

REVIEWS—APPOINTMENTS TO OFFICE.

OPINION OF UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT, by Chief Justice Chase, in the case of *The State of Texas v. White and others*. Washington: Jos. L. Pearson, 1869.

This is a leading case on the reorganization of State Governments after the late war, the effect of the alienation of State Property by insurgent governments, and notice to purchasers of such property.

CÆSAR GRIFFIN'S CASE.

This is also an opinion of the same Chief Justice in another important case.

APPOINTMENTS TO OFFICE.

(CANADA GAZETTE.)

PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL.

THE HON. JOSEPH HOWE, as President of the Privy Council of Canada, vice the HON. A. J. FERGUSON BLAIR, deceased. (Gazetted February 6, 1869.)

COUNTY JUDGES.

GEORGE DUGGAN, of Osgoode Hall and of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, to be the Judge of the County Court of the County of York, in the said Province of Ontario. (Gazetted Feb. 20, 1869.)

(ONTARIO GAZETTE.)

BOARD OF COUNTY JUDGES.

JAMES ROBERT GOWAN, Judge of the County Court of the County of Simcoe; STEPHEN JAMES JONES, Judge of the County Court of the County of Brant; DAVID JOHN HUGHES, Judge of the County Court of the County of Elgin; JAMES DANIELL, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, and JAMES SMITH, Judge of the County Court of the County of Victoria, Esquires, to be the Board of County Judges, constituted under the Act, Statutes of Ontario, 32 Vic. cap. 23, and for the purposes therein mentioned. (Gazetted March 27, 1869.)

CLERK OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

JAMES ROSS, of the Town of Belleville, Esquire, to be Clerk of the Executive Council of the Province of Ontario, in the room and stead of JOHN SHUTER SMITH, Esq., resigned. (Gazetted March 13, 1869.)

REGISTRARS.

JAMES WEBSTER, of the Town of Guelph, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, to be Registrar of the County of Wellington, in the room and stead of JAMES WEBSTER, Esq., deceased. (Gazetted March 13, 1869.)

WILLIAM HENRY EYRE, of the Township of Hamilton, Esquire, to be Registrar for the west riding of the County of Northumberland, in the room and stead of the HON. GEORGE STRANGE BOULTON, deceased. (Gazetted March 13, 1869.)

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

JACOB PAUL CLARK, of Brampton, gentleman. (Gazetted January 23, 1869.)

JAMES EDWARD ROBERTSON, of the City of Toronto, Barrister-at-Law. (Gazetted February 20, 1869.)

ALBERT G. BROWN, of the Town of St. Catharines, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law. (Gazetted March 6, 1869.)

WILLIAM ALLAN McLEAN, of the City of Toronto, gentleman, Attorney-at-Law. (Gazetted March 13, 1869.)

ROBERT McGEE, of the Village of Oshawa, gentleman, Attorney-at-Law. (Gazetted March 20, 1869.)

DANIEL BLACK CHISHOLM, of the City of Hamilton, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law. (Gazetted April 3, 1869.)

CORONERS.

FRIEND RICHARD ECCLES, of the Village of Arkona, Esquire, M.D., to be an Associate Coroner in and for the County of Lambton. (Gazetted February 13, 1869.)

CHARLES R. STEWART, of Haliburton, Esquire, in and for the County of Peterboro'. (Gazetted February 20, 1869.)

JACQUES C. T. BEAUBIEN, of Ottawa, Esquire, M.D., in and for the City of Ottawa. (Gazetted Feb. 20, 1869.)

CHARLES ROBINSON, of the Township of Chingacousy, Esq., M.D., in and for the County of Peel. (Gazetted March 20, 1869.)

WILLIAM RICHARDSON, of the Township of Nelson, Esq., M.D., in and for the County of Halton. (Gazetted April 3, 1869.)

THOMAS HOSSACK, of the Village of Lucan, Esquire, M.D., in and for the County of Middlesex. (Gazetted April 10, 1869.)

JOHN COVENTRY, of the Village of Wardsville, Esq., M.D., in and for the County of Elgin. (Gazetted April 10, 1869.)

JOHN BARE, of the Township of Melancthon, Esq., M.D., in and for the County of Grey. (Gazetted May 8, 1869.)

A gentleman appeared in a police-court a few days ago and asked the magistrate to put in force the new Master and Servants Act (30 & 31 Vict. c. 141) against his butler, who had absented himself without leave all Christmas Day, and on his return home next morning was very abusive. The magistrate informed the applicant that the Act in question does not apply to domestic servants, but suggested the dismissal of the offending butler without notice. The master said that if he adopted that course, he would have to pay the butler a month's wages in lieu of notice, which he objected to do; but the magistrate informed him that he was quite in error on that point. It is surprising how many people appear to be ignorant of the very simple rule of law that when a domestic servant disobeys any reasonable order, or is guilty of any misconduct, or neglects or refuses to work, he or she may be dismissed without notice, and that when so dismissed not only is there no claim to a month's wages in lieu of notice, but all wages actually due to the offending party are in strict law forfeited.—*Solicitors' Journal*.

Judge Story and Edward Everett were once the prominent personages at a public dinner in Boston. The former, as a voluntary toast, gave the following:—"Fame follows merit where Everett goes!" The gentleman thus delicately complimented at once arose, and replied with this equally felicitous impromptu: "To whatever height judicial learning may attain in this country, there will always be one Story higher."