

## Jail, Gaiety---Battle, Ceremony---Death, Rescue---All in Mexico's Two-Year Revolution.



Old Porfirio Diaz is reinaugurated as President of Mexico. He takes oath while martial law is in force.



Insurgents, however, soon force an insurrection and their leader, Francisco I. Madero, proclaims himself "provisional president."



Diaz finally resigns presidency, fearing assassination by insurgents. In his place De la Barra is made president "pro tem."



But Madero's strength so increases that he is chosen president at a general election and a great reception is held to celebrate "final peace."



Madero, to make his power more secure, next deposes Gen. Felix Diaz, nephew of the ex-president, Porfirio Diaz. He accomplishes this by a battle at Vera Cruz.



Diaz, court martialed, is sentenced to death, but Madero dramatically spares his enemy at the last moment.



Army now has revolted in Mexico and has released Gen. Diaz from jail. Diaz is engaged trying to recapture the power of Government.

### MADERO AGREES TO AN INTERIM PRESIDENT; ANOTHER ALL-NIGHT BATTLE AT MEXICO CITY

Artillery Duel in Darkness Between Madero and Diaz.

Powerful Forces of U.S. Army Concentrating for Action in Mexico.

Mexico City, Feb. 18. — President Madero has agreed in principle to the reappointment of a president in the interim.

Mexico City, Feb. 18. — The fact that President Madero had agreed to the appointment of an interim president was announced on the authority of the Mexican foreign minister, Senor Lascurain.

[Canadian Press.] Mexico City, Feb. 18.—Firing went on practically the whole night from both the Federal and the rebel positions. In the total darkness, however, it was impossible to ascertain whether any advantage had been gained by either side. At about 5 o'clock the artillery duel died down gradually and finally ceased at 5:15. The cause of the cessation of hostilities was not generally known. Up to a quarter past eight the fighting had not been renewed. The tenth day of the fighting in the capital, there has been virtually no change in the positions of the two forces.

No Truce. Mexico City, Feb. 18.—It is thought that the break in the battle may mean merely a change of tactics on the part of the Federal commander. I was stationed in authoritative quarters that no truce had been arranged.

U.S. Neutral. Washington, Feb. 18.—Secretary Knox told President Taft and the cabinet today that notwithstanding all the fierce fighting in the City of Mexico for the last eight days, there had been no infraction of the rules of civilized warfare, or of the principles of international law, as to warrant any interference by the United States. The responsiveness of both President Madero and General Felix Diaz, he said, to the suggestions of Ambassador Wilson, in the capacity as dean of the diplomatic corps in the Mexican capital, have been so complete and satisfactory as to justify officials, in their opinion, for the strictly neutral attitude observed by the United States.

Powers Approve. Apparently the policy adopted by the United States in dealing with the Mexican situation has met with the unequalled approval of the European powers. During the last week, Secretary Knox has talked with several of the ambassadors, in no instance has there been a disposition to criticize the administration for not intervening. It was declared by administration officials today that there was no inconsistency between the entertainment of this purpose of non-intervention and the (Continued on Page Eleven.)

### Women's Canadian Club Will Place Wreath On Soldiers' Monument

The Women's Canadian Club will place a wreath on the Soldiers' Monument in Victoria Park on Feb. 27. This is in accordance with the wish expressed by Mayor Graham at the time of the unveiling of the monument last summer by the Duke of Connaught.

### SALE OF FLASKS OVER BARS WILL BE PROTESTED AGAINST

Professor J. H. Bowman Goes to Toronto to Discuss the Proposal—"Banish the Bar" Forging Ahead, He Declares.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Ontario Alliance will be held in Toronto on Feb. 25 prior to the general meeting of the provincial association on Feb. 26. Prof. J. H. Bowman, who is a member, stated to The Advertiser today that every effort will be made to have the three-fifths clause abolished. The provincial association will also ask Sir James Whitney to pass a law forbidding the sale by hotels of whiskey in flasks or bottles.

"We feel," said Prof. Bowman, "that the time has come now in view of the splendid victories the temperance people have been winning everywhere and the steady growth of local option territory to wipe out the three-fifths clause. It never should have been legalized. Had the temperance people not had to fight against a handicap of that kind the growing sentiment against the liquor traffic and the temperance people, regardless of politics, are behind the man who is out to banish the bar. If Sir James Whitney won't do it he will find that someone else will. Banish the bar is the popular cry now, as people everywhere are realizing the evils of the liquor traffic."

"We think that the sale of flasks and bottles should be confined to stores alone, and that hotels should not be allowed to sell liquor in this way. It is surprising the number of flasks that are disposed of over the bar, and we will make an effort to stop it." Among the delegates to the provincial meeting are Prof. Bowman, Mrs. May R. Thornley and Mrs. Hubert Ashplant.

### BEN LEAVES TOWN FOR WHILE BUT ISN'T GOING TO BERMUDA

Neither Will the Ubiquitous Blackstock Sojourn at Palm Beach—In Fact, He's Going to Central With His Chicken-Loving Companion.

Benjamin Blackstock was sentenced to six months in the Central Prison for stealing chickens from Turnkey Marsh on Feb. 8, and his companion in crime, John Hooper, will serve a similar term.

The two men were tried a week ago, but on account of their statement that the stolen birds had been left in Blackstock's care until Monday morning by a gentle stranger, whose name they did not know, Magistrate Judd postponed the sentence until today in order that they might assist the police in arresting the thief.

Scoundrel Like a Fairy Tale. The magistrate in sentencing the men stated that the story told by them was so unreasonable that it could not be believed, and that their past records in the police court were such that no credence could be given their statements. When asked if he had

anything to say in connection with the action Blackstock said that he had been eleven days in a jail and during that time his horse had died of starvation. To sentence him would mean depriving an innocent man of his freedom.

Robbed a Laundryman. A youth who was arrested for stealing the contents of a bill from a local Chinese laundry, was sentenced to six months in the Central Prison, but the magistrate and the crown attorney will ask the Government to have him sent to the prison farm at Guelph. The lad stated that he was under the influence of liquor at the time of his action, and did not know what he was doing. Two drunkards were discharged, and one Indian listed took the usual 21 days in the jail in place of the 10 fine.

### MISSION PROVES A HAVEN OF REST FOR DOWNFALLEN

A Thief and Two Drunkards Recently Placed on the Straight Path.

Story of Old Gospel Only One Preached There—Appeal For Aid.

The full value of the London City Mission on Richmond street to a city like London may never be fully recognized by a great many citizens, but nevertheless it is accomplishing a work which is only second to that accomplished by the Salvation Army.

The City Mission has for its object the uplifting of the degenerated and fallen in the various walks of life, and for its motto, "There is Hope For All." At the head of this mission is Mr. Herbert E. Wilson, who, with his devoted band of co-workers, are meeting with success in a small way, but the lack of finances is keeping down the work of salvation in a wider scope which could otherwise be accomplished.

Open Every Night. The door is open seven evenings a week, and the many wayfarers and hungry souls have directed their steps to the mission and have received help from the superintendent. The mission does not pauperize men, but it does help them to help themselves. It is a winter resort for tramps, but not a winter resort for tramps, but a light-house, with the door open to point them to the Land of God.

Rescuing the Downfallen. Recently two drunkards and a thief were rescued by the mission. They were taken up in a destitute condition, were taken care of for a few weeks, and positions given to them in the city. They are now leading straight lives, and thank the mission workers constantly for their new lives. One of them has since married a Christian woman.

The mission was started three years ago, and for the first twelve months Mr. Wilson gave his services gratis. A year after it was started, a committee consisting of H. Worthington, Sheriff D. M. Cameron, D. H. Gillies, H. E. Wilson, T. E. Iscott, George Stone and W. S. Sargent took over the mission, and agreed to pay Mr. Wilson an annual salary of \$800. However, Mr. Wilson has declined the sum of \$331 in two years. The expenditure for the twelve months ending Oct. 31 was \$1,155.48, with a shortage in Mr. Wilson's salary of \$466.82.

Appeal For Support. The committee are appealing to the public to support this mission. Money is required to carry on a work of this nature. They are thankful for donations previously received, but the amounts contributed have not been sufficient to carry out work to the extent they desire to accomplish. Contributions will be gratefully received by any member of the committee, or Mr. Francis A. Wallace, the mission clerk.

The Richmond Street Mission does not cater to any denomination or sect. Every one is welcome at their meetings, and Christian fellowship is what they want to establish among the people they attend. Different city pastors speak every Saturday night. Discussions on doctrinal points are never allowed, but strict adherence is made to the old gospel story.

### MANY WERE INJURED IN TRAIN WRECK

Spread Rail Caused Derailment of C. P. R. Train in Saskatoon.

[Canadian Press.] Earl Grey, Sask., Feb. 18.—A spread rail caused the derailment of Canadian Pacific train No. 69 on the Kirkella branch, one mile east of here, at 10 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The smoker turned over and was badly wrecked. The following passengers were injured: S. McLaughlin, of the J. Coristine Company, Montreal, arm broken; John E. Sear, of Southey, Sask., head cut; J. Jampolsky and S. Sandermursky, faces cut; D. W. Anderson, Gilvin, Sask., cut and bruised; C. H. Anderson, Cupar, Sask., three scalp wounds; Frank Plunkett, Sask., cut and bruised; W. A. Lawrence, of the Golden-Gurney Company, Winnipeg, head cut and shoulder injured. Hon. W. R. Motherwell was one of the passengers on the train, but escaped injury.

### THE WEATHER.

TOMORROW—MILD. Toronto, Feb. 18.—8 a.m. Today—Easterly winds; fine. Wednesday—Southeast winds; milder. The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

| Stations.        | High. | Low. | Weather. |
|------------------|-------|------|----------|
| LONDON           | 14    | 2    | Clear    |
| Calgary          | 32    | 24   | Cloudy   |
| Winnipeg         | 24    | 24   | Show     |
| Port Arthur      | 22    | 18   | Snow     |
| Sault Ste. Marie | 22    | 18   | Cloudy   |
| Toronto          | 22    | 8    | Clear    |
| Ottawa           | 12    | -14  | Clear    |
| Montreal         | 14    | 6    | Clear    |
| Quebec           | 14    | 8    | Clear    |
| Father Point     | 14    | 8    | Cloudy   |

Minus (—) means below zero. The weather continues cold in Ontario and Quebec, and comparatively mild in the Western Provinces, where a snow-fall has been almost general.

### LUMBERMAN DISAPPEARS AFTER STRANGERS SEE HIS BANK ROLL

Police Are Searching for Men Who Procured Carriage and Drove Away With Intoxicated Individual They Met On Train.

Constable Robert Logan, of the Grand Trunk, has been making diligent search through the city today for a lumberman, who disappeared from the depot early this morning, accompanied by two strangers, who were bound for Chicago. The lumberman was returning from a winter in the woods, and had \$175 in his possession. He arrived in the city this morning on Express No. 7 from the east at 3:52, and was under the influence of liquor. While on the train he confided to the men that he had the money, and they became quite chummy with him. The men had tickets for Chicago, but instead of going on through, they left the train here and securing a carriage, started away with the lumberman, who left his grip in the depot. Officials Are Warned. Passengers on the train who overheard the conversation between the men, warned the officials at the depot, but when the latter went to locate the men they had disappeared.

The conductor in charge of the train also mentioned the fact, and a message was sent to the police station. Mr. Logan has made a search of the hotels and liveries of the city, and Detective Down is also working on the case. So far no trace of the man has been found, and Mr. Logan is worried. All sorts of conjectures have been formed, some thinking that the men may have left the hack after going a short distance, and either assaulted or drugged the lumberman before robbing him. May Have Been Deceived. "He may have been left lying on the road in some deserted section while the men made good their escape," said one employee of the Grand Trunk, "or he may have been taken to some hotel and put to bed." Neither the men nor the lumberman have been seen at the depot yet, and Mr. Logan is keeping the grip until its owner turns up. No one has learned where the carriage was secured.

### HEAVY DAMAGES ASKED FOR DEATH

Mother of Boy Killed in an Elevator Accident Asks \$5,000.

### HIGH COURT JURY CASES

Lady Struck by Engine Asks for One Thousand Dollars From Grand Trunk.

Two jury cases have already been entered for trial at the jury sittings of the high court division of the supreme court of Ontario, which opens next Monday before Mr. Justice Latchford at the local court house. It is likely that a number of additional cases will be entered before the list is finally closed on Thursday evening. The first action is that in which Mrs. Sarah Buchanan, of this city, claims \$5,000 damages and the costs of the action from Silverwoods, Limited, for the death of her son which she claims was due to the negligence of the defendants, their servants or employees. Deceased, Alex. E. Buchanan, was an employee of the defendants and met his death on Dec. 9, in an elevator shaft on the premises of the defendants. The plaintiff alleges that the defendants were negligent on account of the dangerous, improper and negligent system of operation of the said works, the failure to instruct deceased in the operation (Continued on Page Eleven.)



HERBERT WILSON, superintendent of the London Mission, which has been given a new start to many downfallen men.

### WEDDED 68 YEARS

Groom Is Nearing Ninety-Four and His Wife Is Ninety-One. [Special to The Advertiser.] Ingersoll, Feb. 18.—An enjoyable celebration was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Burdick in honor of the 68th anniversary of their wedding. Mr. Burdick will be 94 years old in July, and his wife is 91. She has been confined to her bed for the past eighteen months.

### TRUTH ABOUT LONDON WATERWORKS SOUGHT

Ald. Richter Gives Notice of Investigation of Entire System, Including Original Cost and Present Revenue.

Ald. J. G. Richter is about to stir things up in the city council and to show citizens in general that his statements in connection with the water commission and its management are not incorrect. At the council meeting Monday night he introduced a notice of motion to the effect that at the next meeting of the council he would move for the appointment of a special committee to inquire into and report upon the original cost of the London waterworks; the amount of the original debentures issued in connection therewith; the amount of debentures issued subsequent thereto for extensions, additions thereto, and the various sources thereof; the revenues derived therefrom, and the various sources thereof; the expenditure incurred in connection with operation thereof, including expenditure on appraisal of the said works by a competent appraiser; and such allied matters as in the opinion of the committee will be of interest. NOTICE IS NOT DISCUSSED. There was not the least discussion on the question, some of the aldermen being taken so much by surprise they did not have an opportunity to make any comment. It will call for considerable contention when the motion is put at the next meeting.

### Shackleton Again to Dare Antarctic

New York, Feb. 18.—The deaths which Captain Scott and four of his men met in the Antarctic will have no effect on the determination of Sir Ernest Shackleton to go south again. At a lunch in his honor yesterday on the eve of his departure for England, Shackleton reaffirmed his intention of leading another expedition, as there was "still work to be done" in the Antarctic. "Human lives are nothing," he said, "if by going forth we can add one iota to the sum of human knowledge."

### ARE ENGLISH GIRLS SNUBBED AT WORK BY CANADIAN GIRLS?

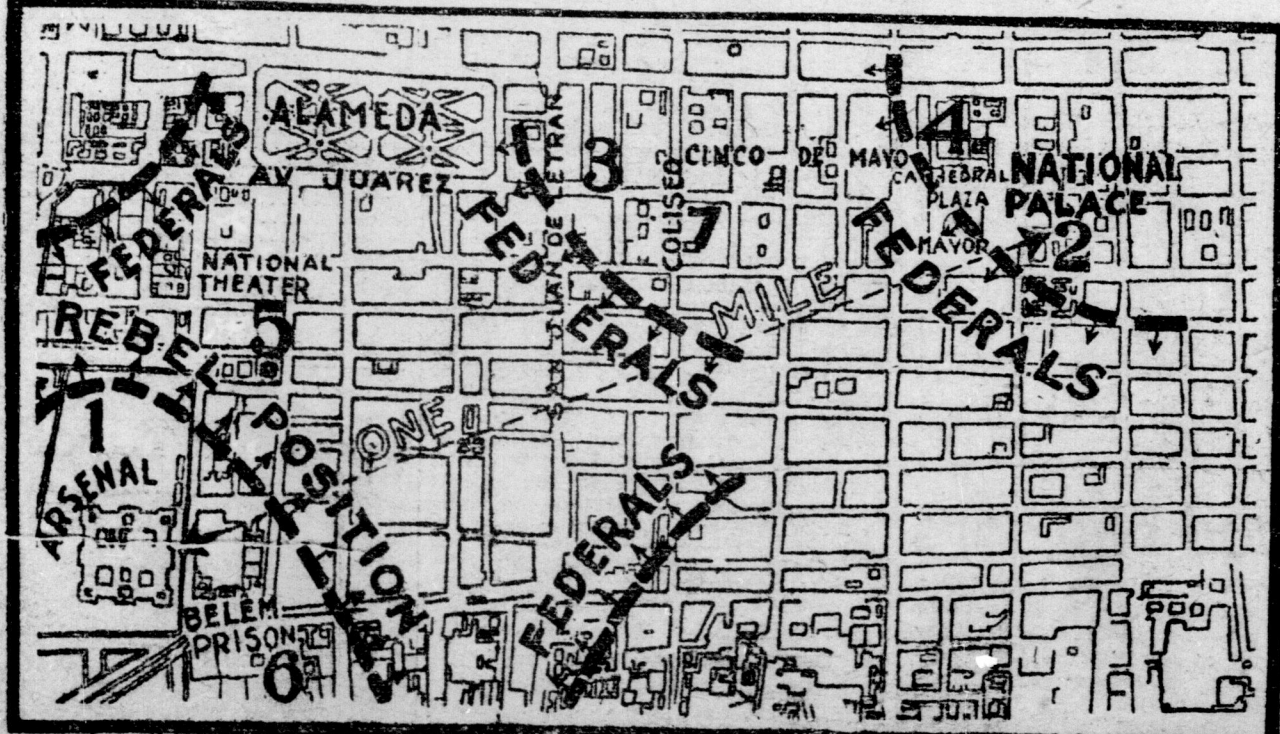
Countryman Claims They Are Ridiculed by Some Fellow-Workers.

Makes an Appeal for Kindness Toward Strangers From Old Land.

Are English girls employed in London factories treated with disrespect and ridicule by some of their Canadian fellow-employees? A gentleman from England, who has been a resident in London for some years, holding a responsible position with a business institution, stated to The Advertiser today that the manner in which English girls of the kindest disposition and best character were treated by a number of thoughtless Canadian girls was discourteous in the extreme, and in some cases absolutely cruel.

"I regret bringing this matter to public attention," said The Advertiser's informant, "but I feel that it only needed to be brought to the notice of citizens in general. I have frequently heard that there has been misunderstanding between English and Canadian people, but I had thought the prejudice that some people showed a few years ago was dying out. But the story told me by two of my nieces, and by other English women and girls, has made it plain to me that there is need for some thrashing out of the problem—and I am sure you will agree with me that it is a problem we are all anxious to solve. It will in Factory. "My two nieces—they are as good and kindly girls as you will find in London—are employed in a factory. They have not been in the country long, and as I was in a measure responsible for bringing them here, I feel my duty to them, doubly. They have been treated with a plain show of ill-will and contempt by a number of girls who work in the factory where they are employed. There is no getting over it. From the first they have been referred to in insulting terms, even being called 'sparrows' and other names that any good Canadian should be ashamed to use toward persons who are trying to make their way in the world, and harming no one. Not Treated as Equals. "Although from the first they sought to make friends with the Canadian girls they have been repulsed, and although they come from just as good families, and have had just as good training, they are not given the standing of equals, and frequently insulted openly and held up to ridicule. "Some of the English girls have to work hard to help their parents establish homes in this country, and often they are not able to buy clothes as expensive as are flashy as those who work with them. My nieces have been frequently teased on the style of their attire, and laughed at because they do 'not' choose to do their hair in some outlandish fashion. Some Girls Are Kind. "On one or two occasions these girls have come home and cried over the treatment they have been accorded. Some of the girls they work with have been very kind, but they receive very little encouragement from the larger number of their fellow-employees. I know of one Scotch woman who had to support a child by her own labor, who quite one place because she could not stand the insulting remarks that were addressed to her. "I think there is a better understanding between the men now. They have found out that there are good and bad of both races, if we can call them different races. But there is still a lot of misunderstanding. The Canadian cannot understand the Englishman always. He thinks the latter a boaster, thinks he is always blowing about it, and I do not think the average Englishman means to be 'chesty.' Things are so different for him here that he is bound to refer to his change. He has to change his habits, become acclimatized, and instead of being helped he is often hindered by the ridicule that is poured upon him. "Why, I know lots of English girls who are practically ostracized from Canadian homes. Were they given the companionship they desire and require they would quickly become part of the system of things. "I make this appeal through The Advertiser with no desire to stir up strife, rather to prevent it. I feel that things are said by kind-hearted persons in thoughtless moments that may hurt a stranger keenly. The girls in London stores and factories can do a great service to their sisters and themselves just by being kind to our little girls. They will find them ready to learn, and the happiest, most honest women one would want to know."

### BATTLE CHART OF MEXICO CITY



Map of City of Mexico Showing District Under Fire

1.—Arsenal seized by rebels under Felix Diaz and used as stronghold from which to bombard federal defences. 2.—National palace, President Madero's headquarters. 3.—Vicinity of Cinco Mayo and San Juan de Iltiran streets, where much damage has been done to British legation and other buildings by rebel shells. 4.—Cathedral building, from which federal troops have been firing on rebel positions. 5.—National theatre, on roof of which federal battery has been placed. 6.—Belam prison, from which 3,000 or more prisoners were released by the rebels. 7.—Parson's Hotel, where many Americans collected.