

what common, migrant throughout the Province, and, according to Macoun, found actually breeding on Lakes Manitoba and Winnipeg.

89. **Turnstone.** *Arenaria interpres morinella*. A rare migrant. Goes north about May 15; returns about August 15.
90. **Spruce Grouse.** *Canachites canadensis*. Common permanent resident of all the Canadian or north-eastern half of the Province.
91. **Canadian Ruffed Grouse.** *Bonasa umbellus togata*. Common permanent resident of the Canadian portion of Manitoba.
- 91a. **Gray Ruffed Grouse.** *Bonasa umbellus umbeloides*. Abundant resident of the Alleghanian or south-western half of the country whereon there is woods.
92. **Willow Ptarmigan.** *Lagopus lagopus*. A common resident of the extreme northern parts of Manitoba, moving southward in winter as far as Shell River, Lake Manitoba and Shoal Lake.
93. **Prairie-hen.** *Tympanuchus americanaus*. In 1871 Dr. Coues wrote: "I have no reason to believe that it occurs at all in North-western Minnesota or Northern Dakota." In 1882, when first I visited Manitoba, the species was nearly unknown in the country, the only known specimen having been taken near Winnipeg in 1881. In 1883 W. R. Hine, informs me, it began to be common at Pembina. In 1884 it was not only common at Winnipeg, but had also for the first time made its appearance at Portage la Prairie, on the Assiniboine. In 1886 I first saw it at Carberry. Since then it has spread with cultivation, and is now abundant in all the settled parts.