WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE,

55 and 57 King Street.

NEW SPRING GOODS

Per Steamers Canadian, Minosa, Nestorian, Caspian, Scandinavian, and India

200 BALES and CASES

COMPRISING a general assortment in every Department, and to which we invite the special attention of parties commencing business as also close buyers.

BALANCE OF STOCK

Per Delta, Olympia, Sidonian, Saint Lawrence and every steamer to Halifax and Portland during the season.

ap 25 EVERITT & BUTLER.

OAK AND PITCH PINE

TIMBER

For Ship Building purposes, constantly on hand. Also

WHITE PINE, BIRCH, &c., &c.

R. A. GREGORY,

Office—FOOT OF SIMONDS STREET - - - - - Portland, St. John, N. B.

References—GUY, STEWART & CO., E. D. JEWETT & CO. feb 13 1y

DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, Dentist

Office, Union Street, near Germain,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

☞ Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide (Laughing) Gas.

☞ ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN THE BEST MANNER. ☜

dec 16

MARITIME

WAREHOUSING AND DOCK COMPANY!

Storage in Bond or Free. Cash Advances

on all descriptions of Merchadize. BANK STERLING CREDITS granted to Importers Application to be made to

Sept 27 T. W. LEE, Secretary.

JAMES D. O'NEILL,

MANUFACTURER OF

OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!

Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES

IN SERGE, KID AND GRAIN LEATHERS.

FACTORY, No. 1 NORTH WHARF, - - - - - ST. JOHN, N. B.

July 22 1y

MISPECK MILLS, - - - St. John, N. B.

HOMESPUNS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds!

ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!!

Also, First Class

COTTON WARPS.

THE above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

☞ Orders from the Trade respectfully solicited.

WAREHOUSE.....Reed's Building, Water Street.

sep 3 1y d&w J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.

DAVID MILLER,

MANUFACTURER OF

Hoop Skirts, Corsets,

AND DEALER IN

Real and Imitation

HAIR GOODS!

Sole Agent for the Maritime Provinces for the following first-class

Sewing

MACHINES!

The Lockman, Appleton, Hespeler, Webster, And Singer Manufacturing,

79 KING STREET.

feb 6

Wholesale Warehouse,

CANTERBURY STREET.

CAMP BLANKETING!

JUST RECEIVED:

5 Bales Camp Blanketing;
3 " Grey Blankets;
200 pieces Homespuns;
10 Bales Cotton Duck;
15 Cases Felt Hats.

mar 19 T. R. JONES & CO.

GREY COTTON!

WE would call the attention of Purchasers to the

GREY COTTON

We are now making. This article is manufactured out of AMERICAN COTTON, WHICH IS

MUCH SUPERIOR

to the material used in making English Grey Cotton.

☞ It will be found quite as CHEAP, and REALLY MUCH BETTER than any other Cotton in the market. For Sale by the Dry Goods Trade.

WM. PARKS & SON,

New Brunswick Cotton Mills,

aug 14—tf SAINT JOHN, N. B.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

A 42 COLUMN PAPER.

The Best in the Maritime Provinces!

Only One Dollar a Year!

Sample Copies Mailed Free.

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART,..... EDITOR.

SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL. 25.

The Council and the Government.

The attempt to hold the Common Council responsible for the failure of the Government to carry the railway to the Ballast Wharf will not hold water. The Common Council, with the liberality with which people are expected to act when dealing with the property of others, gave the Government valuable lands and privileges. When the Government, not satisfied with this, wanted a deed of property from which considerable revenue is derived, and from which a much larger revenue is expected to be derived before long, the Council deemed it time to pause in the work of alms-giving. If the Government was going to buy property, not because the property was absolutely essential to the carrying out of the railway project, but as a speculation in real estate, it was clearly the duty of the Council to treat with it just as it would with any other speculative purchaser. But, apart from this, the Government has power to take the property and allow arbitrators to fix the price. What a poor, miserable, contemptible figure the Premier cuts haggling over the price of a waterlot like an old woman cheapening a calico remnant!

Riding Two Horses.

Most of the candidates for Legislative honors want to ride at least two educational horses of different colors. There is a sad lack of manliness in their utterances on educational matters. It is a relief when, now and then, a candidate comes to the front and declares just where he stands. The performances of the most skilful of the scholastic equestrians are amusing, though. There is Mr. Donald of Charlotte, for instance, whom we point to as a marvellous success in this line. He announces that he is for the *Repeal of the Common Schools Act*, and *the enactment of a better Free School Law*. He shrewdly conjectures that the Repealers will be content with this platform, as the probability of the enactment of another assessment school law would be small, and hopes that Free Schoolers will pin their faith on his promise to have a better law than Mr. King's enacted. Ingenious Joseph! Cute old fox! We hold the sage of The Ledge up to the admiration of squirming politicians of all lands. He is worthy of the admiration of the whole class, and has earned the especial gratitude of the many agonized aspirants for legislative honors who have not seen how to be on both sides of the school question. They ought to subscribe a sum sufficient to pay his campaign expenses. But politicians are ungrateful! The more we think over Uncle Joe's platform the more we admire his skill in planting each foot securely on a different horse. As no man need hope to beat this all the rest of the tribe should copy Donald's card at once.

This is not the first time that Mr. Donald has excited the wonder and admiration of his fellows by his skill in gaining the support of opposing interests. Just before the last general election Mr. Donald made himself more than usually active in the Temperance cause, speaking in public and in Divisions and Lodges all over the County in favor of the most radical Temperance measures, and when election day came almost every retailer of liquor in the County was an active worker in Donald's interests!

The Toronto *Globe* publishes the following false telegram from its "own correspondent" in this city:

The new tariff is the subject of much discussion in commercial circles. A meeting of the Board of Trade was held today, when it was decided that no action be taken on the duties on shipbuilding material.

Is this one of the customary disreputable tricks resorted to in the interests of the Government, or is it merely a blunder? THE TRIBUNE, on the day the above despatch was sent, published the resolution of the Board of Trade to petition against the duties on shipbuilding materials.

Advertised Frauds.

To the Editor of the Tribune.

It is scarcely a year since many New Brunswickers lost all they possessed by investing in the bonds of an American railway, and these sales were due largely to the ten-cent-a-line advertising in a St. John paper. Are we to be swindled again by a similar American Company, now being so extensively "noticed" in the editorial columns of an enterprising morning publication? Yours, &c., QUERIST.

The Maritime Monthly for May is now ready. It has many interesting and valuable articles, three or four sweet pieces of poetry, and the opening chapters of a story entitled "Josiah Garth," from the lively pen of Dr. Clark, author of "Pen Photographs."

Miss Gertrude Kellogg, who appears at the Academy of Music during the coming dramatic season, is an actress of more than ordinary ability. The following notice we find in the Brooklyn *Argus* of April 14th:

We would call particular attention to the acting of Miss Gertrude Kellogg as "Elsie of the Glen." It thrilled the audience. This lady has something more than talents—she has genius. Nobody without it could have rendered the role as she did last night. It deserves to rank as a companion with Charlotte Cushman's "Meg Merrilies," and the divine Charlotte herself could not have performed the character of the hag "Elsie" any better.

NEW DESIGNS of Walnut Frames at Notman's.

MEN AND THINGS AT OTTAWA.

How the Tariff takes—A Ministerial Policy which pleases Nobody The Day of Delegations—The Sugar Men "get sweet" on the Government and Succeed—Our Shipping to go Ashore.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

OTTAWA, April 21.

Notwithstanding that Government took the unprecedented course of taking charge of all the telegraphic wires during the entire day on which the budget speech was delivered, the news of the result at which they had arrived travelled fast enough to startle the whole country in a few hours, and to awaken a public sentiment of disappointment in some, dismay in others and dissatisfaction among all classes of the community from East to West. In a very few hours meetings of merchants representing different interests were held in the leading cities of Canada, and the result has been that the Capital has since been visited with several

TIDAL WAVES OF DELEGATIONS

which threaten to carry away either the Government or the unwelcome tariff. Yesterday there were in the city six delegations, all of which interviewed the Finance Minister, each one showing him that *theirs* was the principal interest unjustly dealt with, and to all of which the fluent financier replied that their representations were very strong from their point of view, that Government desire to place the burdens upon the people equitably, and would take into consideration the arguments of the delegates, &c. But, contrary to all precedents, these delegates do not humbly thank his Financiership for condescending to receive them, and then go away home, feeling they have discharged their duty and must not further "embarrass the Government." Quite the contrary; these naughty delegates remain in Ottawa, expressing their determination to fight the matter out. They have thrown out their skirmishers, they fill the lobbies, mount guard in the hotels, and no member of Parliament is allowed to pass unchallenged. The last and largest delegations arrived this morning to reinforce those already here. They consisted of manufacturers—the 20 per cent. men, who wish that little sum placed upon all manufactured goods—and manufacturers of Canadian liquors, who think the increase of excise duty will ruin their benevolent enterprise.

"WHERE IS OUR MAJORITY?"

said an impulsive Cabinet Minister today, when a more timid colleague expressed his fear that "something would have to be done."

"Where is our one hundred majority? we have decided upon a tariff and ought to stand or fall by it." Nevertheless the fear expressed is being realized. The hundred majority are here. They will stand by their leaders on general questions, but who can stand up in the House and vote with such a telegram as this in his hand, a dozen more on his desk, and two or three messengers running towards him with more—"If you don't vote against the sugar duties you needn't show your face in Montreal.

The tea and coffee duties are outrageous. Oppose them or you are ruined"? And what chance is there for a man to be faithful to party when his party and his pocket are on different sides in the fight? Or who can be independent with a delegate dogging his steps, operaglassing him from the gallery, buttonholing him in the lobbies, and bearing him company from House to hotel?

The result of all this is that the Ministerial "whips" have to report that they cannot find a majority to support the tariff in its entirety. One fact is worthy of note, namely, that the majority of all the delegations are Ministerial supporters and were the leading men in their several constituencies in placing this model Reform Government in power. It is quite probable that the sugar tax will be removed, as it simply plays into the hands of the Sugar Refiners, and there is really only one extensive Refinery in Canada. It is said Government is willing to modify the tax on shipping materials; but unless Quebec takes very strong ground in the matter, there is not much hope even of this being accomplished. Our men have not been idle. Mr. Mitchell, as might be expected, is at work in this matter, with all the energy, tact, and persistency which characterized his efforts here during the memorable "Battle of the Routes," and with undimished popularity, his well-known liberal views, the independent stand he is taking in the House, and his thorough knowledge of the questions he takes in hand, he will exercise no small influence in protecting Maritime rights. In

PALMER AND DOMVILLE

he has willing and worthy supporters. Each is thoroughly conversant with the theories and practice of commercial life, and the general business of the country. Their clear and unanswerable representations of the injustice done to the Maritime Provinces by this discriminating tariff have already made many converts, in the course of the active canvass of members which they are making. I understand that McLeod and DeWolfe have also taken strong grounds against the tariff, and if our

REPRESENTATIVES IN THE CABINET

would stand out against Ontario pressure, the obnoxious ship material tax would soon be wiped out. But this is not a representative Government—it is an Ontario Government. Its Premier has many an old score to pay off against the Maritime Provinces. They were warned of the consequences of Ontario rule. They shut their eyes to the possibilities of that rule. The awakening to its experience is not pleasant, but it may prove profitable. But I suppose the great privilege of having an

INCORRUPT REFORM GOVERNMENT

will counterbalance the effects of a policy whose first operation is an attempt to paralyze an enterprise which is the pride of our people. H.

Habit, if not necessity, makes a Hair Dressing indispensable to many. The new "VIGOR," which Dr. Ayer's laboratory issues, is one of the most delightful we have ever used. It restores not only the color, but gloss and luxuriance to faded and grey hair.

Cunard Steamers.

China, Samaria, Calabria, Hecla, Marathon, Batavia, Scotia, Saragossa. These first-class steamers of this popular line will leave Boston and New York for Liverpool during the next two weeks. Hall & Hanington, agents.

CABINET and Card Groups of the Duke of Edinburgh and Duchess Marie at Notman's.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of Velvet Passe Partouts at Notman's.

The "Canadian Anthem Book" is the newest and best of the kind. E. Peiler & Bro., W. S. agents.

LOCALS

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements— Lee's Opera House
do Bloodgood's Combination
Wholesale Warehouse, Everitt & Butler.
Latest New York Novelties, W. W. Jordan.
Gentlemen's Scarfs Manchester, Robertson & Allison.
Fresh Eggs, Masters & Patterson.
Codfish, do
Split Herring, do
Labrador Herring, do
Wanted. C. Box 504,
Per Delta and Olympia, W. H. Thorne.
Three trips a week, Small & Hatheway.
Express Line, Enoch Lunt & Sons.
Bar and Sheet Iron, Norris Best.

AUCTIONS.

Piano Fortes and Cabinet Organs— C Flood
Administrator's Sale— John F Godard
Auction Card— Hall & Hanington
Clothing, &c— E H Lester

On First Page: Poetry; Notes and News; Cities as Civilizers; and Apartment Houses.

On Fourth Page: Yesterday's Second Edition.

Sunday Services.

Duke Street Chapel—Preaching by Elder Garmaty at 11 o'clock. Theme—Exposition of 2nd Timothy, 2nd chap. Evening—"Baptism by Satanic Administration;" the seventh discussion of the series on New Testament baptisms. Seats all free.

Rev. David Maclise, D. D., of New York, will preach in Calvin Church at 11 a. m. and 3 p. m.

The Rev. Dr. Maclise will preach in St. Andrews Church at 6 p. m.

The second free temperance lecture will be delivered at the Academy of Music at 8 p. m., by the Rev. J. D. Pope.

Rev. Mr. Spencer will preach on board the steamship Olympia, at 11 a. m.

VICTORIA DINING SALOON (strictly first class), No. 8 Germain street (facing City Market), St. John, N. B. C. Sparrow, proprietor. tf

Steamers.

The Rothesay will make her first trip to Fredericton on Monday, leaving Indiantown at 9 a. m. She is now receiving freight at the latter place.

Personal.

J. B. Woodland, Esq., of the *Maritime Sentinel*, is in the city.

Mayor Smith left this morning by train for Portland, and will be absent a few days.

Capt. T. Herbert Ruel, Royal Marines, has been promoted to be Major. He is a brother of Collector Ruel, of this city, and is the author of a series of interesting Crimean letters that appeared in St. John papers during the war with Russia.

The most popular dance of the day "Autumn Tints Mazurka," at E. Peiler & Bro's.

Brevities.

The steamer Empress left port this morning for Digby and Annapolis. She has been thoroughly refitted and painted and will take the place of the Scud during the summer months.

The Sussex Cricket Club has been reorganized for this season with Rev. Canon Medley President; Dr. J. Ryan, Vice-President; Oscar G. McCully, Captain; and J. E. Smith Secy-Treasurer.

A benefit is tendered to Dick Ralph at the Opera House this evening. A great bill has been prepared, all the members of the company taking part. It will be the last opportunity the St. John public will have of hearing Ralph.

The Academy of Music performance will have Miss Lisle Riddell as an additional attraction this evening. Harry Bloodgood, in "He's Got to Come," did some marvellous dancing last evening. Miss Granger's hornpipe was an artistic and graceful performance.

Peter McLaughlan was knocked from a staging in Lynch's shipyard, yesterday, to the ground, a distance of 25 feet. He was seriously injured by his fall.

The body of an infant was found yesterday in the Episcopal Burying Ground near the Marsh Bridge, enclosed in a box. An inquest was held by Coroner Rigby and a verdict of "still born" returned.

The Odd Fellows Sociable, which was to have been held on Monday evening, has been indefinitely postponed out of respect to their late brother, C. F. Estey.

Messrs. McCausland & Wills have rented the store now occupied by Mr. J. W. Montgomery into which they will move about the 6th of May. Their stock has been selected in the English markets with care, will be entirely new, and will consist of all kinds of staple and fancy dry goods.

Point Lepreaux Weather and Marine Report.

April 25th, 9 A. M.—Wind N. N. W., clear, light; 2 ships, 1 bark, 1 brigantine, 1 steamer and 18 schooners outward; 1 schooner inward.

Harbor Inspection.

The newly appointed Harbor Inspector—Joseph O'Brien—is already making himself known. He has charged James Stewart, Michael Morrisay and John Evans with removing sand from the Beach in Carleton, without permission The case will be investigated on Monday.

Rogers & Black, of Amherst, are now running a grand gift enterprise.

Fire in Portland.

A fire broke out in Thomas McElroy's house in Main street, Portland, this morning. It was confined to the upper story, having caught, it is supposed, from a defect in the chimney. The hose cart was soon on hand, a hole was cut in the roof, and a great quantity of water was poured down. The fire was extinguished in a short time, but not until the house and much of the furniture was saturated with water.

A large stock of new and fine pianos at E. Peiler & Bro s.

Inquest.

An inquest was held yesterday afternoon before Coroner Earle on the body of Ruth Eliza Tolp, daughter of Miss Alice McVane of Sheffield street, that was exhumed by order of the Coroner on complaint of a number of persons living in the street who talked loudly of foul play. Mrs. McVane and her husband, the foster parents of the girl, were examined and testified to the infant being six weeks old at the time of its death. They said that Miss McVane went to bed perfectly sober at 2 o'clock a. m., and at 8 o'clock, when they went to call her, they found her crying and walking the floor, and the child dead in bed. At four o'clock they buried the child, not thinking it worth while to keep it. The testimony of both was rather contradictory and unsatisfactory. Mary Ann Rielly, who lives opposite, said the child was sickly. She did not think it at all strange that the child was buried six hours after its death. Sarah Smith seemed to tell the truth when she said she saw the child in the afternoon and it looked well and healthy. In the evening she saw its mother in Mrs. Johnston's tavern. She was the only witness of the lot who seemed to think it a strange death, or wrong to bury the remains so soon. The manner of the death was unknown to her. Annie Allen had lived in Sheffield street seven years, and much of this time near Alice McVane, yet had no acquaintance with her, and knew nothing of the death. The whole lot of witnesses, except Sarah Smith, stuck to it that no rumors of the child being smothered had ever been whispered in Sheffield street. The testimony was so unsatisfactory and so incredible that the jury could only return an open verdict. The mother of the child sat in the room, apparently unconcerned, except a slight nervousness shown by the industrious way in which she chewed her handkerchief, sometimes putting nearly the whole of it in her mouth at once and then drawing it out. The testimony was a sad illustration of the little attention or thought given to death in that locality.

Oysters. Oysters. Oysters.

Shemogue oysters. Just received a very fine lot of the above oysters, at the Victoria Dining Saloon, Germain street. No. 8. CORNELIUS SPARROW.

Sudden Death.

Mr. Charles F. Estey, late proprietor of the American House, King street, died very suddenly this morning. He has been suffering some time with quinsy, but was able to be up and about the house. As he was to move from the American House May 1st he sold his furniture yesterday, and was around during the day. He arose this morning about 5 o'clock and kindled a fire in his room, being apparently as well as for some time past. On returning to his bed he complained of being sick at his stomach, and Mrs. Estey sent for Dr. James Christie. But before the doctor arrived Mr. Estey had breathed his last. Mr. Estey leaves a wife and a number of young children, who will have the sympathy of a large circle of friends. He was a member of Pioneer Lodge of Odd Fellows, and the brethren meet this evening in their hall to make arrangements for attending the funeral

THE DAILY TRIBUNE and all the most popular Canadian, English and American newspapers and magazines can always be obtained at the bookstore of Mr. W. K. Crawford, King street. au 8

City Police Court.

The city was sober last night, and not one arrest was made.

Michael Cronan was charged with assaulting John S. Holstead on board the steamship Olympia, yesterday afternoon. He was angry at Mr. Holstead, the stevedore of the vessel, because he was not employed, and, going on board, struck him and tried to throw him into the hold. His excuse was drukenness, but all the witnesses agree that he was sober. The assault was a most malicious one, and was really an attempt to take Mr. Holstead's life. The Magistrate said that, perhaps, he ought to send the man before a higher court, but fined him $20 or two months gaol.

John McCullough was fined $4 for driving a coach after night without having two lighted lamps.

Portland Police Court.

The only prisoner before the Court this morning was Catherine Ryan, who pleaded guilty to being drunk in Main street. She promised better behavior and the Magistrate let her go.

Kept Alive by Fellows' Hypophosphites.

This is to certify that in the autumn of 1867 I contracted a severe cold and cough, and was seized with pains in the chest and back. I obtained medical advice, but the prescriptions effected no good whatever. The cough kept growing worse, and other symptoms set in which complicated my case, until finally I was given up to die by three physicians, who said I was far advanced in consumption, and could not recover.

I had been fourteen months gradually wasting away, unable to perform the lightest service, *and fast approaching the end*. At this time I had never heard of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, but some of my family noticed the letter from Capt. Coffill, concerning the cure it had effected in his case, and I was persuaded to send for some of the medicine.

I commenced to take it in accordance with directions, and before I had used half a bottle I was able to resume light work in my shop, and, notwithstanding that my disease was so far advanced as to be incurable, by making use of it from time to time during the last three years, it has sustained my strength and enabled me to knock about and attend to my work. I feel certain that had I used it at an earlier stake of the disease it would have effected a perfect cure.

W. H. LEIGHTON.

Having been acquainted with the case of Mr. W. H. Leighton during the last five years, we, the undersigned, fully endorse the above statement made by him.

J. B. DAVIDSON, J. P.
ISRAEL BENJAMIN, J. P.

Horton, N. S., 17th Feb., 1873.

Messrs. Landry & McCarthy have just received a large assortment of the celebrated Estey Organs in new styles of cases, and at prices from $60 upwards. Call and see the fine little double reed organ they sell for $80.

By Telegraph.

Canadian, British and Foreign.

[*To the Associated Press.*]

NEW YORK, April 24, p. m.

Gold 112; sterling exchange 489½a480¼; money 4 per cent.

Articles of agreement were signed yesterday, at Pittsburg, between George Brown, of Halifax, and Wm. Scharff, of Pittsburg, for a five-mile scull race on the Connecticut River, at Springfield, Mass, the latter part of June, for $2,000. Articles were also signed between Scharff and Ten Eycke, to row on the Hudson River, any time before July 4th, a three mile race. Scharff will row at Toronto July 4th.

LONDON, April 24.

There is an extensive lockout of laborers in the agricultural districts. A meeting to express sympathy for the men deprived of work was held at Exeter Hall last night. Messrs. Morley, Jenkins and Arch were present. The hall was crowded. Resolutions in accordance with the meeting were unanimously adopted.

The London *Post* says: "President Grant once more has saved his country from a great peril. His veto deserves full as much applause and gratitude as the victories of Vicksburg and the Wilderness."

LONDON, April 24.

THE INDIA FAMINE.

In the House of Lords the Marquis of Salisbury said the next harvest in India promised to be abundant and the present provision against famine was undoubtedly ample.

CENSURING GLADSTONE—W. E. ON HIS METTLE.

In the Commons Mr. Smollett moved that the suddenness of the late dissolution of Parliament is deserving of the censure of the House. He characterized the act as a *coup d'etat* by which the late Government sought unconstitutionally to retain power, and declared that Gladstone had resorted to a stratagem which was ungenerous to his friends, insolent to his opponents, and barely honest to the nation.

Mr. Whalley seconded the motion.

Mr. Gladstone stigmatized the assertion that the dissolution was secretly planned as untrue, absurd and impossible. He challenged a repetition of the word "trickster," which had been applied to him, and upon the refusal of Mr. Smollet to repeat it he charged him with lack of decency and manliness. He defended the dissolution, which he declared would have been inconvenient had it been postponed. On concluding his speech Mr. Gladstone left the House.

The motion was negatived without a division, and much excitement was manifested during and at the close of the debate.

ANOTHER ELECTION.

Holmes and Fawcett, Liberals, are elected from Hackney by 2,000 majority.

AGROUND.

The Silesia, from New York from Hamburg, is reported aground in the Elbe, and in a dangerous condition.

NEW YORK, April 25.

THE ZIMI'S LOST MEN.

The nine men blown away below New Orleans in a small boat, a week ago, were picked up by a fishing schooner.

FLOOD AND FAMINE.

Reports from Louisiana continue discouraging, and the necessity for immediate relief is represented to be very urgent The President has already ordered 50,000 rations to be sent.

PARLIAMENT OF CANADA.

(*Special to the News.*)

OTTAWA, April 24.

The Premier brought down the correspondence respecting the constitution of the Nova Scotia election courts.

Mr Jones produced the bill amending the Bank of Nova Scotia charter.

Mr. Carmichael introduced a bill incorporating the Albion Mines Savings Bank.

Hon. Mr. Smith gave notice of resolutions extending the time for the appointment of Pilotage authorities; also that ships carrying troops be free from harbor dues, and to restrict the liability of steamboat owners for luggage of passengers beyond a certain quantity.

The House went into committee of the whole on the election bill.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell suggested that in New Brunswick the Clerks of the Peace should be eligible to act as returning officers. In many cases Sheriffs were strong partizans and the Government should have power to appoint some one else.

Hon. Mr. Dorion would consider the matter.

Eleven sections passed without important amendments.

After recess a number of private bills passed, when the committee resumed the consideration of the Election Bill.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell made an effective speech in favor of open nominations. They stimulated the people to inquire into the questions of the day, and gave candidates an opportunity of presenting those questions, and of meeting charges brought against them in private canvass as well as giving the people the opportunity of judging of the candidate's fitness for the position of representative. If Quebec could not have public nominations without rioting, let them be abolished there; but if other Provinces wished to retain the open system, there was nothing to be gained by compelling them to abolish it. He would move an amendment carrying out his view.

Mr. Cameron (Ministerialist) had an amendment ready which he moved.

A lively discussion followed, many members claiming the floor at the same time.

Mr. Patterson (Ministerialist) said it would take all his respect for the Ministry, and all his party loyalty to make him support the bill if the Ministry insisted on abolishing open nominations.

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie said open nominations were abolished everywhere. The system was a farce and afforded no chance for a fair discussion. He appealed to the House to vote against the amendment.

Hon. Mr. Blake was busy drumming up supporters, and the amendment being put it was lost by a vote of 42 to 98; most of the Ministerialists who spoke in favor of the amendment, afterwards voted against it.

The Carlist General Saballs, commanding at Guipuzcoa, has issued a proclamation decreeing the punishment of death to all persons furnishing food to the cities of San Sebastian, Renteria and Lun.