MISCELLANEOUS.

METAMORPHOSES OF MATTER.

The study of matter is the special business of physical intelligences. As for ourselves, we are made of it; we eat it, drink it, inhale it, and upon our acquaintance with it rests our mental and moral status—our highest pleasures and greatest good. Yet what apathy is manifested towards it! Amid the business and bustle of life, it is forgotten, or viewed with indifference. Except in articles of merchandize, scarcely one individual in ten thousand pauses to give it a thought. It is, as a general thing, understood to possess useful properties and capable of convenient applications, beyond which nothing especially noticeable is perceived or suspected in it!

But with those that pry into this common thing, the conviction grows that the most gifted intellects can never fathom a tithe of the mysteries hidden in it, or trace to their source the simplest of its manifestations. For instance, how incomprehensible its metamorphoses! All substance made out of the same materials? One class of bodies shapeless, insensible and inert; another captivating in form, colours and odours; in others the material is pervaded with appetites, and then, instead of silently lying and growing on one spot, it leaps, runs, screams, climbs and fights to gratify them.

There is nothing too wonderful to believe respecting its changes of forms and qualities. The wildest imaginations are left immeasurably behind. Passing by its divers aspects in our bodies; solid in bones, liquid in blood, hair on the head, ivory in the teeth, horn in the nails, &c., in what a multiplicity of substances it ministers to us daily! We rise in the morning and behold it as stone or brick in the walls, wood on the floor, plaster on the ceiling, glass in the windows, marble in the mantels, iron in the grate, air in the room, and gas in the pipes. We are cold, and as fuel it warms us; the shutters are closed, and it gives us light. It is water in the basin, and soap on the washstand. As cotton, flax, silk and wool, it awaits us in articles of furniture and apparel; we tread on carpets and recline on sofas; for purposes of the toilet it serves us in mirrors, razors, scissors, pins, combs, and brushes, as gems and jewelry, cosmetics and perfumes—ever changing its forms and qualities with the services required of it!

We are hungry, and in how many guises it offers itself as food! In roots, fruits, fish, fowls, and the flesh of quadrupeds; bread, condiments, and in a thousand made dishes! In the table it is mahogany, maple in chairs, porcelain in the plates, crystal in tumblers, steel in the knives, silver in the forks. As the vapor of hyson it rises from one vessel, and exhales in the aroma of coffee from another; while the waiters, black or white, are made of the self-same elements as the dishes they serve up!

Pride may boast of gentle and of royal blood, but science shews that Alfred and Hereward were formed of the same ingredients as Gurth, and as the grunters he tended and the mast they fattened on.—*Ewbank.*

DECORATING THE GRAVE.

There is a kind of pathos and touching tenderness of expression in these sweet and fragrant emblems of affection, which language cannot reach, and which is calculated to perpetuate a kind of soothing sympathy between the living and the dead. They speak of cords of life too strong for even the grave to break asunder. This practice, no doubt, gave rise to the ancient custom which prevailed in the East, of burying in gardens, and is one which conduces to the gratification of the best feelings of our nature. It prevailed generally in and about the Holy City, and also among the Medes, Persians, Grecians and Romans. The Persians adopted it from the Medes, the Grecians from the Persians. In Rome, persons of distinction were buried in gardens or fields near the public roads. Their monuments were decorated with chaplets, and balsams, and garlands of flowers. The tomb of Achilles was decorated with amaranth; the urn of Philopomœn was covered with chaplets; the grave of Sophocles with roses and ivy; that of Anacreon with ivy and flowerets. Baskets of lilies, violets aad roses were placed in the graves of husbands and wives—white roses on unmarried females. In Java, the inhabitants scatter flowers over the bodies of their friends; in China, the custom of planting flowers on the graves of their friends is of very ancient date, and still prevails.

In Tripoli, the tombs are decorated with garlands of roses, of Arabia jessamine, and orange and myrtle flowers. In Schwytz, a village in Switzerland, there is a beautiful little churchyard, in which almost every grave is covered with pinks. In the elegant churchyard of Wirfin, in the valley of Sirza, in Germany, the graves are covered with little oblong boxes which are planted with perennial shrubs, or renewed with annual flowers; and others are so dressed on *fete* days. Suspended from the ornaments of recent graves are little vases filled with water, in which the flowers are preserved fresh. Children are often seen thus dressing the graves of their mothers, and mothers wreathing garlands for their children. A late traveller, on going early in the morning into one of the graveyards in the village of Wirfin, saw six or seven persons decorating the graves of their friends, and of some who had been buried twenty years. This custom also prevails in Scotland; and in North and South Wales. An epitaph there says:

"The village maidens to her grave shall bring
The fragrant garland, each returning spring;
Selected sweets! in emblem of the maid
Who underneath this hallowed turf is laid."

In Wales, children have snow-drops, primroses, violets, hazel-bloom, and sallow blossoms on their graves. Persons of mature years have tanzy, box, ivy and rue. In South Wales, no flowers or evergreens are permitted to be planted on graves but those which are sweet scented. Pinks, polyanthus, sweet williams, gilly flowers, carnations, mignonette, thyme, hyssop, camomile, and rosemary, are used.

In Capul, burying-grounds are held in veneration, and were called "Cities of the Silent." The Jews called them "Houses of the Dead." The Egyptians visited the graves of their friends twice a week, and strewed sweet basil on them,—and do to this day.

While the custom of decorating graves and graveyards with flowers and ornamental trees and shrubs has prevailed so long and extensively among ancient and modern civilized nations, some of the American aborigines will not permit a weed or blade of grass, nor any other vegetable, to grow upon the graves of their friends.

WHAT LOTTERIES DO.

Ten persons engaged in the sale of lottery tickets were arrested in Cincinnati, Ohio, lately. The Gazette says:—The affidavits upon which warrants were issued for these parties were all made by Frederick Todenbier, a German mechanic, who relates his experience in the lottery business with emotion. He says he has been purchasing tickets for years; that he has spent all he earned, and all he could borrow, in these ruinous speculations; that he has impoverished himself and family to such a degree that they have frequently had to live upon a single meal a day, and that of the most scanty character. In short, that he had become almost a maniac upon the subject of drawing a prize, and at last getting his hard-earned money back: He has been driven to the verge of despair and destruction. Todenbier assures the officers that there is at least a hundred within the circle of his own acquaintance, who are daily spending their earnings in the vain hope of eventually drawing a fortune.

Games of Skill.—A correspondent asks—What do you think of Games of Skill, as Chess, Draughts, or Checkers? Not understanding such games, our opinion may be of little worth; but we think that human life is too short, its true work too large, and its real object too momentous, to be frittered away with such tom-fooleries. So much for the moral of the subject. As to the mental effect of such employments, they certainly promote habits of deliberation and thoughtfulness, and very important characteristics are they in this hurry-skurry, helter-skelter, neck-or-nothing age. But far higher purposes would be attained by an equal time spent in the demonstration of some of the problems of Euclid, because they compel the mind to attention, to thoughtfulness, and to habits of legitimate deductions, the want of which is one of the most radical defects of modern education, and one of the most constant causes of making life a failure.

As to the physical tendency of spending hours together, bending over the table, with that insufficient and imperfect breathing which attends an interested mind, any one's common sense will give the answer, that such pastimes are full of mischief, are worse than useless. To all we say, and especially to invalids and sedentary people, when not engaged in the actual and serious business of life, be out and about; sing, whistle, laugh, romp, run, jump, swim, row, ride, do any thing rather than sit still within any four walls, or lounge on a sofa, or doze in a chair, or sleep over a dull book. Moderate and continuous exercise in the open air is without a second, as a means of health, both to the well and to the sick.—[Hall's Journal of Health.

Causes of Intemperance.—If poets and artists are more prone to the abuse of stimulants—and I fear that it is true—the reason of it is only too clear. A man abandons himself to a fine frenzy, and the power which flows through him makes him the medium of a great poem or a great picture. If mind and body were both healthy, and had food enough and fair play, I doubt whether any men would be more temperate than the imaginative classes. But body and mind often flag; perhaps they are ill to begin with, over-worked, or abused in some way. The dreaming faculties are always the dangerous ones, because their mode of action can be imitated by artificial excitement; the reasoning ones are safe, because they imply continued voluntary effort. I think you will find it true, that, before any vice can fasten on a man, body, mind, or moral nature must be debilitated. The mosses and fungi gather on sickly trees, not thriving ones; and the odious parasites which fasten on the human frame choose that which is already enfeebled. Mr. Walker, the hygeian humorist, declared that he had such a healthy skin it was impossible for any impurity to stick to it, and maintained that it was an absurdity to wash a face which was of necessity always clean. I do not know how much fancy there was in this; but there is no fancy in saying that the lassitude of tired-out operatives, and the langour of imaginative natures in their periods of collapse, and the vacuity of minds untrained to labor and discipline, fit the soul and body for the germination of the seeds of intemperance. Whenever the wandering demon of drunkenness finds a ship adrift—no steady wind in its sails, no thoughtful pilot directing its course—he steps on board, takes the helm, and steers straight for the maelstrom.—[Atlantic Monthly.

Rats.—Quite lately, in Paris, a specimen was given of the force in which rats can muster, where they have gained only a provisional footing. The historic Halles, or markets, having been rebuilt and rearranged on a more commodious plan, the 26th of October last was fixed for the moving of the dealers in flour-stuffs, green vegetables, poultry and potatoes, from the ground they have occupied near the church of St. Eustache, to their new stalls and shops in the Halles Centrales. After the departure of the human tenants of the old provisional market, the workmen proceeded to pull down the sheds. Beneath these sheds a colony of rats had fixed their domicile for some time past. A regiment of boys, armed with sticks, and backed by all the dogs of the quarter, mustered in a pack, awaiting the unearthing of the game from their cover. A crowd of spectators made the lofty buildings round re-echo with their shouts and their bursts of laughter. Several rats, alarmed at the disturbance and the barking of the dogs, climbed up the persons of the lookers-on, to find a refuge on their shoulders or on their heads. One girl, feeling a rat taking a walk round her neck, was so overcome with terror that she fainted. One thousand is the estimated number of rats which fell victims to this inhospitable reception; but it may be presumed that those who saved their bacon were in considerable majority.

This is nothing to what occurs at Montevideo (unless it is greatly changed from what it was,) where the only drawback upon the delightful way in which an evening may be spent is the necessity of returning home through long narrow streets, so infested with voracious rats as sometimes to make the way perilous. There are no sanitary regulations in the town, except those provided by the showers of rain, which at intervals carry off the heaps of filth from long-established resting-places. Around huge mountains of carrion, vegetables, and stale fruit, here accumulated, rats muster in legions. If you attempt to pass near these formidable banditti, or to interrupt their orgies, they will gnash their teeth at you fiercely, like so many wolves. Between them and the venturesome stranger many a hazardous affray occurs, and tho' sometimes he may fight his way home victoriously, by the aid of a stout stick, on other occasions he will be forced to fly down some narrow cross lane, leaving the rats undisputed masters of the field. * *

It is something to have made best French kid gloves out of the skins of Parisian rats, and best French beaver hats from their fur. A Swede, however, has conceived the idea of raising rats to the dignity of tragic and comic stars. His training succeeded admirably. Hamlet, followed by a popular farce, acted by rats in a portable theatre, which the manager could carry on his shoulders from place to place, obtained a colossal success in Sweden and Germany.—[Household Words.

The Medicine of the Million!

PHILOSOPHY AND FACT.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

THE EXCITING CAUSE OF SICKNESS.

THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE-sustaining agent. It furnishes the components of flesh, bone, muscle, nerve and integument. The stomach is its manufactory, the veins its distributors, and the intestines the channels through which the waste matter rejected in its production is expelled. Upon the stomach, the circulation and the bowels, these Pills act simultaneously, relieving indigestion, purifying the fluids, and regulating the excretions.

THE NATIONAL COMPLAINT.

Dyspepsia is the most common disease among all classes in this country. It assumes a thousand shapes, and is the primary source of innumerable dangerous maladies; but whatever its type or symptoms, however obstinate its resistance to ordinary prescriptions, it yields readily and rapidly to this searching and unerring remedy.

BILIOUS AFFECTIONS.

The quantity and quality of the bile are of vital importance to health. Upon the liver, the gland which secrets this fluid, the Pills operate specifically, infallibly restifying its irregularities, and effectually curing Jaundice, Bilious Remittants, and all the varieties of disease generated by an unnatural condition of the organ.

A WORD TO FEMALES.

The local debility and irregularities which are the especial annoyance of the weaker sex, and which, when neglected, always shortens life, are relieved for the time being and prevented for the time to come, by a course of this mild thorough alterative.

USED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are equally efficacious in complaints common to the whole human race, and in disorders peculiar to certain climates and localities.

ALARMING DISORDERS.

Dyspepsia and derangement of the liver, the source of infirmity, suffering, and the cause of innumerable deaths, yield to these curatives, in all cases however aggravated, acting as a mild purgative, alterative and tonic: they relieve the bowels, purify the fluids, and invigorate the system and the constitution, at the same time.

GENERAL WEAKNESS.—NERVOUS COMPLAINTS.

When all stimulants fail, the renovating and bracing properties of these Pills give firmness to the shaking nerves and enfeebled muscles of the victim of general debility.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:—

Ague, Asthma	Lumbago, Piles
Bilious Complaints	Retention of Urine
Blotches on the skin	Rheumatism
Bowel Complaints	Secondary Symptoms
Constipation of the Bowels	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Cholics, Consumption	Sore Throats
Debility, Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery, Erysipelas	Tic Doloureux
Female Irregularities	Tumours, Ulcers
Fevers of all kinds	Venereal Affections
Fits, Gout	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c.
Head-ache, Indigestion	Worms of all kinds
Inflammation, Jaundice	
Liver Complaints	

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York; also by all respectable Druggists and dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices: 3s., 5s. and 8s. each Box.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger size.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder affixed to each Box.

GEORGE T. HASZARD,
Agent for P. E. Island.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER,

STILL TRIUMPHANT!!

AND AFTER A THOROUGH trial by innumerable living witnesses has proved itself to be *THE MEDICINE OF THE AGE.* Although there have been many medicinal preparations brought before the public since the first introduction of Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer, and large amounts expended in their introduction, the Pain Killer has continued steadily to advance in the estimation of the world as the best family medicine ever introduced. As an internal and external remedy it is truly a source of *JOY TO THE WORLD.*

One positive proof of its efficacy is, that the sales have constantly increased, and upon its own merits, as the proprietors have not resorted to advertising to gain for it the rank it now holds among the great number of preparations of the present time. The effect of the Pain Killer upon the patient, when taken internally in cases of Colds, Coughs, Bowel Complaints, Cholera, Dysentery, and other affections of the system, has been truly wonderful, and has won for it a name among medicinal preparations that can never be forgotten. Its success in removing pains, as an external remedy, in cases of Burns, Bruises, Sores, Sprains, Cuts, Stings of insects, and other causes of suffering, has secured for it such a host of testimony, as an almost infallible remedy, that it will be handed down to posterity as one of the greatest medical discoveries of the nineteenth century. The magical effects of the Pain Killer when taken or used according to directions are certain. You have only to be sure that you buy the genuine article and adhere to the directions in its use, and you will admit its wonderful medicinal properties.

The genuine Perry Davis' Pain Killer is now put up in panel bottles, with the words Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer blown in the glass; and with two steel engraved labels on each bottle—one an excellent likeness of Perry Davis, the original inventor of the medicine, the other a steel engraved note of hand—none others can be relied upon as genuine. Prices of bottles 12 1-2cents, 25 cents, 50 cents, and $1 respectively.

Valuable Medicine.—We presume no medical preparation ever offered to the public has been more thoroughly tested than PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. Thousands of persons, were they called upon to do so, would cheerfully testify that they have used it for various ills, with the most satisfactory success. It is within our own knowledge, that an immense amount of suffering has been relieved by it. Its proprietors, Messrs. Perry Davis & Son, save no pains or expense in order to satisfy the public. Being strictly honorable men, they observe the utmost uniformity in the manufacture of their celebrated Pain Killer. The materials of which it is composed are carefully selected—none but the best quality being used. By these means the high reputation which the Pain Killer has long since acquired, is at all times triumphantly sustained. In view of these facts, we are by no means surprised to learn that Messrs. Davis & Son's sales are constantly and rapidly increasing. While we congratulate our friends generally that so valuable a preparation as the Pain Killer is placed within their reach, we must be permitted to rejoice at the well merited success of its liberal and enterprising proprietor.—*Providence General Advertiser.*

Sold by WILLIAM R. WATSON, and dealers generally.

ALLIANCE
Life & Fire Insurance Company,

LONDON.

ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.

CHARLES YOUNG, Agent for P. E. Island.

BOOKS TO READ.

THE SUBSCRIBER KEEPS a CIRCULATING LIBRARY, where all the popular BOOKS of the day can be had at 2d per volume, and upwards. G. T. HASZARD.

ABOVE WE PRESENT you with a likeness of Dr. Morse, the inventor of Morse's Indian Root Pills. This philanthropist has spent the greater part of his life in travelling, having visited Europe, Asia, and Africa, as well as North America—has spent three years among the Indians of our Western country; it was in this way that the Indian Root Pills were first discovered. Dr. Morse was the first man to establish the fact that all diseases arise from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD—that our strength, health and life depended on this vital fluid.

When the various passages become clogged, and do not act in perfect harmony with the different functions of the body, the blood loses its action, becomes thick, corrupt and diseased; thus causing all pains, sickness and distress of every name; our strength is exhausted, our health we are deprived of, and if nature is not assisted in throwing off the stagnant humors, the blood will become choked and cease to act, and thus our light of life will be forever blown out. How important then that we should keep the various passages of the body free and open.—And how pleasant to us that we have it in our power to put a medicine in your reach, namely, Morse's Indian Root Pills, manufactured from plants and roots which grow around the mountainous cliffs in Nature's garden, for the health and recovery of diseased men. One of the roots from which these Pills are made is a Sudorific, which opens the pores of the skin, and assists nature in throwing out the finer parts of the corruption within. The second is a plant which is an Expectorant, that throws and unclogs the passage to the lungs, and thus, in a soothing manner, performs its duty by throwing off phlegm and other humors from the lungs by copious spitting. The third is a Diuretic, which gives ease and double strength to the kidneys; thus encouraged, they draw large amounts of impurity from the blood, which is then thrown out bountifully by the urinary or water-sponge, and which could not have been discharged in any other way. The fourth is a Cathartic, and accompanies the other properties of the Pills while engaged in purifying the blood; the coarser particles of impurity which cannot pass by the other outlets, are thus taken up and conveyed off in great quantities by the bowels.

From the above it is shown that Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills not only enter the stomach, but become united with the blood, for they find way to every part, and completely rout out and cleanse the system from all impurity, and the life of the body, which is the blood, becomes perfectly healthy; consequently all sickness and pain is driven from the system, for they cannot remain when the body becomes so pure and clear.

The reason why people are so distressed when sick, and why so many die, is because they do not get a medicine which will pass to the afflicted part, and which will open the natural passages for the disease to be cast out; hence, a large quantity of food and other matter is lodged, and stomach and intestines are literally overflowing with the corrupted mass; thus undergoing disagreeable fermentation, constantly mixing with the blood, which throws the corrupted matter through every vein and artery, until life is taken from the body by disease. Dr. Morse's Pills have added to themselves victory upon victory, by restoring millions of the sick to blooming health and happiness. Yes, thousands who have been racked or tormented with sickness, pain and anguish, and whose feeble frames have been scorched by the burning elements of raging fever, and who have been brought, as it were, within a step of the silent grave, now stand ready to testify that they would have been numbered with the dead, had it not been for this great and wonderful medicine, Morse's Indian Root Pills. After one or two doses had been taken, they were astonished, and absolutely surprised, in witnessing their charming effects. Not only do they give immediate ease and strength, and take away all sickness, pain and anguish, but they at once go to work at the foundation of the disease, which is the blood. Therefore it will be shown, especially by those who use these Pills, that they will so cleanse and purify, that disease—that deadly enemy—will take its flight, and the flush of youth and beauty will again return, and the prospect of a long and happy life will cherish and brighten your days.

For sale at the Apothecaries' Hall, and at the Drug Stores of W. R. Watson and M. W. Skinner, and sold at all the Stores throughout the Island. Persons wishing supplies of the above Medicines, can be furnished at Proprietor's prices at the Drug Store of

W. R. WATSON,
October 6, 1857. General Agent.

CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER.

THE WORLD IS ASTONished at the wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases: for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, chills and fever, burns, sore throats and gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine are on circular in the hands of Agents. You may be positively sure of relief if you use it. Millions of Bottles of this medicine have been sold in New England the past six or eight years—

OLD RHEUMATIC AFFECTIONS
CAN BE CURED BY THE
CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER.

Dr. Henry Hunt was cured of Neuralgia or Sciatica Rheumatism, after having been under the care of a physician six months, the Cramp and Pain Killer was the first thing that afforded him any permanent relief.

David Barker was cured of a Rheumatic Pain in the knee, after three or four days and nights intense suffering, by one bottle of the Cramp and Pain Killer.

T. H. Carman, suffering from Cramp in the Limbs, the cords of his legs knotted up in large bunches, was cured by Cramp and Pain Killer. At another time a few applications entirely cured him of an exceeding bad Rheumatic affection in the back.

A young lady 15 years of age, daughter of John W. Sherwood, was long afflicted with

SPINAL COMPLAINT,

after being reduced to the very verge of the grave, was cured by the Cramp and Pain Killer.

John Buckman, after having suffered everything but death from Rheumatism, which seemed to pervade almost every part of the body, was cured by the Cramp and Pain Killer.

Mrs. Davies was cured by it of Bilious Cholic.

A man in Portland was also cured by it of Bilious Cholic, when his life was well nigh despaired of.

Hundreds have been relieved by it of tooth ache, ague in the face, &c. &c.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!

AN OLD NURSE FOR Children.—Don't fail to procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. It has no equal on earth. No mother who has ever tried Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children ever consents to let her child pass through the distressing and critical period of teething without the aid of this invaluable preparation. If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of Bottles are sold every year in the U. States. It is an old and well-tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac-simile of *Curtis and Perkins*, New York, is on the outside wrapper. Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

W. R. WATSON,
October 21, '57. Agent for P. E. Island.

Camel Hair Bolting Cloth.

KEPT ALWAYS ON HAND from No 1 to No. 6, by

G. T. HASZARD, Queen Square.

GREAT P. E. I. REMEDIES!

WM. R. WATSON

WOULD DIRECT PUBLIC attention to the annexed original Preparations, which he guarantees to be all that he claims for them, viz *the best Medicines of the kind ever offered to the public.* Innumerable certificates, of the highest authority, might readily be adduced as to the efficacy of each, but the universal celebrity they have attained throughout this Island, where they are manufactured, and consequently best known, renders it unnecessary.

Balsamic Syrup.

An Invaluable Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Chronic Coughs, Influenza, Difficulty of Breathing, and all Diseases of the Lungs, and Pulmonary Complaints.

This Medicine has the extraordinary property of *immediately* relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness in the Throat, &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, thereby causing a free expectoration.

Those who are troubled with that unpleasant tickling in the throat, which deprives them of rest night after night, by the incessant cough which it provokes, will, by taking one dose, find immediate relief; and one bottle will, in most cases, affect a cure.

Where a gentle aperient is required, take an occasional dose or two of "Watson's Dyspepsia Bitters." They operate without producing these unpleasant and often distressing effects which frequently continue for a day or two after taking powerful medicine.

Dyspepsia Bitters.

An Invaluable Remedy for Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Jaundice, Billious Complaints, Bad Breath, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Acid Stomach and Diarrhœa, and all Diseases having their origin in Costiveness or Bad Digestion.

These Bitters will be found beneficial in the first stages of Diarrhœa or Dysentery, by taking half a teaspoonful at bed-time, but when it fails, "Watson's Diarrhœa Mixture" will be found a perfect remedy.

Dysentery & Diarrhœa Mixture.

Is a Safe, Speedy and Effectual Remedy for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholic, and Disorders of the Bowels generally, in adults and children; and if promptly applied in cases of Cholera would be productive of the happiest results, as it quickly relieves Acute Pain, dispels Flatulence, subdues Purging, and comforts and invigorates the whole system.

⁂ The public will please observe, there is a Seal—"Watson, Druggist, P. E. Island,"—upon the Cork of each Bottle, and that on the back (in panel) of each Bottle there are these words, "W. R. Watson, Charlottetown, P. E. Island," without which none are genuine.

Charlottetown, Jan. 20, 1858. 1y

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED
GERMAN BITTERS
PREPARED BY
Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Phil., Pa.,
WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE
Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia,

Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach,

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness, or Blood to the Head, acidity on the Stomach Nausea, heartburn, disgust for food, Fullness or weight in the stomach, sour Eructations, sinking or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming of the head, hurried and difficult Breathing, fluttering at the heart, choking or suffocating sensation when in a lying posture, dimness of Vision, Dots of Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration. Yellowness of the Skin, and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burnings in the Flesh, Continual Imaginings of Evil, and Constant Depression of Spirits.

The proprietor, in calling the attention of the public to this preparation, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended.

It is no new and untried article, but one that has stood the test of a ten years' trial before the American people and its reputation and sale is unrivalled by any similar preparations extant. The testimony in its favor, given by the most prominent and well-known physicians and individuals in all parts of the country is immense; and a careful perusal of the Almanack, published annually by the proprietor, and to be had gratis of any of his Agents, cannot but satisfy the most sceptical that this remedy is really deserving the great celebrity it has obtained.

Principal Office, and Manufactory, No. 96, Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want to get rid of Nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?

If you do, use *Hoofland's German Bitters*, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and store-keepers throughout the United States, Canadas, West Indias and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.

T. DESBRISAY & CO., Agents,
No. 5, 1857. Charlottetown, P. E. I.

FOR THE SURE DESTRUCTION of Rats, Mice, Cockroaches, Ants, &c. This preparation differs also, in its effects, from all others, as they do not die in their holes, but instantly leave the premises in the quiet possession of the occupants; and is in every instance warranted. All vermin and insects eat this preparation with avidity, and it can be used with safety under all circumstances.—Price 25 cents per box.

⁂ The above preparation is manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory, and under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor; and the public are hereby assured that no pains or expense are spared in making this article what the Proprietor fully and conscientiously claims for it, viz: the BEST IN THE WORLD. It is the result of time and money—the former of which has been met with patience and perseverance, and the latter with an unsparing hand; and it is with the utmost confidence that it is now offered to the public, as fully equal to all he claims for it! Doubt not, but try it! It costs but little!—And you will never repent the money thus invested. It is warranted in every instance!

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The following remedies are offered to the public as the best, most perfect, which medical science can afford. Ayer's Cathartic Pills have been prepared with the utmost skill which the medical profession of this age possesses, and their effects show they have virtues which surpass any combination of medicines hitherto known. Other preparations do more or less good; but this cures such dangerous complaints, so quick and so surely, as to prove an efficacy and a power to uproot disease beyond any thing which men have known before. By removing the obstructions of the internal organs and stimulating them into healthy action, they renovate the fountains of life and vigor,—health courses anew through the body, and the sick man is well again. They are adapted to disease, and disease only, for when taken by one in health they produce but little effect. This is the perfection of medicine. It is antagonistic to disease, and no more. Tender children may take them with impunity. If they are sick they will cure them, if they are well they will do them no harm.

Give them to some patient who has been prostrated with bilious complaint: see his bent-up, tottering form straighten with strength again; see his long-lost appetite return; see his clammy features blossom into health. Give them to some sufferer whose foul blood has burst out in scrofula till his skin is covered with sores; who stands, or sits, or lies in anguish. He has been drenched inside and out with every potion which ingenuity could suggest. Give him these Pills, and mark the effect; see the scabs fall from his body; see the new, fair skin that has grown under them; see the late leper that is clean. Give them to him whose angry humors have planted rheumatism in his joints and bones; move him, and he screeches with pain; he too has been soaked through every muscle of his body with liniments and salves; give him these Pills to purify his blood; they may not cure him, for, alas! there are cases which no mortal power can reach; but mark, he walks with crutches now, and now he walks alone; they have cured him. Give them to the lean, sour, haggard dyspeptic, whose gnawing stomach has long ago eaten every smile from his face and every muscle from his body. See his appetite return, and with it his health; see the new man. See her that was radiant with health and loveliness blasted and too early withering away; want of exercise or mental anguish, or some lurking disease, has deranged the internal organs of digestion, assimilation or secretion, till they do their office ill. Her blood is vitiated, her health is gone. Give her these Pills to stimulate the vital principle into renewed vigor, to cast out the obstructions, and infuse a new vitality into the blood. Now look again—the roses blossom on her cheek, and where lately sorrow sat joy bursts from every feature. See the sweet infant wasted with worms. Its wan, sickly features tell you without disguise, and painfully distinct, that they are eating its life away. Its pinched-up nose and ears, and restless sleepings, tell the dreadful truth in language which every mother knows. Give it the Pills in large doses to sweep these vile parasites from the body. Now turn again and see the ruddy bloom of childhood. Is it nothing to do these things? Nay, are they not the marvel of this age? And yet they are done around you every day.

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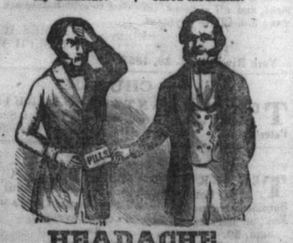

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