

## HAVE YOU A TUMOR?

Tumors are swellings developed from cells and supplied with blood vessels.

The rapidity with which they grow depends upon the nature of the organ or parts involved, and the age of the patient.

All organs are subject to disease; just as healthy structures. They are also liable to degeneration and hemorrhages.

Menstruation makes women more subject to Tumors than men, as are also the dark races and those who live in warm climates.

In certain families the tendency seems to run strong.

There are two kinds of Tumors—benign and malignant.

A benign tumor is circumscribed and movable, and not blended with the surrounding tissue. It does not interfere with good health, though by enlargement it may compress some important vessel, or press on arteries or nerves, or it may disfigure.

Malignant tumors cannot move freely, and are fixed to the surrounding tissues. They are frequently of rapid growth, and bleed freely from their surface, and adjoining tissues or parts, and unless completely removed they return in the same manner, and finally result in death due to exhaustion and death usually proper to cancer.

Dr. Roper's fee for Tumors is from \$500 to \$1,000.

**WOMEN,  
YOU HAVE SOME  
DISEASE PECULIAR  
TO YOUR SEX**

If you are subject to numerous colds and the like, weakness or trembling of the knees, worse when ascending or descending the stairs.

If you are subject to pains, weakness or bearing down in the back, across the lower bowels, or on either side.

If you experience a gripping or twisting sensation, worse, after walking or standing.

If you are subject to irregularities.

If you are weak, easily tired, exhausted or nervous.

If you experience difficulty in keeping from crying and brooding over your troubles.

If you are subject to a hot spot on top of the head, strange thoughts, shortage of memory, vagaries and fancies, poor appetite, loss of flesh, or else growing very fat.

If you are subject to constipation, shortness of breath, palpitation of the heart, nervousness, dizziness, headache, vertigo, complexion, dark circles under the eyes, and bloodless lips and ears.

If you are subject to a feeling of heat and drowsy, irritable and cranky during the night.

If you are subject to pain in the back, nervous headache, neuralgia, spinal weakness, rheumatism, sciatica, hemorrhoids, or other skin affections.

If you are subject to a feeling of heat, and your tongue is coated and breath offensive.

If you are subject to indigestion or distention of the stomach or abdomen and your clothing feels tight and weighty.

If you are subject to a heavy and undergoes fermentation, followed by gas.

If you have doctored until you have become a confirmed invalid, and are unable to eat or medicine.

Have you become reconciled to the fact that you are not worth it's trying?

These complaints can be readily cured, and you can be made worth it's trying.

Are you stinking about-as if the shadow of death were upon you, and are not restored to health, beauty and happiness.

Dr. Soper's "Secret for Female Diseases" is the only remedy.

## YOU HAVE LOST VITALITY

If you have been addicted to early indiscretion or excesses in after years.  
If you have an aversion to companionship.

If you have loss of memory, nervousness and palpitation of the heart,

If you are despondent, low-spirited, dejected and melancholy,  
If you have weak back and wretched

# DR. SOPER

## YOU HAVE HEART DISEASE

If there is tenderness and distress in the chest, with shooting pains, increased by breathing, it is a sign of pleurisy.

If you have a suppressed cough, increased action of the heart, and sometimes violent palpitation.

If there is a swelling of the throat, and a disturbed or feeble circulation.

If the arteries and veins in the neck throb, and there are noises or ringing in the ears.

If your eyes and face are congested at intervals, and you are sometimes attacked with seas, even small ones, pulsating that become violent, and are attended with vomiting.

If you have attacks of dizziness or fainting spells, and are subject to headache, or to a feeling of weakness, or of coldness of body.

If your pulse is feeble and irregular, and you sigh almost constantly.

If you are subject to a sense of coldness in the throat, the recumbent position increases the pain, and you are troubled with flatulency, flashes of light, pale or mottled face.

If the chest pain is a cold and sickening pain, and the intensity of the pain is obliged to sit up in bed.

If you are subject to a sense of anxiety, with a sense of impending danger and a fear of death.

The foregoing symptoms indicate the morbidness of the Heart, and its morbidness is indicated by the following membrane, dropsy, enlargements of the heart, and the existence of a fatty heart.

At birth . . . . . 130 to 140  
First year . . . . . 115 to 120  
Second year . . . . . 100 to 110  
Fourth year . . . . . 90 to 95  
Sixth year . . . . . 80 to 85

The pulse may be increased through disease to 175, 200, rarely 220 beats per minute. It may be reduced through disease to 50, 40, or 30.

Dr. Saper's Fee for Heart Disease is \$100.00.

**YOU HAVE EPILEPSY  
OR FITS**

If you experience a peculiar sensation, termed aura, which usually begins in the finger or toe, and proceeds toward the head.

If the above sensation is followed by a dry or a shrill scream, loss of consciousness and sensibility, and you fall to the ground or floor.

If the face becomes pale, pupils contracted, and the pulse is thrown into a spasm.

If the hand turns sideways and the thumb is turned inward.

If the thumbs are turned into the palms and are firmly clasped by the fingers.

If the eyes are fixed, often turned up or down, and the eyeballs protrude from the sockets.

If the pupils are dilated, and the pupils above the pupils dilated.

If the tongue is twisted between the teeth and frequently lacerated.

If the contents of the bladder or bowels are forced out of the body in a spasm.

If the eyes jerk in their sockets and the heart is noisily forced in and out of the chest.

If the hands, legs and head beat against the floor or ground.

If the patient convulses the muscles rigid and the movements become intermittent.

If the face then turns blue, and frothy saliva, often blood-tinged, pours from the mouth.

If there is heavy snoring, or deep, stereotyped breathing.

While the typical fits present all of the above symptoms, yet in many cases the most important symptoms may be absent.

Only an epileptic fit leaves the patient more or less confused, fatigued, nauseated and subdued for several hours or days.

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