

PUBLIC NOTICE

PERSONS claiming exemption from service on juries, persons who claim to be qualified to serve on a panel different from that on which they are entered, and all persons who have objections to offer to the panels or either of them are hereby notified that a Court of Revision of the Jury Lists for St. John's will be held in the Magistrate's Office from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY of next week, and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY of the week following. Police Court, 29th October, 1915.

CHAS. H. HUTCHINGS,
Justice of the Peace.

1012101011

J.J. St. John

To Shopkeepers:

100 dozen
ROYAL PALACE
Baking Powder at
50c dozen tins.

500 Dozen
TOILET SOAP
1 dozen in a Box,
35c dozen.

500 Dozen
BLACK PEPPER, at
10c lb.

150 Dozen
ELECTRIC PASTE,
the best Blacklead
on the market,
48c dozen.

J.J. St. John
Duckworth St & LeMarchant Rd

DENTIST



ESTABLISHED 1891.
For nearly a quarter of a century I have practised Dentistry in Newfoundland, and to-day there are many thousands perfectly satisfied with my services.

Our Artificial Teeth are now, as at first, the very best obtainable, but the fee has been reduced to \$12.00.

We repair broken plates and make them just as strong as ever at a charge that will surprise you.

If you want a new set, or the old ones repaired, consult
DR. A. B. LEHR,
(The Senior Dentist)
203 WATER STREET.
1014 m. w. food

Buy **GOODS** Manufactured in **NEW-FOUNDLAND** & keep the **Fathers** at work

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

FISHERMEN, ATTENTION! Who Forced Price of Oil?

Mr. Thomas Brown, of Salvage, Lays Some Facts and Figures Before the Fishermen Toilers Which Show One of the St. John's Merchants Admitted that but for Coaker, Fish and Oil Would Not Be the Figure it is To-day.

(Editor Mail and Advocate)
Dear Sir.—Will you kindly give me space through the columns of your paper to correct some statement which is in circulation concerning myself, which I understand have originated from Mr. B. Job at St. John's.
Now Sir, on my going to St. John's some little time ago I brought with me my fish and oil. I found I could get \$6.60 a qt. for my fish and \$120.00 per ton for oil at the Union Trading Co. Some merchants, of which Mr. Job was one at that time, did not offer more than \$115 per ton for cod oil. When speaking to Mr. Job about it he said he would give as much as everyone else, supposing it was \$140.00 per ton he would give the same; but I did not give much heed to this, as I was inclined to sell my oil to the Trading Co.; unless Mr. Job were some other Mr. would advance in the price and this I did not expect them to do.

I suppose Mr. Job thought as the schooner was hauled into his wharf that he would get all the fish and oil I had on board. Now I must admit he did get both fish and oil, but he paid me \$125 for my oil, and not by my telling a lie, but he paid it when Mr. Coaker made him do so, and it was done this way:

On seeing Mr. Coaker he asked where we were selling and what price we were getting, and told him Mr. Job's best, and he (Mr. Coaker) told me to bring the oil to him except he (Mr. Job) would sell to him at that figure. I saw Mr. Job and told him I had a chance of \$125 for my oil and if he wished to give that figure we would land it; if not we can't sell. Oh! Well, he says "We will

give the same, and the price was then settled.
We then landed the oil and taking the receipt to Mr. Job's Office he told me he could not find out that \$125 was given for oil and believed it to be untrue. Well Sir, I said, I do not want you to believe, neither do I want you to pay the \$125, but one thing I do want you to do Sir and that is to take my oil from your wharf and land it where I want it.
Well, he says, before we go to that trouble we will pay that price for it. He then asked who gave me the other offer, it must be Mr. Coaker? That's the gentleman who did it sir, I said. Well, he says I am getting tired of doing business those days. Why is that, I said? Mr. Job said, too much competition. Where does competition come in at I asked; from Mr. Coaker he said. Well Sir, I am glad you have admitted that Coaker is driving prices up.

Yes, Mr. Job says, we must admit Coaker does drive prices up, and we would be satisfied if he would only be reasonable, but he says he drives it beyond all reason.
Now, Mr. Editor this is why I got \$125.00 for oil and I don't think any common-sense man can say I told any lie in this transaction; and if Mr. Job wish to make any contradiction he is welcome to do so, as I have witness to prove my statement. I am prepared to stand by it. I would not have gone so far as to put this statement before the public had it not been rumoured that I told a lie in getting this price for oil.

Yours truly,
THOMAS R. BROWN.
Salvage, Oct. 20, 1915.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Bad Coal is dear at any price. Good N.S. Screened Coal is better at any price.

NORTH SYDNEY COAL NOW AFLOAT!
A splendid cargo now landing at Franklin's wharf, ex S.S. "Bonaventure. A good opportunity for schooners to get their COAL supplies.

Place your order with us and get satisfaction.
THE UNITED COAL CO.
Water Street West.

RIVERSIDE BLANKETS and WOOLS

You can always buy "Riverside" goods with absolute assurance that you know what you're getting as a material, weight and dimensions.

Quality considered, these goods are marked very low in price.

The RIVERSIDE WOOLLEN MILLS, Ltd.
Riverside, near Mackinson's Crossing.

BRAN---FLOUR

IN STOCK:

1500 Sax BRAN,
1000 Brls "VICTOR"
FLOUR.

PHONE 261.

George Neal

Advertise in The Mail and Advocate

GERMANY WILL BE BEATEN

'Tis Written So, Says Colonel Henry Waterson, Who Draws Interesting Parallels Between This War and the Civil War in America.

There are some striking similitudes between the war of the Kaisers in Europe and the war of secession in America.

Except in the Gulf States there was in 1861 no strong secession sentiment. The Gulf States drew the border States after them. An overwhelming majority of the soldiers who later fought in the Confederate armies clung to the Union until the fall of Sumter and the call for troops from Washington made a decisive line of cleavage between the sections. Then it was, and only then, war actual and debate ended that they went with their own section. Here we have a contrast rather than a parallel, for in Germany the people had nothing to do with it. War was upon them before they knew it.

The extremists of the South clamored for "our rights in the territories." The theorists of Germany clamored for "a place in the sun." In each instance it was as the cry of a child for the moon.

There was no territorial "right," from which the South was excluded, carrying any practical value. Slavery was already doomed. It could not go, or be taken, where it was not wanted, or where the physical and climatic conditions were hostile. The institution was effete and dying. The trend of modern thought all over the world was set against it. But had it been otherwise a war inaugurated by the Gulf States in its defence was bound to end with its destruction, no matter which side might win.

Now for the parallel. There was no "place in the sun," from which Germany was excluded. Her ships laden with her wares and products sailed every sea in freedom and security. She was meeting and beating her commercial rivals in many markets. "Made in Germany" had become a taking trade-mark. What had Germany to get by going to war? As little as the Southern States of America. "A place in the sun," like "our rights in the territories" was wholly illusory and misleading.

That "one Southerner could whip six Yankees with a cornstalk," wherewith gullible minds at the South were inflated, corresponds to the Germanic claim of "superman."
Had a Like Beginning.
In each case war began in a fury of uncalculating passion. Blind hysteria possessed the Southern people. The immense disparity between the resources of the South and the resources of the North was unconsidered. That "the South was bound to win" was the universal belief. Cotton was king. Europe would be forced to intervene.

In like manner Germany set out to rush Belgium and reduce Paris—Britain's hands tied in Ireland—and then, having overrun France and overcome the French—to turn her resistless arms upon Russia. It was a pretty enough showing on paper. But, as we have seen, "the best laid schemes o' mice and men gang aft a-gley." Britain's hands were not tied by Ireland. Belgium resisted long enough for Britain to get there. The failure before marked failure upon the whole theory in which the general staff in Berlin had so confidently laid its plan of campaign.

The South was not prepared for war as Germany—it had no such fighting machine—but it was better prepared than the North, and winning the first victories was able, in spite of the disparity of forces and resources, to prolong the struggle for four years.

As late as 1864 a National Convention nominating General McClellan for President, declared the war a "failure." Throughout the succeeding presidential campaign, Mr. Lincoln was often in sore distress of mind. Yet at that very moment, both General Lee and General Johnston knew that the Confederacy had but a short time to live, while among the better advised Southern men it had begun to be whispered that "the bottom must soon drop out of the tub." And, sure enough, after an example of prowess, endurance and skill, never surpassed, in the early days of 1865 the starved and ragged fabric of the Confederacy fell in a heap, a helpless mass. "You didn't whoop us," said an old Confederate soldier, holding on to the hand of General Grant affectionately, on the occasion of the dedication of the statue to General

Superb Fur Like Seal Sets.

THESE splendid sets of Fur-Like, Black, Coney Seal, are made of a fabric that perfectly resembles the famous South Sea Seal—the fur of which throws off beautiful radiating, soft, deep, lustrous, velvety, black and maroon tones, that compel us to centre our attention, and at once crave to possess a garment made of such a rich fur.



Look at the illustration and notice the excellent contour of this fashionable and Comfortable Muff and Throwover—apart from the style and comfort the smart dressy appearance it gives to the wearer will be a source of pleasure as long as the set lasts.

These sets are well made, and richly lined with Black Silk, and styles exactly as illustrated are finished with silk medallions, and long fine, silk-thread tassels, truly marvellous value. These are copies of real, South Sea Seal, one-hundred-dollar sets. Price for this Muff and Throwover exactly as illustrated. A Set—\$7.00.

Price of Similar Coney Seal Sets in black, finished with wide, knotted, fine, silk-Thread fringe. A Set—\$3.30, \$4.50, \$5.70 and \$7.00.

Price of Black Coney Seal Sets finished without fringes—\$3.30, \$4.50, \$5.70 and \$7.00.

Remember these are often copied, but never equalled. You buy right, when you buy here. See them to-day, or mail your order to-day—mail now, we have many to choose from.

Anderson's, Water Street, St. John's, N.F.

Stephen D. Lee in the National Cemetery at Vicksburg. "You didn't whop us Fred—you jess wore us out!"

Something like this will happen to the Kaiser alliance. It is no more in the books for Germany to win than it was in the books for the Confederacy to win. If Germany could win the world would not be fit to live in. We can now easily picture to ourselves what would have followed the triumph of the South and the establishment of a Southern confederacy upon the North American continent, leaving two exhausted contestants to become the prey of European intrigue, setting the clock of freedom back a century, and splitting a noble union into perhaps a dozen weak and warring fragments, to repeat in the New World the mistakes and misadventures of the Old.

That the Russians are in retreat before the Germans, we are forced unwillingly to admit, but we take great pleasure in saying that in many homes hordes of Germs are in full retreat before White Russian Soap. Try it. It is equally good for both laundry and bath. The Cleveland Trading Company are agents.—aug31, liv, ff

Wants Reserve For Mediterranean

Col. Repington Times Expect Says Allies Must Have Half Million Men There—Could Then Strike Where They Liked

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Col. Repington the military expert of the Times, says:—

"Whatever course we may take concerning Gallipoli and Salonika, one thing is certain, the Allied staffs of France, Italy and Britain must prepare strategic reserves in the eastern Mediterranean fit and equipped to take strong action at any point from the Adriatic eastward.

With 200,000 British, 150,000 French and 150,000 Italian troops, aided by our warships and transports, we will be able to strike when and where we please. But these troops must be equipped for a special mission and act under a common impulse. Egypt, Cyprus and Malta would be our bases in this new campaign, Brindisi and Taranto for Italy, and Marsailles,

Corsica and North Africa for France. The fact that these reserves are earmarked for the east will not prevent some of them acting at the main strategic front on important critical occasions.

We have to meet new German strategy, but should meet it in our own way and not as the Germans wish.

It is mainly an active, defensive campaign that opens in the Middle-East. The main issue must and will be decided in the principal theatres of war, where two hundred and fifty Austro-German divisions are engaged."

ALL PROCEEDS OF LOAN TO BE SPENT IN U. S.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons, Chancellor of the Exchequer Reginald McKenna stated to-day that the British Government has definitely agreed that all the money raised by the allies' five per cent loan will be spent exclusively in the United States.

He added the agreement did not include any obligation to purchase articles of any particular class or goods from any specified importers or firms in the United States.

GIRLS' COATS

Worth up to \$5.50

FOR \$3.95 EACH.

A 'School Tam' Free with each Coat you buy.

S. MILLEY