## What I Saw and Heard in Boston,

The Rev. W. B. Meyer, of. Christ charch, London, the
chureh of the eccentric Rowland Hill, eame by invitation church of the eccentric Rowland Hill, eame by in
to help the evangelists of New York and Boston. to help the evangelists of New York and Boston.
Before audiences, packing at1 the space fil Tremiont Temple, he reasoned of consecretion, whole and unconditional - of ministers and Christians searching their hearts and lives for vanities, follies, sins, big and little, for carelesswess and indifference, and whatsoever would hinder the free and full working of God's Spirit in the heart and life, and the casting out of one and all of these demons. Then through the minister and with the minfater the Holy Spirit will do his work and bld deflance to all opposititon.
Mr. Meyer looks to be about fifty years oid. But it is hard to guess an Englishman's age. His attitudes and gestures are in open and flagrant violation of all the rules laid down by rhetoricinss for the management of the Body in public speaking. But it all seems natural to Mr.
Meyer. His face is strong. The contour, features and expresaion of it are not unlike that of the late Dr. Tupper, when he was sixty years old. But. Mr, Myer's be pevolent and luminous blue eyes are a poor substitute for the smati, plercing black eyes that used to glow and flasli from under the noble brow of that great and good mant, Mr. Meyer's complexion is light. Dr. Tupper's was dark, iaters of the gospel in the First Baptist church in Philaiaters of the gospel in the First Baptist church in Phila-
delphia-Baptists, Methodists and Presbyteriana--Episco-delphia-Baptists, Methodists and Presbyteriana-Episco-
palian miniaters are as timid about attending such palian ministers are as timid about attending such
meetings in Philadelphia as they are in Halifax and st. meetings in Philadelplia as they are in Halifax and st.
John, and more so. In this church, on a Monday mornJohn, and more so. ing these hutreds of ministers, youing and middle-aged and old, sat at the feet of the man from Englond with a
miessage for them. The large house was crowded, men mhessage for them. The large house was crowded, men
and women filled all the space not occupied by the minand women filled all the space about an hour all hung on the lips of the speaker as if speltbound. Panl's examining himself lest he mhould be a costaknay was his text. His interpretation was perhaps fanciful-niot that Paul feared being cast off
into perdition, but he feared that he might be cast aside ds as successful laborer for Christ. To this end he searched his heart, and tried his spirit.
Mr. Meyer conifronted 1ther clerical andience with all the Jow and unworthy ambitions then occurring to his mind, which might be cherished by ministers, also sins, vanities, deficiencies, and urged them with much unction and real glowing terms he contranted the failure of men who depended on eloquence, or even truth. Hearts emptied of - melf and bodies, souls and spirits surrendered to God were audience listened with rapt attention and loonest expreswion, Thion,
Now Mr, Meyer has for and athother one came finto view, Now Mr, Meydr has for his audience the 100 students and
the, itaff of afle professore with the venerable Dr. Wes-
ton at that head in the chapel of the Crozer school at ton at that head in the chapel of the Crozer school at
Chester, fourteen miles from Philadelphia, At the train
Dr. Weston, with mucli brotherly expression, grasped the De. Weston, with mucf brotherly expression, grasped the
hand of Mr Meyer in both of his own, and sadd "Colne
thou blemsed of the Lord." A hundred sturdy, earnent, thou blensed of the Lord." A hundred sturdy, earnest,
mtelifigent young men were those into whone eges Mr.
Meyer looked, and had in return every eye riveted on him. Meyer looked, and had in returnoevery eye riveted on him.
The evangelist imply told the stadents his ministerial The evangelist wimply told the stadents his ministerial
owperience. Dr. Angus, of Regent's Park College, sent
hin out into the world as a preacher. First he was an hims out into the world as a preacher, Firs he was an
aspostant at Liverpoo, Then he found his way to York
There he was tint, fearing the big men, Mr: Moody and
Sankey, cronsed the Atlantic, found the man dead whic There he was timit, fearing the boug men, Mr, Moody and
Sankey, cromed the Atlantic, found the man dead who
had Trivited theni- Went to York to a mani whom they
Mnew and who knew Mr, Meyer, Moody. In this way got
 Hnew and who knew Mr, Meyer, Moody in this way got
into his pulpit, He mew Moody had what he had not
He sat at hin feet and learned his frot great leason of full
consecration. On he went widh thisgdded power. He
Was removed. -o another church. Judd and Smith, the
 oap camet, Ite went to them. aiked them thefr wectet,
of thiniof,
and was told it was full and uniquallifed murender of
themelves and all that they had to God forever. That themelves and all that they had to God foreyer. That
night he threw away every known nin and vanity, receiv. ed thew wtrength and hain been golng on winee, cavilug out
anything and everything that shows its head in his relig. oun uife opposed to the Splitt and teachlagan of the word
of the tood, Thit, with mach good advice, Was the
addrens to the students at Crozer. Mr, Solden Cumbings was the only face from the
Martime Provincesthat I recognived in the eudience, A
soon an the service was cloned, he had tie by the hand Martime Provinces that I recognived in the audience, A
moon as the service was cloned, he had mise by the hand
Ive othern from Wentern Canada gathered with him to
wetcome a Canadlan Haptint to Crover, Dr, Wemton ha
 to south Carollan. Thise nocial life of the matitution la
freer and fule than I have ever neen it at any. findred
inatitution. The profemorn, their wives, and the atudents

 Pastorand a popular preacher, Mr, Cumaisga -teichen Chriotian cuitire clans of from 75 to 10 young men an
young women, and works fa a large cify minion,
Ruponrsur.

## Herotem in the Pines

One of the mont marcus purcas. attended, one which moved me deeply, I want to brielly deicribe to you and mayhap in the scene and surroundings there may be something of help to those who toil in mission fields, home or foreign ; something, perhaps, of atimulation to those who give of their substance to advance the cause of Christ in city slums, on the far frontier, or in the blackness of heathendom.
It was half-past five o'clock or a wintry afternooni in early December, in $1895^{\prime}$. December. There was a shimmer of starlight through the rift in the roof where the stovepipe and the pine shingles falled to meet by several inches. The room was cold. A huge box stove it, a half-dozen, serious-faced folk, in humble attire. ant on a low school-seat bench and my heavy overcont was hardly proof against the stinging cold.? In front of mie stood a rude desk on which two kerosene lampis made and show of illumination. The room had no plastering, no furnishinge. The building was made of pine boards with a covering of tarred-paper, and was used for a $i$ schoolhouse.

At my left there stood a slender man in the white garb of a rector. His face was flushed from the biting cold, for he had been walking perhapi ten miles from his station to preach to this handful of people-not more than twelve all told. He used an abbreviated, or condensed form of the Eplscopal ritual and then preached a short sermon. It was Advent Sunday and he made his nermon fit the day
It was not so much the arrangement of his discourse, though that was senalble and logical ; it was not so much the exposition of the wonderful coming of the Christ, though it was full of tenderness and vold of irrationaliam; it was not no much the manner of address, though that was forceful and worthy of a city pulpit ;-not these that most impressed me, but If I may use the word, it was the transcendent carnestnem of the mans that marked this sermon as one to be remembered a lifetime. The central thought was the oft-repented promise, "I will' come again," and the universal need of being ready for this coming, whether it be on the morrow or in a thousand morrows.
The preacher's face was radiant with a hope that moved one as perhapin not even his carnestness did. But It was not only the preaching of thin man that impressed me, as he told the story of the cross to this handful of people away up fin the heart of one of the vastest pine forests yet left on the globe ; there was even more in lais Iife, I learned of this Hfe from him only in the barest outlines-from othern I learned more ins detall.
Twenty-two yearn ago, a young rector, he went into the forests of northern Minsesota to preach the gospel to the Indians. Since that time he has been ateadily at work among them, He has ten or a dozen mission churches, perhaps 300 souls all told. These churches are located at widely neparated points on a vast Indian the agency, where preacher is absent from his home at the agency, where stays his devoted wife, about hall of every week. Sometimes he will walk fifty milen to meet a preaching engagement to hifs Indians. Sometimes he travels on horseback, sometimes in a humble, one-horse rig, sometimes in the dpad of winter, on snow-shoes. He sends his little children at the age of six years away to school, for not all the mision work he may do maken it sufe morally for them to come in dally contact with the vices of the Indians, for who whall maps ior how mach the the
white man to part company with hils preclous chlidren at thin age,
to iive them, perhaps, only semi-yenfly unti they to niee them, perhaps, only semity early umtit they feace,
manhood and womanhood. He told me, when I mked
 of the wornd's thought-lie wan so buny with hils work he was abroad in the forests so much, he could not find time
to keop up with the mental pace of the day and he had
gutt try quit trying to.
one of which was one more phase to this man's life-not one of which he told me, but one of which on severat
occailonis mens ta the woods who knew him tad apoken
 empluasis upon his IIfework, Some yearn ago weithy
relatives in Creat Britain left this rector a Jarge fortune, several humdreds of thotisands of dollari, A large portion
of this forturie he hai already spent for the Indamis. huld back part of it and from this remaisder lie deriven an ansual Income whicls, I was told, amounts to about
fa,000, Save for the absolutely necemy Bra,000, Save for the abiolutely necessary expeminen of ent of the Indianmenpent In a thounand and one ways to "make thelr Hven happler and ligher,
man t've known himi for nine yearn," and a burly woode-
and anid his work, "and he's worn that same old fur overcont yous ever born in thils here world glts to fieaven, if hes the one, you kin ent bet on that, mister." him if he had
He fold me half nady, when ' I siked him


## Slood Quoation of the Kingtom of Coor by whiliait asmares, p. p,

One of the features of our daliy papers is a share litiof atocks in the mariket, Every morntigy it comes to wand we look over it as we take our breakfast. Bank shares rairoad shares, mining ahares, city improyements shares land investment abares, manufacturing, insurance, gov our pur bonds, and what not men of means take interen in that share list as much as they, do in thelr fragrant coffee. Shares pay dividends, and they want the div. dends, and so they study when they can put in a little surplus and make it pay something
There is tikewise a share list of the kingdom of God It is not published in our religipuspapers, though it migh be a good thing if it were. It would fnclude a great many thifygs ind make as fonis cotumitan comen from the reportern of the stock excliange. It would include churches, Sunday schools, home mission socleties, for churches, Sundayenchools, home mission societies, ion eign minsion societies, state mission societies, pubice-
tion societien, education societies, aged ministers' homes, tion societien, education societies, aged ministers homes, saints on the left, the Lord's poor in front and the Lotd' saints on the left, the Lord's poor in front and the Lord poor behind; dozens and dozens of particular case,
Is it warranted to speak of these thinge as a share list? Beyond question, our fint and nupreme motive in giving of our substance is gratitude and love to our Redeemer and to God our Father, who nent him, OuF second motive is like unto it, love to our neighbor, and a con viction that we are to do good to all men, especially the hounchold of faith. But now next to that, and over amd above it, the Bible teaches us that what we give to God if also an investment. A debt it is, and we so recognize it. We are only payling our honest dues when we give, but the Lord is wonderfully gracions and treats our gifts an trust funds commi

## and not fictitious.

There is a responible authority recelving and guaranceing these investments. That authority is God him he names piaces the prospectus, he invites the investors poor lendeth to the Lord. Lay up for youselves treanure in heaven. Provide for yournelven bags that wax not old. Fruit that may abound to your account. Thot shalt have treamure in heaven. A treasure in heaven that fafteth not.
There are dividends that accrue-real dividends-at actual and veritable dividendo as are ever paid out over the counter of any bank. Chrift himelf it ts who fixen the rates of interent and adjusts the acale of payments. He will repay the giver with friterent. Chrlet never payi ens than 160 per cent, it can be shown that he pays more than 7,000 , more than 10,000, more than 100,000 is his higher forms of inventment. We ahali look into it at
another time, buit fuit now we are content with declaranother time, put just now we are content with declar-
Ing the dimple fact that ho,doen have, a graduated, scale Ing the pimple fact that he,does have a graduated, scale
of payments and fanues enormous coupons; the miar that takes is and cares fora proptiet gets a prophet's reward: the man that entertains if righteous man gets a nighteous man'o reward. They all get the mame dividend. There Is not is bank on earth that could afford to do that, but the bank of heaven cant and does do ft. The form in which Cod pays dividends is wonderful and pecultar, but of that niother timit.
The aceount hooke are all accurately kept up there.
They do lieep bookn: and things are entered toto books or the leaventy equivalent of books, The recording a thirgty dacplo becaube he is a dacfple; everything
goes down. It the days of Mosers and Aaron the names
 3,00e year alterwards, Thalr namen have beens better There is a dividend day eppolnted. Those phat1 be recompensed at the reatreetion of the good. That one
ientence fo ponogh, Cod niames the pay day,-Stindard.
IWitow, Chinfi,

