returned to the sender and refund order in his layor made out for the amount of the fees sent in. This regu-lation shall not include the application

While the enforcing of this regu-lation may work a little inconvenience to some at the start, it seems to be in the best interests of the breeders generally. It serves to facilitate mat-ters in the office and enables the officials to get out the work in good

meals to ge. ANSWERS

AAAAAAAAAAAAA Brick Wall for Granary

I would like to know whether grain will keep against a brick wall? I am will keep against a brick wall? I am going to raise my barn up one wall next spring and want to put the granary down below.

Lambton Co., Ont.

A brick or a series of the property of the pro

Frost in Root Cellar

one inch boards, then a two-inch scantling laid down and on top of this a covering of two-inch plank. For a door I have a double one, with a thickness of heavy felt and an air space, all of which I was in hopes would make it frost proof, but am sorry to say it has disappointed me in that respect. Can you devise some means whereby that end may be attained. Would an outside window or take the control of the properties of the year and appreciate the articles very much.—Chas. E Kaiser, Elgin Co., Out.

As this winter is nearly over and as nothing can be done just now in the way of remodelling the structure, why not try burning a lamp in the toot house on very cold nights. We know of several cases where this has been done with considerable success in keeping out frost. The hear that the lamp will give out may be just sufficient to keep the frost out. Of tamp is handled say there will be no danger from fire.

Your best plan when the winter is

danger from fire.

Your best plan when the winter is over is to build a right board wall inside the root house, leaving a dead air space of about 6 inches. This can be easily done by putting up six-inch seantling and boarding on these. The tried brick though bollow, does not give the same effect. Also see that the space between the wall and the space between the outside wall, is tightly closely. The outside wall, is tightly closely.

is tightly closed. This can best be filled up with cement.

To get ventilation in a root house, a good plan is to build a sub-earth duct or pipe. Have this open to the outside and extend down below the

BREEDERS' HORSE SHOW

Under the auspices of the Ontario Horse Breeders' Association

TORONTO,

FEB. 20, 21, 22, 23, 1907

Entries Close Feb. 9th.

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ground, coming up into the centre of the root house. Though this pipe will be open at the outside, the frost will not penetrate further than the usual distance in the ground. By having a ventilator opening up through the barn, this will give a circulation of air through the root house and help to keep it dry. The dead second wall, as described house, will all these for unvertices proof.

Forester Wanted

Will you kindly inform me where

lieve there needs to be some one, as in the winter time many people go after wood for fuel, and because they don't know where to go, they often take wood off homestead land. Will you answer us please in The Faures Wong. "S. Sackers in The Faures Wong." S. Sackers in The Faures Wong. "S. Sackers in The Faures Wong." S. Sackers in The Faures Wong. "S. Sackers in The Faures Wong." Sackers in Sack

Treatment of Spavin

1. I have a heavy draft horse, that as developed what I am told is a ack spavin. There is a hard, bony has develope jack spavin.

growth at the lower part of left hock joint, on the inside, a little to the front; and the horse is quite lame; it is a bone spayin and what is the treatment? 2 Another horse, five years old, when he commences to get warmed up, acts as though he felt very uncomfortable. Last summer, while ranning loose, he bit his flanks until he had the hair all off a good sized patch, which was quite lumpy. He is very late in sheeding he had been depended Would a wash of some kind do him good? I don't think there are any insects on him. I am feeding raw potatoes and sheaf oats—M. S. P.

1. Your horse has spavin, or, as horsemen term it sometimes, a "jack." The treatment required is rest and blistering, though if professional skill is at hand, it would be better to fire than to blister. The following is a suitable blister: Biniodide of mercury one drachm, cantha-

following is a suitable bister: bimodide of mercury one drachm, cantha-rides two drachms, lard two ounces. Mix well together. This is applied by brisk rubbing for ten minutes, first by brisk rubbing for ten minutes, first removing the hair. Repeat the blister every fortnight for several times and rest horse completely. 2. Some su-spicion of lice in this case, Wash him with creolin and water (1 to 50) when you can find a really mild day, and clip him as early in the spring as possible.