THE DAY OF THE SCOTS

St. Andrew's Society and Guests at the Festal Board.

Speeches of Interest From Mining Men and Others.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

The aniversary of St. Andrew's day was right royally celebrated in Rossland. In some respects the banquet with which the local St. Andrew's society marked the day was among the most notable of the long list which the Golden City has witnessed from year to year. Rarely indeed has there been such a genuine outpouring of goodfellowship as was manifested last night, and in the memories of many of those in attendance the function will be chalked up as a veritable red letter event. In all that goes to make for actual enjoyment the St. Andrew's dinner was replete; as an intellectual treat it was not behind the many banquets preceding it in Rossland annals, while from the gastronomic viewpoint the affair had its desirable features.

In the past it has been the rule that public banquets in Rossland have been made the occasion for conveying to the public important and interesting announcements anent the great mining industry of the commuity, and last night's function was no exception to the rule. Statements were made, and are reproduced below, that will gratify every loyal Rosslander.

The banquet eventuated at the Hotel Allan, and the interior of the spacious dining room was elaborately decorated with flags and flowers. The gallant old Union Jack was much in evidence, the Canadian ensign had its honored place, while the Scottish ensign was prominently displayed in its glory of bright yellow field with lions rampant. Palms and flowers contributed to a decorative ensemble that was decidedly striking, while the long array of tables in immaculate napery and gleaming silverware gave the finishing touch to the charming effect.

On the menu cards the officers of the society had expended much taste and Gaelic ad lib. The cards were bound in ribbon of the Ker tartan, and were religiously preserved as mementos of the happy occasion.

During the courses telegrams were read from sister societies throughout the Dominion, conveying the felicitations of Scotchmen in Canada from ocean to ocean to their "Rosslan' Brithers."

Dr. D. E. Kerr, president of the society, occupied the chair, with A. H. MacNeill, K. C., and Lorne A. Campbell in the vice-chairs. About the hospitable tables were the following members and guests of the society: F. W. Rolt, Hon. C. H. Mackintosh, Thomas S. Gilmour, Rev. Dr. Wright, George W. Urquhart, William B. Townsend, Edmund B. Kirby, A. B. Barker, H. Hayman Claudet, Captain George A. Ohren, Harold Nelson (Toronto), J. K. Cram, Dr. Coulthard, Harry McIntosh, A. W. Dyer, R. W. Hinton, L. H. Roberts, Donald Dewar, Paul H. Kauffman, J. G. Wallace, Rowland Machin (Victoria), Robert Hunter, James Anderson, George H. Richardson, H. Perry McCraney, J. M. Macdonald, Archibald B. Mackenzie, Robert W. Grigor, James D. Sword, Garnet P. Grant, W. H. McNeill, Cecil B. Winter, Peter Servold, Alexander Dunlop, Archibald Neil Patterson, Robert H. Anderson, William Thompson, J. B. Johnson, J. Stephen Deschamps, George C. Rose (Cascade), David S. Mackenzie, A. C. Ridout, John Dunlop, Walter Aldridge, H. P. Dickinson, Charles E. Barrett, James H. Young, T. G. Challoner, Charles H. Sangster, Leslie H. Bruce, Charles H. Simpson, Augustus B. Emery, Stuart Martin, John G. Bunyau, John H. Macdonald, A. Sloan, John Masson, William McKay, and W. Anderson (Cascade).

Promptly on the removal of the covers the toast list for the evening was introduced, the first portion being in the hands of the chairman-president and the second half in those of the vice-chairmen.

"The King" and the national anthem were followed by "The Day and A' That Honor It," preposed by A. H. MacNeill, K. C. In this proposal Mr. MacNeill referred at some length and in humorous and patriotic language to the energy and spirit with which Scotsmen the world round observed the anniversary of their patron saint. The response was by Rev. Dr. Wright, late of Nelson, a sincere and hearty Scotch divine, whose reference to the day and the race that celebrated it with loving and enthusiastic fervor was tinged with the pardonable pride of race which no true Scot could have eliminated under similar circumstances. The proposal and response were cheered to the echo.

ROSSLAND'S GREAT FUTURE.

Deep interest naturally centred about the toast to the mining industry. It was proposed by William Thompson, manager of the Rossland-Kootenay company, and his remarks were fraught with matters of wide importance. In part Mr. Thompson said:

"In reviewing the past year's work, it one is inclined to be pessimistic, discouraging deductions can be drawn. On the other hand, a review of the year's work made by anyone having knowledge of the true facts can only lead to the encouragement of all who are sufficiently interested to draw their own deductions. While advance may have appeared to many of you to have been slow, it has undoubtedly been sure and along lines that will guarantee permanency to this camp and prosperity to those who have enterprise sufficient to hold their interests during times of depression.

Let us take as an example the problem of recovering the values from the low grade ores in the mountains surrounding your beautiful city. A year ago the question of treating the low grade silicious ores on Red mountain was talked of seriously. Today, nearly one year later, the results have passed the experimental stage and we see one plant in successful operation, another of large capacity, after several months of careful, conscientious, experimental work, in course of erection, and a third spoken of for immediate erection. Gentlemen, that alone is a magnificent record for one year. It is advance of the right kind to bring permanency and success to this camp.

"Let me say tonight that the success attained in the reduction of the low grade silicious ores during the past year will be attained with the low grade ferruginous ores of this camp before next St. Andrew's celebration arrives. Do not for a moment think that there has not been success attained at the present time. There hav been most magnificent successes attained that promise gratifying results to mine shareholders and mine managers alike, that will double the life and output of your camp within a very reasonable time.

"Now let me utter a word of advice. After a gathering of this kind, when the mine managers get thawed out by their congenial companionship, and reiterate, as they do, their confidence in the resources of the hills surrounding your camp, many men go away from these gatherings wildly enthusiastic and begin to indulge in dreams of a mushroom growth for their city that can hardly be expected. Failing to realize this growth immediately, they shortly take the opposite view and say that the speaker was simply endeavoring to make a good fellow of himself. Seriously, now, gentlemen, be fair. A permanent, substantial growth is most surely likely to be a slow growth. The English oak of historical renown does not grow in a single year. The last year has been one of most remarkably rapid growth in this direction. The next year promises even greater results than those attained during the past year. Go away from this meeting enthusiastic by all means, gentlemen, but give your sturdy oak a chance to reach maturity

HOW TO HELP MINING.

"I am going to ask you, gentlemen, tonight, as residents of this the fourth city in the province, as residents of this great province, to lend your assistance towards bringing about a betterment of conditions for the mining industry.

"First, let us appeal to the provincial government to repeal the two per cent tax. It is unnecessary for me, since I have dealt with this subject before time and again, to say what an unjust burden this is upon this camp in particular. The tax, gentlemen, must be repealed, and tonight I ask your assistance in this direction.

"Then, again, it has been suggested that the government should immediately undertake to build certain wagon roads to develop new properties in this district. I am heartily in accord with this and trust that every citizen in this city will do the best he can to have the government at once proceed with the construction of the Sophie mountain wagon road. During the last summer I have had occasion to spend some little time on Sophie mountain and consider that there are wonderful possibilities in this direction. This road should be built by all means, and I think it is only fair that the citizens of Rossland should do their utmost to get the government grant for this purpose.

FEDERAL ASSISTANCE.

"Then, again, it is unnecessary, possibly, for me to point out to you that very large amounts of money will be required for the erection of concentrators and mills of various kinds in this immediate vicinity, and the greater the success attained the more mills will go up and the more money will be required. In view of this we are perfectly justified in asking the Dominion government to render some assistance by removing as far as possible duties on concentrating and mill machinery and supplies. No matter whether this machinery consists of material for the construction, or material and supplies for future operation, whether manufactured in Canada or not, I claim that the Dominion government should put us in a position to go to the cheapest market so as to get the best machinery at the lowest possible price, that is suitable for the work that we have before us. Let us drop politics in this direction, gentlemen, and endeavor if possible to get the Dominion government to assist us.

"I need not reiterate to you, gentlemen, my continued faith in your camp. I consider that today the prospects for the future of the mining industry in Rossland are better and greater than they have ever ben at any time since I became a resident of your city."

Needless to say, the toast was received with the acclaim merited by the importance of the topic. Responses were made by Edmund B. Kirby, general manager of the War Eagle and Centre Star mines, and H. Hayman Claudet, technical representative of the Canadian Ore Concentration company, controlling the Canadian rights for the Elmore oil process.

PROGRESS MADE.

Mr. Claudet said:

"It is just a year ago since I first had the pleasure of attending a Rossland banquet. As I have been asked to respond to the toast of the mining industry tonight, I take it that you wish to hear the latest about the Elmore process.

"I think we have every reason to be satisfied with the progress so far made, and although our first mill on this continent, namely the Le Roi No. 2, has not been running long enough for us to be in a position to publish definite figures as to extraction and costs of working, we can say without doubt that the success of the process is assured from the results so far attained in this plant. At this point I would like to say that a large proportion of the little delays which have occurred have had nothing to do with our part of the mill, which with one or two exceptions has run very smoothly right from the commencement.

"That the War Eagle and Centre Star Mining companies, having a concentrator of their own, should decide to include our process is gratifying, and is a good instance of the application of our process to another plant to treat the slimes carrying copper values, which as far as I know are impossible to be saved by any other process. This also applies to silver-lead slimes, which do not concern this camp, although it will be of interest to many of you here, and it is our intention to go into the question of treating silver-lead slimes at once.

"Up to now we might say that with very few exceptions we have devoted our time to gold-copper ores, but we hope during the next few months through exhaustive experiments to show the owners of these silver properties that we can treat their ores as successfully as the ores of this camp, and in the case of any existing water concentrating plants, that by adding, at a comparatively small cost, one of our plants, we can save the values which are at present indisputably running to waste in the tailings.

"The White Bear has definitely promised an order, and I hope that other Rossland mines will soon follow suit.

"A very important feature will be the opening up of the many low grade properties around Rossland now idle, and this will be bound to come as soon as it is seen that there is a process to treat their ores at a profit.

"The success of our process depends largely on the price at which we can get oil delivered here, and the Rossland board of trade has been good enough to go into the question of getting a rebate on the duty on oils imported into Canada for use in the Elmore process, and on this point I would like to remark that as long as a suitable oil can be got in Canada at a low price, we would certainly prefer to to take advantage of it, but our appeal for getting this duty taken off is on account of the probability of not being able to do this, and even if a suitable Canadian oil is found it is questionable if there is a large enough supply.

"With regard to costs of treatment in the process I am sure that as time goes on they will be reduced, and we are determined to find an oil cheap enough to enable us to treat all the low grade properties in the camp.

"Besides the oil question, it is more than likely that improvements in the plants from time to time be made which will be the means of knocking off a cent or two in the working expenses, as we are all the time working both here and in England with a view to perfecting our plants wherever we can see any chance of making a saving."

THE RACE TO COME

Edmund B. Kirby was cordially received on rising to respond to the toast of the mining industry. Mr. Kirby opened with a witty digression on the Scottish race and its greatness, attributing the Scotch ascendency in many important quarters to the marked tendency of the race to stick together through all vicissitudes. In concluding Mr. Kirby drew the following word picture of the future British Columbian people:

"And now another thought has presented itself to me. What is the cause of this accumulation of virtues which constitutes a Scotchman? It is hills—hills and mountains. Are not the hills and mountains of Scotland the same physical surroundings which throughout history have bred the hardy virtues to which we have referred; and are not the hills and mountains of British Columbia therefore destined in centuries to come to bring forth another race? I say it is beyond a question. You already know what I believe will be the future of this great province. I see the hardy pioneers who are today penetrating the vast forests between this point and the Yukon. The prospector is following close behind. I see the few increased to an army, the vanguard of civilization. Here and there important ore deposits are discovered. The news is flashed throughout the world; thousands rush in. The great financial centres focus their attention upon the new districts, and all the resources of civilization in skill, machinery, money are poured out upon them. Railroads push in, and with them appear all the multitude of industries required to supply the army which is invading the wilderness. Lumbering, cattle raising, agriculture, manufactures, all spring up along the flanks of the mining areas. Towns and cities appear, and this vast area, once the home of wild animals, now becomes a busy and prosperous commonwealth.

"All these things I see. And when the army of invasion has given place to its permanent substitute, the future teeming population, let us believe that they too will show the fine traits of a mountain-bred race. Let us hope that they, like the Scotch, may be loyal to each other, and may never tire in sounding the praises of their countrymen."

It is needless to chronicle that the address was punctuated by hearty rounds of applause.

FLOW OF WIT AND HUMOR.

The balance of the program elicited a most entertaining flow of wit and humor. The speeches were uniformly excellent and animated throughout by the patriotism typical of the Scotchman's love of the hills and heather. The toasts were as follows:

"The Land o' Cakes, and Brither Scots," address by Robert W. Grigor.

"The Sister Societies," response by F. W. Rolt. The speaker referred to the happy feelings existent between all the units of the Empire, and won round after round of applause by his patriotic and cleverly-worded discussion of the topic.

"The Land We Live In," was handled by Hon. Charles H. Mackintosh and Harold Nelson. Governor Mackintosh's address was a typically bright and felicitous effort, while Mr. Nelson, who stands at the very top of the list of actors produced in the Land of the Maple, spoke briefly but eloquently and amid marked applause.

"The Lassies" concluded the regular list, coupled with the names of Archibald B. Mackenzie and J. Stephen Deschamps, who were exceptionally happy in their allusions to the fair sex.

Music was furnished during the evening by Herr Paul Kauffman, Charles E. Sangster, Thomas S. Gilmour, C. B. Winter, Dr. Coulthard and others.

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Liquozone alone kills germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. It is so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of $1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. Liquozone destroys at once and forever the cause of any germ disease.

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Liquozone is simply liquid oxygen—no drugs, no alcohol in it. It is the discovery of Pauli, the great German chemist, who spent 20 years on it. His object was to get such an excess of oxygen in staple form into the blood that no germ could live in any membrane or tissue.

Liquozone does that. Oxygen is Nature's greatest tonic—the very source of vitality. Its effects are exhilarating—purifying, vitalizing. Nothing else in the world is so good for you. But germs are vegetables; and this excess of oxygen—the very life of an animal—is deadly to vegetable matter.

We spend 14 days in making each bottle of Liquozone; but the result is liquid oxygen—a product which will cure diseases which no medical skill can cure without it. It is now employed in every great hospital, and indorsed by every medical authority, the world over.

Germ Diseases.

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs, and such results are indirect and uncertain. Liquozone kills the germs, wherever they are, and the results are inevitable. By destroying the cause of the trouble, it invariably ends the disease, and forever.

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Bright's Disease	Liver Troubles
Bowel Troubles	Malaria—Neuralgia
Coughs—Colds	Many Heart Troubles
Consumption	Piles—Pneumonia
Colic—Croup	Pleurisy—Quinsy
Constipation	Rheumatism
Catarrh—Cancer	Skin Diseases
Dysentery—Diarrhœa	Scrofula—Syphilis
Dandruff—Dropsy	Stomach Troubles
Dyspepsia	Throat Troubles
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All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisoned blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c. Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on your local druggist for a full-size bottle, and we will pay your druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to show you what Liquozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it to-day, for it places you under no obligation whatever.

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Give full address—write plainly.

Liquozone—our trademark name—now appears on every bottle of genuine liquified ozone.

WHO STOLE MATTE?

NORTHPORT'S CAUSE CELEBRE NOW UNDER WAY AT COLVILLE.

STATE'S EVIDENCE—BARTLETT ON THE STAND FOR THE PROSECUTION.

The famous matte stealing case in which the state of Washington and the Northport Smelting & Refining company appear as complainants and A. L. Peel, formerly shift-boss at the smelting works as defendant is now in full swing at Colville, the county seat of Stevens county. The other principal figure in the case is George E. Bartlett, the man captured with the stolen matte in his possession and now state's evidence. Peel is popular in Northport, and many of his fellow townsmen refuse to believe that there can be even a reasonable suspicion against him.

Bartlett was the opening witness of note for the prosecution, and he has been on the stand for a couple of days. He claimed that matte stealing was a common practice at the smelter. He had written to many refineries with a view to arranging for the sale of stolen material, and had decided to dispose of the swag that was in his possession when captured to a San Francisco plant. Peel, he declared, had suggested the name of one of the refineries that he wrote. To avoid suspicion, his letters to refiners were posted outside of Northport by Gasper and Peech, two traveling men. In explaining his reasons for having his mail sent to Spokane he stated that he was suspicious that Postmaster W. F. Chase at Northport might discover that he was doing business with the smelters, and as matte stealing was generally suspected by Northport people a clue might thereby be obtained.

Bartlett said that the arrest at Rossland of some of the men charged with matte stealing and the conviction of them there rather startled him, but his confederates told him to take courage then while eyes were upon the Rossland fellows, and, agreeable to this advice, he made the attempt to get away with the 250 pounds of matte. He said it was the plan to go to Seattle, and after removing his baggage to a hotel to repack the stuff and ship it to San Francisco. He said the reason he was shipping to San Francisco was because the smelter there promised the best pay for the values, offering 85 cents, but he could not say what any of the other refineries had quoted.

Bartlett was confronted on the witness stand with a number of impeaching questions that may, when followed out by the defense, make some startling disclosures.

The testimony of Bartlett is given without regard to the consequences so far as naming other people is concerned, and persons who may be innocent of any knowledge of the facts in the case save and excepting as portrayed in the newspapers do not escape his disclosures.

During the cross-examination it was disclosed that a character commonly known as "Red the Thief" had some connection with the matte stealing.

Fraternal News

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—At the regular meeting of Rossland Lodge No. 21, Knights of Pythias, which occurred last Friday evening at Castle hall, Queen street, the following brothers were duly elected as officers for the incoming term, commencing January 1, 1904: W. H. Burken, chancellor commander; L. J. Kittredge, vice-chancellor; Theo. Kettleson, prelate; George Mellor, master of work; Paul D. Wilcox, K. of R. & S.; W. R. Beatty, master of finance; George Knudson, master of exchequer; Chas. J. Hastings, master at arms; Roland Gosse, inner guard; C. A. Coffin, outer guard. The meeting was a very pleasant one, quite a large number of brothers being in attendance, as much interest was manifested over the election.

I. O. O. F.—The regular meeting of Rossland Lodge No. 36, I. O. O. F., takes place tomorrow evening at Odd Fellows' hall, when it is expected candidates will present themselves for the third degree of Odd Fellowship. The election of officers for the ensuing term will also be held.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD—The members of the local camp, Woodmen of the World, have changed their place of meeting from Carpenters' hall to the Odd Fellows' hall on Queen street, and will hereafter meet on the second and fourth Tuesdays in the month. At the last meeting of Rossland camp two candidates were given the Protection degree of the order, while a number are in line for initiation at the next meeting, which occurs on December 8th. The regular routine of business is now brought to a close early in the evening, and at the conclusion of each meeting a very pleasant hour is spent in social entertainment. Last meeting was an enjoyable one in this respect. The following letter of condolence was sent to Sovereign Fred Conkey of this city, a member of the Woodmen of the World in the east:

It is the secret sympathy,
The silver link, the silken tie,
Which heart to heart and mind to mind
In body and in soul can bind.—Scott.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Conkey, Rossland, B. C.

Esteemed Sovereigns: It is with great regret we, the sovereigns of Rossland Camp No. 176, Woodmen of the World, learn of the death of your beloved daughter, Fludda Pearl, and we each and wholly wish to tender to you our heartfelt sympathy at this moment of your great sorrow.

Fludda Pearl:

Death should come
Gently to one of gentle mould, like thee,
As light winds wandering through groves of bloom
Detach the delicate blossoms from the tree,
Close thy sweet eyes calmly, and without pain,
And we will trust in God to see thee yet again.
—Bryant.

For the camp:
T. L. MERRILL,
Acting Consul Commander.
J. C. McMEEKEN,
Acting Adviser Lieutenant.
G. A. OHREN,
Clerk.

SAMARITAN ENCAMPMENT—At the regular meeting of Samaritan Encampment No. 8, I. O. O. F., held Wednesday evening, the 18th November, the following patriarchs, after a very interesting election, were elected to serve as officers for the ensuing term: Chief patriarch, John Duncan; senior warden, Emil Johnson; high priest, Chas. Miller; scribe, Thomas Embleton; treasurer, Wm. Brokenshire; junior warden, L. J. Kittredge. At the forthcoming meeting, which falls on December 2nd, one or two brothers are expected to present themselves for initiation into the Patriarchial degree.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—At the regular semi-monthly meeting of the local tent, Knights of the Maccabees, to be held next Tuesday evening at Odd Fellows' hall, four candidates will be initiated into the mysteries of the order. The election of officers for the ensuing term will also be held. It is stated that at the next meeting a committee will be appointed to arrange for a dance or other form of entertainment, to take place about the first of the year, so that a large attendance is requested for the next meeting.

RATHBONE SISTERS—The lodge has concluded to postpone the social session announced for Tuesday night. This decision is arrived at in view of the engagement at the opera house of the Harold Nelson company.

CONSERVATIVES QUARREL.

Seven Anti-Houston Men Quit the Nelson Association.

On Saturday, November 21st, a meeting of the Liberal-Conservative association of Nelson was held. At the meeting there were two candidates for chairman, Fred Starkey and Frank Fletcher. The former was elected by a large majority. The following resolution was submitted to the meeting and was given a six months' hoist:

"Resolved, that this meeting of Conservatives desires to place on record its entire confidence in the present provincial government."

The action of the meeting did not meet with the approval of a portion of the members of the party present and the following communication reveals that the dissatisfaction is deep seated, as seven withdrew their names from nomination as members of the executive committee of the association:

Nelson, B. C., Nov. 26th, 1903.

Fred Starkey, Esq., President Liberal-Conservative Association, Nelson, B. C.:

Dear Sir—The action of yourself and other officers of the association selected by Mr. Houston, with respect to the motion of confidence in our local Conservative government, convinces us that the association is being carried on not in the interest of the party as a whole, but to serve the personal ends of an individual. This is contrary to the principles of the Liberal-Conservative party.

We therefore decline to assist in pursuing such a course and so withdraw our names from nomination as members of the executive committee of the association. Yours truly,

W. A. MACDONALD,
P. LAMONT,
R. W. HANNINGTON,
T. F. STODDART,
H. G. NEELANDS,
J. ELLIOT,
R. S. LENNIE.

IN CHAMBERS.

Minor Matters Disposed of at Court House Yesterday.

Judge Forin held supreme and county court chambers at the court house yesterday, disposing of a number of routine matters as follows:

SUPREME COURT.

Giant Powder company vs. Hunter Bros., application for discovery and interrogatories, ordered granted; J. A. Macdonald for plaintiff company, A. H. MacNeill, K. C., for defendant firm.

Royal Bank vs. American Eagle Mining company, application for concurrent writ of summons; order granted. A. H. MacNeill for plaintiff applicants.

COUNTY COURT.

Kleinsorg vs. Levy, application for fixture of date of trial; December 16th named by court. J. Stilwell Clute for plaintiff, J. A. Macdonald for defendant.

BANK CLEARINGS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The follow- are some of the weekly bank clearings as compiled by Bradstreet's for the week ending November 26th, with the percentages of increase and decrease, as compared with the corresponding week of last year:

Montreal, $20,338,987; decrease 15.3.
Toronto, $14,221,238; decrease 14.4.
Winnipeg, $6,776,844.
Halifax, $1,761,894; decrease 10.7.
Ottawa, $2,259,742; increase 8.5.
Vancouver, $1,345,709; increase 9.8.
Quebec, $1,547,352; decrease 15.5.
Hamilton, $1,111,038; increase 10.6.
St. John, N. B., $958,499; increase 3.3.
Victoria, $562,597; decrease 14.3.
London, Ont., $740,571, decrease 2.9.