

"TOMMY" CHEERFUL AT BATTLE ENTRANCE.



The British soldier's good humor is unshakable. This group of smiling faces was taken just as a trench was pulled out from base headquarters with men for action at the front.

ADMIRAL JACKSON, NEW FIRST SEA LORD OF THE ADMIRALTY

Admiral Sir Henry Bradwardine Jackson's name was practically unknown to the general public before the resignation of Lord Fisher as First Sea Lord opened for him the highest position in the British navy. In the past, however, he is well known, and it is said that if Fisher had to go there is no man who would have been preferred to Jackson by the officers in the service. Admiral Jackson is considered, says the Toronto Mail and Empire, to be probably the most scientific student of naval warfare in the navy. He is the navy's greatest specialist in torpedo warfare, and he is said to have the patient temperament that is demanded to meet the present crisis. Like Jellicoe, he is a hot-headed fighter, but is a master of craft, and is expected to show quite as much resourcefulness and scientific cunning as all the directors of the German navy.

A Shipmate of Jellicoe

Admiral Jackson was born on January 21, 1865, and is therefore younger than his predecessor by thirteen years. He entered the navy at the age of thirteen, and at first specialized in navigating duties. However, the torpedo branch which he was ever appointed as navigating officer was the old battleship Agincourt, and it is a coincidence that Sir John Jellicoe, then a lieutenant, was gazetted to the same vessel on the same day. It was not long before Jellicoe devoted himself almost exclusively to the study of the torpedo, which was then in rather crude shape, having been invented indeed, only two years before he entered the navy. In 1881 he was appointed to the Vernon, the Portsmouth torpedo school ship, and for twenty years thereafter was almost exclusively occupied with experimenting and lecturing upon torpedo warfare. It is to be borne in mind that the torpedo officer of a modern vessel is responsible for the whole electrical equipment of the ship, and therefore must have a comprehensive knowledge, practical and theoretical, of electricity.

Torpedo and Wireless Authority

Except for his appointment to the Vernon, Sir Henry's years have been spent on the Mediterranean. By this time he had been recognized as probably the greatest expert in the navy upon the subject of torpedoes. He was raised to the rank of commander, and appointed to the Defence, the torpedo school ship at Devonport. Among the officers of the Defence at this time were Robert Falcon Scott, of Antarctic fame, and Captain Bellairs, now M. P. for Maldenstone, and a great naval authority.

About this time wireless telegraphy was occupying the attention of men of action in various parts of the world, and Jackson spent a good deal of time studying the mysteries of the new discovery. He was indeed a pioneer in this field, and is so recognized in scientific circles. It was for his services in this direction and in other matters connected with electrical physics that he was nominated to a fellowship in the Royal Society in 1901. He is said to be the only member of the navy who enjoys this honor.

At the Admiralty

For some years he was in the Mediterranean in charge of torpedo vessels and then became Assistant Director of Torpedoes. In February, 1908 he came home to take up the appointment of Third Sea Lord and Controller of the Navy (an office in which he followed Sir William May and was succeeded by Sir John Jellicoe). The Third Sea Lord's business is mainly concerned with the material of the fleet, and it was while Rear-Admiral Jackson (he was advanced to flag rank in October, 1908) filled this office that two very notable advances were made in the material of the torpedo branch of the service. The first was the adoption of the Harcourt torpedo, the invention of a naval designer officer, which was a modification of the Whitehead, three inches greater in diameter, carrying a heavier charge, and capable of traveling much longer distances at higher speed. The second was the introduction of the "gun-gang" type of turbine-driven, oil-burning torpedo-boat destroyer—a type which has so completely justified itself in the present war.

Training Officers for War

Leaving the Admiralty in October, 1908, Rear-Admiral Jackson took command of the sixth cruiser squadron in the Mediterranean—this being his only appointment abroad as a flag officer apart from manoeuvres. In February, 1911, a month before his promotion to Vice-Admiral, Sir Henry Jackson received the K. C. V. O., and in November, 1911, took command of the Naval War College at Portsmouth, an appointment which, as his name implies, is of vast importance from the point of view of preparing our senior officers for war. After two years here he became chief of the war staff. In this he was succeeded at the end of July by Sir Frederick Sturdee, but since the outbreak of war his services have been constantly at the disposal of the Admiralty, his name being borne on the books of the president for special service.

ROSS RIFLE HAS STOOD TEST WELL

Wounded Officers on Their Return Have High Praise for Canadian Arm

Ottawa, June 17.—Two visitors at the Militia Department who excited much interest on account of their wounded appearance were Capt. George Rodgers, of the 6th Battalion, and Lieut. J. A. Danereau, of Montreal. The first mentioned officer was the victim of eleven wounds and the second of two wounds. Both had been through the battle of Langemarck and both expressed satisfaction with the Ross rifle.

Captain Rodgers said that as a general rule the Canadians were pleased with the Ross rifle. He said that he was speaking for his own battalion, and that though the rifle had rough usage on Salisbury Plain and in the trenches it had come out satisfactorily. He instanced also the testimony of Major Ballentyne of Georgetown, Ontario, also invalided home whom he had met last week who also said that he would take the Ross rifle every time in preference to any other rifle.

Lieut. Danereau said: "From four o'clock in the morning until nine on Saturday of the big fight, the Germans were trying to get out of their trenches I had charge of forty men and though there was rapid fire but of the time, there was not any complaint about a single man in the Ross rifle. The men liked the rifle when they understood it well. There was trouble at Valenciennes because they did not know how to handle the rifle, but there would have been the same trouble with the Lee-Enfield rifle if they had not known how to use it."

PILES

Do not suffer another day with piles. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. It is sold by all druggists, or by mail from Dr. Chase, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this name and enclosing 10c stamp to pay postage.

IS NOW MAJOR DEEDS

Promotion For Fredericton Officer—400 Canadian Families Drawing Pensions

H. G. Deeds, captain in the 12th Battalion, from Fredericton, has been promoted to major in the 10th in France. More than 400 Canadian families are now drawing pay from the pension roll from Ottawa.

At a meeting of the Soldiers' Comfort Association in West St. John last evening, Mrs. E. A. Young presiding, fifty towels were finished for the men at the front, and reports showed that there was a general store of tobacco, candy and other delicacies which would be soon forwarded. A collection of \$16.75 was acknowledged.

RECENT DEATHS

Friends of Mrs. S. W. MacBeath, of the North End, will regret to hear of her death, which occurred last evening at her home at a comparatively early age. She is survived by a sorrowing husband, her father, Herbert Langley, of Boston, and one unmarried sister.

John Campbell, of Campbell Settlement, Kings Co., is dead, aged fifty-nine years, leaving his wife, one daughter and one son.

In Boston on last Sunday Fred Penney, a well known artist of that city, passed away. He was a native of this province, a son of the late William Penney of St. John, and a nephew of the late George E. Penney of Fredericton.

J. L. Slipp, who died in Portland, Oregon, on April 28, was fifty-eight years of age and a native of St. John, N. B. He went to Oregon in 1879, and engaged in the hotel business, but soon entered the service of the Southern Pacific as a passenger agent and was twenty-six years in its employ. He leaves his wife, Mrs. Fannie Slipp, and three children, Percy, Ruth and Helen. A half brother, G. T. Slipp, resides in Blissville, N. B.

Wesley Tucker of Middle Hainesville, died recently, aged seventy years, leaving his wife, three daughters and three sons.

Grace, widow of Donald A. McDonald, of Hardwicke, is dead, aged eighty-eight years, leaving one son, four daughters, one brother and two sisters.

Miss Mary A. McNaughton of Black River, Northumberland Co., is dead, aged eighty-three years, leaving four brothers and one sister.

RECENT WEDDINGS

Peddie-McKinnon. Yesterday morning at the residence of E. D. Kierstead, 201 Duke street, Frederick Allen Peddie, an electrician with the St. John Railway Co., was united in marriage to Miss Ethel May McKinnon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. J. McPherson of Brussels street Baptist church. The bride was attired in a Copenhagen blue traveling suit. Mr. and Mrs. Peddie left for a honeymoon trip through the provinces and on their return will reside for the summer at Summersville.

Barker-Lyons. Moses N. Barker and Miss Addie L. Lyons, both of Burton, were united in marriage at St. Paul's Manse, Fredericton, June 15 by Rev. Dr. W. H. Smith.

Potter-Irving. On June 14 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Dickson, Richibucto, Miss Jennie B. Irving, daughter of Henry Irving, of that town, and Mrs. Dickson's only sister was united in marriage to William Potter, a prosperous young farmer of Kouchibouguac.

Hamilton-Fraser. Moncton, June 17.—Miss Alberta Fraser was married yesterday afternoon to John Arthur Hamilton, son of F. J. Hamilton, of Charlottetown, at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Charles Grant, of this city. Rev. T. P. P. Drumm of St. John's Presbyterian church, performed the ceremony. The bride was attended by Miss Marion Lockhart. Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton left on a wedding trip through Nova Scotia and the Island.

Among the out-of-town guests was Miss Lillian McLeod of St. John.

Therault-Hagarty. Moncton, June 17.—Bernard's Church on Wednesday morning, Frank Therault and Miss Agnes Hagarty of Moncton were married by Rev. Father Savage.

PERSONAL EMISSARY OF VON BERNSTORFF TALKING LOUDLY

London, June 16, 6.47 p.m.—A peaceful settlement of the questions which have arisen between the United States and Germany is predicted by Dr. Anton Meyer-Gerhardt, who is on his way from the German embassy at Washington to Berlin to explain the situation to the German government. An interview accorded to Dr. Gerhardt is published by the Frankfurter Zeitung, and forwarded to London by the Amsterdam correspondent of Reuters' Telegram Company.

The interview was obtained yesterday at Christmas, Norway, when the steamer United States, on which Dr. Gerhardt was a passenger, touched at that port.

"WILSON INDEPENDENT" IN DRAFTING NOTE

"The conflicting views existing between Berlin and Washington regarding the Lusitania affair rest on a misunderstanding, and will be settled peacefully," Dr. Gerhardt is quoted as saying. "The conflict between President Wilson and Secretary Bryan is of old origin, and arose from quite different causes than the Lusitania affair. The breach was rendered inevitable by the independent attitude of the president, who rejected the counsel of his responsible minister and drafted the latest American note to Germany without even consulting Mr. Bryan, the latter had no other recourse but to request that he be released from office."

"The tension between the two must therefore be regarded as entirely a domestic affair. The feeling of the American people and government towards Germany is not at all bellicose; on the contrary, there prevails an absolute desire for peace."

"It is not true, as trumpeted abroad, that the American fleet has been concentrated for participation in the European naval war."

"The feeling among German-Americans is splendid. Their love for the Fatherland is strong, their joy in our mighty successes in all theatres of war affecting."

INVESTIGATE STORY OF IMPERSONATION

Washington, June 16.—Published charges that Dr. Anton Meyer-Gerhardt, for whom the United States arranged a safe conduct with the Allies that he might return to Germany with a personal message from Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, was in reality Dr. Alfred Meyer, chief of the supply department of the German army, who had been secretly in the United States buying munitions of war, are to be investigated by the war department. Simultaneously, another version of the story—that Dr. Alfred Meyer, while not passing as Meyer-Gerhardt, has been in the country and killed with the latter for Christians' inactivity—also will be looked into.

State department officials and members of the diplomatic corps here recalled that at the personal request of Count Bernstorff, the former secretary of state, W. J. Bryan, asked the British and French governments for safe conduct for Dr. Anton Meyer-Gerhardt, a representative of the German Red Cross, who was returning to Berlin to carry a personal message from the count, after the latter's audience with President Wilson in the midst of diplomatic negotiations with Germany.

REPORT RECEPTION FRIENDLY AND COURTEOUS

Washington, June 16.—Ambassador Gerard called today his first informal report on how the last American note to Germany was received in official quarters in Berlin.

He spoke of its reception as friendly and courteous, and said unanimous opinion seemed to be that the document afforded a basis for diplomatic negotiation and settlement.

Long extracts from German newspaper editorials, most of which have already

BIG SALE

From TEN to \$15,000 Worth of Stock POSITIVELY MUST BE SOLD

Sale Commences THURSDAY, June 17 AND WILL CONTINUE TILL GOODS ARE SOLD

Men's Straw Hats—Regular price from \$1.50 to \$3.00. Sale price 25c to 50c.
Men's and Boys' Caps—Regular from 25c to \$1.00. Sale price from 10c to 25c.
Men's Suits from \$10.00 to \$20.00. Sale price from \$6.00 to \$10.00.
Men's Pants—Regular \$1.50 to \$4.00. Sale price 75c to \$1.50.
Overalls—Regular 75c to \$1.00. Sale price, 49c.
Men's Linen, Duck, Sateen, Twill Shirts. Sale price, 35c.
Men's Underwear—All prices. From 25c to 50c.
Socks, 10c a pair—Men's furnishings of all kinds at low prices.
Ladies' Shirt Waists, Silk Waists—Best quality. Regular price, \$3.50. Sale price, \$1.50.
Ladies' Lawn Waists—All colors and qualities. Sale price, 35c.
Ladies' Skirts—Regular \$3.00. Sale price, \$1.50.
Ladies' Underwear and Furnishings of all kinds at correspondingly low prices.

Children's Straw Hats in Linen—Regular from 25c to \$1.00. Sale price from 10c to 25c.
Factory Cotton and White—All prices and qualities. Regular from 10c to 15c. Sale price from 5c to 10c.
Duck—Regular price 15c. Sale price, 9c.
Prints—Regular from 12c to 15c. Sale price, 8c to 10c.
Muslin—From 10c to 25c. Sale price, 5c to 10c.
Oretonne—Regular from 10c to 20c. Sale price, 8c.
Boots and Shoes—A thousand different prices. Fifty per cent. off regular prices.
Handkerchiefs—Ladies', Children's and Men's. 3 for 5c.
Boys' Wash Suits. 75c.
Ladies' House Dresses. 85c.
Ladies' Aprons. 25c to 35c.
Ribbons. 3c. per yard.
Ladies' Winter Coats.
Children's and Youths' Dresses—Children's, 25c.; Youths', 75c. to \$2.25.

Don't Forget This Big Sale—You Can Save Money

305 Brussels Street OPPOSITE HANOVER

T. HATTY

CAME PRESENTED TO JUDGE ARMSTRONG

The members of the board of health, assembled last night at the home of Senator J. W. Daniel, Princess street, and presented a handsome gold-headed cane to Judge J. R. Armstrong, former solicitor for the board, whose retirement from that office was made necessary by his recent appointment to the county court bench.

The presentation was made by Manning W. Doherty, chairman, and it was accompanied by an address. Each member of the board spoke a few words of regret reviewing the energetic and successful work of Judge Armstrong as solicitor for the board and his efforts to improve the sanitation of the city. He was deeply moved by the deep consideration of his friends and when it fell to him to make a few remarks, he could hardly express his thanks and appreciation.

The address, read by Mr. Doherty, followed: Judge J. R. Armstrong:

In severing your connection with the board of health after thirteen years service as their solicitor, the members feel unwilling that this parting should take place without their making an opportunity of acquainting you with their regret that the business and friendly relations which have existed between us for so long must necessarily be interrupted.

Each one of us has felt that in giving your advice when required, you have taken pains to lay before us not only what was lawful, but also what was expedient, recognizing the fact that our board have to deal with the individual not only in his public capacity, but also in the intimate relations of his private life.

We therefore feel that we are losing not only a capable counsellor, but a friendly counsellor as well, and one who appreciates the unique position the board of health occupies as compared with other authorities.

At the same time we are glad to know that our loss will be your gain, and to congratulate you on attaining the very honorable position you have been appointed to fill.

As a reminder of our pleasant relations in the past and as a help to guide your feet in the future, when the paths become rougher and the hills grow steeper, we take pleasure in presenting you with this cane.

MANNING W. DOHERTY,

JOHN KELLY,

J. W. DANIEL,

C. M. PRATT,

GEORGE BLAKE,

T. M. BURNS, Secretary.

There are only about 100 negroes in Paris, which has an approximate population of 2,500,000.

Frank Skinner - - 60 King St. SPECIAL GRAND DISPLAY OF White Hats For Outing and Sport A Special Line of Trimmed Hats at Strictly Moderate Prices!

Beer and Temperance

IF TEMPERANCE reformers would only advocate the use of pure beer, like FRONTENAC BLUE LABEL, they would do real lasting good to the cause. While mildly exhilarating, FRONTENAC BEER is a splendid tonic, a body builder and great aid to digestion. It is recommended by family physicians and is used in the best Canadian homes.

Frontenac Beer Helps Temperance

This beer is called the "aristocrat of Canadian Beers" because it is the most exquisite beverage in the Dominion. It is made in the "Star" brewery of Canada by the highest paid brewery workers, under the supervision of a master brewer of international reputation, who has also superintended the making of the highest grade American beers. Why drink beers from Milwaukee and St. Louis when you can get beer of the same quality in FRONTENAC BLUE LABEL? Order from your dealer today.

Sole Distributor for New Brunswick: John O'Regan, 17 Mill Street, St. John, N. B.

