

The Waterdown Review

THE BIGGEST LITTLE PAPER IN ONTARIO

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NO. 42.



WET FEET
Often Cause Colds, Coughs, Tonsillitis and Sore Throat

WAMPOLE'S PARAFORMIC

THROAT LOZENGES

will prevent and stop the progress of these disorders

In all septic conditions of the mouth and throat these lozenges are markedly beneficial because their antiseptic qualities quickly destroy the harmful germs and relieve that grippy, stuffed-up feeling.

PRICE 25c



For Sale by

B. Batchelor

Druggist

Waterdown

Avonsyde Farm Dairy

Pure Ayrshire Milk and Cream
From Tuberculin Tested Cows

One ordinary glass of Pure Ayrshire Milk is equal to 2 large eggs, 1 large serving of meat, 2 moderate sized potatoes, 5 tablespoonful of cooked cereal, 3 tablespoonful of boiled rice or 2 slices of bread

Our entire herd is Tuberculin Tested by the Dominion Government under the Accredited Herd Plan. Average test for herd 4.4% butter fat.

Phone 136, or have wagon stop

Geo. Pearson & Sons

Waterdown

We are now located in our new store next to Dale's Grocery where we will be pleased to meet all our patrons.

B. Batchelor

Druggist

Waterdown

Grace Church

REV. H. J. LEAKE, M. A., Rector

Quinquagesima Sunday

11 a. m.—Patience

7 p. m.—Sincerity

Ash Wednesday services at 8 p. m. in the church.

The W. A. meets in the Parish hall Thursday afternoon and the A. Y. P. A. in the evening.

Knox Church

REV. J. F. WEDDERBURN, B. A., B. D., Minister

11 a. m.—Communion service.

"The Preventive God"

7 p. m.—The Faith Delivered to the Saints.

Friday evening—Preparatory services. "Self Ignorance"

Sunday School and Bible Classes at 9.45 a. m.

The Church Club meets Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock under the auspices of Social Committee.

Methodist Church

REV. C. L. POOLE, B. D., Pastor

11 a. m.—Third in series on The Tragedy of Life. "The Prime of Life"

7 p. m.—Corn in Egypt.

ALWAYS USE GOOD SEED

Early Seed Preparation a Mark of Good Farming.

Careful Selection Advised — Poor Seed May Have Excellent Feeding Value — What Experiments With Seed Show—Buying a Farm

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Farmers, like others, are prone to put off to-day what they can do to-morrow, and, as a result, often neglect to get seed grain ready for sowing until the fine days of early spring call them to the land. Much time may be saved and the rush of spring work lightened if seed is prepared in the late months of winter for spring sowing. This early seed preparation will likely result also in the seed of different crops being sown at the right time to insure the greatest yields.

Use the Very Best Seed.

The first step in good seed selection should be the obtaining of the very best variety for sowing, a variety whose yield is high and whose quality of grain is good. Varieties of oats, such as O.A.C. No. 72, Banner, and O.A.C. No. 3; varieties of barley, such as O.A.C. No. 21; varieties of spring wheat, such as Marquis, Red Fife, and Wild Goose; varieties of spring rye, such as O.A.C. No. 61; varieties of field peas, such as Canadian Beauty, Arthur, Potter, and Golden Vine; varieties of field beans, such as the Common White Pea bean; varieties of buckwheat, such as Rye, and Silver Hull, are all well suited to Ontario conditions.

Grain May Be Poor for Seed But Good for Feed.

Small, shrunken, or broken seed has a feeding value nearly equal to that of large, plump, sound seed. Seed selection experiments conducted at the O. A. College, Guelph, have shown, however, that there is a very great difference in the value of these for seed purposes.

What Experiments Show.

Varying qualities of seed of oats, barley, spring wheat, peas and field beans were tested, and it was found that one year's seed selection of seed grain has a marked influence on the resulting crop. In every single instance, the large plump seed produced a greater yield of grain per acre than the medium sized, small, shrunken, broken, or split seed. In the average of four classes of grain, the large plump seed surpassed the small plump seed in yield of grain per acre by 28 per cent, and, in the average of three classes of grain, the plump seed gave an average yield over the shrunken, broken, or split seed of 64 per cent. In this experiment equal numbers of seeds were used in each selection. Large plump seed produced a larger, more vigorous, and more productive plant than that produced from small plump, shrunken, broken, or split seed. It should be remembered too that where only the largest and plumpest grains are used for seed, the very nature of the selection eliminates the majority of the weed seeds which may have been in the grain before selection.

When the farmer has obtained the best variety and sown only the best seed of this variety, he has placed the very safest insurance possible on the future of his crops.—W. J. Squirell, O. A. College, Guelph.

Stomach Worm Loss Preventable.

Animal husbandry division men at the University of Minnesota Farm say that sheep owners of the state have suffered great losses among their flocks by reason of the stomach worm. The lambs suffer the most. "The best preventive and the one most easily given," says Philip A. Anderson of the division, is copper sulphate or blue stone, as it is often known. Make a 1 per cent. solution by dissolving one-quarter of a pound of the blue stone in a pint of boiling water, adding cold water to make three gallons, being sure that a clear solution is obtained and always using an earthenware or a wooden receptacle. The dose for lambs, according to size, is three-quarters of an ounce to one and one-half ounces; for older sheep, two and one-half ounces to three ounces. An ordinary tablespoon holds one-half ounce.

"A veterinarian's syringe can be used, but care must be exercised in not pushing the plunger of the syringe too rapidly, as the solution may enter the lungs and give trouble. This treatment should be repeated in ten days or two weeks, or, if the flock is badly infested, two or three times during seasons at intervals of 30 days."

Notice of Application

To the Legislative Assembly, Ontario.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario application will be made by the Corporation of the Village of Waterdown for an Act to validate By-law Number Two Hundred and Twenty-two (222) of the said Village, authorizing the issuing of debentures for Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000) for the erection and equipping of a Memorial Hall. The existing debenture debt of the Village is as follows:—

By-law No. 186, \$5000. For Hydro Electric, of which there is unpaid \$3331.25.

By-law No. 102, \$1500. For extending Hydro Electric, of which there is unpaid \$1000.21.

By-law No. 205, \$1500. For extending Hydro Electric, of which there is unpaid \$706.20.

By-law No. 217, \$55000. For Public School, of which there is unpaid \$52484.41.

By-law No. 127, \$26000. For Public School, of which there is unpaid \$19512.15.

The Corporation of the Township of East Flamboro has to pay the Corporation of the Village of Waterdown one half of the debentures unpaid under the two last mentioned by-laws.

BRUCE & COUNSELL,

Solicitors for the Corporation of the Village of Waterdown.

Dated at Hamilton this 24th day of January, 1922.

For the benefit of the Home Department of the Methodist Sunday School I wish to report that we have on hand a total of \$159.05, which is very gratifying.

Mrs. Lillie Robson, Supt.

Agricultural Classes Spend Profitable Time

The Waterdown Agricultural and Domestic Science classes had a very enjoyable outing last Tuesday when they took a trip to Toronto by special C. P. R. car, visiting the stockyards, Swift's abattoir, Farmers' Dairy, Royal museum, and the parliament buildings.

At the stockyards the boys were shown the systems which are used in the marketing of the farmers' stock to the large abattoirs, and in Swift's abattoir they were shown through the plant by a guide who explained all the processes through which the animals went until they were ready for the market. The class was also shown the cattle and hogs which were affected by disease and being held by Dominion officials, not being allowed to be sold to the public.

At the parliament buildings the class was taken into the office of the minister of agriculture, where short addresses were given by Hon. Manning Doherty and the Hon. F. C. Biggs, from whose district the class came. Hon. Mr. Biggs made special arrangements with the speaker so that the visitors were given reserved seats in the speakers gallery. They were most interested in the procedure which was followed in the house and were very loath to leave.

The party was in charge of W. G. Marritt, agricultural representative, and Mrs. Lowe, domestic science demonstrator.

The Public School Noon Lunch

The beneficial results obtained from the serving of warm lunches to pupils unable to go home at noon are being appreciated more and more.

The country child living two miles from school, should no longer sit down with his newspaper wrapped around his bread, meat and cake. Instead the child should come with wholesome food carefully prepared at home this to be supplemented by at least one warm dish at school. An orderly well directed noon lunch has a deep significance both for the individual and for the community through the conservation of physical mental and moral vitality. The mental result from the noon lunch is well worth the time spent. The child unconsciously uses the discipline, quickness of perception, skill of hand, power of attention in his afternoon session.

Each child brings 3 cents, 1 cent pays the teacher for serving the other 2 cents pays for supplies. Last week \$5.61 was received, 179 pupils were served and \$1.79 paid for serving. \$2.82 was paid for supplies, leaving a balance of \$1 to start the week of Feb. 20th. Last week several donations of tomatoes, corn and cocoa were received from parents.

Owing to the inexperience of the teacher in preparing a dish for 35 or 40 we are attempting only milk soups and cocoa. Doubtless another year with a qualified Household Science teacher fewer mistakes will be made, and a greater variety of lunches will be served. The system adopted this year was used successfully in the school of Jamesville N. Y. and Belmont School N. Y.

Locals

Mr. A. S. Maxwell and family in tend moving to Toronto next week.

A number of our young people attended the dance at Carlisle last Wednesday evening.

The A. Y. P. A. of Grace church will give lantern slides in the Parish hall Thursday evening on the life of Christ.

On account of the unfavorable weather last Wednesday, the W. I. At Home in the Assembly hall of Public school was postponed to Tuesday evening, Feb. 28, at 8 o'clock.

The pupils of the Agricultural school will give a Banquet in the Roller Rink on Friday evening, March 3rd. Hon. Manning Doherty will be the guest of the evening.

At the close of the Women's Institute meeting the Community League will meet, when the Treasurer will give the financial statement. It is hoped all patriotic workers, and also the King's Daughters will be present.

Greensville

Miss Nellie Taylor is visiting in Tilsonburg.

Miss Fraser entertained a number of ladies at dinner last Thursday.

Mr. D. A. Hyslop, Sr. is not as well as his friends would like him to be.

Mr. Matt Hilbert's house was burned to the ground on Sunday morning, a defective chimney being the cause. Only part of the contents was saved.