THE HOPE OF

through the visits of nearly half a contury, to the modent when the reverberation of cannon, together, with the allest voice of telegraphic dispatches, and the hasty messages of imperial couriers, announced to all Europe, that a son was bern to Mapoleon the Great. Never, per-haps, was Mapoleon more worthy of this cog-nomen, that at that moment when, on hearing that Maria-Louiss's life was in peril, he si-lenced the voice of selfish ambition within his breast, and in answer to the inquiry of her physician, uttered these memorable words : Save the mother—it is her right. The sacri-fee which he so promptly consented to make, was not demanded of him. A son was given into his arms; and at that moment of satisfied more foreibly within his heart than that of the tars of joy over the helples babe which lay within his arms.

severing of or the state, that he was seen to have to be any of yo over the helples babe which lay a within his arms. The king of Rome was born on the morning of March 20, 1811. He was so feele at the time of his birth, that it was deemed advisable that he should receive the rite of baptism with-out delay. On the evening of that day was he, therefore, borne to the chapel of the Taileries, whither he was accompanied by his father and the whole imperial family. Upon a white vel-vot carpet, embroidered with golden bees, stood a granite pedestal, sustaining a richly chased yase of aliver gilt. This was destined to be the haptismal font. The emperor placed him-self at his pric disz, which stood beneath a dais in the centre of the chapel. When he aproach-ed the font to present his son to be baptizzd, there was a moment of deep silence. The con-queror seemed to be sublaced into the father. Who can guess what deep emotions, what standowy anticipations filled the heart of Na-poleon the Great at that solemn moment ! All within the chapel was perfectly still, while the acchmations of the maltitude without bespoke the tumult of popular joy at the birth of an heir to the throne. A moment it was of vivid contrast, and so living in its historic impor-tance, that its memory is as fresh as ever among men, while the actors of that scene are one and all passed away from the busy stage of this world's drama— Their parts enacted, and the curtain fallen ! On his return to his own apartments, Napo-

This world's drama— Their parts enacted, and the cartain fallen ! On his return to his own apartments, Napo-leon's countenance beamed with pleasuro, and he was heard to hum some favourite operatic air, as he often did, when in particular good-humour; although the falsity of his musical tones made these performances by no means agreeable to the hearer. On meeting some of his courtiers, he said to them playfully: 'Well, gentlomen, we have, I think, got a fine hand-some boy. He made us wait a little, to be sure, but here he is at last!' It was many months later, when the royal

sure, but here he is at last!' It was many months later, when the royal infant was presented with great ceremony at the church of Notre Dame, and received the names of Napoleon-Francis-Charles-Joseph. These were the names of his godfathers. They may still be found in his baptismal register, and found also engraved upon the tomb which closed above his uncrowned head at the early over of trents one verse.

mad found also enganed upon the tomb which elosed above his uncrowned head at the early age of twenty-one years. Mapoleon idolized his son. His mode of playing with him was occasionally rather too rough for so young a child; and then if the infant shed tears, his father would say to him : • What, sire! you are crying ! O fe, fie! A king should never ery.' The little fellow was usually brought to see his father at breakfast-time; and then the emperor would dip his finger into a glass of claret, and make him suck it; or occasionally he would dip his finger into some sance, and put it on his son's checks or on the tip of his little nose. This delighted the child greatly: and once he marked his desire very emphatically, that the same should be done to 'Maman Qiou,' as he called his governess, Madame de Montesquicu. The em-peror had shown his usual discerament in the selection of this lady as his son's gouernate. Noble by nature as by birth, she united firm-mess of principle and dignity of manners with all the gentle tenderness of a loving woman's heart. Her management of her pupil was ad-mirable. He was good-tempered and affection the window-shutters in his separtment to be setonished at the sudden and unexpected dark-mess. Ha akted his governess, what was the stonished at the sudden and unexpected dark-mess. He akted his governess, what was the stonished at the sudden and unexpected dark-mess. He akted his governess, what was the present of it. 'In order that no one should have you for their king, if they know that you ware maghty." n of it. you for their king. If they knew you for their king, if they knew naughty.' lut they could not hear me, could they ?' lut they could not hear me, could they ?' lut they could not hear me, could they ?'

naughty.' ut they cou lear they n ust now.' 1g 50

in Qiou,' said the little king, self into her arms, while he 'I will not do so any more. the time, and I will be good.' , 'I will

her pupil, for ed to him but

ZARD'S GAZETTE, APRIL

<text>

hunting, and no could have a space of the next morning, he was quite impatient to reach the emperor's apariment. 'Here, papa,' said he, 'is a petition from a little boy who was dressed all in black. His papa was killed for you; and his poor mamme wants a pension, because she is very poor, and looks so unhapa'

Py' 'Ha! ha!' said the emperor smiling, as he drew his son towards him; 'so you are giving away pensions already! *Diable*! you are be-ginning early. Come, let us see who is your

away pensions arready. Low see who is your protege." The widow's chaim proved to be a valid one, and would doubtless have been recognized at a later time; but thanks to the king of Rome's application, the warrant for her pension was forwarded to her on the very same day, together with the amount of a year's pension added to the order. It may be, that the widow and her son are yet alive, and remember with gratitude the bojish interest of the little, king, as well as the prompt assistance of his imperial father. Never, perhaps, was Napoleon's paternal heart more full of pride and hope thin when, upon a later occasion, he presented his son to the army at a grand review on the Champ de Mars. His countenance beamed with happiness, as he wit-messed the entusiasm of his troops, and heard their shouts of delight. The Old Guards espe-cially,' the braves of the brave, were almost delificous with joy on seeing the king of Rome in the arms of heir beloved chief and emperer. "Was he' afraid " inquired Maris-Louiss afterwards of her husband.

AFRIL 2. Afraid ! no indeed : he knew very sell that the was in the midst of his father's friends. After the review, Napoleon spoke for some time with M. Fontine about the palae thigh he proposed building for the king of Kone, or the subject well. Napoleon expressed his repres-time with M. Fontine about the palae thigh he proposed building for the king of Kone, or the subject well. Napoleon expressed his repres-time, who was a frue artist, and understood the subject well. Napoleon expressed his repres-time, who was a frue artist, and understood the subject well. Napoleon expressed his repres-time with that of Italy. But I will assuredly the transmitter and the to M. Fon-tane, 'for it is the city of my little king.' Thow soon these sunlit visions of fatures if these not within our province to tell. It infant king found himself uncrowned, expati-ted, forgoten or despised by many who had over two hearts at least which beat for him as foundly and as truly as in the palmy days of his early childhood. Still was he the idol of by the tender care of Madame de Montesquiea, who, abandoning for his sake her country, her fach derself as assiduously to his education the crown of imperial Rome, and still was the world-honoured heir of Napoleon the Great. CHANGE IN THE TIMES.—The 'golden'

One of the speakers went so far, as to assert that one bushel of carrot contains more food than a *hundred cart-loads* of turnips. This may be a *few* cart-loads too many, but I think their value as an article of food for almost everything in the farmer's barn and barn-yard, or even his family is not ge-nerally over-rated, else we should see more

nerally over-rated, else we should see more of them raised. One reason, doubtless, why no more are grown, is the labor and expense necessary to raise a good crop. I think the usual method of raising carrots can be improved method of raising carrots can be improved so that the crop need not cost more than one-half what it now does. In my own prac-tice, I have managed to dispense with a good deal of labor, which I once thought necessary, and I still think there is room for improvement.

necessary, and I still think there is room for improvement. Possibly, you may hear from me again on this subject. Farmers—now is the time to earich your own minds by writing out your experience in farming, and not forget to contribute your own mite, while profiting by the contributions of others remember-ing the "withholding more than is meet endeth to poverty."—Rural New Yorker.

The man who checked his rage, co-vered it with gingham.

A man has invented a kind of cement which may be effectually used in mend-ing "family jars."

SZARDAS GAZETTE y. Ap 2. 1856.

It is contemplated, we understamp of the representation for what purpo-not twenty-four memory sufficient sentation for the 71,000 puople of "Island". We would rather sen island to the sentence of the attract strangers of the strangers of the strangers of the attract strangers of the stranger the representation for what purposed Are protot twenty-four manufers and four of the representation for the 71,000 propie of a true to draw and leads ? We would attract strangers and capital to our shores, and prevent naived reaving it carrying with them their hard-can med wealth to enrich other countries. If twenty-four representatives cannot manage the local affairs of Prince Edward Island as they ought to be managed, neither will thirty. With whom has this new scheme arisent ? The majority are already sufficiently strong, why add to their strength ? That the proposition did not come from the minority we may be equally certain. One thing is clear, it will add to the expresses of Legislation. A decreasing population and increasing representation—what an anomaly. We are well aware that remonstrance will be of no avail, nor are we among those who look upon the measure with any great horror. In the multitude of counsellors there is safety sith Solomon. The greater the number, the less casy to manage, say we; and the more there are, the greater number of expectant will there be. Nor does it always follow, that the experiment will be accompanied by the maker. Among thirty representation physics, it may not be an unlikely thing that there may arise some one who may not be willing to play the second fiddle, but who may insist on becoming the harder, and hence may arise an opposition much it to be of its side. There is no friendship, it is aid, in trade, much more truly may it bo said of party, the only difference between them is, that of party silent and covered with the mask of friendship. Nothing is more common than for a mane to ussess the utmost zeal and ardor for headers of it, and by their interest get approxed on the shore truly may it be said of party, the only difference is solit, but the there the shore there the shore the shore the shore the shore the shore there th

tenantry of P. E. Island! We pause for a reply. FISTIVAL OF ST. PATRICK.—The Benevolent Irish Society and their friends celebrated the anniversary of their Patron Saint by dining together at the Globe Hotel on Wednesday evening last. About fifty gentlemen sat down to dinner, prepared in the very best style by Mrs. Cairns. His Excellency the Lieut. Gover-nor, accompanied by his Privato Sceretary, was present, and responded in a very appropriate and pleasing manner to the toast given in re-ference to himself. There were, amongst the other guests, the Hon. Colonial Sceretary, se-veral members of the Excentive Council, the Hon. the Speaker of the House of Assembly, several members of that branch of the Legislative Council, the Clerk of the Crown, and his Wor-ship the Mayor. The Champagne and other wines were excel-lent, and the arrangements altogether reflected much credit on the Stewards, who were inde-fatigable in their exertions to render the cele-bration of this national festival, the most attrac-tive of any thing of the kind which has been given in this place. The Amateur Band was in mitendance, under the able managements of Mr. Lobban, and contributed, in a great measure, to enhance the hilarity of the evening. We append a list of the regular Toasts. They were all duly honoured, and several of them elicited eloquent addresses:— 1. The memory of our Patron Saint. Am.— "St. Patrick's Day."

We append a list of the regular Toasts. They were all duly honoured, and several of them elicited cloquent addresses.— 1. The memory of our Patron Saint. Am.— "St. Patrick's Day." 2. Her Majesty the Queen—God bless her. "National Anthem." 3 flis Royal Highmens Prince Albert and the Royal family. "If this Granadiers." 4 flis Escellency Lieutenant Governor Daly —Here's a case mills failing to the First Irish Governor who honored the Sons of St. Patrick this Islan