he work of fire and blood for
ginated.
of unpardonable injustice to
ole outrage to the whole, or
ortion of the British popula-
ember correctly, Benjamin
placed at the head of the
by a majority of some *thir-*
ndred votes. These were
ty—not the draunken assas-
calfe *brotherhoods*, not the
, nor the cowardly charac-
they were the holders of
nability of Montreal! Is
men have all turned rebels
o! Should a new election
real to-morrow, Benjamin
be placed at the head of
ger majority than before.
ry even to implicate the
a party in this savage ato-
rpetrated on the peace and
ry. We are satisfied that
able and sensible men be-
and no *good* man, what-
ns in politics, can look,
than those of contempt and
se outrages. The truth
reak was hatched and con-
ate individuals like James
by feelings of deep perso-
ppointment. The secret
"L. P. S.s" — "Steel
e created a few years ago
e the instruments through
ruction was accomplish-
an article from the *Tran-*
of that paper very broadly
xtra" published by Mr.
cause of, or the signal for
arliament buildings; and
this insinuation we have
t. The *Transcript* ex-
certainty as to whether
result of a previously con-
mediate outbreak of po-
think there is very little
this point. Human na-
rmony with some one or
les. It may act simulta-
en any of its principles
to, or daringly outraged
tting that the Payment
is an act of gross injus-
mere payment of *ninety*
a period of twenty years
palling evil as to produce
of reckless violence on
it the same moment, and
operty that would cost
r of perhaps twice ninety
hort we do not believe
ey are, are capable of any
revious organization and
when we consider that
bellion Losses had been
discussion and difference
three months. Besides,
sorrow the attempts be-
asperate the public mind
falsehood about French
domination, when the
an that can read and un-
the French and British
ion of Canada are just
he Ministry is composed
French members, or *three*
tish; and the House of
of, we think, fifty-six
French members—*two*
acts—and when in the
ee the inflamatory false-
been published by cer-
to the conclusion that
d for the perpetration of
d, even wilful fire-rais-
r that even the destruc-
violation of the peace
lion against our Sove-
sufficent to gratify the
of these desperadoes.—
f the Governor General
ment! Was there ever
offered to an injured
nistry and the present
and are at this moment
e-fourths of the whole
ada, and how dare a
ies, hounded on by a
insult that population
ction, which, even if
the return of the same
rities?

DRESS

IEN OF CANADA!

HURON SIGNAL

ne of the most daring
een recorded in history,
ontreal on Wednesday
Parliament House has
a mob, and openly set
re—your Representa-
ged in legislating for
narrowly escaped with
lings were consumed,
have perished all the
and the extensive and
ouses of Parliament!
t the atrocity has been
e industrious class to
t has been perpetrated
orkingmen, who have
ensnaring, invetrate,
not, on the present
he Editor of a political
or supporter of any
I address you as a
s, through life, been
fearless advocate of
labor. I have the
known to thousands
u before I came to
consistent adherence
r gain, to the inte-
n, will be a suffi-
ity in addressing you

Toryism has been the
that the literal mean-
per a few individuals
the expence of the
on of the great mass
ou must be aware
dness and ignorance

in which the millions of your class are groaning in every country in the civilized world, are direct results of Toryism. You are aware that your Creator has sent you into the world with powers amply sufficient to procure all the comforts and enjoyments which life is capable of yielding, and receiving, and yet your families are living in comparative wretchedness, in consequence of having to support the sham titles, the usurped dignity, and the voluptuous *churches* of Toryism: or in consequence of the accursed wars and taxes rendered necessary by the ambition, idleness, and profligacy of Toryism. You my working friends have to pay for and support this Toryism. It is a mere helpless, thankless *pauper*, dependent on the generous nourishment of your sweat and labor--but its arrogance and ingratitude, cause it to despise you—you may exalt it to power—you may feed it with delicacies and cordials of all nations, and clothe it with the tinselry of gold and diamond, but still it will despise you, trample, spit upon you, call you ugly names, and in short, do every thing calculated to debase you, and impress you with the idea of your inferiority.—You are aware that "the ignorant rabble," "the vulgar mob," "the *unwashed* million" and the "swinish multitude" are the common phrases which Toryism employs towards you. Have we and our fathers suffered this insulting audacity, of those who have lived and fattened on our toil, and are we still willing to bow to the indignity, to be obsequious to the aristocratic nod of the vampires, who have sucked the blood from our industry, and then trampled upon us?

You are aware of the truth of these statements in regard to the atrocious nature, and appalling consequences of Toryism in general; but perhaps, you are not aware that Canada has been in a special manner the arena of the most rabid hell-born species of this universal curse—perhaps you are not aware that in no portion of God's footstool can the searing, withering, blighting, curse of Toryism be illustrated more fully than in Canada! It is a country particularly blessed by Providence, as an almost unlimited field for human enterprise, calculated to yield abundantly all the comforts and enjoyments that can possibly result from industry. It is separated only by a river, and in some places merely by a *line* from the *greatest*, the most rational, the most enterprising, and the most prosperous empire that the world has ever witnessed. An Empire in fact, whose energy enterprise and progress, are causing the civilized world to gaze upon her in utter astonishment and confusion; and the influence of whose example is beginning to create an energy and an emulation in countries even the most remote. On *that* side of the river, or the line, there is bustle, activity, business, trade, commerce; railroads, canals, towns, cities, universities, and halls of science, springing up almost daily, and with a speed and a facility calculated to produce the belief that they are of spontaneous growth. On *this* side of the river there is the wilderness which God at first created; the original clay roads; the slow, half-moving, half-decaying progress; the finished towns, the secluded sectarian seminary—the avaricious grasping at the rare spectacle of a dollar—the stand-still, circumscribed business, and a toiling laborious, struggling, harrassed, law-ridden, church-ridden, penniless population—sweating and drudging for a scanty subsistence! Why is this? Are we less intellectual, less skillful, or less industrious than our working brethren on the other side of the river? No! We have all the energy, the industry, and the intellect of the Saxon race. We are the same kindred—the same flesh and blood, and mind, with our United States brethren; but the secret of our comparitive poverty and degradation is simply this:—The inhabitants of the United States unanimously came to the conclusion, at the period of their becoming a nation, that as national Churches had been the prolific generator of Toryism and the curse of the world, there should henceforth and for ever be no national Church, and consequently no Toryism in the United States.—Hence, since that time, the entire wisdom and energy of her Legislators have been devoted to the internal and commercial interests of their country—the whole study of the whole people has been to become a great nation. Railroads, canals, commerce and manufactures, and above all, a general, wholesome and unsectarian system of education, have been the means employed—and these means have been successful.

In Canada, the chief subject of legislation, for *twenty-five years*, has been whether Dr. John Strachan, of Toronto, should wear a surplice and mitre, at the expense of the whole people, or whether he should wear them at the expense of those merely who believe in their utility and efficacy. Every means that could possibly be imagined or devised, have been employed to establish these *gew gaw* appendages, on the whole industry of the country. Misrepresentation unqualified falsehood, stratagems and nefarious intrigues, impiety, and downright blasphemy have been resorted to, in order to force upon the hard-working peasantry of Upper Canada, the enormous expence of the unchristian extravagance and the voluptuousness of the English State Church. Such, in fact, has been the secret intriguing, and the dark designing villiany employed, for the accomplishment of this diabolical purpose, that the whole time and talent of the few honest influential members of the Legislature have been required to prevent the contemplated curse from becoming permanent. Hence the subject of internal improvements, cannot be expected to have received much attention in a country where only eleven years ago, *open rebellion* was found necessary to impede the ungodly encroachments of prelatic despotism and intolerance. The present administration came into power through the entire confidence of at least three fourths of the whole people—they pledged themselves to liberate the Province from the incubus that has so long shackled the energies of her Legislators. And they were progressing rapidly in redeeming their pledge. The measures which they had introduced and resolved to carry, would have settled forever, the question of Dr. Strachan's surplice and mitre, and relieved the multitude from the anxiety and terror of every being compelled to toil for the support of an indolent pampered priesthood.

Besides, the plan of Mr. Hincks for the construction of railways, and the various other measures relating to the disposal of the public lands, the establishment of a great provincial system of popular education, and other local improvements, held out the cheering prospect that the real interests of the country were to be attended to—and led us to believe that if we were unable to emulate the progress of the United States, we were at least willing to imitate and learn wisdom and prosperity from their example. But this prospect, in so far at least, as the construction of railroads is concerned, is now all over. We can never now have a railroad of any extent in Canada, till it is built by the United States. What man of common prudence would give a shilling of his capital to invest in the public works of a country, which shews a disposition to linger eternally on the verge of barbarism? Our hopes of improvement have been cut off by one of the most outrageous acts of high treason and arson that have ever disgraced a country! And for what cause? For the payment of 90 thousand pounds for the Rebellion Losses? No! Fellow-workmen, let no man deceive you. The payment of the Rebellion Losses has nothing to do with this daring outrage of Toryism. It is merely a pretext. If you want to know the real cause of the savage act of rebellion, look in the first place to the writings of JAMES MOIR FERRES in the *Montreal Gazette*, remembering that that man was dismissed from a lucrative situation by the present Government for violating the law in his zeal to support High Church Toryism. Remember that he is a man full of vindictive malignity with just a sufficent amount of talent to give influence to that malignity.

In the second place, if you have an opportunity, read the Memorial or Petition lately presented to the Legislature by Dr. JOHN STRACHAN, of Toronto. And in the third place, look at the ultra Tories of your own neighborhood, no matter where, or in what locality you reside,—look at your own Tories, ask yourselves what have they ever done for society, for the improvement of the country. How do they live? In some few instances, I admit, they are decent, respectable men,—but in the great majority of cases, they are like Mr. FERRES, clinging by the claws to an existence derived from public offices, for which your industry and hard labor must pay, and yet they would scarcely treat you with as much respect or civility as they would shew to a dog. Look at these facts,—remember that the supremacy of Dr. JOHN STRACHAN over the Canadian Legislature has perished forever, and that the iniquity of Family-Compact, High-Church Office-holding, is drawing rapidly to a close, and such men as Mr. FERRES can never again prey upon the fruits of your industry. And then you will have a correct idea of the cause of the savage ferocity which has been displayed in Montreal. And above all, remember that this is the same ferocious mob that was recently harrangued and countenanced, and cheered on by Sir ALLAN MCNAB and the Hon'ble. GEORGE MOFFAT, in burning in Effigy, Mr. LAFONTAINE. In conclusion, my fellow-workmen, do not be misled or alarmed by the apprehension of another Rebellion in Canada.—Toryism is too feeble to produce anything serious. The Tories calculate on your assistance, in raising them to power, so that they may still trample on you, and despise you. Look on them with indignity; scorn their professions--let them feel their own impotency, and if you withdraw your countenance and support, they will die of their own helplessness. The *British Colonist* recommends you to hold meetings and Petition Her Majesty for the removal of the Governor General.

Remember that the British Colonist has been the obedient organ of every kind of Government that has been in Canada, but that having been lately beaten by the Hon. ROBERT BALDWIN, in an election contest, and having still more recently been deprived of the Sheriff's Advertisements, he like Mr. FERRES seems, prepared to go any length in gratifying his revenge. But listen not to the advice of Tories. Do not even read their papers. The object of every Tory, and of every Tory paper is to trammel and oppress the energies of all who labor with their hands—for the purpose of perpetuating High Church villainy, and of pampering and pleasing the indolent and arrogant.—I wish you to bear in mind, that I address you as a working man whose only interest in doing so, is the joy which I would derive from your prosperity—and my last request at present is, that you for your own sakes and for the sake of our adopted country, whose real wealth must be developed by the exertion of your nerves and muscles, that *you absent yourselves from every meeting which may be projected, or called, or presided over by Tories.* Feel and know your own power, and Toryism will quail before you. I am fellow-workmen,

With much respect,
Yours devotedly,
THOMAS MACQUEEN.

☞ WE are glad to perceive that the fishings and prophesyings, and sighing, and wishings of the *Colonist* and the *Patriot*, failed to produce a *Riot* in Toronto. The must be very mortifying to the Oracles! W[illegible]ose there is no secret societies of L. P. S.'s [illegible] ronto. "The great Mass Meeting" wa[illegible]reat failure! Montreal is being restor[illegible] health and senses—not through the i[illegible]mentality of the brute medicine of being [illegible]ccordingly," but through the judicious a[illegible]umane treatment of wise men whose security and strength lies in the rectitude of their cause.

TO THE INDUSTRIOUS MEN OF HURON OF EVERY CREED AND CALLING.

AN attempt is being made throughout the Province by those who have *nothing to do*, but go idle and work mischief, to divert your attention from you own interests at this busy season of the year, by calling public meetings and requesting you to attend, so that they may entertain you with a great deal of *foamy nonsense*, and make you suppose that they are *great wise* men who are particularly interested in your welfare! Be not deceived, they are exclusive *selfish*. You know them. Ask yourselves what they have ever done to promote your prosperity.—Have they lightened your labor, or assisted to keep you out of debt and difficulties? Ask yourselves this question, and you will require no reasoning from a stranger, to convince you that these men's professions of friendship for you, are *not* sincere. A Sheriff or a Magistrate is justifiable—no—we shall not say *justifiable*, we say he has a right to call a public meeting, it is *legal* for him to do so; and you have a right to attend, it would be *legal* for you to do so—but you are not *bound* to attend—and on the present occassion we take the liberty of questioning the propriety of *him calling the meeting* and of you *attending* it. And for your guidance we remind you that the first one of this class of meeting which has been held in Canada, has resulted in an outrageous act of rebellion against your Sovereign—in the destruction of the life of your fellow creatures, and in the wilful burning of many, many thousand pounds worth of property, for which you will have to pay your proportion—therefore, every one of you who are solicitous for the peace and prosperity of our common country, in short, every *good* man should carefully absent himself from such meetings! Mind your work!

☞ ☞ ☞ ☞ ☞ ☞

Printed copies of an Address to His Excellency the Governor General, will be ready for Signature at the *Signal* Office. And it is hoped that on the present occasion there will be no necessity of *hawking* for Signatures, as the people must be aware that a simple expression of their faithful attachment to their Sovereign and her Rrepresentative, is at least expedient. It is also requested that the friends of Order and Constitutional Government, will give their willing assistance to such Magistrates and Militia Officers as are designs of checking the spirit of excitement and rebellion, by boldly discountenancing public Meetings. Magistrates, and Militia Officers are under heavy responsibilities at present, and therefore have additional claims upon our confidence and support.

STRATFORD —ST. GEORGE'S DAY.—In celebration of the anniversary of England's Patron Saint, the members of the Stratford St. George's Society, amounting to fifty or sixty in number, sat down to an excellent Dinner in the Union Hotel. John C. W. Daly, Esq., presided with much cordial good humor and propriety, and Mr. James Woods acted as Vice Chairman. The usual patriotic and national toasts were given with a due amount of applause; and the health and prosperity of Mr. John J. E. Linton, as an absent and much esteemed friend, and as the indefatigable advocate of Stratford's interests, was drank with great enthusiasm. The evening was spent in the most pleasing and harmonious hilarity, highly creditable to the village, and the meeting separated in the most friendly terms, with a vote of thanks to Mr. Peter Woods, their Secretary, and Host for his praiseworthy accommodation and attention.—Com.

Lord Elgin occupies the delegated rank of first branch of the Legislature. Has he no rights and no liberty? Is all centered in the poor blind L. P. S. or prejudiced Montreal Tory? The high office of the Governor General must be exercised with perfect freedom. Or is he the only man in the Province who must have his conduct marked out for time? He did not choose to reject the bill, and he does not choose to desolve Parliament. The constitution confers on him the right of judging in these matters, and who has a right to gainsay him? For the people of Canada he exercises these rights, and he is using them in strict harmony with a great majority of the peoples's representatives. To the Crown and Government of Great Britain he is responsible, and he has their entire confidence.

We supposed a case of a change, and that the Liberals might act as the Tories now do. But they would do no such thing.—Ruled for four years against the Constitution, or by a packed majority in Parliament, we submitted in peace—neither burnt, nor mobbed, nor rebelled. We trusted to the light of knowledge making its way among the people, and were not disappointed. If we had, we should still have kept within the line of the Constitution. It is the empire of legal protection not of force, which every good subject should maintain. *Globe.*

We see that Mr. Galt has been returned without opposition to fill the vacancy in the representation of the County of Sherbrooke, occasioned by the decease of Mr. Brooke. In the course of his speeech from the hustings, Mr. Galt said:—

"If elected to parliament he wished to go unpledged to any party measures. His opinions were well known. He believed he entertained the same political sentiments as the majority of the County. We have been and are Conservative. He would prefer a Conservative Ministry in power, but he did not think our interests would be promoted by offering a factious opposition to the present Ministry. He believed they were desirous of promoting the good of the country, and although we might not agree with them on all points, if they brought forward good measures let those measures be supported."

This is sensible and just, and we believe Mr. Galt is the man to act up to it.—*Intelligence*

LIST

OF THE SUCCESSFUL NUMBERS which Drew the Principal PRIZES at Thos. Dark's Lottery, 1st May, 1849.

1.	Sleigh,	891
2.	Double Harness, (£7 10s.)	49
3.	Horses,	297
4.	Boar,	773
5.	Watch,	544
6	Sow,	564
7.	Single Sleigh,	435
8.	Neck Yoke, (5s.)	276
9.	Carriage,	214
10.	Whipple Trees, (10s.)	433
11.	Whipple Trees, (15s.)	573
12.	Wagon,	592
13.	Fanning Mill,	179
14.	Neck Yoke, (10s.)	669
15.	Saddle, Bridle, &c.	884
16.	Mare,	585
17.	Cutter,	999
18.	Buggy,	848
19.	Fanning Mill,	604
20.	Harness, (£5.)	638
21.	Harness, (13.)	385
22.	Gun,	136

v2-n13

HURON DISTRICT, } *Notice is*
To WIT:

hereby given, that the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the District of Huron, will be holden at the Court-House in the Town of Goderich on TUESDAY, the 13th day of May next at the hour of Ten o'clock, A. M., of which time and place all Coroners, Magistrates, Gaolers, and other Peace Officers, are commanded to take notice.

JOHN McDONALD,
Sheriff, Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, }
19th April, 1849. } 2v-12

TO BRICK-MAKERS.

THE subscriber offers for SALE one of Hall's Patent Brick-making Machines, also to RENT a Brick Yard adjoining the Town of Stratford, for such term of years as may be agreed on. Also wanted immediately upwards of 100,000 well burnt bricks. For particulars apply, (if by letter, post-paid) to Mr. McCULLOCH, Stratford.

Stratford, April 24th, 1849. 2v-n12-3t

AGRICULTURE.

AT a Meeting of the the Committee of the STRATFORD AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, held at the Farmers' Inn, the following PREMIUMS were awarded, to be shown for at the Society's eighth Annual Exhibition, at Stratford, on Friday, the 12th day of October, 1849.

Best Stallion for Agricultural purposes (Prize awarded 11th April to Mr. John Rattenbury,	£6	0 0
Brood Mare and Foal	1	10 0
2nd	1	0 0
3rd	0	10 0
Three year old Filly	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
3rd	0	5 0
Two Year do	0	12 6
2nd	0	7 6
3rd	0	5 0
One year old Colt	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
Two year old Gelding	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
Two year old entire Colt	0	15 0
Span of Farm Horses, (Geldings) or Mares	1	0 0
2nd	0	15 0
Three year old Bull, and not more than seven, (see By-Law for double premium.)	2	0 0
2nd	1	10 0
3rd	1	0 0
Two year old Bull	1	10 0
2nd	1	0 0
One year old Bull	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
Milch Cow and Calf	1	0 0
2nd	0	15 0
3rd	0	10 0
Milch Cow	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
3rd	0	7 6
Two year old Heifer	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
3rd	0	5 0
Year old Heifer	0	7 6
2nd	0	5 0
Spring Calf	0	7 6
2nd	0	5 0
Yoke Working Oxen, five year old and upwards	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
3rd	0	7 6
Do. Four year old Steers	0	12 6
2nd	0	7 6
Do. Three year old Steers	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
Do. Two year old Steers	0	7 6
2nd	0	5 0
Fat Ox	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
Fat Cow, 3 year old and upwards	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
Ram over 2 years old and under 5,	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
3rd	0	7 6
Year old Ram	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
Pair Ewes (see By-Law)	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
Single Ewe	0	7 6
2nd	0	5 0
Pair of Fat Sheep	0	7 6
2nd	0	5 0
Boar	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
Breeding Sow, having bred Pigs during 1849.	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
Fall Wheat (see Below)		
Spring Wheat	1	0 0
2nd	0	15 0
3rd	0	10 0
Barley	0	7 6
2nd	0	5 0
Rye	0	10 0
Oats	0	7 6
2nd	0	5 0
Peas	0	7 6
2nd	0	5 0
Clover Seed (one bushel) grown in 1849.	1	0 0
2nd	0	15 0
Timothy Seed (one bushel)	0	7 6
2nd	0	5 0
Swedish Turnip Seed, 3 lbs.	0	7 6
2nd	0	5 0
Swedish Turnips sample 2 bushels	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
3rd	0	5 0
White Turnips 2 bushels	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
3rd	0	5 0
Potatoes 2 bushels	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
3rd	0	5 0
Beets one bushel	0	5 0
Carrots one bushel	0	5 0
Onions one bushel	0	5 0
Cabbage 12 heads	0	5 0
Firkin of Salt Butter, 56 lbs. packed and cured,	0	15 0
2nd	0	12 6
3rd	0	10 0
Newly made Butter 10 lbs.	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
Cheese, 25 lbs.	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
3rd	0	7 6
Maple Sugar (cake) 25 lbs. } Produced on Exhibitor's Premises	0	12 0
	0	10 0
	0	7 6
Virgin Honey, in the comb, not less than 10 lbs.	0	12 6
	0	10 0
	0	7 6
Ten yards of Home-made Fulled Cloth, from Wool grown by exhibitor, and spun in his family, (all wool, web of 1849.)	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
3rd	0	7 6
Ten yards of Home-made Flannel, all wool, do. (not fulled do.)	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
3rd	0	5 0
Nine yards of Blanketing, all wool do. (twilled not fulled, do).	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
3rd	0	5 0
Ten yards Linsay, cotton and wool (not fulled)	0	7 6
2nd	0	5 0
Best new Double Wagon, made or purchased by a Member or Members of the Society,	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0
Best Fanning Mill, any improved kind, do.	0	10 0
2nd	0	7 6
Best Plough, any improved kind, do.	0	15 0
2nd	0	10 0

For any Agricultural Implement, made or purchased, by a member or members of this Society, of an improved description to be decided by the Judges—*Prize in discretion of Committee.*

FALL WHEAT—To be shown in Stratford on first Friday of September, (7th September,) at 12 o'clock, noon. ☞ Prize First, £2; 2nd £1 10s.; 3rd £1 5s.; 4th £1; and 20 bushels to be brought by each exhibitor, and sold to any member of the Society at 7½ more than the then Galt price. HORSE SHOES—set of Horse Shoes,—on the horse, to be awarded to maker of the shoes—1st 10s.; 2nd 7s. 6d. HARNESS Best set of Double, 1st £1; 2nd 15s.

BY-LAWS.

1. No animal gaining the first prize one year, can take it in the same character the second or any other year; but may show and be entitled to a Certificate from the Society, or such other honorary reward as may be decided on except Bulls, Stallions, Boars, and Rams, which may show and carry first prizes for two years.

2. That a Subscriber be only entitled to one prize for Butter and Cheese, or for Grain of the same kind.

3. That Stallions, Bulls, Boars, must have served within the Society's District the season previous to the Show, (excepting in cases provided for by extra Premiums), or exhibitors of such to give an obligation that they will serve in their season.

4. That Bulls must have a ring or screw in their nose, with a rope or chain attached, to prevent accidents.

5. That the prize for Heifers be not awarded to any animal that has previously had a Calf.

6. That the quantity of Grain and seeds exhibited, (Pease and Indian Corn included), be not less than two bushels, and raised by an exhibitor, from a field of at least two acres, [unless the quantity of land and grain or seeds be otherwise specified]; and the Cheese and Butter, or other Farm Produce, exhibited, to be produce from exhibitor's farm, land or stock; and that all Ewes shown [except Fat sheep] shall have suckled a lamb to the first of August previous to the day of show.

7. That all competitors for Prizes must give the Secretary notice of the description of stock or Produce they intend to show, before, or on the day but one, previous to the day of any Annual or General show.

8. That all stock and produce exhibited, must be on the ground precisely at 12 o'clock of the day of show; the Judges will at that hour enter on their duties.

9. No article or animal can be shown for two prizes the same year.

10. That for the encouragement of those members who may introduce Improved stock; if any animal entered for competition be deemed by the Judges worthy of the first prize, and if the owner of the same prove to the satisfaction of the Judges that such specimen of stock has been imported or pure breed out of stock imported from Great Britain or Ireland, he shall receive double the amount of premium otherwise awarded, but only for one year.

11. All stock to be property of exhibitor three months before the show. Judges will have discretionary power in withholding prizes; and no person can be Judge of his own property. [See Rules 10, 11 and 12, F. Rules.]

PLOUGHING MATCH to be on 13th Octr. Plough to be property of person entering, and to be of any kind. The ground to be ploughed by the person entering, or by one of his family, or servant one month previously employed and hired. Prizes: 1st £2; 2nd, £1 10s.; 3rd £1; 4th 15s; 5th 10s; 6th 5s:—£6. Time six hours. Begins at Ten o'clock, A. M.

☞ A FAIR will be held for the Sale of Farm Stock of every description on the day of Show in October. JOHN J. E. LINTON, Sec.

Stratford, April 12th, 1849. n11-v2

NOTICE.

THE first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Huron District BUILDING SOCIETY, will be held at the British Hotel, Goderich, on Monday the 7th day of May next at 1 o'clock, P. M.

A full statement of the affairs of the Society will be laid before the Meeting.

By order,
THOMAS KYDD, Sec'y.

Goderich, 21th April, 1849. v2-n12

Upper Canada Rebellion Losses.

Receiver General's Office,
Montreal, 12th March, 1849.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that Claiments for Rebellion Losses in Canada West, who have not applied to, and received payment of their Claims from the respective Agents of the Bank of Montreal, in the several districts as heretofore notified will from and after the first day of June next, be necessiated to apply for payment of the same, either personally or by duly appointed Attornies, to the Parent Bank in this city.

(Signed,) S. M. VIGER,
H. M. R. G.

2—12

HOUSE TO LET.

FRONTING the Market Place, Lately occupied as District Offices, and immediate possession given. For further particulars apply to the subscriber.

ROBT. GIBBONS.

Goderich, April 23, 1849. n12-v2-tf

TO LET,

THAT handsome two-story house, opposite the Steamboat Tavern, belonging to John Wilson 4th, and presently occupied by Mr. Beaman. It is large and well adapted to the use of a respectable family—having a lage garden and orchard well stocked with excellent fruit trees of various descriptions. Its proximity to the harbour of Goderich enhances the value of the situation and as the proprietor is desirous that it should continue to be occupied, it will be let on reasonable terms, either for one or more years, as may be agreed upon. For farther particulars apply to

JACOB WILSON.

Goderich, 2nd February, 1849. 52

TAKE NOTICE,

ALL those indebted to the late FIRM of THOMAS GILMOUR & CO., either by Note or Book account, are hereby called upon to come forward without delay, and settle the same with the Subscriber, and by so doing they will save the costs of collection by an Attorney.

ROBERT MODERWELL.

Goderich, March 23, 1849. 2v-7ntf

HURON HOTEL FOR SALE

THE Subsriber having nearly completed his improvements on the HURON HOTEL, and being desirous of giving up business in that line, gives notice that he is willing to dispose of the entire premises on reasonable terms. As a Hotel, the property is a most eligible investment, being surpassed, or perhaps, equaled by none in the District, either for extent of business or accommodation. Stabling, sheds, Hay-lofts, &c., &c., are all on an extensive scale. The House is large, substantial, commodious, and well furnished, and will be sold with all its furniture and appurtenances at a fair value. One-third of the purchase money will be required *down*, and liberal time will be given for the remainder. In the meantime.

The proprietor begs leave to intimate to his friends, customers and the public generally that the late improvements and additions which he has made have rendered the Huron Hotel capable of yielding very superior accommodation, and of giving general satisfaction, and in returning his honest thanks for past favors, wishes to assure the public, that while he remains proprietor, no labor nor expense shall be wanting in conducing to the comfort and entertainment of those who may be disposed to patronise his house.

JAMES GENTILES.

N. B.—An experienced and attentive Hostler is always in attendance.

Goderich, April 6, 1849. v2-n9 3m

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by Messrs. W. Piper, Robert Gibbons, and Charles Girvan or the Subscriber, on the part of the Municipal Council, for the District of Huron, until Saturday 28th day of April, at 12 o'clock noon, when the Tenders will be opened at the British Hotel in the town of Goderich, for the following works, viz:—

1st. For Grading and Turnpiking part of the Division line of Road in the Township of Colborne.

2nd. For Clearing the ditch on the Southerly side of the Road leading from the Maitland Bridge to the Town of Goderich.

Plans, Specifications and Form of Tender, may be seen at the British Hotel six days before letting, or at the office of the Subscriber, in Goderich, on or before the said 28th day of April inst. The works will be laid out in Sections: Tenders must specify the number of Section Tendered for, and must be in due form.

The time for finishing the above work, will be stated in the Specifications.

(Signed,) DAVID SMITH,
District Surveyor, H. D.

DISTRICT SURVEYOR'S OFFICE, }
Goderich, 19th April 1849. } v2-n11

A TEACHER WANTED

FOR School Section No. 3 Tuckersmith, and as the school is in a populous locality and well attended, the Teacher may calculate on a fair remuneration. None but such as are duly qualified, and possessed of a good moral character, and sober steady habits need apply.

By order of the Trustees.
ROBERT BELL, Chairman.

Goderich, April 19, 1849. v2-n11

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

A. NAYSMITH

IN returning thanks to his friends and numerous Customers for the Liberal Patronage which he has received during the past year, begs to intimate that he has jast received an extensive Assortment OF THE FASHIONS FOR 1849, and is ready to Execute all Orders given to him with care and punctuality as formerly.

Goderich, April, 12th, 1849. 2v-n10tf

£50 REWARD.

PROVINCE OF CANADA. } ELGIN AND KINCARDINE
VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c. &c. &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

ROBT. BALDWIN, Atty. Genl.

WHEREAS about mid-night of Thursday the Nineteenth day of October now last past, certain Barns and Stacks of Straw and Grain, the respective properties of *William Bell, Ephraim Taylor*, and the Reverend *Daniel A. Turner*, Coloured Inhabitants of the Township of Biddulph, in the District of Huron, of Our Province of Canada, were destroyed by fire. AND WHEREAS there is reason to believe that the said fire was not caused by accident, but was the act of an Incendiary or Incendiaries at present unknown. Now KNOW YE, that a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS, of lawful money of Our said Province, will be paid to any person or persons not being the actual offender or offenders who will give such information as will lead to the apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the said crime.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Our said Province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Right Well Beloved Cousin JAMES, EARL OF ELGIN AND KINCARDINE, Knight of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over our Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice Admiral of the same, &c. &c. &c. At Montreal, in Our said Province, this TWENTY-SIXTH day of March, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and in the twelith year of Our Reign.

By Command,
J. LESLIE, *Secretary.*
A TRUE COPY.
DAN. LIZARS,
Clerk of the Peace, Huron District.

Office of the Clerk of the Peace, }
Goderich, 9th April, 1849. } 2v-n10 4

FOR SALE.

LOTS Numbers TWENTY-SEVEN and TWENTY-EIGHT in the Eighteenth Concession of the Township of Fullarton, Huron District. The Land is well Timbered and Watered. For particulars apply to Messrs. Buchanan, Harris & Co. Hamilton, or to the subscribers, at their offices in Goderich and Stratford

STRACHAN & LIZARS,
Solicitors, &c.

Goderich, 3rd April, 1849. 2v-n9-m3

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Inhabitants of the District of Huron, and the neighboring Districts, that he has

Established himself in Stratford,

and is prepard to give Plans and Specifications of Public or Private Buildings, Bridges, Mill Dams, &c. &c. &c., and will take the superintendence of such Erections, on the most reasonable terms.

His thorough knowledge of his profession and his practice as Builder, qualifies him for any undertaking in the line. Address post paid,

PETER FERGUSON,
Builder, &c. &c. Stratford, C. W.

Stratford, March 16th, 1849. 2v-n7tf

To be Sold or Let for the Season.

HALLS Patent Brick Moulding Machine, and Tempering Mill,—together with Adams' Revolving Brick Receiver. This Machine with a horse and very few hands is capable of making from 10,000 to 12,000 Stock Bricks per day with ease, superior to those made by the hand. For further particulars apply to JOHN HALDANE, Jr. Esq., Goderich, C. W. 2v-n12