

The Advertiser

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THE WESTERN ADVERTISER.

(OUR WEEKLY EDITION.)

By mail, per annum.....\$1 00

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

ADVERTISING RATES

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ADVERTISER PRINTING CO.,
LONDON, - CANADA.

God's in his heaven,
All's right with the world.
—[BROWNING.]

Never hear more than one kind of
trouble at a time. Some people bear
three kinds—all they have had, all they
have now, and all they expect to have.
—[EDWARD EVERETT HALE.]

London, Monday, April 9.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER, with its morning and evening editions, covers the ground. With one exception, it is the ONLY EARLY MORNING DAILY IN ONTARIO, outside of Toronto.

—Only those communications to which the writers are willing to have their names appended in print will be published in these columns. Neither the writing nor the publication of anonymous letters can be justified.

—New fodder cheese is selling in Eastern Ontario at 10½ to 11 cents. It is expected that the export business will begin in about a month.

—Mr. Andrew Laidlaw has been enterprising enough to turn his newspaper, the *First Reformer*, into a daily journal. The first number is bright and new, and gives evidence that the *Daily Reformer* has come to stay.

—Every Canadian product is low priced in the world market just now. They take what we have to sell if we supply cheaply enough, but not otherwise. Why should we impose heavy taxes for the benefit of a few upon the products we must receive in exchange?

—After the debate on the tariff juggle has been completed to-morrow night, or early Wednesday morning, the Finance Minister will proceed to revise the revision. He is plainly told by the organs of the "Protectionists" that in so far as he has made any changes that affects them he must be prepared to crawl down the tree.

—The debt of the Dominion increases. According to the official returns, the total net debt of the country on 31st of March last was \$240,189,793, against \$237,613,602 at the same date last year. In 1878, when the Mackenzie Government went out of power, the total debt was \$140,362,069, which, despite the greatly increased taxes paid every year, has since been increased by \$100,000,000.

—The oil duties are still being canvassed in the Dominion Parliament. Mr. Davies, of Prince Edward Island, on Friday night produced an actual invoice of a cargo of kerosene oil imported into St. John, N. B., recently, and valued at \$2,785, on which a duty of \$4,972 was paid. It is probable that when the tariff is considered in committee a determined attempt will be made to secure a reduction of these duties. Invoices like those produced are hard nuts for the "protectionists" to crack.

—Under the new Dominion Insolvency Bill which is now before Parliament it is provided that farmers can avail themselves of its provisions. In their case, however, recourse to the law must be voluntary, and no demand for assignment can be made upon them. This is a following out of the English act. It is recognized that if the creditors of a farmer had the right to compel him to assign at will serious results might ensue, especially if the interference took place during a time when the crops required immediate attention.

—The Bishop of Manchester frankly acknowledges that the labor problem is preeminently the question of the day. This is his apology for discussing the question of the "living wage." He accepts the claim that wages should be determined by the wants of the worker and holds that this view is sustained by Christian principles. "What the workers really mean by a living wage," comments the *London Chronicle* on this declaration, "is the living principle that wages shall govern contracts and not contracts wages." It was for this principle that the English miners struggled so bravely through the recent lockout. Governments and municipal corporations could well set an example to private individuals when giving out work by contract, so long as that system prevails.

FARMERS' TARIFF.

[Toronto News.]

It has been asserted that the amended tariff is in the interest of the farmers. This assertion Col. O'Brien (Conservative) undertook to disprove in the Commons yesterday, and most thoroughly did he accomplish his task.

The member for Muskoka showed that the new duties on reapers, mowers and drain tiles are 20 per cent; on wagons, 25 per cent; on threshing machines, harness, nails and pumps 30 per cent; on horse blankets, 32½ per cent; on axes, scythes, spades and shovels, 35 per cent.

These facts are a sledge-hammer blow to the theory that the new scale of taxation has been designed for the special benefit of those engaged in tilling the soil.

THE CAT OUT OF THE BAG.

While in some parts of the Province the anti-Mowat missionaries are preaching that they have no sympathy with the men that they assisted to send to the House of Commons in Ottawa, and refuse to be in any sense responsible for their misdeeds, Mr. Marter, who is Mr. Meredith's new lieutenant, is less inclined to conceal the facts. While in Lambton recently, the man who is now out with Muskoka, and is roaming the Province in search of a seat, was candid enough to remark that "if the Conservatives had control of the Province they could greatly assist their friends in the Dominion House." This bold bid for a unity of forces will no doubt put independent electors on their guard. Such a combination has been tried before, and came nearly being successful at a time when the Brawling Brood of Bribers attempted to purchase with Dominion bills a majority in the Legislature. Their object then was, as now, the control and expenditure of the Ontario surplus, the seizure of Ontario's rich resources. The assistance these "Dominion House" friends looked for, and would get, is the right to manage Ontario's mineral, timber and other resources as they have managed those of the Dominion. Is it not notorious that at Ottawa the first care of the men in power is to help "friends" by granting them public property, practically at their own terms, whereas the rule of Sir Oliver Mowat and his Ministers is to dispose of no public property except by public tender. The contemplated grab game which Mr. Marter foreshadows would cost the Ontario taxpayers a pretty penny. Surely they have too vivid a recollection of the Rykert, Langevin, McGreevy, Connolly, Caron and other rascalities to for one moment place themselves in the power of the associates of these men.

BACK TO THE LAND.

British land owners are beginning to look more to the masses than to the classes for relief from the unprofitable holding of large farms. While foreign was impaired the producing capacity of their rivals, the British landlords took little stock in the small farmer class. They added farm to farm, and squeezed out the crofter with a relentlessness that caused much hardship at the time, though to this treatment Canada and other new countries owe many of their most energetic and successful pioneers. But for the amalgamating of the small farms, and the driving away of those whose ancestors had brought the soil into subjection, Canada would have been deprived of thousands of her best settlers. At this late day, when war rents are no longer possible, when good tenants for large farms no longer tumble over one another to pay the landlord his price, the landowners appear to realize their mistake. They are now as ready to cut up and sell out in small lots as they were to accumulate and amalgamate 40 or 50 years ago. Lord Ashburton will offer 8,000 acres in lots to suit tenants who desire to become freeholders and to pay for the land in lieu of rent; the Duke of Marlborough has followed suit; and the Earl of Westmorland has put the celebrated Apethorpe estate in Northampton on the market, "either as a whole or in lots to meet the convenience of purchasers." Under the altered conditions it may not be so difficult an operation to get the people back on the land as some imagine.

THE TWO VOTERS' LISTS.

Everyone outside the small circle of violent anti-Mowat partisans looks upon the new Ontario manhood suffrage registration law as a most important, useful, time and money saving agency. We have always held that it was undesirable that the people should be put to the annual trouble and expense of the revision of the voters' lists when a contest generally takes place but once every four or five years. It is better to have the revision and all the other work incident to the election crowded into the campaign. This will be the case here in the Provincial elections after the revision now in progress. What an advance on the Dominion Franchise Act, which provides for an annual revision, with an enormous waste of time and money, but has only been enforced three times in the nine years it has been on the statute book. Despite the fact that hundreds of thousands of dollars of public money, and probably a greater amount of private funds have been spent on these revisions, no one of them has been finished close to an election, and most incomplete and cumbersome lists, with great possibilities of fraud, have been provided. The demand for a radical change is widespread.

THE SAINTS AND THE CURFEW.

St. Thomas city council have adopted the curfew bell law, and in future all young children who are unattended by parents or guardians must be home at a reasonable hour in the evening. The object of the law is a good one. Everybody knows that opportunity to run wild on the streets has been the beginning of the ruin of many a child. The home is the proper place for the young after nightfall, and for this purpose it should be rendered as cheerful as possible, and the child ought to be taught to look to it and its surroundings for enjoyment rather than to street corner haunts. But if, as is unfortunately the case in some instances, children are neglected, the welfare of society demands that the community should take a hand, and aid in the removal of opportunities for juvenile wrongdoing. This is the object of the curfew bell, which every municipality afflicted by juvenile nightbirds may enact with positive benefit to all parties concerned.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The question of the right of woman to vote, even under a restricted franchise, in the election of members for the Dominion Parliament, will be brought before the Dominion House of Commons during the present session.

We fail to see why doubts as to their duty in regard to the question should be entertained by any reasonable man. Women, like men, are consumers of dutiable goods, and one of the chief labors of members of Parliament is to discuss and pass upon tariffs that add or take away from the legitimate earnings of women as well as of men, according as the taxes are levied for revenue only or are "protective" and imposed for the benefit of individuals. Women are also interested in all great moral and social reforms that from time to time, often with little result, occupy the attention of Parliament. What legitimate objection then can a member of Parliament raise to a woman having some voice in the making of the laws which she is compelled to obey, and which may be so constructed as either to increase her comfort or make her lot miserable.

Every Liberal member should vote in favor of a change so manifestly fair and in the interests of the reforms that Liberalism has set before it as worthy of achievement.

THE ENEMIES OF LABOR.

(Toronto Star, labor organ.)

The Opposition in the Assembly is not only always found upon the side of corporations which ask legislation that the people oppose, but the Conservative members seem always to stubbornly and blindly oppose all measures the Government offers for the improvement of the condition and government of the people.

For instance, here we find Mr. Meredith opposing the Government bill to provide councils of conciliation and arbitration, saying the bill embodies a dangerous principle in permitting ten men to put an employer to considerable loss and inconvenience in answering a charge which might be unfounded.

The contingency is very remote. The chances are ten to one that the men will be right. But because such an event might occur, are employers who have just complaint to be allowed no remedy? And the Opposition leader, when reminded that it is a necessary feature of legal proceedings that unfounded charges may be brought into court, adds that the cost of those proceedings is frequently a deterrent, while this bill provides no such deterrent. He carefully avoids to mention that the cost of legal proceedings frequently prevents just suits being prosecuted, and enables wealthy men and corporations to escape the consequences of wronging their employees.

It is singular that while the Federal Conservatives have always championed the cause of the workman, the same party in the Assembly is always found upon the other side.

A DEATH-DEALING BOOK.

An Indiana Doctor Discovers Diphtheria Bacilli on Its Covers.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 8.—A child of Dr. J. N. Hurty was taken sick with diphtheria March 26 and the parents were so positive that the child had not been exposed to the disease that the father began an investigation. He learned that the child had brought a book home from the library ten days before and he took the book to the office to examine it. It was greasy and dirty and when put under a glass the print of a child's teeth could be clearly seen on one of the covers. The doctor then began an examination of the book, and discovered and moistening the book with sterilized water at the place where the teeth marks were found. The sterilized platinum needle was then rubbed well around into the spot. The poison, if any, could thus be transferred from the book to the culture soil. Within 26 hours along the track of the needle in the culture tubes appeared the grayish white growth which characterizes diphtheria. This growth was, after proper straining, examined under the microscope carefully and exhaustively. The result of the examination was the detection of many of the true Klebsiella diphtheria bacilli. He then made cultures directly from the throat of his son and examined them side by side with the cultures made from the suspected book. As far as it was possible to determine by the most rigid study under the microscope the two cultures were identical. Dr. Hurty is positive that his son contracted the disease from the book, but the records of the public library, which show the complete circulation of the book since it was rebound in September last, do not seem to justify his conclusion. The book has been in nineteen separate families, and the health records do not show that a case of diphtheria occurred in any of the families or in the immediate vicinity of any of them.

AFTER TYPHOID FEVER.

Harvey Neff has Kidney Disease, Which Doctors Could Not Cure. Dodd's Kidney Pills Restored Him to Perfect Health.

FORT COLBORNE, April 9.—In March, 1893, Harvey H. Neff, of this place, had a bad attack of typhoid fever. Good nursing and medical attendance brought him around, but the attack left him a victim of kidney disease. This the doctors failed to cure, but Dodd's Kidney Pills, the infallible remedy, did the same good work in his case as in all others, and Mr. Neff is well to-day. Dodd's was the first kidney remedy in pill form ever offered the public. Its wonderful success in curing all forms of kidney disease has led to the introduction of numerous cheap and worthless imitations. Purchasers, for their own safety, should insist on getting Dodd's Kidney Pills. Sold in large boxes; price 50 cents, or six boxes for \$2 50. To be had of all dealers.

Found Dead in Bed.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

STRAITHROY, April 8.—Mrs. Richardson, an old lady about 76 years of age, living alone in the west end of this town, was found dead in bed about 9 o'clock this morning. Apoplexy was the cause of death. She was the widow of the late Wm. Richardson, of Yorkshire.

Do You Suffer Pain?

Does a dull aching of nerve or muscle, or the acute pangs of neuralgia, toothache, or lumbago make life a misery? Thousands are compelled to suffer day in and day out simply because they are unacquainted with the extraordinary pain subduing power of Nerviline—the great nerve pain cure. It is certain to cure nerve pain speedily. Nerviline cures toothache, rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, etc. Nerviline is powerful, penetrating and effectual. Sold everywhere.

Water alone has been known to sustain life fifty-five days. If only dry food were taken, death would result in a quarter of that time.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

CURES AND PREVENTS

COLDS,
COUGHS,
SORE THROAT,
HOARSENESS,
STIFF NECK,
BRONCHITIS,
CATARRH,
HEADACHE,
TOOTHACHE,
RHEUMATISM.

NEURALGIA, ASTHMA, BRUISES, SPRAINS.

Quicker Than Any Known Remedy. No matter how violent or excruciating the pain the Rheumatic, Bedridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Surgical or prostrated with disease may suffer.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will Afford Instant Ease.

It was the first and is the only Pain remedy that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation and

CURES

Congestion, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels or other glands or organs. Radway & Co.—Gentlemen.—I have used your Ready Relief for more than 25 years with much satisfaction.—have used it for La Grippe, Pneumonia, Pleurisy and all sorts of aches and pains, and have found it unfailing every time.

D. W. RAYMOND,

31 Crescent street, Middletown, Conn.
Jan. 18, 1894.

ASHEVILLE, N. C. This is to certify that in February, 1890, I had a severe attack of La Grippe and cured myself in 24 hours by the use of Radway's Ready Relief and Radway's Pills. I had another attack of the same dreadful disease in March, 1891, and used the same remedy with the same result. I do not know Radway & Co., the parties who manufacture these medicines, and I have always put very little faith in "Almanac Certificates," but if these few lines will only induce some suffering one to use the above remedy I will feel amply repaid for writing what I have. Respectfully, E. L. BROWN, J. W. BREWER, Ashburn, Pike county, Mo. —"One bottle of Ready Relief and one box of Radway's Pills cured five in my family of that terrible complaint, 'La Grippe' or Influenza." RADWAY'S READY RELIEF aided by RADWAY'S PILLS is the quickest and most effectual cure for

THE "GRIP."

Price, 25 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists

RADWAY'S PILLS,

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect digestion, complete absorption and beneficial results. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases.

LOSS OF APPETITE, SICK HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, DIZZY FEELING, BILIOUSNESS, TORPID LIVER, DYSPEPSIA.

PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by using Radway's Pills. By their ANTI-BILIOUS properties they stimulate the liver in the secretion of the bile and its discharge through the biliary ducts. These pills in doses of from two to four will quickly regulate the action of the liver and free the patient from these disorders. One or two of Radway's Pills, taken daily by those subject to bilious pains and torpidity of the liver, will keep the system regular and secure healthy digestion.

Price 25c per box. Sold by all druggists. RADWAY & CO., Montreal, Canada.

Send stamp for postage to RADWAY & CO., for our book of advice.

TO THE PUBLIC:

Be sure and ask for RADWAY'S, and see that the name "RADWAY" is on what you buy.



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Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

JOHN T. STEPHENSON

LEADING FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

Finest burials in the city

104 DUNDAS ST. W.

HEALTH FOR ALL!!!

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, and BOWELS.

They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For children and the aged they are priceless.

Manufactured only at 78, NEW OXFORD STREET (late 553, OXFORD STREET), LONDON, and sold by all

Medicine Vendors throughout the World. All

purchasers should look to the Label on the

Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 78,

Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

They are spurious.

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CHAPMAN'S

"In the Journey of Life from the Cradle to the Grave,"

People of all ages can get just what they are in need of in

DRESS GOODS

—AT THIS GREAT—

Drygoods — Establishment

A beautiful all-wool French Serge, assorted colors, 38 inches wide, sold in the regular way at 40c, can be had for 25c.

Our first parents were satisfied with costumes made from leaves. We are not showing any of the styles worn by past ages, but the latest novelties to be found in the head centers of fashion.

Ned de Abille Cloth, this is one of the latest French ideas, it is in small pattern and glistens like silk in all the leading shades; only 65c.

Natte Princess, another new weave this season, and has been greatly admired by those seeing it; costs only 65c.

Satin Cloths, the leading fashion reviews give this class of goods a front place. We have them and would be glad to have you see them; cost 65c, 75c, \$1.

Jap Silks, in small flowers and spots, suitable for waists; price 65c.

Black and White, the trade demands these goods; we have them in great variety; the Shepherd Check in four sizes, price 50c.

Novelty Tweeds; we have them direct from the German manufacturers. Call and see this line, only 50c.

CHAPMAN'S