HAMILTON HAPPENINGS

ALDERMEN IN REVOLT AT CONTROLLERS' WAYS

Members of Property Committee Threaten To Give Up Duties Because of Reports.

HAMILTON, March 31.—(Special.)—Two members of the property committee, Chairman Birrell and Ald. Kingdon, announced this evening that they would not attend any more meetings of the council this year unless the board of control mended its ways. Other members of the committee made a vigorous attack on the controllers because they had turned down a recommendation that a contract for a steel cage and grill work for the city treasurer's office be given to Chadwick Bros. at $120 in favor of the Canadian Wire Goods Co., whose tender was 25 cents lower. The claim of the committee is that the latter company did not tender on the specifications submitted. Members of the committee stated that it was simply a waste of time for them to attend meetings, as their reports were cut to pieces by the board. Ald. Kingdon described the controllers' action as "rotten"; Ald. Birrell said they had killed the board of control for Hamilton, and Ald. Kingdon's contribution was that the controllers had made fools of themselves. Ald. Birrell also accused the mayor of buttonholing the aldermen, and said that his habit of leaving the chair during council meetings to weave his magic spell around the aldermen would have to be stopped. Sub-committees were named to rearrange the location of weigh-scales, and to define the duties of Market Clerk Hill.

Veteran Fireman Dead.

James A. Omand, aged 74, the engineer of Bay-street fire station, died this afternoon at his residence, 27 North Queen-street. He had been ill only a week. For 22 years he was in charge of the engine at the central station.

There was a small fire this evening at the Canada Screw Company's factory. Some lads in the district gave Chief Ten Eyck incorrect directions. When he found that he had been fooled he gave chase and collared some of the boys, whom he threatens to have summoned.

Sergeants Moore, Pinch, Knox and Robinson and Constable Halliday, who have reached the age limit, turned in their clothes this evening. Constable Bettler has been appointed deskman at No. 2 Police Station, and Constable Aiken, driver of the patrol wagon. The four new sergeants, Hawkins, Campbell, Lowry, and Cruikshanks, will commence their duties Friday.

Kasmirey Ladcsey, a Pole, was severely burned about the face, neck and arms at the steel plant this afternoon.

Immigration Officer Dow captured a foreigner who had sneaked himself into the country this evening, and will deport him.

Street Railwaymen in Arms.

Trouble has cropped up between the street railway and the union. The union complained that the company was violating the agreement made after the strike, and which was renewed a year ago, stipulating that the men on the third-class runs must be allowed to complete their day's work within twelve hours, but, according to the schedule of the company, it took them from 15 to 45 minutes over the twelve hours. The company admitted that it was guilty of a technical breach of the agreement, and has made a new schedule to come in force Monday which is strictly within the agreement, but it changes the second and first-class runs so that they are unsatisfactory to the men, besides cutting down the number of working hours for those on the third-class. The union will meet next Saturday night.

On April 1 the civic dog bylaw will come into force, prohibiting dogs, muzzled or unmuzzled, from running at large.

The aldermen have awakened to the fact that they got the worst of the new annexation agreement under which the city assumed the whole cost of cement walks in the annex. Many of these walks, according to the aldermen, have not been constructed on the proper grades.

Miss Sullivan, a girl for whom the Toronto police are searching, is said to be a daughter of John Sullivan, who formerly resided at 85 York-street.

Mayor McLaren says that he has discovered that bullrushes were used in the joints of the base line sewer.

Hotel Hanrahan, corner Barton and Catharine-streets, Hamilton, conveniently situated and easily reached from all parts of the city. Erected 1906. Modern and strictly first-class. American plan. Rates $1.50 to $2 per day. Thomas Hanrahan, proprietor. Phone 1465. 135 tf

While in Toronto call on Authors & Cox, 135 Church-street, makers of Artificial Limbs, Trusses, Deformity Appliances, Supporters, etc. Oldest and most reliable manufacturers in Canada.

Bridgework, per tooth	$5.00
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Gold Filling	1.00
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HOTEL ROYAL
Every room completely renovated and newly carpeted during 1907. $2.50 and Up per day. American Plan. ed7

PHONE CO.'S NEW PLAN TO MAKE PUBLIC PAY

Rates For "Extra Listing" Jump From $1 to $2—Manager Dunstan Explains.

If you wish to have your name appear on the "extra list" in the Bell telephone directory, the privilege will cost you $2 for the future, instead of $1.

This is the latest notification sent out by Manager K. J. Dunstan, and it is causing considerable dissatisfaction among subscribers.

The "extra list" is made up of the names of persons who wish to be singled out from the designation of the firm or company with which they are connected. For instance, John Brown of the firm of Jones a nd Brown, desires to have his business address given separately for the convenience of the public. All the apparent difference this makes to the telephone company is the expense of printing his name, yet he is to be taxed $2. It is little to be wondered at that irritation is abroad.

An "Extraordinary Growth."

The notification explains that there has been an "extraordinary growth in telephone business during recent years, and consequent increase in demand for extra listings, which has involved a corresponding increase in size, number and expense of publication of the telephone directory." It is added, "it has become impossible for us to continue to publish such additional listings at the present rate of $1 per line, per issue, of the book. In future the charge for such extra listings will be $2 per line per issue."

Forty Thousand Directories.

Mr. Dunstan says that the number of telephone books in Toronto is now about 40,000, or more than double what it was not many years ago, when the rate was $1, and that the doubling of the charge is therefore justified, considering the increased cost of getting out the book. He has had patrons tell him that they are surprised that he should be able to charge so low a rate for extra listing, considering the printing and the trouble that must be taken to insure accuracy, and also of collecting the fees.

CANADA FACES UNIFIED LABOR IN THE FAR EAST

Hon. W. L. M. King Says This Is the Problem Which Confronts Country.

"The result is that before the close of the present session parliament will be asked to make a liberal appropriation for the purpose of appointing a commission on technical education."

This was the important announcement made by Hon W. L. Mackenzie King, minister of labor, at the Ontario Club last night. The occasion was the fourth and most successful of the series of banquets to be addressed by members of the Dominion Government.

Speaking of the yellow peril, he declared it was not a matter of immigration, but was represented by the industrial development of the Orient. The question of holding our own against the unification of labor in the Orient was the problem Canada had to face. On account of the cheapness of labor, iron ingots and billets were delivered in New York at a lower price, freight and duty paid, than they could be manufactured in the United States. One concern, he instanced, had an annual return on the capital which amounted to 200 per cent.

There were, he said, only two things that would enable Canada to meet the competition of the Orient. One was the spreading of the light of the lamp of knowledge; the other was the spread of Christian truth. "Let me say . . . when men begin to realize that and endeavor to raise the standard of the people of other lands to the standard of our own that will come; and it will have its commercial advantage as well as its civilizing influence."

Hon. Mr. King expressed the belief that the department of labor had been misrepresented in the past, but as the work had progressed and misapprehensions had been cleared away it had met with respect and approbation from all classes. The Labor party was not the whole of democracy, but the laboring man was a large factor in every community.

The first step in regard to labor legislation had been an effort towards the unification of labor laws in the different provinces of the Dominion. The improvement and settlement of industrial conditions, if it can be accomplished without legislation, are likely to be more permanent and satisfactory.

The industrial efficiency of the working classes can be best brought about by technical education, said the minister of labor. This cannot be done alone by the Dominion Government, but only with the co-operation of the provinces. Hon. Mr. King promised that a commission of perhaps five men would be appointed to carry on an investigation all over Canada, then they would go to the United States for information, and finally journey to Europe, visiting England, France, Germany and other continental countries. The report of the commission would include a plan for technical education which he hoped would commend itself to the different provinces and make for the betterment of industrial conditions.

The ultimate result of the work of the department of labor, observed Hon. Mr. King, would make for industrial peace in the Dominion. Under the Industrial Disputes' Investigation Act, which was passed three years ago, eighty disputes between employer and employe had been submitted to a board of arbitration. Of that number seventy-four had been settled. The seventy-four disputes settled had affected 57,000 workingmen and saved to them a sum equal to $2,500,000. He was strongly in favor of union and organization, and the anti-trust and combine bill now before parliament was designed to prevent the mean man deriving any profit by abuse of his meanness.

TORONTO WILL OPPOSE EASTERN RADIAL LINE

Ontario Government Also Protests at Granting of Federal Charter —H. W. & G. Bill.

OTTAWA, March 31.—The Hamilton, Waterloo and Guelph Railway Bill came back to the railway committee at noon with the new section 5 adopted by a sub-committee, regarding the terms of entrance to the City of Toronto. In four minutes the bill had passed the committee. Mayor Geary, who with Controller Spence and H. H. Dewart, K.C., appeared for the city, was not prepared to prejudice the city's position by accepting the amendment.

Clause eight was amended so as to provide that the company must build their own terminals and stations, issuing their own securities. The original intention was that the terminals be built by a separate company, the railway guaranteeing bonds.

The bill to incorporate the Toronto and Eastern Railway was next taken up. Mr. Fowke explained that it was to run from Toronto to Cobourg, with a branch from Oshawa to the C. N. R., and a coal ferry to Charlotte. The company would build on its own right of way and would be operated by electric power.

R. G. Code, on behalf of the Ontario Government, opposed the bill on the ground that it was a local enterprise for which a federal charter should not be granted. Mayor Geary said Toronto would oppose it on the same grounds as it had the H. W. & G. bill.

The bill to incorporate the Montreal, Kapatchuan and Rupert Bay Co., to build a railway, Montreal to Hudson Bay, a distance of 450 miles, was reported.

A deputation opposed extending the time to construct the Kingston Smith's Falls and Ottawa Railway, and consideration was postponed till Tuesday.

The sub-committee on James Conmee's bill to incorporate the International Canal Company from Lake Superior to Lake Winnipeg to-day adopted the principle suggested by G. Lynch-Staunton, K.C., on behalf of the Ontario Government, that the private company shall not be given the right to expropriate lands or water powers of the province or municipalities without their consent.

MONTREAL CUSTOMS

An Increase of Three Million Dollars for the Fiscal Year.

MONTREAL, Mar. 31.—(Special.)—The total customs receipts for the fiscal year at this port beat all records, being $16,352,229, against $12,935,098 last year, an increase of $3,390,131.

The receipts for March 1910 were $1,569,594 against $1,321,690 for March 1909.

EARLY NAVIGATION OPENING.

PORT ARTHUR, March 31.—(Special.)—The arrival of the steamer Moore from Duluth marks the earliest opening of lake navigation since 1876, when the tug Nellie Cotton arrived from the same port on March 18.

Charge is False Pretences.

Charles D. Frank, who was arrested by Detective Guthrie on a warrant issued from Welland charging him with false pretences, was taken back yesterday by Provincial Constable Boyle. It is alleged that Frank obtained about $35 by misrepresentation.

Appendicitis

How To Avoid It and Escape a Surgical Operation, Told By One Who Knows.

A Simple Method That is Always Efficacious—Trial Package Free.

It has only been a few years since it was discovered that a surgical operation would cure appendicitis; in fact, it has been but a short time since the disease was discovered and named.

Whenever there is an inflamed condition of the appendix, caused by impacted faeces in the small cavity opening into the intestine, you then have appendicitis.

The older doctors used to call this inflammation of the bowels, and were puzzled to know the cause.

Even now, with all the knowledge we have of the disease, no medical man can tell you why we should have an appendix, why we find it where it is, or what are its functions, if it has any.

The disease for which the operation is a cure is usually caused by indigestion, and in many cases follows a large and indigestible meal.

Physicials have until recently recommended an operation, but now, as it is known that it is caused by indigestion or dyspepsia, a cure without an operation is assured.

Where the patient is treated with Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, the unhealthy conditions prevailing rapidly disappear, the stomach and intestines are placed back in their normal condition, every organ of the body operates as it should, and the inflammation is reduced and the operation is avoided.

Conscientious physicians, who are looking after the best interests of their patients, will always keep a supply of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets handy in their office, where in cases of sudden attacks of indigestion they can relieve the patient at once.

There is no record of a case of appendicitis where the stomach and bowels were in a healthy condition and properly digested the food from meal to meal.

No better advice can be given to any one who has attacks of indigestion, or who has been threatened with appendicitis, than to tell him to go to the drug store, pay 50 cents, and take home a package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Whenever heartburn, gas in stomach or bowels, heart disease or stomach troubles, sour eructations, acidity or fermentation are present, act at once. Take a dose of the tablets and get relief as soon as possible.

At all druggists—50 cents.

Send us your name and address today and we will at once send you by mail a sample package free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

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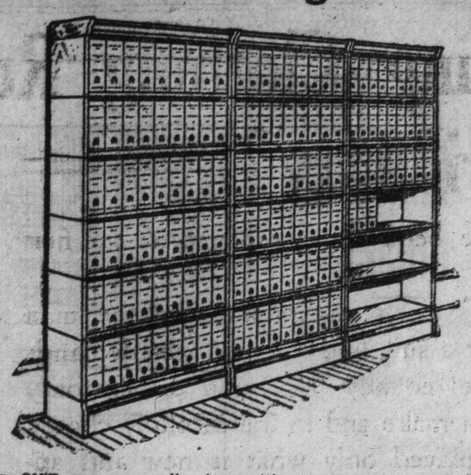

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Sections are made in Elm, finished in the natural shade. Each Section is 33 inches wide and 11 1-3 inches high outside.

Top, Section and Base are all one price, $1.75 each.

Write for descriptive folder. Shipped anywhere in Canada for approval.

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SUFFRAGETTE TELLS STORY OF MOVEMENT

Miss Olivia Smith of Recent Legislature Fame Lectures on Her Experiences.

A very interesting address was given last evening in the People's Institute by Miss Olivia Smith, the militant suffragette, formerly of London, England, on "Woman Suffrage." It will be remembered that Miss Smith was the young lady who created a sensation at the recent prorogation of the Ontario Legislature. Miss Smith has a very winning way of presenting her case and proves herself a worthy pupil of her first teacher along suffrage lines, Mrs. Pankhurst.

"If woman can gain her emancipation in this particular to-day," said Miss Smith, "she is emancipated for all eternity. It is the last great struggle; gain this and we are free, free to choose the life we each desire. Up to now women have only half lived. This, to-day, is the psychological moment; we are the women of the hour; if we delay now, years, long years of waiting may follow, and unless we succeed now we are further back than we were before. The first thing to be got rid of is the fear of being ridiculous. We have got rid of many other fears, but the fear of being ridiculous is with us still.

MISS OLIVIA SMITH.

"I am here to-night requested to tell you the story of the movement as I know it, and also why I spoke at the prorogation of the legislature. If you have read my little article in The World you will have seen how the scene impressed me; the solemnity of the official voice chanting over, 'Bill passed for so and so,' so that I almost felt myself at a funeral, and could readily imagine the voice saying 'Dust unto dust and 'Ashes to ashes,' and I queried with the immortal Sairey Gamp, 'Is this a lying in or a lay'ng out'? However, it was borne in upon me that there was not among all these bills any one giving justice to women.

"The old cry of the now men voters was: 'Taxation without representation is tyranny,' and surely it follows that if representation were granted, all the taxed should be represented. Even a woman's mind could grasp so simple a problem. To me it would be as ridiculous to debar a mare from oats because she is not a horse, as to debar half the taxed from voting, because they are of a different sex. In England, we have no way of laying our grievances before the government in a constitutional manner, so we are forced to use unconstitutional ways in order to make ourselves heard at all."

Miss Smith gave a brief outline of her career as a suffragette from its origin. She stated that at first she was somewhat backward, "but," said she, "I soon got over all my squamishness as I found out that all politics are more or less immoral.

"The cause appeals to human nature and the desire to sacrifice will grow even as Christianity grew. If you want a great association you must have a dramatic organization."

MONK IS NOT LEADER OF THE QUEBEC REVOLT

Has Not Been Working in Harmony With French Canadian Cons. —Has No Following.

OTTAWA, March 31.—(Special.)—The man who invented the alleged Monk revolt in The Toronto News probably acted in good faith, but he knows very little about the internal working of the French Conservative party. In the first place it can be said that the men who have taken action in the way of ensuring a different direction for the Conservative party, either by keeping Mr. Borden in his place, with a change of tactics, or with the disappearance of the present chieftain, have no more affiliation with Mr. Monk than the member for Jacques Cartier has with the grand master of the Loyal Orange Lodge of British North America.

And secondly, the men who went to Ottawa some time since to have a heart to heart talk with the Conservative leader would no more think of advising the selection of F. D. Monk as leader, than of undertaking to appoint Col. Sam Hughes archbishop of Ottawa. Again, the people at the head of the revolt, so-called, have nothing whatever to do with Mr. Monk, do not seek his counsel and do not, in fact, possess his political confidence.

As a matter of fact, Thos. Chase Casgrain of Montreal, who came here to Ottawa to second Sir Alex Lacoste in the recent representations to Mr. Borden, is by no means persona grata with the member for Jacques Cartier. When Mr. Casgrain tried some time ago to go ahead with the organization of the party, he was as good as sat upon by Mr. Monk, who intimated that he would have nothing to do with the plans as put forth by Mr. Casgrain and his Montreal friends.

Wouldn't Help Organizing.

Then again, it can be affirmed that the men who are held to have serious grievances against Mr. Borden, have ten times as many more complaints to make against the alleged Quebec leader, Mr. Monk. Mr. Casgrain, as president of the Montreal LaFontaine Club, up to a few months ago nominated Mr. Monk to the French Conservative leadership at least three times, and every time he had the hearty support of the head centre of French Conservatism in that city and district, yet in spite of the party appeal to do something in the way of organization, the member for Jacques Cartier failed to respond.

Had Mr. Monk been all right with the French-Canadian Conservatives, Sir Alexander Lacoste would never have troubled Mr. Borden with a direct appeal to do something for the Quebec wing of the party, as they would have gone first to the man who was supposed to command in the house of commons. In other words, it was only in sheer despair that the delegation came to the foot of the throne.

There is not a French Conservative here in the house of commons who would advocate Monk's promotion to first in command if Borden were deposed day after to-morrow.

Attitude on Naval Bill.

What is the situation in the house to-day? Mr. Monk, so his supporters say, went into the fight on the naval bill hammer and tongs, yet before the debate had been well under way, he abandoned the fight, leaving Nantel Paquet and the rest to fight it out alone and leaderless. All this makes it plain that the so-called Monk movement is not supported by a single member of the house of commons from Quebec, and much less from the rank of the Montrealparty, men who are held to be dissatisfied with Mr. Borden's leadership.

It is, in fact, but fair to Mr. Monk to say that he has nothing whatever to do with the so-called revolt against Mr. Borden, for no one is influenced in the slightest degree by the member for Jacques Cartier in any feeling they may entertain.

The French Conservatives from Quebec believe that if a change is made at Ottawa, Mr. Borden's mantle should and must fall upon the shoulders of an English-speaking Canadian. Sir Geo. Cartier, altho offered the leadership more than once, always maintained that he could do more for the Province of Quebec as second in command, and that is the opinio nstill of the leading French Conservatives, both in and that is the opinion still of the pears to have been the last in the Dominion to hear of the revolt down in Quebec, and what is worse, has tended to place blame upon very innocent shoulders, all of which has created a tempest in a teapot, especially with those who know very little of the inner scenes in the Conservative family circle.

Rufus Pope Started It.

As a matter of fact, the two men who have done more to create an anti-Borden feeling in this province are not French-Canadians at all; it was Rufus Pope, ex-M.P. for Compton, who first wrote Mr. Borden advising that gentleman to retire from the leadership of the party.

The alleged alliance between Mr. Monk and Mr. Bourassa has absolutely no meaning, and is a pure invention, or a dream. Mr. Monk is the one man in all the French section of the Conservative party who has never believed in Mr. Bourassa's star.

It was the support given to Bourassa that made Monk sulk in his tent, and it may be taken for granted that altho they are seemingly together on the naval bill, Monk has all along refused to appear on the same platform with the Nationalist leader. Lately Bourassa has been throwing bouquets at Monk, but no mistake will be made in the supposition that these men will never come together in any formidable movement against the naval or any other bill emanating from the government benches.

It was Mr. Bourassa, while discussing the bill, who coupled Mr. Borden's name with that of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, calling it the Laurier-Borden scheme, and thus damaging the present leader amongst the French Conservative anti-Dreadnought party, but to all this Mr. Monk is a complete stranger.

HIGH-UP GRAFTER CONFESSES

William Brand Adds His Story to the Pittsburg Carnival.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 31.—Wm. Brand, former president of common council, who was brought fro mthe penitentiary to testify before the grand jury to-day contributed his full confession to help the graft probers in trailing the "men higher up."

District-attorney Blackley, when the jury recessed to-night, said that Brand had completely given way in the grilling.

"I don't believe that he could have suffered more in years of imprisonment than he has by the worry and humiliation of the last week," said Mr. Blackley. Brand's confession, and that of Chas. Stewart yesterday, leaves but one more important witness to be heard, it is said, before more sensations are publicly sprung. This witness is Councilman Hugh Ferguson, who was at the courthouse to-day, seeking opportunity to tell his story and have done with it.

Three more councilmen took the immunity bath to-day by pleading no defence to charges of taking bribes. These were Samuel Foster, who admitted getting $400 from Stewart for his vote on the bank ordinance; T. O. Atkinson, who confessed taking bribes of $100 from Dr. W. H. Weber, for his vote on a street ordinance, and $500 from Stewart to support the bank ordinances; and John McCartney, a former selectman, who said he got $400 for his votes on both ordinances.

Chief Uses New Motor.

Chief Thompson took his first ride in the new fire department automobile yesterday when he went to a small fire.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH POWDER 25c. is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c. blower free. Accept no substitutes. All dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

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For the past four years the Underwood Typewriter factory has been able to turn out only 250 machines a day.

The new factory will have a daily output of 550 typewriters, which it is believed will be sufficient to meet the demand.

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AMUSEMENTS.

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Theatrical Mechanical Association
BENEFIT
This Afternoon
ROYAL ALEXANDRA THEATRE

Do not fail to hear the overture by the Massed Orchestras from all theatres in the city at 1.50 p.m. sharp.

ACTS FROM ALL THE THEATRES

No souvenirs this year, but cost of souvenirs to be divided equally between four of Toronto's Charitable Institutions.

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Tickets 50c, 75c, $1.00.

PRINCESS MATINEE TO-MORROW
Frederic Thompson Presents **ROBERT HILLIARD**
IN **A Fool There Was**
NEXT WEEK Matinees Wed. and Sat.
Henry Miller's Associate Players in
THE SERVANT IN THE HOUSE
New York Cast With **Tyrone Power**

ROYAL ALEXANDRA CANADA'S HANDSOMEST THEATRE
Seats—Bell Piano Rooms, 146 Yonge Street.
JAMES T. POWERS **HAVANA**
Saturday Matinee 25c to $1.50; Evenings, 50c to $2.00.
Next Week—The Earl Grey Competition.

GAYETY DAILY MATS. LADIES 10¢
BURLESQUE & VAUDEVILLE
'Trocadero Burlesquers'
FRANK FINNEY and **35 OTHERS**
Next Week—"Jersey Lilies" Extravaganza

GRAND Matinees Wed. & Sat. 25c-50c
FIRST TIME HERE AT OUR PRICES
THE MAN OF THE HOUR
NEXT WEEK—THURSTON—NEXT WEEK

MAJESTIC MUSIC HALL
Daily 2.15 and 8.15 p.m. Refined Vaudeville.
MAY TULLY & CO., 9 Other Good Acts.
Prices—Mat. 15c, 25c. Eve. 15c, 25c, 50c.

STAR BURLESQUE SMOKE IF YOU LIKE DAILY MATINEE
WASHINGTON SOCIETY GIRLS
Next Week—Broadway Gaiety Girls

SHEA'S THEATRE
Matinee Daily, 25c; Evenings, 25c and 50c. Week of March 28.—"The 20th Century," Six Flying Banvards, Gordon-Pickens Co., El Cota, J. Rubens, Bowman Bros., the Kinetograph, Stuart Barnes.

PARKDALE RINK
A Favorite With Particular People
BAND EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON ed

HELP WANTED.

YOUNG WOMAN TO SEE AFTER bees, and help at housework. Will give 25 years' experience in bee culture as well as reasonable wages. J. W. Hodgson, Horning's Mills. 246234

A SYMPATHETIC JURY

Award $1300 Damages for a Boy's Injuries.

BRANTFORD, March 31.—(Special.)—The seven-year-old son of George Braithwaite, Harrisburg, was awarded $1000 here at the spring assizes by a jury who found J. Patten guilty of negligence in driving a wagon under which the boy was injured, after having been warned to keep away. The boy's father was awarded $300. The case will be appealed.

Four members of the Six Nations Warriors' Association, headed by Jacob Miller, left to-day for Ottawa to make a plea for an elective system of government on the Indian Reserve.

TUMBLED 150 FEET

No Bones Broken, But He is Badly Hurt Inwardly.

NIAGARA FALLS, March 31.—(Special.)—Falling 150 feet over the river bank, Otto Slengle, a Pole from Lewiston, narrowly escaped death, and suffered internal injuries that may incapacitate him for life.

After a drunken carousal Slengle rolled along the bank and fell down the precipice. He fell 100 feet before his rush was stopped by bushes, then he rolled the remaining distance to the gorge tracks. He was recovered by two policemen and taken to the hospital. No bones were broken.

Cement and Concrete Association.

LONDON, Ont., March 31.—The Canadian Cement and Concrete Association elected officers for the coming year at the annual meeting to-day. Peter Gillespie, Toronto, is again president, and R. E. Hagarty, Toronto, secretary-treasurer. William Fry Scott, Toronto, was chosen vice-president. The executive: Gustave Kahn, Trussed Concrete Steel Co., Toronto; T. L. Dates, Sun Portland Cement Company, Owen Sound; Mr. Fort, Canada Cement Company, C. R. Young, engineer, Toronto; D. C. Raymond, Bishop Construction Company, Montreal and Toronto; Jas. Pearson, Constructing and Paving Company, Toronto; Mr. Scott, Ideal Concrete Machine Company, London.