THE VICTIMS OF LIONS.

A men-eating lion is one that has tasted human firsh, likes it better than the meat of any of the animals upon which its kind is won't to proy, and thereafter will est nothing else if it is able to kill man, woman or child. In the past two years it has been more than usually in evidence in the large region of East Africa between Mombasa and Victoria Nyanza. Its exploits have brought heartrending tragedy to not a few native villages and it has repeatedly thrown into a panic large bodies of workingmen who are grading the roadbed and laying the track for the Uganda Railroad, On May 17 last this terrifying brute was brought into unusually promin-Ratiroad, On May 17 test this terrifying brute was brought into unusually prominence in a speech delivered by the 'Marquis of Salisbury at the annual dinner of the Railway Benevolent Institution in London. Sir Guilford Molesworth's report on the Uganda Railroad, published by the British Government, last month, said that twenty-eight Indian coolies had been killed by unusualing lions while they were at work. man-eating lions while they were at work on the railroad. It is not often that a beast of prey receives attention in the speeches of Prime Ministers and in official eports of a technical character, but this Lord Salisbury devoted to it in the course of his address on the peculiar difficulties of building railroads in far away and barbar-

'We suddenly !learned,' said his Lord-ship, 'that we had altogether a wrong no-tion of the configuration of the country through which we were building the railway, and by altering the route we were able to save a hundred miles of our journey. But there were other surprises that awaited the construction of the railway in that country. The whole of the work came to a standstill for three weeks because a invitingly open. At the rear of the cage party of man-eating lions appeared in the locality and conceived a most unfortunate of the inclosure by iron rails in front of taste for all our laborers. At last the laborers entirely declined to work unless they were guarded by iron intrenchments. Of prisoner. Then the rifle blazed away and course it was very difficult to carry on railway building under these circumstances, and until we found enthusiastic sportsmen who undertook the task of getting rid of these man-eating lions and successfully carried it out our enterprise was seriously

are not such ferocious and fear-springing animals as many imagine them to be. They very seldom attack any one unless they are ntly pursued or have been woundpersistently pursued or have been wounded. If they see a person approaching them they usually prefer to slink off into the jungle and hide in its depths. They invite no attack and are willing a man should go his way if he will let then alone. But it is very different with the man-eating lion. It marks the human being for its prey, and killing mankind is its protession. This is the reason it is very difficult to catch the man eater in the traps that are set for it. A hunt is reared with a wide enterance and inside a kid or goat is temptingly was burning in the tent, and Mrs. O'Hara displayed in such a way that if the lion suddenly awakened by a movement, saw a tries to carry him off, the rope that ties the intended victim will release the door dragging him toward the exit. The tent through which the brute has entered. It was twelve feet long and the lion was about through which the brute has entered. It falls behind the animal and it is trapped, and may be despatched at leisure. But nine times in ten the stratagem fails to work. The king of beasts has not entered the village in the stillness of the night for goats or kids. It much prefers to dash through the low doorway of a habitation and seize a also ning man or women and through the low doorway of a habitation and seize a sleeping man or woman and then bound through the jungle with the victim in its powerful jaws, and if in the morning the natives are brave enough to and his throat was badly lacerated by the lower to Magne M

The ways of the man eater are enough

the extermination of the man enters in their neighborhood. Fortunately the lions that prey on human beings are still a small min-ority. Most lions avoid men and are after the big game that hunters go to Atrios to shoot. Leons haunt the high grassed plains where subras, antelopes and gazelles

Though the wan eater is not afraid to single out a victim in a crowd and run off with him, it also loves a campfire. No blaze around the tents or din or gunfring scarce it off. The animal will spring into a group of twenty men sitting around a fire and carry off one before the others have time to rerlize what has happened. It has also been known, on the railroad line to Ugands, to spring upon a flat car loaded with men and donkeys while the locomotive was puffing and the train was locomotive was puffing and the train was slowly moving, seize a man and jump with into the jungle and off out of hearing before the train could be brought to a stand-The nights were full of terror for the

Indian coolies after one of them, resting from his day's toil, had made a dinner for ing very high. None of them would sleep less than twenty feet from the ground in the trees or on the top of water tanks that were mounted high on a pedestal of railroad ties. Mr. Patterson, an assistant engineer on the railroad, killed several of the man eaters by sitting up all night for a fortnight and shooting them as they came prowling about the camp. An ingenious tran was arranged with men expenses. trap was arranged with men, apparently, for bait, though they were well sateguarded. One animal was fooled into enterieg, and it wasn't its fault that it didn't lose its life. A cage was built of iron railroad track with a dcor forager, down came the door, and it was a The man eater is very different from the ordinary lion that has not acquired the taste of human flesh. Lions, as a rule, are not such ferocious and fear rule, are not such ferocious and fear rule. them so far apart that it managed to squeeze its body through and plunge into the jungle. Twelve shots had been fired at a distance of six or eight feet, and yet the animal escaped unscratched!

The man eater enters tents without the slightest fear, clawing away the stout cord fastenings as though they were woollen yarn. In this way one of them last year entered the tent of Mr. O'Hara, an overseer on the railroad line. He and his wife were sound asleep, side by side, though it was not late and there was plenty of noise and bustle in the adjoining tents. A light was burning in the tent, and Mrs. O'Hara, lion with her husband's head in its mouth claws. He was dead at the door of the

Advocate, July 12, by Rev. D. T. Porter, M. Fisher

Allento Laura Bennott. they may find, perhaps a mile away, the bones of their unfortunate friend. tent the moment he was reached just after the lion had gone.

The ways of the man eater are enough to terrorize the stoutest heart, and it is little wonder that hundreds of these Indian toilers, who when trained for military service have proven that they will march undaunted to the cannon's mouth, are thrown into the direct panic by the sudden advent of one of these creatures. Its appearance is an unexpected, as a thunderbolt from a clear sky. It is perfectly willing to attack by day, cronching in] the grass beside the path or at the village edge till the time is ripe for the fatal spring. About half of these twenty-eight [victims were killed as they with hundreds of their fellows were scattered thickly along the line levelling the [roadbed. The animal was needed to the time to the time is not dismayed by numbers if only it may be amobserved till the very meanent of action. In an instant it has frightened and dropped him. Another

These African terrors are not all of the lord an terrors are not all of the lord is terrors are not all of the lord and the lord is terrors are not all of the lord and whob. In the stoudy who has won the gratitude of them of man eaters they old fillessis to hand Webb. Milford, July 19, by Rev. A. B. Dickie, Robert In Evrlage by the call who has won the gratitude of native villages by ridding them of man eaters they call so has he leads. The man to do not have a call of the interesting book he has just published of them was decided in years and her fortune semingly had been hard, for she was much emaciathed. It happens quite irregion to the state of These African terrors are not all of the

natives may be spared a similar infliction for a long time. There is accordingly great rejoicing when the plague of the community can go on its raids no more. Mr. Selous, the famous hunter, tells of exactly similar experiences with man eaters 1,000 to 1 200 miles further south. It is very fortunate that lions of this stripe are comparatively few in number, for if all lions were man eaters Africa would become uninhabitable, unless the world organized a gigantic lion hunt to wipe the whole species out of existence.

The difficent young man had wanted to propose to the girl, but for the life of him he did not know how to go about it. He read books on the subject, and sought in formation from men who had experience; and while the theories were admirable, in every instance he found that the practice

thereof was a different thing.

He was walking with her one eve He was walking with her one evening, thinking over these things when her shoe become untied. She stuck out her pretty little foot with a smile, looked down at i', and he fell on his knees and tied the lace. Then he walked on with her, and the shoe became untied again. The third time it happened he was ready as before.

'See if you can't tie a knot that will stick,' she said, as he worked away at it.

He looked uv at her tenderly.

'If I can't, I know a man who can,' he said.

said.
'Do you want him to tie it p' she asked, ocquettishly.
'Yes,' he replied.
She jerked her foot away.
He smiled to himself.
'It's the parson,' he said, and he rore to his feet and finished the work.

BORN.

libert, July 14, to the wife of Ernest H. Eyles, a

Louisburg, July 17, to the wife of Dr. D. A. Morrison, a son. Bridgewater, July 17, to the wife of William Duff, a daughter. Lunenburg, July 10, to the wife of Ambrose An-

Black Rock, July 11, to the wife of Hamford Raw-ding, a daughter. amberland, July 16, to the wife of Alfred 8. Brine, a daughter.

ver Hebert, July 15, to the wife of Norman Mc-Lellan, a daughter. idgewatet, July 17, to the wife of Rev. E, P. Churchill, a daughter.

MARRIED.

Parrsboro, July 10, Alida Kerr to Stephen Wilson Boston, July 10, George R. Huestis to Cors Lincoln Halitax, by Rev. A. Simpton Maggie Ross to Henry Hill. Digby, July 14. by Rev. W. H. Evans, James Sin to Rertha Ryan. Oak Bay, July 8, by Rev. J. Millidge, Alex. Sload to Maud Garcelon; Canso July 11, by Rev. A. Hockin, Harvey Munro to Charlotte Conrod.

Fredericton, July 16 by Rev. W. MacDonald Wm. Wilson to Annie Poleck.

Fredericton, July 5, by Rev. F. C. Hartly, Lemont Gillespie to Mand Webb.

deton, July 18 by Rev. Willard MecDennish abort Clarks to Mrs. Rvn. Price. 1824d, July 18, by Rev. F. E. Binhop, ad, July 10, by Rev. W. H. Perry, Pro-Kipney to Linese B. McConchie

ten, July 5, Maud, daughter of Harriet Faulk St. John, July 20, Annie Station, wife of Stamwood Hiese, 28. Rallinx, July 18, Mary, widow of the late John Dwyer, St. St. John, July 9, Mary, widow of the late Robert J. Leonard.

Rast Boston, July 12, Isabella G., wife of Edward J. Wilkie, 23. Quaco Road, July 23, Margaret, widow of the late Baccaro, July 16, Christianns, wife of Sylvania Port Fawkesbury, July 19, Isabella, wife of George Heneary, 100.

Loggieville, July 8, Mary Elizabeth, wife of Capi. Alex. McLean, 46. Cambridge, Mass., July 16, Arthur Ralph, son of Joseph Joshua, 14. Yarmouth, July 19. Mary Ethel, daughter of Thos. and Jane Corninz, 15.

ometon, July 21. Edmund, child of Philip and Vivisa Leger, 6 months. Allax, July 21, Maggie E., daughter of Richard and Bridget Morey, 1 year.

and Bridget Morey, I year.

North Earltown, July 18, Lizz'e D., daughter of Alex. and Mary Ferguson, 16.

East. Boston, Jvly 19, James W., child of James A. and Hattle L. McKenns, I year.

Rockingham. July 8, Chrence Whyle, child of Sylvanus and Lil a Crowell, 3 years.

Montreal, July 16, John Douglas, infant son of John and Ficrence N. Rogers, 1 year. BAILBOADS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC WORLD'S BICYCLE MEET

MONTREAL, Aug. 7th to 12, 1899.

ONE FARE Plus 10 Cents, FOR ROUND TRIP.

On Sale August 4th, to 7th, and good for return until Aug. 14t h1899.

The Popular Route is via St. John, N. B, and Canadian Pacific.

N. B, and Canadian Pacine.

The only Express Train from Maritime Provinces reaching Mcn real in the morning.

Arriving daily, except Monday, at 8.48 a. m. receive berth in one of the Luxurious Palace bleepers of the U. F. R., or for particulars of extension of above limit to attend L. A. W. at Boston passage rates, time table, write at once to A. J. HEATH, D. P. A., C. P. R., St. John, N. S.

Dominion Atlantic R'y

On and after Monday, Ju'y 3rd, 1899, the Steamship and Train service of this Mailway will be as follows: Royal Mail S. S. Prince Rupert. ST. JOHN AND DIGBY DAILY SERVICE

Lve. St. John at 7.00 a. m., arv Digby 9 30 a. m Lve. Digby at 2.00 p. m., arv St. John, 4.30 p. m Steamship "Prince Edward," St. John and Boston Direct Service. Lve. | Mon, 5.30 p. m. | Lve. | Sat. 4 p. m. St. John | Thurs 5.30 p. m. | Boston | Wed II a m

EXPRESS TRAINS

Daily (Sunday excepted),
Lve. Halifax 6. 50 a. m., arv in Digity 18.25 p. m.
Lve. Digby 18.26 p. m., arv II sensonid 5.25 p. m.
Lve. Digby 18.26 p. m., arv II sensonid 5.25 p. m.
Lve. Digby 18.25 a. m., arv, Digity 18.25 p. m.
Lve. Digby 18.25 n. m., arv, Halifax 6.26 p. m.
Lve. Digby 8.20 p. m., arv, Halifax 6.20 p. m.
Lve. Digby 8.20 p. m., arv, Asampolis 4.60 p. m.
FLYING BLUENOEZ.
Lve. Halifax 9.00 a. m., arv, A Tarmouth 4.00 p. m.
Lve. Yarmouth 8.00 a. m., arv, A Tarmouth 4.00 p. m.

S.S. Prince George. S. S. Prince Arthur.

trains will arrive at St. J

1899.

THE YARMOUTH S. S. CO.,

LIMITED.

For Boston and Halifax

Yarmouth.

Shortest and Most Direct Route. Only 15 to 17 hours from Yarmouth to Boston.

Four Trips a Week from Yarmouth to Bor

STEAMERS "BOSTON" and "YARMOUTH" One of the above steamers will leave Yamout revery Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturda Mer arrival of Dom. Atlantic Br. trains from Balifax. Returning leaves Lewis wharf, Bostowery Monday, Tuesday, Tunreday and Friday at Dom. Atlantic Coast Brs. and il coach lines. Regular mail carried on steamers.

The Fast Side-Wheel Steamer."CITY OF MON TICELLO," Leaves Cunard's wharf, Halifax every Monday (10 p. m.) for intermediate ports Yarmouth and St. John, N. B., connecting at Yar-mouth, Wednesday, with steamer for Roston.

For tickets, staterorms, etc. Apply to Halifax Transfer Company, 148 Hollis street, or L. E. BAKER,

Yarmouth, N. S., July 6th, 1899.

SAILINGS

-OF THE-

STMR. CLIFTON.

notice, the Steamer Chiton will leave her wharf as Hampton Monday, Wednesday and Saturday mornings at 5.00 (local). Returning will leave Indiantown same days at 4 p. m. local. CAPT. R. G. BARLE,

Star Line Steamers For Fredericton and Woodstock.

Steamers Victoria and David Weston will leave t. John every day at 8 o'clock standard, for fredericton and intermediate stops. Returning rill leave Fredericton at 7.80 a.m. ciandard. On and after June 24th, the Steamer Aberdest will leave St. John, every Schurday at 5,30 p. m for Wickham and Intermediate Points. Returning will leave Wickham Monday a. m. due at St. John at 3 o'clock a. m. JAMES MANCHESTER.

MANHATTAN STEAMSHIP GO'Y

New York, Eastport, and St. John, N. B., Line:

VOL

de inte ne con Game Describente de la la contracta de la contr

Island, in t was rudel usual conduction alights Altred. We headed man though a smoorings a moorings a of his pants tion. He s upon an e of ten f gentleman purloined th

nocent thi man! Oh like Saul he eyes, and glusy "Hain't
He evidenticent country
the trees up
majestic pre
Not a heu
marked to h