LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Ireland.

Dublin, Aug. 3.—The circular to be issued by Parnell, with a view to checking the operations of the Land Corporation Co., is also signed by Dillion, Davitt, Egan, Gray, and McCarthy. It will be sent throughout Ireland to obtain signatures to a requisition asking the Mayor of Dublin to convoke a meeting during Exhibition week for the purpose of inaugurating a national fund for the relief of evicted tenants. The circular states that the organization will not be political, but evictions will be increased if tenants are left defenceless in the presence of a wealthy company.

Company.

London, Aug. 5.—It is stated that the House of Lords will receive the full support of the Conservatives in the House of Commons in maintaining the amendments. Commons in maintaining the amendments to the Arrears Bill. It is believed the Cabinet has decided to advise the Commons to reject the Lords' amendments. In parliamentary circles a settlement of the differences between the two Houses is

the differences between the two Houses is regarded as hopeless.
London Aug. 3.—In the House of Commons this afternoon Gladstone proposed not to take up the Arrears Bill until Tuesday, as he did not wish to do anything precipitately before arriving at what might be a momentous decision. The statement was received with cheers.

The Daily News learns that the Conservative leaders of Parliament are divided in opinion as to the expediency

servative leaders of Parliament are divided in opinion as to the expediency of insisting upon the amendments offered in the Lords to the Arrears Bill. Earl Cairns, in the Lords, and Ashton Cross, in the Commons, are said to favor a com-

London, Aug. 5.—A confidential circular has been addressed to the County Inspectors throughout Ireland, requesting them to report whether any large number of persons from their district are arranging to visit Dublic.

them to report whether any large number of persons from their district are arranging to visit Dublin on the occasion of the opening of the Exhibition and the unveiling of the O'Connell statue, and whether the leading Land Leaguers of Fenian suspects are expected to be present.

Tuam, Aug. 5.—Richard Kelly, proprietor of the Tuam Herald, was committed for trial to day for publishing an article written by James Redpath, which is alleged to be the incitement to the murder of Rourke. Bail was accepted. The vicinity of the court was crowded during the examination.

The vicinity of the court was crowded during the examination.

Dublin, Aug. 5.—According to telegraph advices from every part of Ireland the constabulary are determined to have their grievances remedied or resign. Clifford Lloyd had the Limerick men paraded yesterday, and upbraided them for their conduct, saying if they were soldiers they would be shot. The mon replied they were not soldiers, and denied for their conduct, saying if they were soldiers they would be shot. The man replied they were not soldiers, and denied acting disloyally. They refused to withdraw their circular. The Inspector-General had them again paraded and told them they were acting badly; Government was losing confidence in their loyalty and they were playing into the hands of the enemies of the Government. He asked them to withdraw the circular, and promised if they do so that their claims would be represented to the Government and certain allowances made them. The men again refused and threatened to resign within eight days if they did not in the meantime receive a favorable answer. It was intimated that the officers, in consequence of Lloyd's language, will not parade for him again.

Egypt.

Alexandria, Aug. 3.—Persons from Kafr El Dowar estimate Arabi's force at 70,000. Arabi has issued a proclamation accusing the English of cowardice, taunting them and daring them to attack him. He has forbidden the inhabitants to supply fresh provisions to Christians on pain of death.

ply fresh provisions of death.

HIS PROCLAMATION.

Arabi Pasha's proclamation states that Egyptian soldiers with excusable zeal fired only the buildings belonging to hostile Europeans and killed only those detected in communicating with the enemy. "The Khedive having opened the gates of the city to English troops, for this act he is deposed by the Sultan, who will send troops to assist us to drive out our enemies.

"ARABI," Commanding Egpyt, as representative of

"the Sultan. "the Sultan."

Alexandria, Aug. 4.—There was a skirmish this morning on the left front of the British 'nes. The attack was made by the enemy and promptly rep'ied to. The en-

emy is in great force.
London, Aug. 4.—A correspondent of
the Daily News telegraphs from Alexandria: In the reconnoissance Thursday a
breastwork was found finished at a point on the Mahmondieh Canel already ed by British pickets. It is clear that pied by British pickets. It is clear that A-abi means to remain on the defensive His real resistance will begin at Kafriel Dowar. We could have skirmishes every day if Gen. Alison allowed the English to amuse themselves. He has forbidden the mere potting of Arabs who appear within range. The health of the troops is excellent. only one and a half per cent. being

Alexandria, Aug. 2.-A scree took place last evening. There is a clump of trees on the Sweet Water Canel about the centre of the British outpost, guarded by a company of the 60th Ri.es. Men were duly posted there last evening and cautioned by General Allison as to the necessity of maintaining absolute stead'iness in the event of an attack in force, and were ordered to fall back in order on a barricaded house by the canal. The instructions were apprently fully understood and the General left sat-isfied. About 2 o'clock the enemy suddenly appeared on the left of our outpost, with infantry and cave'y. They here as proached very rapid'y unobserved, and, before our men had time to check their these capacitations of these states. before our men had time to check their advance, they charged the clamp of trees at a great pace. The rifles fired a single volley and then broke and ran cong the bank of the chal. The outlook was very defective, and worse, still, the retreating the rallying point and never stopped ru-the rallying point and never stopped ru-they reached the fortified water-work til they reached the formed water-works bill, about a mile distant. Four of them even ran till they reached camp, where they spread all sorts of ridiculous rumors, such as that they had lost all their com-rades; had last seen Major Ward su counded by the enemy, and similar nonsense.

continues. Arabi sent fourteen men with a white flag to the British camp this morn-ing. The party were received by Major Pringle, but the interview was without re-

sult.

London, Aug. 5.—The diplomatic perplexity regarding Egyptian affairs is increasing throughout Europe.

Alexandria, Aug. 5—11:30 p. m.—The object of the operations to-day was a reconnaissance in force. Commencing at four o'clock this afternoon a steady advance was made, the marines upon the railway line, the rifles upon the west bank of the Mahmoudieh Canal, and the South Staffordshire Regiment and Mounted Infantry upon the east bank. The enemy were

DRIVEN IN FROM ALL THEIR POSITIONS DRIVEN IN FROM ALL THEIR POSITIONS and compelled to bring into action all their troops available in front of their principal line of intrenchments at the Kafr-el-Owar, namely, about four battalions of infantry, a force of cavalry and several guns. The latter were completely silenced before the accurate fire of our forty-pounders. The Egyptian infantry held their ground with considerable steadiness. The marines on the railway, who were under the immediate command steadiness. The marines on the railway, who were under the immediate command of General Alison, pushed the enemy back upon their second line of intrenchments toward Kafr-el-dwar. The marines were supported by the South Staffordshire regiment and rifles. They suffered somewhat, but behaved with the greatest coolness and steadiness under heavy fire. The object of the British operations, which was to compel the enemy to display what force and what guns they had in front of their main position. their main position.

their main position.

Canadian.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 4.—The Chinese agents are buying Crown lands in the Province with a view to the settlement of

Province with a view to the settlement of arge numbers of families for agricultural purposes thereon. This action is regarded with great disfavor by the people.

Word has been received that King Cetewayo, who is now in London, would arrive in America about the 8th proximo and would visit the capital a few weeks afterward.

afterward.

Rev. Father Bellow, an eminent
French R. C. divine, and General Superintendent of the Christian Brothers'
Schools, died on Thursday.

It is understood that the Hon. Frank

Smith has been sworn in as member of Privy Council without portfolio, Hon. D. L. Macpherson becoming President of the

Two young men named John W. Kordes and Richard A. Edwards were drewned in the Thames on Sunday last while bathing.

United States.

New York, Aug.5.—Rev. D. C. Hanselman, of the Disciples' Church, is on trial before committee of preachers, charged by the female members of the congregation with hugging and kissing them. One woman says after Hanselman performed the funeral services of her husband be called at her house and suddenly band, he called at her house and suddenly kissed and embraced her several times. Hanselman alleges blackmail, and produces a letter from the husband of one of the accusers offering a settlement for

EGYPT.

The American.

The traders begin the wars," said Sir Cherles Napier, "and the soldiers end them." The gellant general meant by this statement that trade is the great provoker of international enmities, and not the "first white winged presemples" of the "fair, white-winged peacemaker" of Tennyson's ode. The great trading com-munities have been the most constantly munities have been the most constantly engaged in war. Carthage, like Tyre and Sidon, fought incess utly for the extension of its commerce. Rome was a great trading centre, before she became a great m'ita, city, and her battle for life and death with Carthage was a battle for the commercial control of the Mediterns and Livrage the isolayer of the Romer and Livrage the isolayer of the Romer and the state of the Romer and Livrage the isolayer of the Romer and Livrage the isolayer of the Romer and the state of the state of the Romer and the state of the state of the state of the state ranean. It was the jealousy of the Roman bankers which seconded effectively Cato's "Carthago delenda est," and which led to the final destruction of the rival city. Similarly, Venice, throughout the Midde Ages, was everywhere drawn into wars for the defence and extension of her trade. Her ships of war were but the necessary escort of her great mercant e

England inherits the traditions of Tyre England inherits the traditiors of Tyre, and Sidon, Carthage, Rome and Ver'ce. For the past hundred years, she seldom has enjoyed even a bilef period of absolute peace. She has had more fighting than all the rest of Europe taken together. Genere'ly her fighting has been in the line of domineering over weaker powers than herself. Since 1815, she has shrunk from proven kind of cellision with nations reevery kind of collision with nations re-garded as her equals; but in every corner of the world she has been forcing her rule and her trade by military power, upor

weak but resisting peoples.

The curious campaign now progressing in Egypt, is therefore not an exceptional event. It is but a new chapter in a policy which has become so well estabnished, that Englishmen begin to think themselves discharged from any considera-tion of its rightness or its wongness. It than become almost axiomatic with them, that whatever stands in the way of British trade is to be crushed by superior force. When Lord Beaconsfield went into war for "a scientific frontier," the solid good sense of England refused to follow him. sense of England refused to follow him. Liberal leaders charged I'm with setting up a Moloch can'ed "British Interests," to which he was ready to sacrifice every other people, if need were. It was one of the signal instances of b's fa'ure to understand the people he was governing. Had he said "a commercial frontier,"—had he he was that the commercial frontier, and shows The company instantly moved forward to the bank of the Canal. The enemy had apparently not followed the fugitives far,

but had taken the rifles they had thrown away in their flight and secured their reserve of ammunition. The scare of the company created a terribly indignant feeling throughout the British camp. The position they abandoned has been recaptured, but it is clear that severe training in outpost duty will be required by some of our troops. The fugitives have been placed under arrest. There was a harmless demonstration against an exactly similar position during the previous night.

Alexandria, Aug. 5-6.45 p. m.—At five this afternoon the British troops, with a number of field guns served by sailors, attacked the advance guard of Arabi near Ramleh, between Mahmondieh Canal and the Carlo Railroad, firing upon the enemy's position from three sides. The engagement, which is serious, still continues. Arabi sent fourteen men with a white flag to the British camp this morning. The party were received by Major. Beingla hut the interview was withen and kills thousands of his subjects, while duces public works and palaces to ruins, and kills thousands of his subjects, while professing the keenest anxiety for the maintainance of his authority. She courts his invitation to assist in rebuilding maintainance of his authority. She courts his invitation to assist in rebuilding the edifice of public order, on the ruin she has made. And all this she does, in order to effect a change of ministry in Egypt. The Khedive's minister of war, recognized as such by his master even after the bombardment of Alexandria, is regarded as offensive to his master and hostile to British interests. To secure his removal from office this unheralded war is waged. Be it noted, that the Khedive did not make that public a peal for assistance against Arabi Pasha, which international law exacts as a preliminary to foreign interference. On the contrary, he recognized him as the only man who could maintain order in Egypt, and declared that he held him responsible for the lives of the foreigners who are resident in Egypt. So far as the rules of international law extend, England was bound to assume that the Khedive was satisfied with his servant, and was responsible for he assume that the Khedive was satisfied with his servant, and was responsible for his acts. She certainly found in Egypt no evidence of a revolt against constituted authority. At the most, there was an agitation for a larger measure of liberty of action than the Khedive has been used to accord to his people.

There is no proof that Arabi Pasha meant to take any step which would imperil the usefulness of the Suez Canal, nor even that he meant to put an end by violence to the foreign control of Egyptian finances. Here, also, the English have proceeded without that public warrant for their action, which the world has the right to exact. But this is only natural. The spirit of trade is a spirit of jealousy and suspicion. It constantly is jealousy and suspicion. It constantly is seeing remote dangers and possible perils. Its best exponent is in the fluctuations of the money and other markets, which arise so often from circumstances of no practiso often from circumstances of no practical importance, but express the nervous and feverish temper which results from making prosperity dependent on remote contingencies. The foreign control was set up in Egypt, nominally to secure the payment of the debt, but really to secure the Canal. Arabi Bey professes to be quite friendly to the control, but hostile to its policy of filling Egypt with an army of French and Erglish officials. It is the possibility that this first step may lead to the abolition of the control itself, and that to the abolition of the safety of the Canal, that has led, first to diplomatic pressure, and then to war. It is another case of the possibly desirable doorplate, with the name Thompson spelled with a P.

a P.

The conduct of the Egyptians, even as seen through the mass of misrepresentation and prejudice, is such as to entitle them to the sympathy of mankind. That they fought bravely in the defence of their untenable earthworks, is shown not their untenable earthworks, is shown hot more clearly by the reluctant testimony of their enemies, than by the evident unwillingness of Admiral Seymour to court another conflict with them. That they set Alexandria on fire before evacuating plundering is not said to have begun before the troops left the city. It was orly the resumption of the outrages which Arabi Bey had put down, with a strong hand, a few weeks before. Every despotic and concupt government tends to create a great population of reckless and deperate men, whose opportunity comes in the horrors of a bombardment. At any rate, the people of Egypt stand higher before the world to-day, than was thought possible ten years ago. The respectful terms in which M. de Freycinet refers to the in national espirations, and virtually terms "I which M. de Freychet refers to the national espirations, and virtually pledges the support of France to these, would have been impossible, had not this Fellah leader shown of what stuff they were made. Even England is beginning to see that Egypt cannot be treated as an appendage to a capal and a debt

appendage to a canal and a debt.

The general sympathy of the world is against England in her Egyptian policy.

Germany and Austria have distinctly refused to express their approval. Turkey telegraphed to London, demanding the cessation of the bombardment. Italy has res'sted English pretensions in Egypt throughout the struggle. Russia gives her assent to the concurrent views of her assent to the concurrent views of Europe. France refused to participate in active measures, and nothing but diplomatic necessity has forced her to agree with England for a three months' occupation of the Canal. It is simply hypocrisy for England to talk of obeying the "Euro-pean Concert" in Egypt. That Concert demanded Turkish intervention, and con-It is simply hypocrisy of obeying the "Eurodemns the bombardment as a grave viola-

demns the bombardment as a grave volu-tion of the laws of nations.

One country only is made, by its repre-sentatives to assume the attitude of co-op-eration with England. That country is America. The conduct of the American commander at Alexandria has been offensively toadyish throughout. He alone sent to the Egyptians a message threaten-ing them with his fire, if their shot came ing them with his are, it they shot came his way. He placed our national vessels at the disposal of the unofficial representa-tives of England, keeping our ships within range of danger, when those of every other nation had withdrawn from the harbor. He c'one carried his crew round the harbor after the firing had ceased, to applaud the British crews by their cheers. He was the first to land marines to help in "restoring order." In every possible way, he has manifested his personal sympathy with the English expedition. That his conduct has been "above all praise," is the comment of The Morning Post, the organ of English Jingoism. Preise from that quarter is, under the circumstances, the worst censure that could be pronounced. harbor. He c'one carried his crew round worst censure that could be pronounced.

You will love and marry. It is well; it is right; but do not be in such a hurry to be grown up and away from home. Life will never give you anything eweeter, better, happier than you have now. No love purer than your mother's, no companionship like that of your brothers and sisters. Even to the man who loves you you will not be little Lily, who was a baby once, who learned to walk and to talk, and was prettier than any other baby ever was; nor the little girl who was so wonderful a genius when she played her first tune on the piano, or worked her first book-mark. He who falls in love with you will have known twenty pretty girls, you will have known twenty pretty girls, and have been in love with half of them. In some things you will fall short of some one he has known. Your eyes will not be as fine as those of Miss Lavinia, and you as fine as those of Miss Lavinia, and you will not make cake as his mother does. Here you have been perfection, even if prudence kept your parents from saying so; they cannot believe anyone quite so nice as "our Lily." Then linger a little where some one else shoulders the burdens and gives you all the ease, where the love is a love that does not change because of a new face, where the fonder you are the more you are adored. are the more you are adored.

Neatness in Women.

A woman may be handsome or remarkably attractive in various ways; but if she is not personally neat, she can not hope to win admiration. Fine clothes will not conceal a slattern. Ayoung woman with her hair in disorder and her clothes hangher hair in disorder and her clothes hang-ing about her as if suspended from a prop, is always repulsive. Slattern is always written on her person from the crown of her head to the soles of her feet; and if she wins a husband, he will turn out, in all probability, either an idle fool or drunken ruffian. The bringing up of their daughters to be able to work, talk and act like sensible women, is the special task of all mothers; and in the special task of all mothers; and in the industrial ranks there is imposed also the prime obligation of learning to respect household work for its own sake, and the comfort and happiness it will bring in the future. Household work is a drudgery; but it must be done by somebody, and had better be well than ill done.—

Monroe Journal. A gourd wound itself round a lofty palm, and in a few weeks climbed up to its very top. "How old mayest thou be?" asked the newcomer. "About a hundred years," was the answer. "A hundred years and no taller! Only look! I have grown as tall as you in fewer days than you count years." "I know that well," replied the palm. "Every summer of any life a gourd has climbed up around me as proud as thou art, and as short-lived as thou wilt be."

REMOVED.—Prof. A. M. Shrieves, Pro-prietor of Pride of the Valley Medicine, has removed from 110 Bathurst street, to 355 Richmond street.

What is Said of the "Record."

Prince Arthur's Landing, Ont,
July 31st, 1882.
MR. Thos. Coffer will please find herein
enclosed P. O. order for \$2.00, from Father
Baxter, S. J., here—his subscription to this
excellent paper. He feels convinced that it
will be a blessing in every family in which it
will be read, and prays that God may bless
the publisher and his associates.

TEACHERS WANTED.

We direct attention to an advertisement in another column from the Board of Separate School Trustees of Ottawa, calling willingness of Admiral Seymour to court another conflict with them. That they set Alexandria on fire before evacuating it, was exactly to be expected. The plundering is not said to have begun before the treams left the right of the result o for the vacant positions will be large enough to give the board the widest lati-tude in its selection.

> **"Necessity is the mother of invent-ion." Diseases of the Liver, kidneys and bowels brought forth that sovereign rem-edy Kidney-Wort, which is nature's nor-mal curative for all those dire complaints. In either liquid or dry form it is a perfect remedy for those terrible diseases that ause so many deaths.

A pint of the finest ink for families or schools can be made from a ten-cent package of Diamond Dye. Try them.

Healthy Condition of Affairs In

Healthy Condition of Affairs In Louisiana.

At the 146th Grand Monthly Drawing of The Louisiana State Lottery at New Orleans, on Tuesday, July 11th, 1882, the following result achieved was especially gratifying to the parties directly interested. Ticket No. \$5,003 drew \$75,000. It was sold in fifths at \$1 each to (1) William Martin, a well known colored barber of Bangor, Mich; (2) Phil. Witzleben, care of Meesrs. R. G. Dun & Co., Detroit, Mich.; (3) Wm. W. Irwin, a clerk in the Auditor's Office of the L. & N. R. R. Co., at Louisville, Ky., collected through the Western Financial Corporation there; (4) Ed. E. Richardson and Joseph Lyles of Reidville, N.C.; and (5) a party whose name is withheld by request. The scondicapital of \$25,000 was won by ticket No. \$2,395. The third capital prize of \$10,000 was won by ticket No. \$0,070—sold in fifths also at \$1 each to several holders among others two to C. Pittman, Mt. Vernon, Ky., collected through Farmers Nat. Bank of Stanford, Ky., one to H. B. Maynard, 220 Third st., and F. A. Mag1, 162 Ursuline; st., New Orleans, etc. The two fourth capital prizes —\$6,000—were won by tickets No. 5,888 and 29,440 also sold in fifths—one to L. Dupeire, \$34 Dauphine st., New Orleans; one to J. G. Spear, 16 Boylston Market, Boston, Mass., one to P. S. Dicharry, Ascension Parish, La; one to Jno. H. Scott, a hostler, W. & G. R. R., Washington, D. C. The other holders declined the publication of their names. The next drawing will occur on Tuesday, Sept. 12th, and will be under the sole supervision of Gen'ls G. T. Beauregard Cla., and Jubal A. Early of Va. Under the new scheme recently adopted whole tickets are \$5, and fifths \$1; full information can be had on application to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La., who cheerfully replies to all enquiries.

TEACHER WANTED.

A Female Teacher holding 2nd or 3rd class Certificate, for Prescott Separate School. Apply stating age and salary to JOHN GIBSON, Secy., Separate School Board. Box 205, Prescott, Ont.

TEACHER WANTED.

A Teacher, Male or Female, holding a 2nd class Certificate for the Separate School of Parkhill. Service to commence after the vacation. Apply to JOHN McNEIL, Secy., Parkhill P. O., Ott.

TEACHERS WANTED for the R. C. Separate Schools of the City of Ottawa, reopening September 3rd. One male teacher holding 2nd Class Ontario Normal School holding 2nd Class Ontario Norma:

Diploma—salary, 8500.

Diploma—salary, 8500.

Application to be accompanied by certificate of moral character. A knowledge of vocal music desirable.

Apply immediately to

REV. M. J. WHELAN,

Chairman Board S. S.

200-1f Trustees.

The Public is requested carefully to notice he new and enlarged Scheme to be drawn Monthly.

L. S. L. LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable proposes, with a capital of \$1,000,000, to which a reserve fund of \$550,000 has since been ad-

purposes, with a capital of \$1,000,000. to which a reserve fund of \$550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted Dec. 2nd, A.D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

IT NEVER SCALES OR POSTPONES.
Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place Monthly.

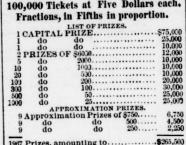
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. Ninth Grand Drawing Class I, at New Orleans, Tuesday, September 12, 1882—181th Monthly Drawing.

Look at the following Scheme, under the exclusive supervision and management of GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La., and GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia, who manage all the drawings of the Company, both ordinary and semi-annual, and attest the correctness of the published Official Lists.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000.

100,000 Tickets at Five Bollars each.

100,000 Tickets at Five Bollars each. Fractions, in Fifths in proportion.



or M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.

807 Seventh St., Washington, D.C.
N. B.—Orders addressed to New Orleans
will receive prompt attention.

200-4w M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.

St. JEROME'S COLLEGE

BERLIN, ONT. (ON THE GRAND TRUNK R. R.)

This Institute, which is now greatly enlarged, is conducted by the Fathers of the Resurrection of Our Lord. Its aim is to prepare students for Theological Seminaries

and for Universities. The classical curriculum, a thorough course of Mental Philosophy included, embraces

FIVE years. All classes are taught in the English

TERMS-\$112.50 for ten months.

For particulars address P. LOUIS FUNCKEN, C. R., D. D.,

Rector, Berlin, Ont:

KIDNEY-WORT IS A SURE CURE -LIVER -

It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of is Bile, and by keeping the book is Bile, and by keeping the book

are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.

In the Spring to cleame the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.

61- SOLD BY DRUCQISTS. Price \$1.

KIRNEY-WORT COJLEGE OF OTTAWA.

CONDUCTED BY THE OBLATE FATHERS OF MARY IMMACULATE.

Course Opens 6th September.



NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE letting of the works for the FENE-LON FALLS, BUCKHORN and BUR-LEIGH CANALS, advertised to take place on the second day of August next, is unavoidably further postponed to the following dates:

Tenders will be received until Thursday, the twenty-fourth day of August next.

Plans, specifications, &c., will be ready for examination (at the places previously mentioned) on Thursday, the tenth day of August next.

By order, A. P. BRADLEY, Secreta

Dept. of Railways and Canals, { Ottawa, 15th July, 1882.

TEACHERS WANTED, RAFERTY'S

SHA FOAM BAKING POWDER!

JAS. RAFERTY,

LONDON, - - ONTARIO. Ask your grocer for it. 200-4w

CATHOLIC BOOK STORE.

I have just opened out in my new store, corner of

DUFFERIN AVENUE

RICHMOND STREET,

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

CATHOLIC

${ t BOOKS}$

INCLUDING PRAYER BOOKS.

Also BEADS, SCAPULARS, STATUES, and other objects of devotion.

The stock will be the largest and best assorted ever imported into Ontario. It has been bought for cash, and the prices will be such as to be within the reach of

A LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF

STATIONERY

SCHOOL BOOKS WILL BE ALSO KEPT ON HAND.

THOS. COFFEY.



WELLAND CANAL ENLARGEMENT,

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for the Welland Canal," will be received at this Office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western Mails on FRIDAY THE 1ST DAY OF SEPTEMBER next, for the deepening and completion of that part of the Welland Canal, between Ramey's Bend and Port Colborne, known as Section No. 34, embracing the greater part of what is called the Rock Cut." Plans showing the position of the work, and specifications for what remains to be done, can be seen at this Office, and at the Resident Engineer's office, Welland, on and after FRIDAY, THE ISTH DAY OF AUGUST Resident Engineer's office, Welland, on and after FRIDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF AUGUST next, where printed forms of tender can be obtained.

next, where printed forms of tender can be obtained.

Contractors are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and, in the case of firms, except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same; and further, an accepted bank cheque for the sum of four thousand dollars must accompany the respective tenders which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the works, at the rates stated in the offer submitted.

The cheque or money thus sent in will be returned to the respective contractors whose Tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals, }

Ottawa 15th Lay 1850.



TRADE MARK REGISTERED. Pride of the Valley cures Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Coughs, Colds, Chills and Fever, Fever

and Fever, Fever and Ague.

Read one of the testimonials of which we could give thousands,
"I certify that I was troubled with Catarrh in the head, gathering of phlegm in the throat, tooking and coughing at night for years, so I could not sleep, often troubled with dull, lifeless feelings, pains in the chest and back. After giving hundreds of dollars to doctors and giving up all hopes, I tried the PRIDE of THE VALLEY, and am now able to do my work after seven year's sickness."

202 Simcoe Street, London, Ont 'The above statement of my wife's is correct,'
JAMES MCNEIL.

For sale by all druggists, manufactured by

For sale ty all druggists, manufactured by Prof A. M Shrives. London, Ont.

\$72 A WEEK. \$12 a day at home easily made. Costly Outfit free. Address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. nov10.81.ly OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 Days. No Pay until Cured. J. L. STEPHENS, M. D., Lebanon, Ohio.