medjidie, conferred upon him by the Sultan of Turkey, in recognition of his services as President of the Council of Administration of the Egyptian Railways, Telegraphs and Port of Alexandria."

One the same page of The London Times in which the above were republished there appeared an article from the Johannesburg correspondent upon the subject of the Egyptian Railways, Telegraphs and Port of Alexandria.

The situation that presented itself to Col. Girouard, the able commander and organizer of the Sudan Military Railways, on the voyage out to South Africa, to take over the duties of Director of Railways, was in many respects a complete novelty. Without any precedent to serve as a guide, a set of instructions had to be drawn up on board, apportioning the several duties of the staff and laying down the lines on which the civil administration of the railways was to be used by the army would be amplified by military officers corresponding to the existing officials. As time went on these instructions, good as far as they went, but necessarily incomplete, were revised and improved upon, until the effective organization that obtained at the conclusion of peace, and which will doubtless be found a tradition in the British army, was evolved.

When the circumstances of its establishment are taken into consideration, the absence of skilled officials, the never-ending interruptions of the normal working of the line, it must be owned that the Imperial Military Railways performed their task well. When peace came and people had time to look around and see what progress had been made at Pretoria and Johannesburg, they realized that they owed something to the Imperial Railways, with the presence of special mining trucks and the placing of large orders for rolling stock over a year ago testified to the foresight, energy and ability of the Commissioner of Railways, Sir Percy Girouard.

There is nothing easier to get lost in than a maze of words.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Thursday, November 13

Six Years consecutive Success

The Thrilling Sensational Melo-Drama

The Span of Life

Presented with an Entire New Equipment of the Most Famous Acrobats.

The World's Most Famous Acrobats.

THE DONAZETTAS FORMING

The Human Bridge

Thirty feet above the stage, over which Three People Run to Safety.

Don't Miss The Great Lighthouse Scene. The Living Span

You see the Bridge Made

Prizes 25c, 50c and a few at 75c

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Friday Eve., Nov. 14th

Engagement Extraordinary

60-PEOPLE-MARINE BAND

Royal Italian's Marine Band OF ITALY

Including Six Leading Lady Artists will

GRAND OPERA

Cavalleria

Rusticana

In Elegantly Costumed Style.

Prizes—50c, 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1

Advance Sale opens at Central Drug Store Wednesday Morning.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Corrected June 3rd, 1902.

GOING EAST GOING WEST

*2.30 a. m. L. Express... *1.11 p. m.

*3.32 p. m. Express... *1.05 a. m.

*Daily.

GRAND TRUNK.

GOING EAST GOING WEST

1.45 p. m. Accommodation... 2.30 p. m.

2.23 p. m. Buffalo, New York and Toronto Express

3.32 a. m. Express... 8.15 a. m.

Buffalo, Toronto and North Bay.

5.08 p. m. "Eastern Flyer," for Montreal and Muskoka.

8.50 p. m. Accommodation... 4.23 p. m.

"International Limited," 9.10 p. m.

For Detroit and Chicago.

"Daily Sunday included."

THE WABASH RAILROAD CO.

GOING WEST EAST ROUTE

No. 1... 4.45 a. m. No. 2... 12.25 p. m.

3-1.07 p. m. 4-11.05 a. m.

13-1.25 p. m. 14-1.32 a. m.

5-9.52 p. m. 6-1.32 a. m.

7-1.18 a. m. 8-2.49 p. m.

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