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NINTH YEAR. THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 14, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE PASTOR AND THE COP.

AN EXCITING SCENE AT A BUSY CITY CORNER.

Rev. W. F. Wilson of Davisville Locked Up and Charged with Disorderly Conduct—Policeman Jarvis' Remarkable Arrest—What Eye-Witnesses of the Affair Have to Say—An Emergency Meeting of Conference Called to Consider the Matter—Bailed Out.

There was a great commotion in Yonge-street, near Queen, last night about 7.30 o'clock. A large crowd filled the thoroughfare, and in the midst of it a policeman jostled a gentleman with a broadcloth coat and white necktie toward the patrol wagon. When the latter was finally landed in the vehicle his coat was torn and dusty and his face flushed with excitement. He was heard to say before being driven off that "that fellow has had too much to drink."

What a Man in the Crowd Said.

The gentleman in broadcloth turned out to be Rev. William F. Wilson, of the Davisville Methodist Church. A man in the crowd who saw the affair says the clergyman was standing quietly at the corner of Queen and Yonge streets waiting for a car. Policeman Richard Jarvis (No. 104) came along and ordered him to "move on." The clergyman did not move on, but remained waiting for the car, whereupon the policeman seized him and dragged him across the street, swearing at the same time that even though the prisoner did wear "the cloth" he would be taught to pay attention to an officer of the law. It is said that the officer indulged in a good deal of profanity.

The Policeman's Story.

The policeman states that the clergyman obstructed him in the discharge of his duty. He was enquiring about a man who was assaulted when the clergyman came up and wanted to know all about it. He ordered Mr. Wilson to proceed about his business, and on the latter's refusing to obey he placed him under arrest.

Mr. Wilson was taken to the Agnes-street Station. He remained there only a few minutes, being bailed out by Mr. John Lambert of No. 101 Dundas-street, and Mr. Alex. Folly of No. 223 Seaton-street. A charge of disorderly conduct was stated against him.

A Postponed Lecture.

A short time after Mr. Wilson regained his freedom Rev. W. W. Andrews, pastor of the St. Clarence-avenue (Brooklyn) Methodist Church, came steaming into the police station.

"Is the Rev. Mr. Wilson here?" he asked, excitedly.

"No," replied the sergeant on duty.

"Well, we were told he was here."

"He's gone half-an-hour ago," said the sergeant.

To one of The World's young men who was at the station Rev. Mr. Andrews said that Rev. Mr. Wilson was to have delivered a lecture on "Grumbling" at the St. Clarence-avenue Church last evening. Mayor Clarke occupied the chair, and the audience waited patiently for the appearance of the lecturer. Then it was learned that Rev. Mr. Wilson was under arrest. There was consternation in the church. The pastor announced that the lecture would be delivered two weeks hence, and that the people would get their money at the door as they went out. The audience accordingly dispersed.

Pastor Simpson's Story.

Rev. C. A. Simpson of Willowdale gives this account of the arrest: "Shortly after 7 o'clock Mr. Wilson and myself were at the north-west corner of Queen and Yonge streets. Mr. Wilson was going to take a car to Brockton, where he was to deliver a lecture. Policeman No. 104 was standing close to us talking to two men, one of whom was apparently under the influence of drink. The policeman made a jocular remark about a surgical operation performed by a friend of Rev. Mr. Wilson. Rev. Mr. Wilson remarked: 'I know the gentleman you're joking about.' The policeman wheeled round and roughly demanded my friend's name, saying: 'Who the hell are you?' My friend stated his name, and the policeman replied that Mr. Wilson was some damned priest or minister. I turned west and Rev. Mr. Wilson turned and entered the car. While he was getting on the car the policeman seized him and said: 'No, you'll come with me.' He dragged my friend across the street and standing for the patrol wagon, which came and took Mr. Wilson away. Mr. Wilson is a highly respected minister, widely known throughout the Methodist body."

An Emergency Meeting of Conference Called.

At the close of the Theological Union meeting at the Metropolitan Church last night, Rev. Dr. Potts called all the ministers together and said he had a most painful matter to bring under their notice. One of their number, Rev. W. F. Wilson of Davisville, a brother they all knew and esteemed, was seized by a police constable, put in a patrol wagon and taken to the Agnes-street Police Station on a charge of disorderly conduct. Fortunately others of their brethren witnessed this outrage and would be able to say that Mr. Wilson was, as they very well knew, entirely innocent of the charge. Dr. Potts then recounted the proceedings as given above, and added: "I drove to the police station as soon as I heard of the affair, my intention being to bail Mr. Wilson out and give any other assistance and comfort to him which I could, but some citizens whom I do not known at present, but heartily thank for their kindness, were there already arranging bail. This matter must of necessity be talked of all over the city. It may come up in connection with Mr. Wilson's name to-morrow. Consequently I deemed it advisable to consult you at once, and so called this emergency meeting.

Pastor Simpson Repeats His Story.

Rev. C. A. Simpson repeated the statement printed above, adding: "I need scarcely say that all through Mr. Wilson acted as a Christian minister should, and never used an angry word."

Rev. E. A. Stafford moved and Rev. Dr. Dewart seconded this resolution:

"We resent the insult offered Mr. Wilson and through him to the whole Methodist body, and we agree that we shall render him every support, financial and otherwise, in this matter and tender him our sympathy under this ordeal."

This was carried unanimously. Many of the members spoke strongly on the subject. It is evident there is a deep feeling aroused among the clergymen who are in the city to attend conference.

Mr. Wilson himself did not wish to talk to reporters about the matter; on the contrary he wished to have the whole thing suppressed.

Why the Grass Was Not Cut.

One of The World's young men asked City Solicitor Biggar yesterday why the grass on the Queen's Park and avenues had not been cut. Mr. Biggar said: "This is altogether due to the delay of the University authorities in not answering a proposition made by me some days ago, that the city should go on taking care of the park at the city's expense, as before the forfeiture of the lease, without prejudice to the rights of either of the parties in the pending motion before the Court of Queen's Bench. The University solicitor promised to write at once to me agreeing to this proposition, but he has not done so. Meantime the dandelions are 'going to seed,' and so is the avenue."

Ferguson and the Tweed.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon Wm. Ferguson, alias Cleary, who gives his address as 65 Sullivan-street, walked off with a roll of tweed from the door of T. Eaton, in Yonge-street. He was observed and Policeman Guthrie locked him up.

MR. ROBERTSON AND THE ALBANY.

The Newspaper Proprietor and the Club Have Another Big Tussel in Court.

Chancellor Boyd and Mr. Justice Ferguson were engaged all yesterday with the case of Macdonald against Robertson—which is really the Albany Club against John Ross Robertson. This was a re-hearing, the action having originally been brought by the club to enforce their alleged right to purchase contained in a lease of the premises which had been assigned to Mr. Robertson. The former action was heard by Chief Justice Galt, who in April last gave judgment for Mr. Robertson with costs.

There was a great array of legal talent in the case. The Albany Club was represented by Mr. Christopher Robinson, Q.C., Dr. Mc. Michael, Q.C., Mr. Hoskin, Q.C., Mr. Ogden and Mr. Foy. For the defendants there appeared Mr. S. H. Blake, Q.C., Mr. Osler, Q.C., Mr. Foster, Q.C., Mr. Kerr and Mr. Macdonald.

From 11 until 6 o'clock the proceedings lasted, and the case was not concluded. Much time was occupied by the reading of the evidence at the former hearing.

Mr. Christopher Robinson, in opening the case, admitted that it was a complicated one. He then in detail gave a history of the transactions which form the groundwork of this action, and which were fully reported in The World on the occasion of the first trial. Briefly, the late owner of the property in question, which is on the east side of Bay-street near Melinda, was an old lady named Dunlop. She leased the property to a man named Lyons for five years at an annual rent of $300, payable monthly. There was a proviso in the lease that the lessee should have the right during its continuance to purchase the said premises for $6000. Mr. Robinson contended that Lyons was merely the agent of persons then constituting themselves a club, and that in the latter body lay the rights to exercise the power of purchase. The learned counsel then detailed how the club was formed and $23,000 spent on furniture and fittings; how Lyons was possessed of no means, left Toronto and went to Detroit, where he engaged as a railway refreshment waiter; that the club had bought Lyon out of the agreement as to the lease; that he had never been more than a nominal lessee; how Mr. Robertson made an agreement with Mr. Hay (Mrs. Dunlop's grandson-in-law) to purchase the premises, and in pursuance of such agreement went to Detroit and obtained a transfer from Lyons of the lease. The action was to decide whether Mr. Robertson had succeeded in cutting out the right of the Albany Club to purchase. Other facts were set forth at great length, it being stated that Mrs. Dunlop raised the price to $7000 and that the property to-day is worth $10,000. Numerous cases were cited bearing upon the legal questions involved.

Mr. Blake occupied just as much time in support of the decision of Chief Justice Galt, who exhaustively went into the case and gave judgment for Mr. Ross Robertson on all questions of law and fact and awarded him costs. The learned counsel had not concluded his address, which bristled with authorities, when the court rose.

THE GRAND LODGE OFFICERS.

Prentice Boys Elect and Install the New Officers—To Meet at Peterboro in 1889.

The Grand Lodge of Prentice Boys resumed session at Victoria Hall yesterday. These officers were elected and installed:

Worshipful Grand Master—Bro. James Robinson, Toronto (re-elected).

Senior Deputy Grand Master—Bro. J. R. Gerow, Belleville.

Junior Deputy Grand Master—Bro. Fred. W. Eward, Kingston.

Grand Chaplain—Bro. Cyrus Edgar, Harrowsmith.

Grand Secretary—Bro. J. S. Jackson, Toronto (re-elected).

Assistant Grand Secretary — Bro. M. A. Jamieson, Peterboro.

Grand Treasurer—Bro. Jas. Hudson, Toronto.

Grand Lecturer—Bro. R. H. Ketcheson, Belleville.

Assistant Grand Lecturer—Bro. Wm. Deane, Kingston.

Grand Director of Ceremonies—Bro. Robt. P. Coulter, Camden East.

Grand Tyler—Bro. Wm. Alliston, Toronto.

The next meeting will be at Peterboro on the second Tuesday in June, 1889.

The Grand Lodge decided to take part in the L.O.L. demonstration at Kingston on July 12, 1889.

Last night the delegates were entertained by the local brethren at a banquet given in the Carleton House. The visitors will be driven through the city to-day, and will leave for their homes this evening.

THE THOMPSON CASE.

Hamilton Detectives Think There's Something in the Murder Theory.

HAMILTON, June 13.—The detectives are still at work on the Thompson case and appear to think that there is something in the murder theory. Mrs. Rump, who is a stout, good-looking woman about 40 years of age, is still in the cells. Her husband was killed in a sand-pit here several years ago. An application for her release until the conclusion of the inquest was made at the Police Court this morning, but an injunction was laid against her on which she is still held.

Mrs. Caroline McNeil, wife of John McNeil, started out for a short walk after tea last night. She had gone but a few rods when a blood vessel in her right leg burst and she immediately returned home, where she arrived very weak from loss of blood. Medical skill was of no avail and within a short time she was dead.

The resignation of Rev. C. O. Johnson from the Methodist ministry was a general topic of conversation to-day among all classes of church people.

At Christ Church Cathedral this morning the marriage of William John Coulson of New York, formerly of Hamilton, and Miss Anna Louise Bellhouse of this city was solemnized, Rev. Dr. Mockridge performing the ceremony.

George Wood, who was arrested in Toronto on Friday, was arraigned at the Police Court this morning on a charge of stealing two gold rings and with obtaining two pairs of boots by false pretences. The prisoner was sent up for trial on both charges.

At the General Sessions to-day Conroy, who was charged with attempting to pick the pocket of a woman in the market on May 23, was acquitted.

HIGH COURT C.O.F.

Annual Session at Hamilton—Election of Officers—Drill Exhibition.

HAMILTON, June 13.—The High Court of Canada, C.O.F., resumed its session at 9 o'clock this morning. These officers were elected by acclamation: Thomas White, Brantford, High Secretary; John Neelands, Wingham, High Treasurer; Rev. J. William-son, Arkona, High Chaplain; Dr. U. M. Stanley, Watford, Chairman Medical Board, and George Sinclair, Parkdale, High Registrar.

Past High Chief Ranger Long, who represented the High Court at the annual meeting of the Independent Order of Foresters in Chicago, reported, setting forth the cordial relations between the two orders.

London was selected as the next place of meeting.

The drill team in connection with the Toronto Courts arrived this afternoon and gave an exhibition at Grossman's Hall.

OUTSIDE THE LIMITS.

The Outrages by Yankee Fishermen Committed Beyond Our Jurisdiction.

HALIFAX, June 13.—The new fishery cruiser launched at Shelburne has been named C. H. Tupper. She will be commanded by Captain Quigley.

Captain Gordon of the flagship Acadia expresses the opinion that most of the depredations by Yankee ocean highwaymen were committed outside the limits, where the cruisers have no authority, and the only recourse is for the aggrieved Nova Scotia fishermen to take proceedings against the guilty parties in the courts. If they do that, he guarantees service and execution of all papers. He says the Government are doing their best to protect the fisheries, but it is impossible to have a cruiser at every point along Canada's enormous sea coast line.

The "Bunzo" cigar is "par excellence" the finest 5 cent cigar in the world.

BISHOP DWYER'S POLITICS.

HE PROCLAIMS HIMSELF TO BE AN ARDENT NATIONALIST.

But He Will Not Tolerate in His Diocese any Disobedience to the Papal Rescript—Scarlet Day at Cambridge—A Tribute to John Bright.

LONDON, June 13.—Once more the scene changes in Ireland and once more it is the Bishop of Limerick who appears as the chief factor in the struggle between the Pope and the League. He has, at last, to speak literally, started that ecclesiastical machinery which grinds so slowly that people began, some to despair of seeing it in motion, some to hope that it would never move. The Bishop has summoned his clergy and admonished them as the Papal rescript bade him. He has affirmed, with all his episcopal authority, the binding force of the rescript upon the clergy and people with direct reference to the Plan of Campaign and boycotting. He deals with all the various ingenious pleas and excuses for non-compliance, and puts them all aside. The Irish Bishops, he announces, have received an answer to their inquiry whether the Papal condemnation was to be considered conditional or limited by the reasons assigned by Cardinal Monaco, and only to have effect where the circumstances implied in it had been found to exist. The Archbishop of Dublin himself replied that the reasons had nothing to do with the formal operation of the decree, and that boycotting and the Plan of Campaign must be held to stand condemned without condition or limitation.

Further still, "there is," says the Bishop of Limerick, "no difference of opinion among the Irish bishops as to the meaning or binding force of this decree. I am entirely in accord with them." It would follow from this that the Nationalists must forego the comfort they found in the resolutions of the Bishops at their recent meeting. "It is no longer," continues Dr. Dwyer, "a matter of opinion. Rome has spoken. Controversy is at an end. I am the accredited mouthpiece of the Pope to his subjects in this diocese." Then he deals at length with the agitation against the decree and denounces those who cry out against the interference of the Pope in Irish politics. The Pope answers: "I do not interfere in politics as such, but I condemn those who corrupt or violate God's law."

"For the future," proceeds the Bishop, "you must instruct your flocks that they cannot violate this decree of the holy office without sin. You must bring home to their consciences the heinous offence of those Catholics who agitate against it. To say that the Holy Father gave this solemn and unalterable decision in ignorance of the facts is an insult to him. In this diocese that wickedness must cease," and he warns all that disobedience will be followed by excommunication.

With all this Dr. Dwyer proclaims himself a Nationalist, a Home Ruler and a land reformer, who believes that there can be no peace in Ireland till every farmer owns his farm. But he is a Catholic first and a Nationalist afterward. London morning paper has found time to express an opinion this tremendous fulmination but the leading Nationalist organ at Dublin still refuses to accept the Bishop of Limerick as an authorized interpreter of the Pope's decree, tells him that his superciliousness has dethroned his reason, and implies that other Bishops will take a different line. They must, I think, take some line or other very soon.

The ceremonies at Cambridge on Scarlet Day are remarkable in more points than one. Conferring a degree on the eldest son of the Prince of Wales is hardly more than a courtier-like civility on the part of the university. The boy's father and mother showed their sense of the compliment by going down to Cambridge to see young Prince Albert Victor receive the degree. The group of grown men on whom the same honor was bestowed was a brilliant one. Lord Salisbury, Lord Selborne, Lord Rosebery, Lord Randolph Churchill, Mr. Goschen and Mr. Balfour are all really eminent men. Mr. Raikes is a respectable professor; Mr. Stokes, Lord Rayleigh and the other men of science are all of distinction in one way or another.

Observe that among these statesmen and politicians there is but one Home Ruler, Lord Rosebery, and of him The Times says to the university, as to the world at large: "Lord Rosebery, diplomatist and Imperial statesman, is far more important than Lord Rosebery, Home Ruler." The Irish cause is not, perhaps, very popular at Cambridge, but Lord Rosebery was well received, and everybody was well received, Lord Salisbury and Lord Randolph Churchill, who led two different wings of Conservatism, were cheered with equal cordiality. Mr. Balfour's reception was the heartiest of all. The Senate House for some five minutes resounded with cheers for the Irish Secretary.

Mr. Bright, who was to have had a degree, was absent from illness. At the luncheon which followed, Lord Salisbury paid a striking tribute to the veteran Liberal, describing him as the most eminent of all those whom the university had honored, and then added: "Speaking of one who is, in most matters, my political opponent, I feel the deepest regret that he did not have this opportunity of ascertaining from the lips of his fellow-countrymen best fitted to confer the distinction, the deep veneration in which his name is held by every class and type of Englishmen."

National Leaguers Arrested.

LONDON, June 13.—Several members of the Irish National League have been arrested in Ireland. The arrests were the result of secret inquiries. Some of the persons taken into custody were charged with declining to give evidence at the trials of various offenders.

Twenty-One Tories.

LONDON, June 13.—Twenty-one Tories voted against the Government last night in the division on the resolution in regard to the admiralty introduced in the House of Commons by Louis J. Jennings.

"Derby" cigarettes (5c.) are superior to any ten cent package manufactured by any other firm.

TO LONDON BY HUDSON BAY.

Sir Charles Tupper Believes the Trip will Yet be Made.

LONDON, June 13.—Sir Charles Tupper made an important speech respecting the Hudson Bay route at a meeting called to hear a paper by Commodore Markham on exploration by the Straits. Sir Charles said that in view of the development of the Northwest too much importance could not be attached to more direct means of exit for its produce than via the Canadian Pacific. He said it was entirely erroneous to suppose that the Canadian Pacific Company was hostile to the Hudson Bay Railway enterprise. The company took the strongest possible interest in the project which, if practicable, would bring the wheat areas of the Northwest still nearer the markets of the Old World.

The Austrian Emperor's Speech.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 13.—The Austrian Emperor's speech to the members of the delegations on Sunday last has made a favorable impression in court circles here. At the same time the pacific tone of the Emperor's utterances is regarded as having been made necessary by the modified policy of Germany. The opinion prevails that if Austria's intentions were thoroughly pacific it would rest with her to initiate a peaceful settlement of the Bulgarian question.

No Opposition Likely in Picton.

HALIFAX, June 13.—It is now conceded that Hon. C. H. Tupper Minister of Marine and Fisheries, will be returned for Pictou by acclamation.

An Overdue Steamer.

LONDON, June 13.—The German steamer Pembtos from Singapore, with 1100 pilgrims on their way to Mecca, is overdue at Jeddah and it is supposed she is lost.

CENTRAL BANK AFFAIRS.

Ex-President Blain and Broker E. S. Cox to be Examined.

At the Master's Court yesterday there were no further developments re Central Bank malpractices. The cases of Jones, Kerr, Simpson, Ardagh, Laurie and North American Life Assurance Company stood over till Monday next.

In the case of Frederick Manthie Mr. Campbell moved that the claim be allowed. Claimant opened an account for his mother, Hattie Manthie, in the East Toronto branch of the Central Bank. The deposit is $280, and he asks that a note of $250 be set off. At the request of Mr. Foster this motion stands till to-day.

The examination of Accountant Ord re the "Stayner group" of cases was resumed. He said there were a number of shares in respect of which default had been made. These were not allotted or entered in the books. The directors took no legal proceedings to enforce calls or to forfeit shares. There were no auction sales of shares. In May, 1886, 120 shares were transferred to Cashier Allen; 86 by J. B. Kerr and William Barrett. There was no doubt that Stayner got these latter shares. On Feb. 5, 1884, J. B. Kerr subscribed for his shares, and in May, 1886, he transferred 21 shares to Allen. The acceptance for these was not signed. In the same month William Barrett similarly transferred 20 shares by D. Mitchell McDonald. The power of attorney cannot be found and the transfer had not been accepted.

Mr. Wood, on behalf of Mr. Stayner, offered evidence to show that the statutory provision of the Bank Act as to the payment by an subscriber had not been complied with—that the payment had not been made within the period prescribed, though accepted by the bank when paid and the party duly recognized as a shareholder—with a view to showing that such original subscriber and recognized shareholder is not a shareholder and therefore not a contributory under the act. Mr. Wood maintained his right to introduce such evidence.

The Master ruled that evidence of this nature is inadmissible, and that as the original parties—the bank and the subscriber—had waived the statutory condition respecting payment, and the bank had accepted payment and issued certificates of stock and paid dividends on such shares, no assignee of such shareholder can validly raise such an objection.

It has been arranged that the commission to examine ex-President David Blain and Broker E. S. Cox will be executed at Buffalo on Saturday. Mr. J. F. Smith, Q.C., will represent the Bank Ville Marie and Mr. Watson will represent Mr. Hugo Block and Dr. Morton. The commission is to take evidence touching the deposit receipts which Mr. Allen issued to Mr. Cox to raise money upon. The liquidators' defence is that the deposit receipts were fictitious, as when they were issued Mr. Cox had no deposits in the Central Bank, and that the Bank Ville Marie and Messrs. Block & Morton are in no better position as assignees of these receipts than was the assignor, Mr. Cox.

Smoke the old reliable brand, "Cable," over a quarter of a century in the market. Demand larger than ever.

AGAIN THE COAL CONTRACT

Engages the Attention of the Waterworks Committee—The Successful Tenderer.

The coal contract bobbed up serenely once more at the Waterworks Committee meeting yesterday afternoon. Chairman Boustead called the meeting to order at 2.30 and proceeded to open up the coal tenders, but before he had broken the first seal, Ald. Gillespie was on his feet with the statement that the contract should have been given to Elias Rogers in the first place, as his tender was the lowest. On the tenders being opened it was found that that of the Ontario Coal Company, (J. R. Bailey), at $4.75 per ton by vessel, was the lowest, and it was accordingly accepted. C. Ray & Co. obtained the contract for the Property Committee's supply of coal at $5.75 for soft coal and $6 for nut. After the tenders had been passed upon the difference between the tender of Elias Rogers and the Ontario Coal Company's was noted and found to come out $475 in favor of the former.

The consideration of the salary question was deferred.

TOPICS OF THE TRADES.

One Hundred Plumbers to Go on Strike this Morning—Other Labor Notes.

On April 25 the journeymen plumbers of the city asked the employers for an advance in wages from 22½ cents per hour to 27½ cents as the minimum; for weekly payment in place of fortnightly; all overtime on Saturdays to be paid for at rate of time and a half in place of time and a quarter, and for apprentices to be prevented going out to do journeymen's work until they had served three years. The men's notices expired yesterday and in the evening they had a very large meeting in Temperance Hall. After a lengthy discussion it was unanimously resolved that as the employers had sent no reply to their communications they should cease work forthwith. Consequently about 100 will go on strike this morning. The plumbers have a powerful organization, the International Plumbers' Association of America. The conduct of the strike is handed over to the executive of the local branch and they announce that they are prepared to attend to all cases in which plumbers may be required in an emergency.

A special meeting of the Plasterers' Laborers' Union was held in Temperance Hall last night. The report of the delegates who had met the employers the previous night was received and adopted. The delegates were thanked for their successful efforts in settling the dispute without a strike.

The Bricklayers' Union had a well attended meeting last night. They voted $400 to the Omaha strikers. The work of the traveling delegate having been accomplished for the present his services are withdrawn.

The Masons' Union met in Temperance Hall last night and agreed to unite with bricklayers in refusing to work with "scabs" of either society.

Mr. Bunting's Residence on Fire.

About 11.45 last night a probationer on duty in Queen's Park noticed flames escaping from the roof of the residence of Mr. C. W. Bunting, managing director of The Mail. He knocked loudly on the door for several minutes without attracting the attention of the occupants. Finally he was heard and admitted. Then he learned that the family was quite aware of the fire, and had been so fully engaged had been deaf to every call from the outside. They had the fire under control and did not need the services of the firemen. The damage to the building will amount to about $200. Mr. Bunting sailed yesterday from New York for England.

The I.O.G.T. Quarterly Meeting.

The quarterly meeting of the District Lodge, I.O.G.T., was held in Temperance Hall yesterday afternoon. Representatives were present from seventeen lodges, who reported an increase of 206 members. Mrs. Macdonnell, F. S. Spence, D. O. Wood, H. Wallis and D. A. Rose were chosen to represent the district at the Grand Lodge meeting at Hamilton on June 26. The License Commissioners were commended for endeavoring to separate the grocery and liquor businesses. A resolution was passed condemning the supply of drink at the volunteer camp canteens.

A Milkman Missing.

A milkman named Charles Gooderham, living on Dovercourt-road, was fined twice by the Police Magistrate recently for allowing his cows to remain at large. The fines and costs amounted to $30, and he was very reluctant to pay this sum. Evidently he feared the fate of Milkman Parker, whose cows were seized by the police, for yesterday it was discovered that he had sold out and left for parts unknown to the representatives of the law.

A Wealthy Solicitor's Will.

The will of James Crowther, solicitor, Toronto, was yesterday entered for probate. Exclusive of real estate he died possessed of $571,401, the larger portion of which was money secured by mortgages. There are no charitable bequests, the personalty being divided amongst his family—his widow, two sons, William and James Crowther, and two daughters, Sarah Ellen, wife of William Mulock, M.P., and Mary Amelia, wife of George S. Ryerson.

She Refused $7000.

The Don arbitrators heard evidence yesterday as to the value of Mrs. Annie M. Kavanagh's property, off St. Lawrence-street, south of King. The evidence varied as to the value. There is a frontage of 168 feet and a depth of 500 feet. Mrs. Kavanagh refused $7000 for it.

COMPLIMENTING SIR JAMES GRANT.

The Venerable Practitioner of the Capital Congratulated by His Colleagues.

The meeting of the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario was resumed yesterday, when Dr. J. H. Burns presided. Owing to some slight informality in the proceedings of Tuesday, the latter half of all the business had to be formally gone over again, which occupied the Council's time till noon.

In the afternoon notices were given of a motion to appoint a committee to confer with the Finance Minister as to the free importation of surgical instruments and appliances and of the appointment of a committee to inquire into the possibility of better arrangements of districts. The motion of which Dr. Geikie on Tuesday gave notice re the Anatomy Act was carried. Dr. Bray and Dr. Bergin's motions of Tuesday were referred to the Educational Committee.

A resolution was passed congratulating Sir James Grant of Ottawa on the honor conferred on him by Her Majesty.

Sir James, in his reply, stated that he accepted the honor at Her Majesty's hands not for himself, but as a compliment to the medical profession of Canada. He referred to his twenty-two years' membership of the Council, during which time he had witnessed enormous advances in medical science. He considered that in no other branch of civilization had there been such progress. The Council had worked hard to keep well in the van of progress and had done a grand work for humanity, and in receiving the honor he wished to state that he took it largely to the uniform kindness he had always been shown by the members of the Council.

The question of appointing Mr. W. Webb as prosecutor for the Council was referred to the Finance Committee, as was also a motion relating to the appointment of an extra examiner each in medicine and surgery. The matter of granting expenses to students of the Western College, London, when traveling to the Council their examinations, was referred to the Finance Committee. Dr. Russell moved that where members were vexatiously prosecuted the Council's solicitor be authorized to undertake their defence. After considerable discussion the motion was lost.

The Council sits again this forenoon.

Victoria Park is now the nicest pleasure resort. Excursion rates liberal. Everything first-class.

City Hall Small Talk.

The costs of the Early Closing Bylaw litigation were taxed yesterday and reduced from $666 to $667.

The new eighteen-inch sewer on Gwynne-street was commenced yesterday.

The following work was ordered yesterday by the City Engineer: Cedar-block roadway on Brock-avenue, from Queen to Dundas-avenue; cobble pavement on lane between York and Simcoe-streets; block pavement on Dufferin-street, from Dundas to Lindsay-street, and a stone sett pavement on Front-street, from Yonge to Bay.

No. 3 engine started running yesterday morning. She is under 70 head of steam, and is pumping at the rate of 7,500,000 gallons per day.

The City Commissioner has received complaints that the end of Leonard-avenue and the end of Lippincott-street are blocked up with lumber.

The number of city contracts issued up to date for the current year is 100.

Yesterday City Clerk Blevins received a letter from the Secretary of the County Council Committee on the Administration of Justice informing the corporation that that body accepted the city's offer to pay 80 per cent. of the costs of the same.

Mayor Boyd and Ald. J. Shenstone of Brantford visited Mayor Clarke yesterday. They are in the city getting points from Toronto's fire system.

Sir James Gibson Craig of Edinburgh, Scotland, paid a short visit to the Mayor yesterday.

Try "Athlete" cigarette tobacco.

The Proposed Union Mission Hall.

The committee of the Union Mission met yesterday afternoon in the Queen City building. Ex-Mayor Howland presided. Mr. W. F. Sexton, jr., superintendent of the Salvation Army buildings, submitted detailed plans of the pile to be erected under the Union Mission auspices. The plans were carefully examined and adopted and tenders will be speedily advertised for and the building proceeded with. The World gave full details of the scheme a few days ago. The plans show beautiful fronts on College and Mission avenues in red brick with stone dressings. A novelty in the erection is the placing of a garden 70 ft. by 100 ft. on the flat roof of one part of the building for the exclusive use of the aged inmates of the home. In this garden they will be allowed to have flower pots, etc., of their own.

Prof. Loisette's Visit.

A large number of persons in this city are anticipating the visit of the memory specialist who has made such a reputation for himself in the educational institutions of the east and larger cities that encomiums of his work are scarcely needed. He reaches Toronto tomorrow and gives his opening talk in the afternoon at 3 and evening at 8 in Association Hall. His closing lecture was given to his class of 700 persons in Buffalo on Monday evening, and the chairman of the Educational Committee of the Y.M.C.A. of that city, who was instrumental in securing Prof. Loisette's services, writes to a friend here as follows: "The Loisette lectures closed last evening and good feeling seems to prevail all around respecting them."

Prof. Loisette has at present more than 100 correspondency pupils in this city, many of whom will re-enter his class for personal instruction.

Frobs—Dineen, Toronto.

The straw hat season has fairly commenced, and we are ready with a very choice stock of the latest shapes. Straw hats are cheaper than last year. We are selling good Mackinaw hats at 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50; flat crown and flat brim English sailor hats, with fancy or black bands, for 50c, 75c, $1; real manilla hats in twenty different shapes at $1.50, $2, $2 50; clerical black and brown straw hats in Leghorn, palm leaf, manilla, etc., from 75c to $2.50; fine palm leaf hats, in extra qualities, at $1, $1.50 and $2; broad brim panama hats only $1.50. Out of town buyers will find our prices very low if they write for what they want. W. & D. Dineen, corner King and Yonge sts.

And Now the Conference.

Amongst the many places of interest in our city which the assembled clergymen will do well to visit is Alfred White's 65 King-street west. No better assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods at "away down prices" is to be found.

A Call to Pastor Wallace of Georgetown.

At a meeting of the congregation of the Bloor-street Presbyterian Church last evening, a unanimous call was extended to Rev. W. J. Wallace of Georgetown. The salary is $2000. More than two-thirds of the members have already signed the call.

An Actuary Bold.

On Tuesday Prof. Sanderson, actuary of the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Co., took his degree of M.A. at the University of Toronto. General Manager Carlile was up to see him kneel before the Vice-Chancellor and receive the password.

Queen City Fire Insurance Company.

Established 1871. The only stock fire insurance company that divides the profits with its policy holders. Has more surplus assets to the amount at risk than any other purely stock fire insurance company doing business in Canada. SCOTT & WALMSLEY, Underwriters, 24 Church-street, Toronto. Telephone 221. 24

Watch Malsprings.

Beeton, the watch specialist, opposite post-office, keeps a full line of mainsprings for every grade and make of watch, so that customers can always depend on having the proper kind inserted. 246

Smoke "La Princessa" and "Chip of the Old Block" Cigars. Made by Union men since the strike. 36 246 245

A "KICK" ON THE QUACKS.

THE ONTARIO MEDICAL ASSOCIATION AND THE IRREGULARS.

Opening of the Eighth Annual Session—The President's Address on Old Days—The Minister of Agriculture Makes a Speech—American Visitors.

The theatre of the Normal School was appropriated yesterday forenoon by our members of the public health. At the opening of the eighth annual meeting of the Ontario Medical Association there were about 50 members in attendance. Mutual greetings were indulged in, the doctors removed their silk hats, the assembly gradually subsided to order and Dr. J. H. Richardson of Toronto, in the absence of the President, Dr. J. W. Rosebrugh of Hamilton, accepted the chair. Dr. J. E. White, secretary of the association, read the minutes. Then the President entered and relieved Dr. Richardson.

Dr. J. E. Graham of Toronto presented the report of the Arrangements Committee, which had been instructed to enquire into the subject of establishing a library in connection with the association. The report set forth that satisfactory steps had been taken to establish the library. Subscriptions and stock at $5 a share placed in their hands about $4000. They had received 800 bound volumes and 7000 pamphlets. The report invited the members to co-operate in placing the library on a good basis. Dr. Graham and the committee were authorized for their successful endeavors and the report was adopted. The meeting then voted $150 to assist the enterprise.

A "Kick" on the Quacks.

The morning session had a lively wind-up. The subject of the stir was Dr. W. S. Clark, a Toronto clairvoyant, at present a member of the association. Dr. Charles Sheard and Dr. Richardson led the attack on the "quack doctor," and demanded that the privileges of the association be denied Dr. Clark. Dr. Sheard wished it to be understood that if such men as Clark were permitted to be members of the association it would be beneath his dignity to be a member.

The Committee on Credentials were instructed to inquire into the matter.

At the afternoon session the guests of the association were introduced by the chairman. They were: Dr. J. A. Wyeth, Dr. C. C. Rice, Dr. G. W. Fox and Dr. Leonard Corning, of New York; Dr. A. W. Johnstone, of Danville, Ky., and Dr. Gardiner, Montreal. The visitors were received with applause and each briefly addressed the meeting.

President Rosebrugh's Address.

President Rosebrugh delivered his address. After thanking the association for the honor conferred upon him by his election to the presidency, he congratulated that body upon its continuous and increasing prosperity and usefulness. The benefits arising from medical societies no right thinking person could too highly appreciate. As a member of the British Medical Association he had great pleasure in recommending that the Ontario Society should seriously consider the desirability and advisability of affiliating with the former. Continuing, Dr. Rosebrugh indulged in a few reminiscences, extending over a period of thirty-eight or forty years. He stated that he came to the city as a medical student in 1850. There was nothing that could strike the stranger more forcibly than the wonderful advance and improvement made in medicine and surgery since that date. Now the natural history of disease was studied with care, and the doctor was able to recognize, to an extent impossible in the old days, what could be done in regulating its course. It had been discovered that Nature was only to be conquered by obeying her. In 1850 the little old hospital of that date was situated on King-street west. The wards were roomy and ventilated, but as to clinical advantages and appointments no such thing had yet been suggested. As for operations they were scarcely ever heard of, and when one did occur no provision was made so that the students could witness it. In those days the nurses in most of the hospitals was discreditable. The nurses were generally slovenly, and in many cases, disreputable. Since then, however, Florence Nightingale had worked a reform in this respect. A medical student of to-day was not the beer-loving, pipe-smoking, knocker-wrenching individual of bygone days. The increased and increasing complexity of medical studies, combined with augmented stringency of examinations, had rendered the career of the medical student much more difficult. In the two medical schools of the "fifties," were some able and eloquent teachers and lecturers, notably Dr. Widmer, Dr. Rolph, Dr. Powell, Dr. Beaumont, Dr. King and Dr. Workman. [Applause.]

Reading the Papers.

Dr. F. Le M. Grasett of Toronto was called upon to read his paper, the subject of which was "Urethral Discharges." Dr. McFarlane, Toronto; Dr. Groves, Fergus; Dr. Burt, Paris, and Dr. Dupuis, Kingston, discussed the paper at some length.

The next paper read was that of Dr. A. W. Johnstone of Danville, Ky., on "Soft Myoma." The doctor contended that this was, from its very inception, an entirely distinct tumor, and presented drawings of a tumor of the kind he had removed.

At this point in the proceedings Sir James Grant, Ottawa, and Dr. J. H. Burns, Toronto, the new president of the Medical Council of the O.C.P.S., were introduced to the meeting. Dr. Burns replied to the remarks of the chairman in introducing him, expressing his thanks for the flattering terms addressed to him, and stating his belief that the Medical Council would do its duty in preventing, as far as possible, incompetent and unqualified men from entering the profession.

Dr. Sheard, Toronto, then read a paper on "Bacteria and their influence on the blood and tissues," producing several temperature charts in illustration of his subject. On motion it was decided to postpone discussion on this paper to the evening session.

Dr. Smith of Tilsonburg called attention to the case of a youth who had been treated by him for sunstroke. The boy had apparently recovered, but since the stroke every warm spell of weather or experience in a heated room gave him violent pains in the head. Dr. Smith asked for suggestions respecting a course of treatment which would lead to complete recovery, but none were forth