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Manager.  
November 30, 1903.

I didn't see you at your friend's wedding.  
No; I don't believe in gloating over my friends' misfortunes.

## TOLD BY THE CENSUS

Progress in Various Lines by Canadians—Extraordinary Production of Butter and Cheese—Our Manufactures.

The statistics of the census department, which are now in the hands of the King's Printer at Ottawa, prove in detail the extraordinary industrial development which all have felt in the last decade. The details of the growth of the dairy industry are particularly indicative of the substantial foundation on which Canadian progress is based. The value of butter and cheese products in the census of 1891 ranked eighth in the statistics of manufactures, but in the census of 1901 it ranks third. In the former census year sawmills, flour and grist mills, men's and women's clothing shops, foundry and machine works, planing mills, boot and shoe shops and sugar refineries led in the order named in value of production of establishments employing five hands and over. In the latter census the value of log products still leads, being \$50,805,084, the value of flouring mill products is second, with \$31,835,879, and the value of meat-packing and slaughtering products is fourth, with \$22,217,984. The raw materials of flour and grist mills, butter and cheese factories and meat-packing and slaughtering establishments are almost wholly the products of agriculture, and their aggregate value in the 1901 census is \$71,123,245, or 85 per cent.

In the manufacture of butter and cheese alone \$25,302,631 out of the production of \$29,462,402 was paid directly to the patrons as the value of the raw materials of cream and milk supplied to the factories, being 86 per cent. of the value of factory products. The share of this large distribution going to the farmers of Quebec is \$11,093,279, being nearly 44 per cent. of the amount for the whole Dominion, and exceeding by \$341,400 the total value of butter and cheese produced in the Dominion in the census year 1891. In Ontario the distribution to farmers for cream and milk supplied to factories in the last census year is \$12,959,240, or 51 per cent. of the whole. Measured in the proportion of value of product to the payments to patrons of factories, Ontario is first, with 86.5 per cent., and Quebec is second, with 85.7 per cent. The value of buildings and plant in Canada increased from \$1,968,174 to \$6,816,974. It is noticeable, however, that the average of wages and salaries per factory fell from \$500 to \$420, doubtless following the introduction of the new machinery, which lessened the number of hands necessary. The total value of land, buildings, implements, stock, etc., is \$1,787,102,630. The total value of crops, fruits, live stock sold, meats, dairy products, wool, eggs, etc., in 1901 was \$363,126,384. During the decade there was an increase of 1,844 dairy factories, of \$4,348,800 in value of factories and of \$18,951,043 in value of the products of Canada. In the Province of Ontario there was an increase of 399 factories, of \$1,523,495 in value of factories and of \$7,501,584 in value of products. Quebec showed even greater progress, namely an increase of 1,264 in number of factories, of \$2,899,968 in value of factories and of \$9,955,850 in value of products.

It is pointed out that the first factories making cheese only are in South Oxford, Ontario, where one began in 1855, one in 1856 and one in 1860. The fourth and fifth are in North Norfolk and South Middlesex, and began in 1860. The oldest factory in Quebec is in Missisquoi, which began operations in 1866; Drome following with one in 1867, and one in 1868, and Beauce with one in 1870. The first factory making butter only started in Missisquoi, Quebec, in 1869. In 1874 another was started in Chateauguay, in the same Province, and a third in North Waterloo, Ontario.

Equally gratifying is a comparative statement of the manufacturing industries of the Dominion in 1891 and 1901 for all establishments employing five hands and over. These figures, which have not been published, show an extraordinary advance in the last decade. In 1891 there were 13,679 establishments producing \$363,126,384 in 1901. As a general thing the figures in detail show a decrease in the number of factories of several kinds, but an increase in the production. In boots and shoes for example, the number of factories fell from 207 to 129, but the production increased from \$12,906,215 to \$18,481,216. Bread and biscuit factories declined from 269 to 258, but the production increased from \$8,374,306 to \$11,637,808. The greatest increase is in the dairy industry, which grew from 1,235 factories and \$10,697,879 production to 3,576 factories and \$29,462,402 production. Meat-packing establishments also enjoyed great prosperity, increasing their production from \$5,264,143 to \$22,217,984, though the number fell off from 62 to 57. Some of the most noticeable declines were in jewellery from 50 factories, with \$1,416,409 production, to 35 factories and \$996,313 production; ships and repairs from 132 establishments producing \$3,067,475 to 39 establishments producing \$1,899,826. Lumber products, 420 factories and \$13,443,802 production in 1901 and \$10,754,959 production in 1891.

Forbes Robertson on Acting.  
The Canadian Club, at Ottawa, at a recent luncheon, heard Forbes Robertson in a ten-minute speech on the "Art of Acting." He was introduced by Colonel Sherwood, O. M. G., president of the club, as an ardent Imperialist, a point which Mr. Robertson succeeded in bringing home to all his Ottawa acquaintances. Mr. Robertson made a finished little speech on the drama, and fixed his standard at "a true tale to nature and true in the telling." He excluded musical comedy and sensational melodrama from consideration as true drama, and pointed to Sir Henry Irving as an exemplar of success to be obtained in the pursuit of the higher dramatic art.



## UNHAPPY HOMES CAUSED BY WEAKNESS IN MEN.

A Michigan Specialist Finds An Easy Way to Cure Any Disease of Sexual Weakness Even in the Oldest Men. This Wonderful Cure has a Most Marvellous Record of Successes. Sent Free to All Who Apply in Writing.

Thousands of cheerless homes are filled with discontent and unhappiness, lacking in love and companionship through the sexual weakness and physical impairment of a man whose years do not justify such a condition. Indiscretions and abuses often cause a temporary cessation of vital power that instantly yields to the wonderful treatment discovered by the specialist Dr. H. C. Raynor, of Detroit, Mich. It has remained for this physician to discover that sexual weakness and similar troubles can be cured and in remarkably short spaces of time. This treatment does not ruin the stomach, adding the miseries such injury entails, but it is a new treatment that easily and quickly restores youthful vigor to men of mature years.

The discovery is beyond doubt the most scientific and comprehensive that our attention has ever been called to, and we cannot urge our gentlemen readers too strongly to find out for themselves how it is that this new treatment makes such a wonderful change in a man in so short



The trial of Senator Chas. H. Dietrich, of Nebraska, who is under indictment for the alleged selling of postal appointments, promises to be one of the most sensational of the year. The Senator demanded the removal of District Attorney Summers, who indicted him, alleging conspiracy.

MAY YET BE ALIVE  
Winnipeg, March 2.—Artist Arthur Heming, who is engaged in securing sketches of Canada's wild life, does not believe that Leonidas Hubbard, reported dead in Northern Labrador, has succumbed to the dangers and hardships of the wilderness. Hubbard was the representative of the New York Outing. He entered the north country last year, and as nothing has been heard of him his friends gave him up for lost. "I have just come from Mississippi," said Mr. Heming. "While there I met a number of Indians who knew the half-breed, George Elson, who accompanied Hubbard. Elson's home was near Mississippi, and before he left he told Hubbard he told his friends that they need not expect to hear from him until next summer. Men who have been in the country say that they expect that Hubbard is making his way overland to James Bay, and will come out from Moose Factory or Rupert's House in the spring."

NOVA SCOTIA CONSERVATIVES.  
Halifax, N. S., March 1.—The Liberal-Conservative convention that met here to-day to perfect organization was the largest and in many respects the best in the history of the party in Nova Scotia. The province was divided into five districts, the chairman of each of which will be a vice-president of the association. Mr. R. L. Borden was made honorary president, and Mr. John F. Stairs president. A resolution of appreciation of the work of C. E. Tanner, M. P. P., was adopted, and a resolution of appreciation of the services of Mr. R. L. Borden.

## THE BRIDAL NECKLET.

Hindoo Girls Betrothed With a Thali Instead of a Ring.

In many parts of India Hindoo girls are wedded, not with a ring, but with a necklet or thali. At the wedding of the daughter of a leading native at Mouline, there were present among the numerous guests a Hindoo maiden and her lover, whose suit had not so far progressed to his satisfaction, says The London Daily Telegraph. While the wedding ceremony was in progress, the young man suddenly went up to her, and before any one suspected what his object was, pulled out a thali from his pocket, and quietly tied it round her neck. Of course there was a hubbub and parental lamentations over this episode, but so great is the veneration for the thali among Hindoos that no one dared to remove it from the neck of the astonished maiden. All concerned, therefore, repaired to the Marriamne Temple, where the act was ratified, and the maid who went to the wedding of her friend fancy free left the scene as the legal wife of a bold and successful husband. A correspondent writing to The Pioneer on the general use of the thali says: "I was the guest of a Christian family of position in South India which had so far departed from the ordinary rule which prevents women from appearing before strangers that the mistress of the house had deputed her young daughter-in-law to receive her guests. The young lady was profusely decked with jewelry some of which was unique in its nature, and she had not the slightest objection to its being admired. At dinner I was suddenly struck with the absence of the wedding ring from her finger, and on my asking her the reason she shyly pointed to her neck. This I deemed somewhat strange, but I thought that probably for some reason she had attached the ring to the chain she was wearing round her neck. I could, however, see no trace of it, and felt somewhat puzzled till her husband explained that no wedding ring is used on the occasion of a marriage, but that it is substituted the thali, to which my hostess had drawn my attention."

Among the Dravidians of South India the thali plays the same part as the wedding ring among the Christians. No marriage can be solemnized without it. It is a small piece of gold leaf in the shape of a cucumber seed which is attached to a necklet of worsted thread or silk. The Brahmins, who celebrate their marriage according to Vedic rites, have adopted its use, and after the sacred fire is prepared and worshipped with oblations of ghee, the blessings of the gods are invoked, and the thali is tied round the neck of the bride by the bridegroom, and then the couple go round the sacred fire. The Mohammedan converts, like the Christians, find it hard to give up this little jewel, with its happy associations, and it may be seen adorning the necks of their womenfolk. I noticed that a girl is married, I found, much to my surprise, that in some instances it did not necessarily imply that she was the wife of any particular individual. Within the precincts of the temple I once met an attractive-looking woman, dressed very gracefully and decently, and amid the rich jewelry with which she was adorned the thali was displayed somewhat obtrusively. I took her to be the member of some highly respectable family, but was surprised to learn that she was a devadassi (handmaiden of the god), and was, in fact, a dancing girl attached to the temple. There is a special taste of these women, who, as soon as they grow out of girlhood, are taken to the temple and, with much ceremonial, formally married to a sword or a god, the thali being tied round their necks by some man of the caste. This class is sometimes recruited from girls belonging to the Boyas, Bedaturs, and certain other castes, who, in the absence of male issue, dedicate a daughter to some deity, who, they believe, will give them sons.

How to Grow Ugly.  
The natives of the upper Zambesi have a most disgusting habit of removing the upper front teeth at the age of from ten to twelve years. The only reason for following such an absurd and barbarous practice is that by so doing they imitate their oxen, which they look upon as sacred, and also are unlike the zebra, or quagga, which they view in a less favorable light, hating them with an intensity based on some hereditary tradition. The women pierce their upper lip to insert a stud or a small piece of ivory, which as they grow older is increased in size. They smear their hair with ochre and clay, training it out in numerous pigtales about two inches long. These are encouraged and lubricated by the fat of oxen, which is especially favored if rancid. In fact, they love no conceivable opportunity of making themselves grotesque and hideous as possible.—Golden Penny.

New Use of Steam.  
A revolution in the use of steam power is at hand—this is, if the hopes of Mr. Peter Thornley, a Burton-on-Trent engineer, are realized. Mr. Thornley has just completed a working model of a motor almost small enough to be carried in a typewriter case, which is said to be capable of developing 1,500 revolutions a minute and giving 15 horsepower, and it is claimed that the development of his invention may result in express railway engines running at twice the present speed at only half the cost, and in liners capable of the Atlantic in three days. All this apparently is to be accomplished by greater economy in the use of steam. A ton of coal, says Mr. Thornley, will produce as much power with his engine as eight tons with existing types. It sounds so remarkable that the expert tests announced at a shortly to be made will be awaited with interest.

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A Complete reorganization of the producing department of the Company in this section affords a chance for a few good men. Eight vacancies on the agency force in this rich territory remain open for men of character and ability; you can find out by writing whether it will be worth your while to make a change. No previous experience is necessary. A course of professional instruction given free.

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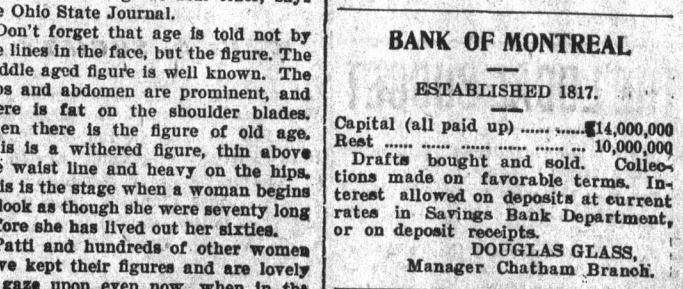


An important article of Furniture is the DINING ROOM TABLE. It is in constant use and must be strong as well as handsome. We are showing a selected line of Extension Table of fine work and finish at prices that will suit everybody. Dining Room Tables, Hardwood, Golden Finish, at \$4.75. Golden Oak Finish, \$6.50 to \$10.00. Quartered Oak, Golden Finish, \$10 to \$30.

H. McDONALD & CO.

## THE ATHLETIC WOMAN.

Her Outdoor Exercise Makes Her Graceful and Supple.  
The woman who follows an outdoor sport is usually a very graceful woman. She who goes, who rides the wheel, who wields the croquet mallet, is the woman who is graceful and supple. Men are, as a rule, much more graceful than women because men are out in the open air more than women and are more active. The woman who takes to the rocking chair at 9 o'clock in the morning and who sits all day, getting out for only a few minutes, is not the woman who will preserve her figure. At forty this woman will look her age, and at fifty she will look a great deal older, says the Ohio State Journal. Don't forget that age is told not by the lines in the face, but the figure. The middle aged figure is well known. The hips and abdomen are prominent, and the legs are fat on the shoulder blades. Then there is the figure of old age. This is a withered figure, thin above the waist line and heavy on the hips. This is the stage when a woman begins to look as though she were seventy long before she has lived out her sixties. Fatti and hundreds of other women have kept their figures and are lovely to gaze upon even now, when in the mellowed leaf. And the woman of domestic life can also be lovely, even though her years have piled upon her.



"I do not look as though I ever was sick."

When a woman is sick she falls off in looks. This is particularly the case when she suffers from diseases peculiar to her sex. Not only is her strength undermined, but she loses beauty of face and grace of form. It is characteristic of the curative of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that with restored health there is a restoration of good looks. "Favorite Prescription" establishes regularity, drives weekending drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. "I wish to thank you for the good you have done me," writes Mrs. Mac Brown, of Canton, Fulton Co., Ill. "I was troubled with female weakness and doctored with several different doctors. They did not seem to help me; indeed I got worse all the time. I had sleeplessness and displacement of the uterus. What I suffered no tongue can tell. I had heavy bearing-down pains and thought my back would kill me. I also had a very bad drain, but after taking five bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and three of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' I am feeling as well as ever. It has been almost two years and I have had no return of the trouble. My friends tell me I don't look as though I ever was sick."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Made of roots. No drugs and a sure cure for rheumatism, neuralgia, lame back, sick headache, toothache. Guaranteed to stop all aches and pains instantly, and also to cure corns or bunions in nine applications. Can't be beat for man or beast. 25c and 50c per bottle. Address all orders and send card for a sample bottle to  
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Manager Chatham Branch.

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