

# A Terrible Introduction of the Mongolians to Modern Arms— No Confirmation of the Reported Arrival of Admiral Seymour.

London, June 21, 3.50 a.m.—The reports of Admiral Seymour's arrival at Peking and of the safety of the foreign legations originating from Chinese sources and dated to this city from Shanghai, are still unverified. However, the Italian consul at Shanghai has wired to the Italian foreign minister, Marquis Visconti Venosta, that the legations are safe.

The rebellion is spreading far and wide. There is an impression in diplomatic circles here and on the continent that the allies have not yet grappled with the situation effectively and that even 50,000 troops would be powerless to do more than control 4,000,000 square miles.

The latest story sent out by the Shanghai gossip is that Prince Tuan, president of the Young Lu Yamen, has burned the imperial palace at Peking and murdered the emperor and that the empress dowager has committed suicide.

The effect of the bombardment of the Taku forts, as described by the Shanghai correspondents, was very in the extreme—nothing less than "rivers of blood" and "mutilated corpses lying up inside the forts."

The Russians guarding Tien Tsin, according to another report, fired artillery and rifles June 15 at a range of 50 yards into dense crowds of attacking Boxers and killed 300.

Japan, according to a despatch to the Daily Mail from Yokohama, intends to land an expedition at Chefoo.

**Americans Not in the Attack.**

Washington, June 20.—The navy department has just given out the following statement regarding the contents of a despatch from Admiral Kempf, brought from Taku to Chefoo and forwarded by Commander Tansig of the Yorktown:

"The department has received a cablegram from Admiral Kempf dated June 20, 1900. He says that the Taku forts were captured by the other foreign powers, and that firing was heard at Tien Tsin on the evening of the 17th instant. He is making common cause with the foreign powers for general protection. There are 300 Americans ashore. On May 31 the number of foreign troops at Peking was 430. There are 6,000 men ashore at Chefoo now and about 3,000 troops, Russian, German and English have just arrived."

**Reliance of Officials.**

Owing to the disinclination of acting secretary Hackett to take the responsibility upon his shoulders of making public any portion of Admiral Kempf's despatch, it was not until late in the afternoon after the president had given his approval that the rather meagre statement of the admiral's communication was given out. It is then found to contain little that is new.

Persistent inquiry developed the fact that the date of the cablegram was Chefoo, June 20th. The admiral's statement that heavy firing was heard at Tien Tsin on the evening of the 17th, possibly is the basis for the report current in Europe that Peking was attacked that day by the foreign column though it seems incredible that the sound of any such artillery as could have been carried by Admiral Seymour's light column should have been heard 75 miles, the distance from Peking to Tien Tsin.

It is possible that the admiral means that he himself at Taku heard heavy firing in progress at Tien Tsin, 30 miles distant.

**Regret Absence of American Ships.**

Naval officers generally bitterly regret that Admiral Kempf was not in the fighting at Taku. Up to the receipt of his despatch they had continued to hope that the American naval forces had taken some part in repelling the attack of the Chinese forces. But the admiral's statement that they were captured by the "other foreign forces" dismissed that hope. The prevailing idea among the naval officers is that the reduction of these forts was absolutely necessary to the safe passage of an international relief expedition to Peking and that Admiral Kempf should have found it to be within his duty in the protection of "all" American interests, to have borne his part in the burden. Much depends, however, on the exact terms of his instructions and in fact it is not yet known definitely whether or not he actually received all his instructions. The responsible officials therefore, are making no criticisms of the admiral's conduct.

**Distance an Obstacle.**

The administration is said to be very much embarrassed because of the length of time which necessarily will elapse before the United States military reinforcements reach China. When General MacArthur at Manila received instructions to send a regiment of infantry to Taku with all possible haste, it was impossible for him to comply immediately because of raging storms. Had the orders for the troops been issued when the troubles at Peking were reported to be inevitable, it is more than likely that troops now would be on Chinese soil.

**Evidently Unprepared.**

There is every assurance that General MacArthur executed his instructions as promptly as possible. An evidence of the total unpreparedness of the foreign colony in Peking for the Boxer uprising is afforded by a mail report to the state department from Minister Conger in which he wrote from Peking April 16, 1900, that he had succeeded in obtaining permission from the Tsung Li Yamen to admit free duty of the goods to be placed on exhibition in the American warehouse in Shanghai to be established by the National Association of Manufacturers. Bond was to be given that none of the goods would be sold. Evidently the minister was zealously voting his attention to the introduction of American wares into China without apprehension of a reactionary movement.

**Latest from Yun Nan Fu.**

Paris, June 20.—The French consul at Mong Tse cables that he has received from M. Francois, French consul at Yun Nan Fu the following telegram, dated June 15:

"We were attacked on June 10 on leaving Yun Nan Fu, and were forced to return to the town. All our baggage was rifled, and the mission and railroad buildings were burned, except my residence. I had a good fight with my countrymen and we defended with our rifles."

After 24 hours the Mandarins having

at last taken measures, I called upon them to conduct us to the frontier and I expect them to answer for the safety of the roads.

"It is urgent that the government should demand peremptorily that we be permitted to leave, as we are like prisoners; but the French troops in Indo-China must not cross the frontier. All the Frenchmen are safe at the present moment."

The consul at Mong Tse adds that the situation there is still critical. Alarms are frequent, but thus far there have been no serious incidents.

The despatch from M. Francois is a day later than the last previous news.

**Seymour Fought His Way In.**

London, June 20.—A news agency despatch from Shanghai, dated June 20, says:

"After an arduous march and frequent fighting with the Chinese, Vice-Admiral Seymour arrived at Peking Sunday afternoon. On five occasions the Chinese attacked the column with great force. There were many mounted men among the Chinese but most of the natives were badly armed. At times they fought with admirable courage and bravery. The losses of the Chinese during the march are estimated at 500 killed. The losses of the foreigners were trifling."

"The exact state of affairs inside Peking, it is impossible to describe, in view of the many conflicting reports, nothing having been received from the legations or foreigners there."

"Surprise is expressed at the fact that a large force of Indian troops has not been ordered here."

**Want Postal Connection.**

Berlin, June 20.—The German consul at Chefoo has been instructed to consult with the commander of the German squadron with the view of establishing postal connection with Taku.

The German steamer "Lloyd" steamer Frankfurt and Wittkind have been chartered to transport German marines to China. They will leave in about a week.

**Italians Report Legations Saved.**

Rome, June 20.—In the senate today in response to an interpolation on the situation in China the Marquis Visconti, the minister of foreign affairs, was asked, telegraphically asking the house to adjourn the debate, adding that a despatch from the Italian consul at Shanghai had been received today saying the legations had been saved.

**Yorktown at Chefoo.**

Washington, June 20.—A cablegram has just been received at the navy department from the Yorktown at Chefoo from Taku, where he went with despatches from the department. Another cablegram is expected shortly from Tansig describing conditions at Taku.

**Six Days' Silence.**

Washington, June 20.—A cablegram was received at the state department this morning from United States Consul Fowler, at Chefoo.

The report says that no communication has been had with Peking for six days past; that the mission at San Chow has been hoisted; that the Chinese general carried the mission off in safety to an unknown place. The Chinese ships in the harbor have left for the south. The Russians continue to land troops at Taku.

**Training Ship May Go East.**

Southampton, June 20.—Hurry orders have been issued for coaling the United States training ship Buffalo. All leaves of absence have been cancelled and all hands have been ordered on board in order that she may be ready tomorrow morning. Officers say they do not know her destination, but believe she is bound for China.

The Buffalo was scheduled to go to Christians and thence to the United States.

These orders are said to have been revoked. It is claimed she has about 700 men on board of her.

"Three thousand Russian troops are not leave for a month, owing to lack of equipment."

**Transports Sail from Japan.**

Washington, June 20.—The American minister at Tokyo telegraphs that two transports with 1,300 men and 300 horses sailed today from Japan for Taku. That 600 Japanese troops have already landed before the United States military reinforcements reach China. When General MacArthur at Manila received instructions to send a regiment of infantry to Taku with all possible haste, it was impossible for him to comply immediately because of raging storms. Had the orders for the troops been issued when the troubles at Peking were reported to be inevitable, it is more than likely that troops now would be on Chinese soil.

**Allies Have the Chinese Admiral.**

London, June 20.—The British admiral has received a telegram from Rear Admiral Bruce, dated Taku, June 18, via Chefoo, June 20. After a mere mention of the capture of the forts at Taku, Admiral Bruce adds:

"The Chinese admiral was present with allied fleet, his flag flying from a cruiser. At a meeting June 17 he agreed to anchor with the fleet, putting out his flag."

"No news from the commander-in-chief and the advance guard. A heavy fire was heard at Tien Tsin the night of June 17."

"Three thousand Russian troops commanded by a major general are here."

"My communications with the allied authorities are most harmonious."

**Merchant Vessels Stopped.**

Shanghai, June 20.—Reports from Chinese sources, credited by the local foreign officials here, say the legations at Peking were safe June 17 (Sunday) and that Admiral Seymour, with the relieving column, reached Peking that day.

The Peking news wires today emanated from the administrator of the Chinese telegraphs.

Merchant steamers are not allowed to proceed to Tien Tsin and other ports on their way there have returned to Chefoo.

Correspondence with Tien Tsin is difficult. The Chinese Merchants Company has ceased sending vessels northward.

It is learned authentically that an understanding exists between Great Britain and the viceroys of Nanking and Wu Chang, which accounts for the quietness in the Yangtze valley.

It is reported that Su is executing large numbers of suspects daily.

The British armored cruiser Undaunted arrived at Woo-Sung yesterday and cleared

for action while passing the forts as a precautionary measure.

Wire communication between Tien Tsin and Peking is impossible. The foreign officials here are totally ignorant of the state of affairs in the north.

**Telegram from Tien Tsin.**

Shanghai, June 20.—Telegrams from Tien Tsin, dated June 15 and forwarded by post, say that the foreign legations at Pao Ting Fu are safe, being guarded by the troops of Gen. Nieh. Twenty-five Americans with a gatling gun have arrived. In the foreign settlement the chapels have been burned and the mission stations of the American board of foreign missions of the Methodist Episcopal church and of the London Missionary Society are practically in the hands of the Boxers.

The local authorities are paralyzed. Sympathetic mandarin are ordered out in sedan chairs and compelled to "knot" to the Boxers in the streets. All foreign servants are deserting their masters.

The United States gunboat, the Russian battleship Navarin and the French cruiser Pascal have arrived. The German protected cruiser Kaiserin Augusta has departed for Taku.

**American Transport Due.**

London, June 21.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Times, telegraphing yesterday, says:

"An American transport from Manila is due at Taku today. Countless rumors emanating from native sources add to the local tension and the nearby native merchants are panic-stricken."

**Six Lives Lost in Lake Metapedeia.**

Udar Hill, Que., June 20.—A dreadful boating catastrophe occurred here this afternoon, resulting in the drowning of a fishing party of six persons, namely: James King, a well-known lumber merchant of Quebec, and ex-M.P. for Megantic; Mrs. Nolin, wife of R. Nolin, manager of King Bros. saw mills here; her son, and three men named Joseph, Pierre, Alfred, David and aged about 20. The party were out boating in Lake Metapedeia, about 4 miles from Udar Hill, when a sudden gale sprang up and swept them off their feet. The boat, a small one, was overturned and all six were drowned. The lake is very deep and has many hidden rocks. A witness of the accident from the shore, but there being no boats available, no assistance could be rendered. It was fully an hour before a boat could be procured and search made for the bodies. Up to a late hour the only one recovered was that of Mr. King. Mrs. Nolin leaves a husband, and a child three years old.

**McINNES DISMISSED.**

The Government has not yet been made because of the absence of the Governor General.

**The West Coast.**

Cape Coast Castle, June 19.—The garrison at Kumasi is still on half rations. Sir Frederick Hodgson, governor of the Gold Coast Colony, and his wife, who are besieged here, are well. The Ashanti ammunitions are running out.

Three hundred natives were killed in the fight between the rebels and the West African soldiers under Captain Wilson on June 16.

**Off for Bisle.**

Toronto, June 20.—Lieut. Col. Delagrange, commanding of the Bisle team, Lieut. Cooks, Capt. Kirkpatrick, Sgt. McKittie, Sgt. J. C. Smith, and D. J. Munro of the Canadian volunteers, left here today for Bisle, where they will assemble. They were given a most enthusiastic send off.

**Fire in Quebec.**

Quebec, June 20.—Desire Klarens' confectionery and baking establishment on St. Joseph street was completely gutted this morning with the adjoining building owned by Mrs. P. Havel and I. G. Aubert, advocates, and Arthur Riviere, grocer. The total loss is \$10,000; partially insured.

**Indian Murderer Captured.**

Ottawa, June 20.—Frank Wayne, the Indian who murdered Thomas McAlister at Silver Lake some weeks ago, was captured last night on the Gatineau. Chief Cummings of Buckingham left at noon today to bring down the prisoner.

**Murderer Captured by Peddlers.**

Maniwaki, Que., June 20.—Frank Wayne, the alleged murderer of Thomas McAlister, was captured at the Barrier by two Syrian peddlers and reached here today. He will be taken to Hull jail to await trial.

One of the best-known instances of churches with streets through them is that of St. John the Baptist's church in Bristol, Eng. The church is situated right over the ancient gateway into the city on the Avon, and the towering spire standing high above the neighboring houses and streets is a remarkable sight, as one surveys it from the roadway below.

Visitor—"And how is the restoration fund going on, Mrs. Lydgate?" The Rector's Wife—"I'm sorry to say it's going on most unsatisfactorily. We've tried every conceivable means of getting the student's lamp, but we haven't got the money honestly, and failed; and now the rector says we must try what a bazaar will do."—Punch.

## ST. JOSEPH'S CLOSING EXERCISES.

The End of a Prosperous Year Observed With the Usual Formalities--Prizes Awarded, Degrees Granted, and Addresses Made.

University of St. Joseph's College, June 21.—The scholastic year at St. Joseph's finished today. Looking at either the number of students, which is unusually large, or at the general improvements made in halls, and infirmary and campus, this appears to have been one of the most successful years in the history of the college. At the commencement day exercises, which took place at 2.30 this afternoon, there were present a large number of guests, many of whom were there to witness many marked advances in material and educational prosperity.

The enlargement and embellishment of the premises, which have been a prominent feature in the history of our college in recent years, still continues; and while we speak, the college building is enlarging to meet the pressing demand for increased accommodations for our students, whose number, ever enlarging, this year passed the 200 limit. The addition of a story to the infirmary building will place at the disposal of the seniors a number of much coveted rooms, and by satisfactory results made the success of the year, when such accommodations will be furnished to the whole undergraduate body.

The death of Francis A. Hayes, which occurred during the year, was touchingly referred to.

Of college clubs and societies the speaker said: "The different societies have had a more or less prosperous year. St. Patrick's Academy, owing to peculiar circumstances, unusually late in organizing, but still did very good work; while St. John the Baptist's Society was never more flourishing. The fortnightly entertainments given jointly by these societies for the purpose of raising funds for the purchase of a new building, which is the goal of routine life. Another society was added to the number, the Senior Bilingual Debating Society, which promises to develop into the most beneficial literary club in the institution. Great stress is laid on the importance of acquiring proficiency in both languages, and the willingness and earnestness with which the line of action has been prosecuted are matters for congratulation to the authorities, and the success of the public debates given by the students amply testify to the good results of the system."

He commended the newly adopted plan of awarding the baccalaureate by the results of examinations; the new lecture course by men in public life and the addition of scientific apparatus to the equipment of the college.

He closed with a hopeful view of the fields of human activity and said, moreover, as if the fates had not with sufficient liberality already strewn our way with incentives to noble action, we have another picture which appeals deeply to all British subjects and Canadians. What are we to say to that great struggle now closing on African soil, and to the prominent part played by our fellow Canadians, whose valor and glory to the world is a living example of the heroism and heroism? What of that burst of loyalty which showed a wondering world that the myriad heart of this colonial empire pulsates in rhythmic unison with the sentiments of old England? We are proud of the part our countrymen acted, and we are proud of the part they played in the realization of our possibilities. When the great black war cloud shall have lifted its awful form from the darkened land, the last of our countrymen, the Canadian, shall have died away in the distance of time, we hope that all Canadians will point to that arena as that in which were buried all local differences and from which sprang up a healthy growth of national unity and sentiment to be the guiding principles of Canadians for all time to come.

Mr. John H. Kelly, of New Carlisle, one of the mayor of that place, made an interesting speech on confederation. "John" has many friends at St. Joseph's and we will be surprised if he does not shine at Laval, where he enters to study law next term.

**The Prize List—Degrees Conferred.**

The prize list was as follows:

Honor premium—Books, presented by Rev. M. LeBlanc, St. Martin, Que., awarded to Geo. O'Donnell, Delabre.

Laudry prize—Books, presented by Judge Landry, for excellence in Latin, French and English; Edgar J. Paradis, Montreal; honorable mention, Joseph Delabre, St. Isidore, N. B.

Oratory—Books, presented by Rev. A. Roy, C. S. C., for two best discourses in French and English—given before the public, awarded to Maximilian D. Cormier, Barabois, N. B.; honorable mention, Henry Delabre, St. Isidore, N. B.

Special philosophy premium—The Stonghurst Series of Catholic Philosophy, presented by Rev. L. de G. LeBlanc, Cape, N. B.; honorable mention, J. Kelly, New Carlisle, Que.; honorable mention, A. K. Dyrart and A. LeBlanc.

Religious instruction—Special prize, presented by Very Rev. G. Francois, C. S. C., superior general, awarded to F. Daigle, St. Louis, N. B., and John D. Lyons, Waltham, Mass.

The following degrees were conferred: B. A.—Michael Charles Collins, Fairville, N. B.; Andrew Knox Dyrart, Coogee, N. B.; Elmer Arthur Gaudet, Meteghan, N. B.; James Walter Holland, St. John, N. B.; John Hall Kelly, New Carlisle, P. Q.; Hector Louis Landry, Dorchester, N. B.; Arthur Thomas LeBlanc, College Bridge, N. B.; John Daniel Lyons, Waltham, Mass.; Francis M. Richard, College Bridge, N. B.

M. A.—Rev. Frank L. Carney, Delabre, N. B.; William A. Dolan, Laval, Riv. Mass.; Rev. Stanislas J. Dore, Grand Anse, N. B.; Rev. Louis de Gonzague LeBlanc, Cap-Pele, N. B.

M. A.—(after examination)—Charles D. Hebert, Dupuis Corner, N. B.

Commencement diplomas were awarded to Robert Baker, Gaspere, P. Q.; Marcelin Bourque, Fox Creek, N. B.; William Burroughs, St. John, N. B.; Hilaire Delabre,

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The students of the college tended a reception at 11 a. m. to His Honor Lieut. Governor McLean in the Lefevre hall. The reception was an imposing affair. The address was spoken by Mr. H. Cutler, of Coogee.

**Sacred Heart Convent.**

On Wednesday evening the students of the Sacred Heart Convent held their closing exercises. The following programme was rendered:

Overture—Cathedral of Bagdad (Piano Trio)—Misses E. Morneau, J. Fitzpatrick, H. Humphrey.

Address to His Lordship Bishop Caspe—Miss Helen Humphrey.

English Chorus—Moonlight Music, Love and Flowers.

Piano Duet—Faut (Gould) Fantasia—Misses H. Humphrey and Lydia McIntyre.

Vocal Solo—The Brook—Miss J. Fitzpatrick.

Spanish Dance—With Castanets, Triangle and Tambourine accompaniment—Misses B. Rodrigues, L. McIntyre, E. Morneau, and H. Humphrey.

French Chorus—Les Bruits du Soir.

Gold Save the Queen.

Distribution of prizes.

The prize list:

Crowns of honor awarded to Misses Florine Masse, Kate Brady, Anna Cormier, Madeline Gaudet, Sophie Bourgeois.

Gold medal, donated by Rev. Father Roy, superior of St. Joseph's University, awarded to Miss Florine Masse, Shediac, as first prize of honor.

Gold medal, donated by Rev. Father Arsenault—Awarded to Miss H. Humphrey, Dorchester, as first prize for music.

Gold medal, donated by Mrs. P. A. Landry—Awarded to Miss Kate Brady, Boston, Mass., as first prize for plain sewing.

Gold medal, donated by Rev. Sr. M. Riviere du Loup, as first prize for drawing, industry and neatness.

Special prize—Awarded to Miss Rebecca LeBlanc, Memramook, as premium for politeness.

Special prize—Awarded to Miss Rebecca LeBlanc, Memramook, as premium for politeness.

Special prize—Awarded to Miss Edna Houppre, Fox Creek, as premium for fancy work and second prize for industry.

Sacred Heart Convent closes on a very prosperous year.

In the aggregate the attendance amounted to nearly 100. Of these forty were regular boarders. About twenty were day scholars and about fifty children from the parish attended the school under the supervision of the government. To accommodate these last a new building is being put up. This will give the regular and daily boarders, who come under the regulations of the convent proper, a great amount of much needed room.

**June Weddings.**

(From Thursday's Daily Telegraph.)

Never-Extinguish.

Yesterday morning at the residence of Mrs. William Bradley, her second daughter, Margaret, and Mr. Fred. C. Nevers were wedded by Rev. R. P. McKim, Mr. and Mrs. Nevers left by steamer Cumberland on a wedding trip to the United States.

**Buckley-Furness.**

At St. Rose's church, Fairville, yesterday, Rev. Father Collins united in marriage Miss Bridget, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Furness of Fairville, and Mr. William Buckley of Clifton. Miss Emma Furness was bridesmaid and Mr. John Conboy groomsmen.

**Connell-Petrie.**

Mr. Louis Connell and Miss Mary E. Petrie were married at the cathedral yesterday morning by Rev. F. J. McMahon. Miss Josephine McGowan was bridesmaid and Mr. J. W. Petrie groomsmen. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold pendant and to the bridesmaid a gold brooch with pearl settings.

**Hoyle-White.**

H. E. Hoyt, a linenman in the employ of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and Miss Blanche White were united in matrimony at the Hotel Ottawa last evening. Rev. M. S. Traflet officiated. After

the ceremony a wedding supper was served to the guests.

A very brilliant affair took place last evening at the residence of Mr. A. McCaskey. A daughter of Mr. A. McCaskey, daughter Bertha May was united in marriage to Mr. Frank A. McCaskey, son of Mr. A. McCaskey and member of the firm of A. A. McCaskey Manufacturers Company. Mr. J. Frank Beal of Brockton, Mass., acted as groomsmen and Miss McCaskey, sister of the groom, was bridesmaid, while Miss Eileen Courtney, a maid of honor. The ceremony was performed by Rev. L. G. Macneil, assisted by Rev. J. A. Morrison, took place in the drawing room in the presence of only relatives and immediate friends. The bride was handsomely dressed in a white broad satin dress trimmed with white with a veil and orange blossom bow. A bridesmaid was attired in a white, and the bridesmaid also presented a gift of a diamond ring. The ceremony took place at 4 o'clock on a sumptuous repast. The wedding presents were numerous and costly. The groom's present to the bride was a diamond and pearl ring and to the bridesmaid a crescent of pearls. Among other presents received by the bride were a costly diamond dinner set from her father, Mr. R. A. Courtney, a piano, a handsome case of silver knives and forks from Mrs. Hargrave of Norfolk, Virginia, a cut glass water bowl from the groomsmen, a case of silver spoons from her mother and from Mr. and Mrs. A. A. McCaskey a beautiful ivory parlor table, a Morris chair and a day bed. Mr. and Mrs. McCaskey left last night on the late train for a honeymoon trip through Cape Breton, Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia and on their return will take up their residence on Peck street. A large number of the friends were at the depot to see the away.

**Blizzard-Smith.**

Yesterday afternoon at three o'clock the Free Baptist parsonage, Victoria street, Mrs. Nellie Blizard and Miss Blizard of Hampstead were united in marriage by the pastor of the church, Rev. David Long. The couple were attended. Mr. and Mrs. Blizard left on the late train for a honeymoon trip through Cape Breton, Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia and on their return will take up their residence on Peck street. A large number of the friends were at the depot to see the away.

**Ellis-Cole.**

Moncton, N. B., June 20.—(Special.) The Central Methodist church at Moncton today was the scene of an interesting wedding. Miss Georgia, daughter of Mr. E. C. Cole, and Mr. W. P. R. Cole, a highly respected and esteemed young lady, was wedded to Mr. George D. Ellis of Wolfville, son of Mr. W. P. R. Cole, of St. John. The church was most beautifully decorated for the occasion. The pulpit was literally banked with an array of plants in bloom, while the altar was a floral arch, in green and white, prettily designed. The bride was given away by her father. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. P. R. Cole, assisted by the Rev. John Prince. The bride made was Miss Ethel Sumner and Miss Blizard, daughter of Mr. W. P. R. Cole. The bride looked charming in a beautiful gown of white silk with bridal veil and train and carried a large number of flowers. The bridesmaids also carried bouquets. After the ceremony the chaperon How Welcome was the Call. The happy couple and a large number of invited guests prepared to the home of the bride on Alma street where a sumptuous repast was partaken of. The bride is one of Moncton's best known and popular young ladies and the groom has hosts of friends here who will wish them every happiness and prosperity. The happy couple are a large number of friends of Cape Breton prior to leaving a Wolfville. Dr. J. V. Ellis, M. P., Mrs. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. R. Cole, and Mr. Joseph N. Ellis and Mr. and Mrs. R. Taylor of St. John, were among those present.

**Hooper-Bliss.**

Rev. John Hugh Hooper, son of Capt. H. P. Hooper of Toronto, and brother of Rev. E. P. Hooper, rector of St. George's church, Moncton, was married this morning to Miss Frances M. Bliss, youngest daughter of Rev. D. M. Bliss, rector of St. John's church, Westmorland. The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. P. Hooper in St. Mark's church, which was well filled with friends of the young couple. The newly wedded couple left on the C. P. R. for Fredericton on their future home in Prince William York county, where Mr. Hooper is rector.

**Intercolonial Railway.**

On and after June 18th, 1900, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

**Trains Will Leave St. John.**

Suburban for Hampton, 5.20  
Express for Campbellton, Pughwash, Pictou and Halifax, 7.15  
Express for Halifax, New Glasgow and Pictou, 11.10  
Accommodation for Moncton and Point du Chene, 12.30  
Express for Sussex, 16.45  
Express for Hampton, 17.45  
Express for Quebec and Montreal, 19.30  
Express for Halifax and Sydney, 22.45  
A sleeping car will be attached to the train leaving St. John at 10.30 o'clock for Quebec and Montreal. Passengers transfer at Montreal.  
A sleeping car will be attached to the train leaving St. John at 2.45 o'clock for Halifax. Vegetable, fruiting and sleeping cars on the Quebec and Montreal Express.

**Trains Will Arrive at St. John.**

Express from Sydney and Halifax, 6.00  
Suburban from Hampton, 7.15  
Express from Sussex, 8.35  
Express from Montreal and Quebec, 11.50  
Accommodation from Moncton, 14.15  
Express from Halifax, 17.00  
Express from Hampton, 18.15  
Express from Pughwash, 21.50  
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