

\$700,000 FOR MISSION CAUSE

This Year's Givings Total \$630,000—Reports Very Satisfactory.

ALBERT COLLEGE REPORT

Reception Service For Fifteen Young Men at George St. Church.

The Methodist Church of Canada raised during the past year the sum of \$630,000 for missions, that is, up to date. The missionary year does not close until the end of the present month, so that the amount will likely be considerably larger when the final returns are in. This year it is proposed to raise \$700,000. There are so many calls on the people for patriotic purposes that it is not proposed to ask for any heavy additional contribution for missions or other church purposes.

Judge Deroche then presented the annual conference committee report at the Bay of Quinte Conference on Friday at Peterboro. The total amount raised by the churches throughout the country last year was \$630,000. The committee recommends an objective for next year of \$700,000.

The committee further recommended that during the coming year a systematic canvass be made to secure an increase of ten per cent. in every circuit, and that the weekly envelope system be introduced wherever possible.

Dr. Endicott, the speaker of last evening, addressed the conference, reviewing the missionary stations. He told the delegates that at the present time he would rather see a man enlist than go to a foreign land as a missionary. He would go himself if young enough. It was not proposed to expand the work at present, if such expansion would interfere with contributions to patriotic funds.

Rev. Dr. Crews, editor of the Sun-Day School publications, reported on behalf of the Methodist Book Room. On account of the unusual conditions the business had not been as great as in former years, but a grant of \$23,000 had been made to the superannuated ministers' fund.

The Christian Guardian has a circulation of 28,075, an increase of 544. The Sunday School publications have an increase of 6,854, with a total circulation of nearly half a million. Two new hymn books are now in course of publication. The Canadian Hymnal, for use in Sunday Schools and social services, will be on sale by October 1st, and the Church Hymn Book, it is expected, will be ready in about one year.

Rev. J. R. Butler of Cavanville presented the report of the statistical committee at the afternoon session. It shows a membership of 41,646, an increase of 164 during the year. Other interesting points contained in the report were as follows:

- Number of baptisms during the year, 1,884.
- Number of marriages during the year, 923.
- Number of burials during the year, 1,853.
- Total number of Methodist families in district, 2,396.
- Superannuation Fund, \$3,869.
- Salaries paid superannuated of circuits, \$14,449.
- Salaries paid probationers, etc., \$2,277.
- Raised for other purposes, \$461,409.
- New church property, \$75,000.
- Number of Sunday Schools, 421.
- Number of union schools, 22.
- Number of scholars, 43,642.
- Officers and teachers, 4,771.
- Number of scholars members of the church, 15,347.

There are 164 Epworth Leagues and 101 other church societies in the Conference. There are 130 Ladies' Aid societies, and during the year they raised a total of \$30,262.

Rev. Dr. E. N. Baker and F. E. O'Flynn, bursar of Albert College, Belleville, reported that institution in a flourishing condition. It has an honor roll of 135 young men in khaki. It has been proposed to raise an endowment fund of \$100,000 for the college, and the present outlook for success is bright. The college has always held its own as a preparatory school for the higher educational institution of the church. Conference unanimously endorsed Albert College after Dr. Baker and Mr. O'Flynn spoke yesterday, by adopting a resolution of approval, moved by Rev. S. C. Moore and seconded by Rev. S. F. Dixon. Mr. Moore said that Albert College is the best place at which girls can receive a higher education at a moderate cost, as the Young Ladies' colleges are too expensive. Protestants who sent their girls to convents to be educated did so simply in the interests of economy. The reception service was held last evening in George Street Church.

WHEN BUYING YEAST INSIST ON HAVING THIS PACKAGE



DECLINE SUBSTITUTES

Secretary Tucker moved the resolution of comment, and Rev. S. C. Moore, B.A., B.D., and C. E. Weeks, Esq., of Lindsay, seconded it. Fifteen young men who have completed their terms as probationers were presented to Pres. Sexsmith and received into full connection with the Conference. They are: Russell G. Carruthers, B. A.; T. Arnold Carmichael, John E. Griffith, B.A.; Ernest Halston, Milton L. Hinton, Fred G. Joblin, Wilbert R. McWilliams, B.A.; Richard M. Patterson, Lucas M. Sharpe, Albert R. Walsh, Wendell P. Woodger, B.A., Major Cecil G. Williams, C. C. Washington, and H. A. Bunt.

All of these have been ordained except Messrs. McWilliams and Woodger, and they, too, will be installed as ministers at the morning service in George Street Methodist Church on Sunday.

NATHAN STRAUS SELLS RIVER HOME.

Well Known Cherry Island Property Near Alexandria Bay Changes Hands.

Cherry Island, with its two big summer cottages owned by Abraham and Nathan Straus, millionaire New Yorkers, was sold in New York to James Dawes, a wealthy oil magnate of Philadelphia.

The price paid by Mr. Dawes was \$40,000 which included furnishings of the cottages. Among the furnishings were ten rugs of a value of \$1,000 each.

The original cost of the homes was \$75,000. Mr. Abraham Straus had not visited the St. Lawrence for years. Mr. Nathan Straus had not been a visitor to any extent since the death of his wife two years ago. He has retained a small cottage on one end of the island and plans to come up in August for a few weeks' visit.

Cherry Island is situated in the St. Lawrence opposite Edgewood Park, and near to Alexandria Bay. With its fine terraces and floral displays it has been one of the beauty spots of the St. Lawrence region for years. The two cottages were side by side on a high knoll looking toward Alexandria Bay.

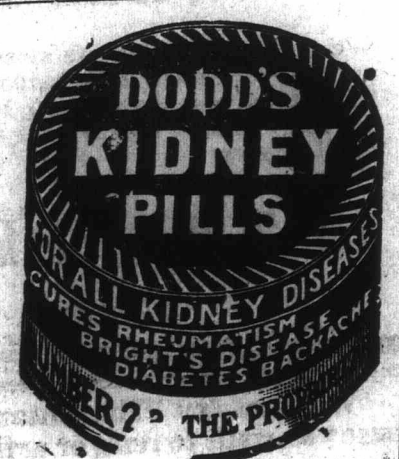
The island itself comprises about four acres in extent. There are two fine boat houses.

JOS. MCGINNIS KILLED.

Mrs. Chas. Casey, of Cobourg, received a telegram from the adjutant-general at Ottawa, stating that her brother, Private Joseph McGinnis had been killed in action on May 21st. No particulars were given. Private McGinnis was born in Cobourg and was brought up there, residing until a short time before he enlisted, when he went to Peterborough to work from there coming to Belleville where he enlisted in the 39th Battalion. He crossed over to England in June last and at Shorncliffe was transferred to the 26th Battalion. He was a popular young man, about 25 years of age.

THE YEAR WITHOUT A SUMMER.

One hundred years ago, 1816, has gone down in history as "the year without a summer," and has been frequently referred to when fearful ones have thought that the cold wet seasons we sometimes have would bring about similar conditions. In that year there was frost and snow and ice in every month, and crops were almost a total failure. Prices of flour and all kinds of provisions rose to the very high figures. In fact the summer of 1816 was noted as the coldest ever known throughout Europe and America.



CALLED TO DUTY 50 YEARS AGO

Feelings Stirred When Belleville Soldiers Went to Front June 3rd 1866

DEPARTURE WAS HURRIED

Telegraphic Message Which Sent Belleville and Hastings Boys to Prescott.

(From Saturday's Daily)

Fifty years ago today, feelings ran high in Belleville and the towns along the lake and bay fronts. "The Fenians are Coming" was the cry which was sufficient to startle the younger generation and to disturb the peace loving. Half a century ago, at 2 o'clock in the morning of June 3rd, the following message was received by Col. A. A. Campbell, commanding the Fifteenth Regiment:

HEADQUARTERS, OTTAWA, JUNE 3rd, 1866, 1 a.m.

"Your Battalion is called out and is required to proceed by special train to Prescott immediately on receipt of this telegram and report to Col. Atcherley."

P. L. McDougall, Co. A. A. G.

"Lt.-Col. A. A. Campbell, Belleville."

The news spread like wild-fire that the Fenians were breaking in on the sacred soil of Canada. No one who lived in those days and still survives will forget the memorable events of that morning, when six companies of 62 stalwart men each left by special train for the front. Those were not like these days when after two years of conflict many have not yet hearkened to the call.

The First Belleville Rifles which has since been a company of the 49th went to Antville under Major Chas. G. Levesconte.

Three hundred Prince Edward soldiers of the 16th Regiment came to Belleville that same morning and were under Lt.-Col. Ross. They left for Kingston some three or four hours after the 15th had boarded for Prescott.

The regiment was in Prescott camp two weeks, the total encampment being 1600 men. The papers of those days contain reports of the activities such as the capture of two carloads of Fenian arms and ammunition at Richville, N.Y., by American troops. General Sweeney's high-sounding proclamation to the people of British America, the departure of the Fenian fleet from Chicago, Fenian movements at Albany, N.Y.

The 15th was encamped south east of the old fort at Prescott on a beautiful plot of ground sloping to the river and commanding a fine view. The men slept on boards with one blanket and an overcoat and soon became inured to camp life.

The volunteers at Ridgeway went into battle on June 3rd, 1866, after eating a breakfast of salt herrings and crackers. The men, were without knapsacks, haversacks, shoulder straps to carry their overcoats, without blankets or canteens to carry a drink of water, they had no tents, axes, nor shovels, to form entrenchments, no pots to cook a meal's victuals, no provisions to cook even if they had pots. They remained in the field fighting or marching from four o'clock in the morning until four in the afternoon without food or water. The 15th regiment left Belleville under the same hurried conditions and if they had been called into the field they would have had to undergo the same privations.

The gunboat "Watertown" was on patrol duty in the Bay of Quinte and gave a flying visit to Belleville, having brought the 16th Battalion to Picton and other points along the bay. She was manned by the 10th Artillery battery.

CAPTURED YOUNG FOX.

Masters Leonard and Stafford Leasage, of Otter Creek, are the proud possessors of two young fox which they captured one day recently. The boys were going after the cows when they discovered their captives playing near their den and into which they soon disappeared upon sight of the intruders. The boys returned shortly afterwards with shovels and dug them out.

PEMBROKE HAS FREAK PORKER.

Pembroke, June 2.—Mr. Ed. Leoney had in his butcher shop this week quite a freak of nature in the form of little pig with a very much enlarged head and three mouths. The head was somewhat irregular in shape, but the three mouths were well formed, and each was supplied with a tongue and all the other requisites. Otherwise the pig, which did not live long, was perfectly normal.

CARE OF PUPILS HEALTH.

Method Pursued at Ontario School For Deaf to Remove Risks.

In "The Canadian", published at the Ontario School for the Deaf, the following appears under date of June 1st:—

"Last December, when three cases of typhoid developed among our pupils from the impure conditions of the city water supply, we at once began to boil all drinking water, and to prevent any further drinking of contaminated water, we prohibited our pupils from going to the city. Then before the water became safe to use, an epidemic of measles, also, we understand, a number of scarlet fever and diphtheria cases, occurred in the city. In consequence of this the prohibition against our children going to the city was continued until Good Friday; then some were allowed to go to church, and again on Easter Sunday. The result was that four of our children contracted measles, so, notwithstanding all our precautions, the infection was introduced into our school. The proof that these four children were infected while at church is absolute. The four who took the disease all attended the same church on Easter Sunday. Two of them are girls and two are boys, living in separate houses and no two in the same class. They were all taken down at about the same time, which was from fourteen to sixteen days after Easter. So the inference as to the source of infection is obvious. We take every precaution here to keep out contagious disease. All clothing, all mail matter and other articles coming to the pupils during the session is thoroughly fumigated before distribution, so that it would be practically impossible for any disease to be introduced in that way. This is merely a statement of the facts, from which the reader can draw his own inference."

FORT HOPE SOLDIER ENDS HIS LIFE.

Poor Tom, Kerr came to a tragic end last night. Tom was known to every person in Port Hope; even the smallest kid on the street knew him as Tom and everyone respected him. He was a jolly, large-hearted soul, always agreeable, and, we believe, without an enemy. Tom has probably the longest military career of any Port Hoper, and he was always happy when in uniform. He was through the South African war, and when the present conflict broke out he was the first to sign up. He was sent with the Cobourg Heavy Battery to Vancouver, but after several weeks there the battery was dismissed. But Tom was not to be outdone from doing his bit for king and country, and he signed up with the 39th battalion. Later he was invalided home with a severe attack of rheumatism, but immediately upon his recovery he became attached to the 136th battalion, with headquarters here.

Tom had been an absentee from the battalion since Monday and last evening two men went to his home. About seven o'clock they met Kerr returning to his home and ordered him to accompany them to the barracks. Kerr asked permission to go into the house to shave and put on his puttees, and the officers granted the same. In a few minutes he came out and made the remark, "Well, its all over now, boys," and then fell to the ground. A doctor was summoned and Kerr was hurried to the hospital, but he passed away in a few moments. A bottle of carbolic acid was the cause and Tom's own ambition of entering the fray for king and country is to be denied him.—Port Hope Guide.

PTE. DAWES WOUNDED.

Went Overseas with the 39th Battalion.

In the casualty list there appeared the following:—No. 412572 Private Edward Dawes, wounded. He enlisted in December, 1914, at Port Hope; went overseas in June, 1915, with the 39th Battalion. It is not known how seriously he is wounded. He spent a number of years in and around Port Hope. His next of kin reside in England.

COBourg TRAP MEET.

On Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week the annual tournament of the Dominion Game Protective and Trap Shooting Association will be held at Horse Show Park, Cobourg, when the best trap shooters of Canada will be there to try their luck at the skimming disks. It is an assured fact that as far as attendance of shooters are concerned the Cobourg meet will break all records.

One of the largest pine trees felled for many years in this section was taken from the old Wallbridge property about three miles north of Tweed one day last week. It was 42 inches in diameter at the stump and made 12 twelve-foot logs. It was converted into lumber at Lynch & Grant's mill and measured about 4 thousand feet.

NOTED MUSICIAN OF MONTREAL

Advices The Use Of "FRUIT-A-TIVES", The Famous Fruit Medicine.



MR. ROSENBERG, 689 Casgrain St., Montreal, April 20th, 1915.

"In my opinion, no other medicine in the world is so curative for Constipation and Indigestion as 'Fruit-a-tives'. I was a sufferer from these complaints for five years, and my sedentary occupation, Music, brought about a kind of Intestinal Paralysis—with nasty Headaches, belching gas, drowsiness after eating, and Pain in the Back. I tried pills and medicines of physicians, but nothing helped me. Then I was induced to try 'Fruit-a-tives', and now for six months I have been entirely well.

I advise any one who suffers from that horrible trouble—Chronic Constipation with the resultant indigestion, to try 'Fruit-a-tives', and you will be agreeably surprised at the great benefit you will receive". A. ROSENBERG. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

COST OF A BATTALION

When a battalion is formed, as a general rule it takes \$1,000,000 to place that battalion in a fit state to send it overseas. This sum is soon used up in equipment, uniforms, the men's pay, subsistence, separation pay and a thousand and one smaller expenditures.

BOGUS \$10 BILLS

Bogus \$10 bills are in circulation in lake front towns. The figure 10 is pasted over the figure one on the face of the bill and the denomination on the other side is colored. The change is skillfully made and would be difficult to detect.

STILL A PRISONER.

Mr. David Ketchum is still a civil prisoner at the camp at Ruhleben, near Berlin, Germany and writes that he is well. He tells of two Russian cadets—aged 10 and 14—who were taken prisoners while fighting with the men. When asked by a German officer what they would do if set free again, they promptly replied, "Rejoin our regiment and fight." Hearty cheers greeted their reply.—Colborne Ensign.

DWELLING BURNED.

The frame house on Donald street west, occupied by Mr. Wm. Anthonise, and owned by Mrs. (Dr.) MacLellan, of Trenton, was totally destroyed by fire on Friday morning of last week about 4 o'clock. It is not known how the flames originated unless it was from defective wiring. Mr. and Mrs. Anthonise were awakened by the noise of the flames, and escaped with little clothing. Only a few articles of furniture were saved. Their loss will be heavy as they had no insurance. The house, we understand, was well insured.—Havelock Standard.

WILL BE EXAMINERS.

Principal MacLaurin of this city will preside at the High School Examinations at Trenton and Mr. R. Whyte at Albert College. The Examinations at Albert College begin on Thursday, June 8th.

80th AT BORDON.

According to further word received, the 80th Battalion, C.E.F., is at Bordon Camp, England. It was to this camp that the 59th Battalion went upon arrival in England, being later transferred to Sandling.

MILITARY EXPENDITURE

Now that the 109th battalion has left us for Barriefield commons, the khaki clad boys who were familiar figures on our streets are conspicuous by their absence. That the presence of hundreds of soldiers in our town meant much for the town is proven by the fact that during their stay here between \$50,000 and \$55,000 monthly was paid out in board and pay. Practically every dollar was circulated in Lindsay, and our merchants reaped the benefit. The total amount paid out monthly in board and pay throughout the United Counties where soldiers were quartered was \$60,000. These figures are absolutely correct, being obtained from a reliable source.—Lindsay Post.

Many Military Matters

Lieut.-Col. Floyd, 139th Battalion certainly deserves great credit not only for the kind of men but the number of men he has recruited since given his command. In the little counties of Durham and Northumberland he secured 1310—probably from the smallest area in Canada.

The first kilties to arrive at Barriefield were the 154th Battalion pipe band, which arrived on Wednesday afternoon from Cornwall and district. The 154th Battalion and the 155th (Belleville) Battalion paraded into the camp at the same time, and presented a splendid appearance as the parade was held along the road to their camp sites. Both Battalions are almost up to full strength, and the men are of big stature and intelligent.

An innovation for Barriefield camp is the branch of the Bank of Montreal. This bank is used by the Government for the paying of the soldiers. The pay sheets are made up by the battalion paymasters and sent to headquarters. Here they are all checked and on being found correct are forwarded to Ottawa. The department at Ottawa issues the required funds to the District Paymaster who in turn allocates the necessary amount to the personal credit of each battalion commanding officer. This money is then drawn out personally by the men by checks issued by the Battalion Paymaster. The checks to be cashed—and almost all of the men want to see the actual cash in their hand on every pay day—are taken to the branch of the Bank of Montreal near the Headquarters Administration building. It is a great saving both to the men and to the bank in the city and the new arrangement is proving out very satisfactory.

The headquarters of Major C. C. Williams, chief recruiting officer for Military District No. 3, has been moved from Lindsay to Kingston.

There are now 9,188 overseas infantry soldiers at Barriefield camp, which brings the total of 11,000, including departmental corps, now in camp on the Heights.

The overseas units are as follows for all ranks:—

- 93rd (Peterborough), 993.
- 109th (Lindsay), 1,036.
- 130th (Perth), 1,012.
- 136th (Port Hope), 775.
- 139th (Cobourg), 954.
- 146th (Kingston), 973.
- 154th (Cornwall), 1,135.
- 155th (Belleville), 1,210.
- 156th (Brockville), 1,058.
- A. S. C. (Bakers), 26.
- C. A. D. C. (Dentists), 16.

The School of Cookery will start on the first course at Barriefield on Monday next. The field cooking is gradually coming into its own and should indeed meet with great favor at the camp. It teaches every soldier to rely on himself for the cooking of his food and it is possible, according to some authorities, to cook the daily Government ration into more different ways. Sergt.-Major Kerrison, W. O., Royal Military College, will be in charge, assisted by Staff-Sergt. Rolfe, A.S.C.

In spite of the fact that the battalions came to Barriefield Camp during the period the last recruiting return was being made up, Military District No. three continued with high rate of recruits for the overseas units. In those two weeks 726 recruits were secured which under the circumstances such as season of the year, etc., is considered very satisfactory.

The warm weather, prosperous condition and resulting amount of labor for new works and many other reasons are attributed to the slight falling off in number of recruits coming into the ranks. Nevertheless this district is keeping ahead of the others in point of proportionate number secured and before long the allotment for the half million men of Canada will have been secured.

The number of men of this district who have enlisted is far higher in proportion to that of any other military district in Canada. No other district is as near to having enlisted its quota of the Premier's half million.

When that 500,000 was asked for thirteen per cent. of the total population of males was planned for the Canadian Expeditionary Force. This per centage is based on the last census of Canada, which gave a total of 3,821,067 males. With a population of 310,235 males in this district the thirteen per cent. asked for amounts to 40,330. The latest report issued shows that 33,399 have already come forward and it should not be long before the remaining 7,000 men are in uniform.

The Infantry School of Instruc-

tion is now located on the same site as last year at Barriefield Camp. There are seventy-five officers and probationary officers and N.C.O.'s in attendance and in the khaki uniform of red coats are now drilling daily on the field at the west end of the camp. The camp lines are in a very pretty place, being located among apple blossoms and maple trees on a hill back of the Army Service Corps.

It is likely that the school will be enlarged slightly so that possibly ninety may be in attendance at one time. This enlargement was impossible in the city owing to the size of the available quarters. Now an increase means merely the addition of a few tents.

The 155th Battalion has ordered sufficient lumber to floor all its tents at Barriefield.

Lt.-Col Adams took with the 155th from Belleville, three pet bears. Two of them are quite young, and gave an entertainment yesterday afternoon which consisted of all kinds of stunts in tree climbing. The boys of the battalion have lots of fun with the "Teddies."

The officers' mess of the 155th battalion is neatly and pleasantly arranged. The annex contains comfortable chairs for the use of the officers and it is very evident that the staff of the 155th believe in all things being in order.

The 155th are building their own garage. They own five cars.

Order boards for each company have already been erected by the 155th battalion. They are the first in camp to have these necessary boards in place.

Our old friend Captain Noble formerly of the instructional staff of the 3rd District, who was in camp last summer, is back again, and this time with the 155th battalion of Belleville. All his friends are glad to see him.

The 155th battalion, Belleville, has the following strength:—23 recruits, 42 appointed officers, 8 attached officers, 1160 other ranks, Total, 1310.

Yesterday the supply department, A.S.C., issued 9,400 rations. The entire supply was issued by the grocery department in 23 minutes. This is record time. To think that all the groceries needed for a tented city of the size of Barriefield camp can be issued in 23 minutes is an accomplishment that no civil institution could perform in the same time.

The "No Liquor" scheme for soldiers or civilians, is working well already. With ten thousand men in camp at Barriefield the streets of the city were free from drunken men last night, and although it was pay day with a large part of the camp there was no work for military police or piquet.

It is published for the information of all concerned, that all officers must attend the early morning parade between 6 and 6.30 daily.

It is published for the information of all concerned, that a regular post office has been established in a building near the offices of the A.D. of S. & T., of this camp. Money orders, postal notes, stamps, registration, etc., can be obtained at said office.

All signalling units will parade at signalling parade ground, immediately east of the wireless marquee on Friday at 2 p.m. Parade states of signalling units must be handed in at the same time.

It is published, for the information of all concerned, that officers are not to absent themselves from camp on leave without authority of the Camp Commandant.

Officers leaving camp during the day or night, for the purpose of going to town, must enter their names in the officers' leave book to be kept by each battalion, where it can be inspected at any time.

Sergeant Major Garnet G. Winterbottom, is reported having died of wounds. He enlisted at Oshawa. He lived with Mr. Chas. Bush, 9th Con of Murray for 7 years and left Trenton vicinity about 10 years ago.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.