mplated, we suppose
the administration.
the public can confide
the soundness of their
ral sentiments. The
me very early oppor-
olicy. If that policy.
out being destructive,
t not subverting spirit
the new government
at naught the yells of
r high-flying fanatics.
ther the machine of
or may not be a mere
At all events, we hope
enough to stand firm
rties, and will never
prodigate and despe-

caused by the *coup*
the Duke, has suc-
and resentment at the
g back upon us the
inable systems—the
sets, the Billies Low-
es, and Horace Twis-
all the offensive half
oughmongering days,
n.
ver to be their mas-
their old Master the
emselves to be cheat-
demure deputy.
on, at once and for
ese impudent adven-
nere than 30 or 40
t a fourth of the total
together, in England,
bers, and if these so
been? But some of
secure. It is not
n the one case, the
nch meets Parliament
inst him. Did ever

, to make such an ex-
untry into confusion
? Where is the pre-

ay of the next session
ry as to who dared to
rument—who adhere
thout cause of com-
Parliament, and with-
f the country by other
onicle.
Sir Robert extended to
ained a full exposition
in or act with the To-
ancy has been that of
ries personally. Lord
site direction, and we
ight by the Glasgow
inaugural occasion at

Lord Stanley and Sir
ce to them now that
their accession would
their tempters; but
es of the land. We
fe intends to embark

ia to the Son of the
mention that a mar-
Royal Highness the
e throne of Great Bri-
n Alexander Constan-
the Prince of Orange.
st intimate and friend-
ngland. It would en-
se of Orange, which
of Brandenburg and

nerks on the proposed
iress to the Throne.
found in another part
intended matrimonial
rone of Britain. We
and presume therefore
ce of Orange and the

.—A true bill, says a
by the grand jury of
nd nine others, among
rates, on indictment,
ornelius Griffin, at a
behalf of the Society
parts.
Minn at the head of
decisive battle would

Morning Herald, under

that the bill for an-
to the United States
occasioned to subjects
es of Napoleon, shall
r of Deputies. The
on once more. How
ether is much inter-
difficulty in which its
and his Foreign offi-
that an attempt may
rgain with a view to
the sum agreed to be
(£520,000.")

NS.

ake up the Judiciary
no ordinary nature to
f the country, offices
signing, who at that
public business,—good
of "the great dignity
ain large salaries and
enriched themselves
d earnings of the peo-
patronage have gained
r in every department
by their selfish policy,
selves and the people,
;—but if the general
ed, these over grown
me proportion to the
med. Every useless
th, and the Provincial
none being suffered to
ummer for the honey

Legislature ought to
cers are concerned,—
c business and the du-
ce—and then proceed
he importance of the
st time. The proper
unt of salary to be al-
g their duties and in-
situations in life,—as
officers connected with
should endeavour to
orners throughout the
verage income; altho'
may make much mor
) without fees. This
as too small, on the
dsomely, and thereby
orruption; but in an-
may be stated with
riod of life, when ap-
ischarging the impo-
l of good abilities and
ealth to make him in-
arly, would place him
men required to dis-

charge the important duties of a Judge with impartiality and ability. It is not *briefless* Lawyers that ought to be selected and appointed to such an office, for by a parity of reasoning, they would, as a matter of course, be totally unqualified for the duties; and if they have been years at the Bar, and only exalted to the Bench through patronage, it is proof positive, even with £1900 yearly, that they could neither discharge the duties impartially, with credit to themselves nor with honor to the Bench—for the want of briefs, is a sure sign of want of ability, to say nothing of slothful and extravagant habits. The next officer connected with the Bench is the Prothonotary, whose official duties do not require the most transcendent abilities—therefore, £200 a-year, without fees, ought to be a sufficient salary for him. The Secretary of the Province has an income beyond every thing extravagant, in comparison with the duties he has to perform—£350 annually, would be quite a remuneration for his duties; for what is the Secretary of the Province but head Clerk? Give him this his just title, and how the dignity and responsibility of his office vanish! It is an office, the duties of which even the most stupid and ignorant of the legal profession would be fit to discharge! for it is not even necessary that he should be qualified to write *Governor's Speeches* or *Proclamations.*

I have named these salaries without fees, as fees should never be taken except for the purposes of Revenue, and paid over to the Province Treasurer for the use of the public. In many instances they are a just and equitable Tax; but for a public officer to derive his income from fees is most unjust,—for if he receives more than an equivalent for his services, the public is defrauded; while, on the other hand, if he receives less than a fair remuneration for the duties he performs, the country has received his labour without a sufficient reward, which should never be the case.

If, Mr. Editor, you should think these remarks of sufficient importance to merit a place in your paper, I may be induced hereafter, to direct your attention to other matters of equal importance, and which ought to be discussed during the sitting of the House.

Your's, &c. P.

Musquash, January 26, 1835.

To the Editor of the Observer.

MY VERY DEAR SIR,—I am no Magistrate, nor the son of a Magistrate, yet being taught from my infancy to revere the powers that be, I should feel myself wanting in a practical regard to the character and office of those gentlemen, were I to sit still and see their motives impugned, their actions condemned, and their public conduct represented as being productive of general evil, without expressing my opinion on the subject.

In your paper for January 13th, there is a communication signed "J. B." Who this J. B. is I know not, neither am I concerned to know; but one thing is clear from the production of his pen, that he lives on good terms with himself, and that he is wiser than seven men that can render a reason.

I did not imagine, Mr. Editor, that the respected County of Westmoreland contained a person possessed of such assurance, presumption, and self-conceit as to call in question the conduct of the Magistrates at the last November sessions, and manifest such gross ignorance of the law and make such unwarrantable assertions as that writer has done. At the commencement of his communication he says, "The enquiry now is, what is it that our Magistrates in the County of Westmoreland will not try to do next, as they have already at the last November Court withheld licenses from the inhabitants for the sale of spirituous liquors in violation of an act of the General Assembly in this Province." Mr. Editor, after this what will not J. B. do?—For my part, I should be glad to know the character and number of those persons who make this enquiry, and until I hear something more on this subject the writer will excuse me if I attribute it to himself. The enquiry certainly is designed to leave an impression upon the reader's mind that the Magistrates have overstepped the bounds of their duty. Supposing they have, justice requires that they should have a hearing before they are condemned and their names cast out as evil. Perhaps it will be found, after examination, that Magistrates are not tools in the hands of the Legislature, nor "meddling beyond their power," but have been performing one of the most important duties that ever came within their jurisdiction, and for which the present and succeeding generations will call them blessed.—With regard to the second enquiry, it appears principally to be involved in the first, and therefore does not claim our notice. One remark however he makes, expressive of a hope that if the Magistrates are found guilty they will in future pay more attention to their own duty. If J. B. had taken this advice we should have been saved the trouble of animadverting upon his present production. The writer goes on to say that the Magistrates "by their late measure have done more injury to the Temperance cause than good." Who is to credit such a bold assertion? Not such persons as know that the members of the Temperance Societies are increasing throughout every part of the County. And in reference to there being more intoxication since November Sessions than before in the same length of time, is an assertion which requires proof. It must be admitted that during the Election this possibly might have been the case; but at present, peace, sobriety, and good order, appears *generally* to prevail. The writer proceeds to say, that it is generally thought that laws enacted to grant licenses for the sale of spirituous liquors should be repealed. Mr. Editor, I think a person ought to be very cautious in publishing such sentiments as these upon the public. For my part, I feel much rather gather the sentiments of the County from the voice of the Magistrates and the numerous petitions presented at the last Sessions, than a single individual who so evidently attacks the guardians of our country, and thus encourages one of the greatest evils that ever existed. J. B. also declares "that traders as well as inn-keepers are now selling their goods at an advance and giving the liquor away." The truth of this remark I very much doubt, but perhaps the writer has a better opportunity of ascertaining their conduct than myself, as I am not in the habit of frequenting such places. However, should this be the case, stronger arguments than ever are found to induce the House of Assembly to adopt some measure to put a final stop to the free use of ardent spirits, as being productive of innumerable and indescribable feelings.

The writer goes on to hold up to contempt the conduct of those Magistrates who offered themselves as Candidates to represent the County in General Assembly, and supplied their constituents with ardent spirits. Whether these Magistrates are culpable for such conduct or not I leave for themselves to answer. One thing however is true, that such were not Members of any Temperance Society.—With respect to the general dissatisfaction manifested in reference to the Magistrates refusing to grant licenses, we may with great propriety ask who are those persons? We are all sure they are not Members of a Temperance Society, the number of which amounts in the County to perhaps Two Thousand,—neither are they persons who signed a petition to prevent the sale of ardent spirits, who were some of the most respectable and influential gentlemen in this part of the Province; consequently we are left to infer that, if such there are they must be either moderate drinkers, drunkards, or venders of this deadly poison. And whether, Mr. Editor, we are to regard the views, feelings, and noble exertions of the most enlightened, pious, and benevolent in the community, or those persons who are the means of promoting intemperance, and its consequent efforts—immorality and vice: let the public judge. I am happy to say, that since the November Sessions several Houses of Entertainment have been opened on Temperance principles, in various parts of the County, which it is hoped will afford comfortable accommodations for travellers. In conclusion, Mr. Editor, I hope the public will not receive any erroneous impression; and that the Magistrates will be enabled to do their duty, and the time soon come when the free use of ardent spirits will be without an advocate.

Westmoreland Co., 21st Jan. ANTI-J. B.

THE OBSERVER.

ST. JOHN, TUESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1835.

In our last paper we gave in a postscript the list of the new Administration, having Sir Robert Peel at its head. A subsequent arrival has furnished London dates a few days later, with some further Ministerial arrangements. Lord Aberdeen, (who formerly acted as Foreign Secretary under the Government of the Duke of Wellington) it appears is to be the new Colonial Secretary.—The administration is almost wholly Tory, Lord Wharncliffe, it is stated, being the only member professing any thing like Whig principles.—A variety of extracts will be found in preceding columns.

The Legislature of this Province was opened on Tuesday last. The Speech of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor on the occasion, will be found in the first page of this paper.—The election of CHARLES SIMONDS, Esq. as Speaker of the House of Assembly has conferred much honor on the good sense and judgment of the People's Representatives, and we think cannot fail to give very general satisfaction throughout the Province. This is the second time Mr. S. has been called to the Speaker's chair, and we hope he may long continue to fill it, with credit to the House and himself.

We have received from our Westmoreland correspondent a bulky packet, containing the Speeches of the Candidates, and that of Mr. Gilbert, at the opening of the poll in that County on the 4th ult.; together with two lengthy communications, respectively signed "*A Free-Man*," and "*An Old-Countryman*," (in reply to the letter of "*A Freeholder*," inserted in our paper of the 6th instant.) Proceeding on the "*audi alteram partem*" system, we cannot in fairness refuse to give both sides a hearing, after having indulged one; we therefore insert the *shorter* of the two communications this week. We would, however, respectfully remind our Westmoreland friends, that, as the Legislative session has now commenced, we shall require all our spare space for matters of more general public interest.—The *Speeches* above alluded to, are, at any rate, too extensive for our columns at present: we shall have no objection to print them in *pamphlet form*, if required so to do by the parties interested.

NOVA SCOTIA POLITICS.—The talented editor of the Novascotian, in his paper of the 21st inst. favours his readers with the following pithy remarks on some of the *doings* of the House of Assembly of the sister Province; and as *our* Legislature is now in Session, the hints applied by our contemporary to the Nova Scotia House, may possibly operate as a "word in season" to the "united wisdom" of New Brunswick now assembled at Head Quarters:—

Retrenchment.—Some animated discussions arose in the Committee of Supply, on Monday, on the subject of retrenchment, which, as usual, ended in nothing. What could they be expected to end in? Having sold the Country—body and soul—to office holders and place men—they now begin to clamour about economy and retrenchment. Having made the men of £2500, £1500, and £1000, entirely independent of their control, they now hope to swell the revenue, and conciliate the country, by contemptible cheese parings from which little or nothing can be saved. From our hearts we are sorry to see a body, in which there are many well meaning and worthy men, so misguided and betrayed, so wanting in those elements which give dignity and strength to the popular branch; but they are in a precious mess—and the Lord send them a good deliverance. On Monday they debated all day on a vote of £100 to the Clerk of the Council (the deputy clerk gets another hundred) and at 3 o'clock rejected it by a large majority; at 5 they passed it, the phraseology being somewhat changed, by a majority equally large!

"*The Rising Village*" *with other Poems*: by OLIVER GOLDSMITH, Esq., D. A. Com. Gen.—The above work has lately issued from the press in this city, and we beg to return our thanks to the author for the copy sent us. It is an 18mo. volume of 144 pages, bound in silk, with gilt edges, and makes a very handsome appearance.—We have read the principal part of the poetry with a high degree of pleasure, and we think it will be perused with equal delight and satisfaction by all into whose hands the work may fall. It is indeed worthy of a descendant of the celebrated author of the "Deserted Village," and should be placed as a companion to that delightful poem in every library.—The changes and improvements in Acadia's soil, from its ancient wilderness and uncivilized state to that of its present condition, adorned as it is with numerous flourishing towns, villages and hamlets, and teeming with a thrifty and happy population, are strikingly and pleasingly pourtrayed; and make us feel more and more proud of this "our native land".—There are a variety of other poems in the volume, a specimen of which we gave in the poetical department of our last paper.—We think the author has given the public a volume that will do him much honour and establish for himself a good reputation as a poet. We hope it may meet with a ready and extensive sale.—It would be a pretty and interesting little volume for a present or keepsake.

POPULATION OF
WESTMORELAND COUNTY
In 1834.

PARISHES.	Inhabited Houses.	Houses now building.	Houses not inhabited.	Males above 16 Years of age.	Males under 16 Years of age.	Females above 16 Years of age.	Females under 16 Years of age.	Males above 16 Years of age.	Males under 16 Years of age.	Females above 16 Years of age.	Females under 16 Years of age.	Total number of persons.
Dorchester, Shediac, Botsford, Moncton,	93	2	6	75	44	75	49	8	5	4	3	374
Westmoreland, Cocagne, Dundas,	155	5	9	85	55	85	55	8	6	5	3	550
Sackville, Middle Sackville,	182	12	11	87	41	87	45	9	6	5	3	575
Amherst, Amherst Point,	174	12	11	87	41	87	45	9	6	5	3	565
Wallace,	117	7	6	58	28	58	28	6	4	3	2	378
Westmorland,	180	15	9	90	45	90	45	9	6	5	3	592
Cumberland,	182	12	9	90	45	90	45	9	6	5	3	594
Shediac,	90	2	3	45	22	45	22	4	3	2	1	294
Botsford,	117	7	6	58	28	58	28	6	4	3	2	378
Moncton,	90	2	3	45	22	45	22	4	3	2	1	294
Total,	1559	64	73	780	390	780	390	78	52	39	26	4159

Proposed Division of Westmoreland County.—A Petition from a number of inhabitants of Westmoreland was presented to the House of Assembly by Mr. Chandler, on Wednesday last, praying that an Act may pass for the erection of the Western section of that County into a separate and distinct County.

The Rev. Simon Fraser, lately appointed by the Glasgow Colonial Society to the united charges of Alnwick and Glenelg, was ordained and solemnly set apart to the work of the Ministry, in St. James's Church, Newcastle, Miramichi, on the 16th inst.—Sermon by the Rev. Mr. Hannay, of Richibucto; address to the Minister and people by Rev. Mr. Souter, of Newcastle.

The first act of our new House of Assembly is a wise one. The choice of their Speaker is highly creditable to that honorable body, and Mr. HAYWARD, in his short and pithy speech, has well expressed the sense of the Country on that subject.

We have always highly respected Mr. JOHNSTON, (and now the more so for having refused to be put in nomination,) but we think, and we are sure that Gentleman and the public will coincide in opinion with us, that Mr. SIMONDS' claims were paramount. We never doubted that by whomsoever he might be opposed, he would be elected by a very large majority.

The Session will be one of no ordinary importance, and we hope and believe that the Members of the Assembly will not disappoint the just and reasonable expectations of their Constituents. Much is expected, and a great deal of good we have no doubt will be done by the Legislature during the present session.

☞ *Voice of the People.*

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to issue his Licenses to the under-mentioned Wesleyan Missionaries in this Province, to solemnize Marriages under the new Marriage Act, (viz.):

Reverend	Enoch Wood,	Fredericton.
"	Albert Desbrisay,	Sheffield,
"	Samuel Jost,	Woodstock.
"	R. Williams,	Miramichi.
"	S. Busby,	Saint John.
"	J. B. Strong,	Saint Stephens.
"	R. Shepherd,	Saint Andrews.

We understand that the President of the *New-Brunswick Mining Company* has received the Copy of a Dispatch from His Majesty's Government to Sir Archibald Campbell, tendering to that Company a lease for working the Coal Mines in this Province for fifty years, in terms so liberal that we trust there will be no delay on the part of the Company in accepting them,—and thus bring speedily into operation the means of availing ourselves of one of the most valuable staples of our country.—*Courier.*

Reporter.—Our correspondent in Kent has announced to us that the sum of Six Pounds Ten Shillings, to pay the share of that county for the expense of a Reporter of the Debates, was subscribed for on Thursday last in half an hour, and the sum immediately paid over, to be under the controul of John W. Weldon, and John P. Ford, Esquires, their county representatives.—*Miramichi Gleaner.*

The Provincial Parliament of Lower Canada has been prorogued anew to the 21st of February, *then to meet for the despatch of business.*

It seems to be generally understood that this step was taken in consequence of Mr. Rice, the late Secretary for the Colonies, not having, under the immediate prospect of a dissolution of the Ministry, forwarded instructions to the Colony, on the subject of our difficulties.—*Neilson's Quebec Gazette, Jan. 12.*

On the 24 instant, the large livery stables of Mr. Sharpe, of Montreal, were destroyed by fire. 28 horses were in the stable—seven of which were burnt.

SYDNEY MINES.—There are at present about three hundred men daily employed at the mines and rail road, and about two hundred are employed during the winter months. There were 14,966 chaldrons coal shipped in 1831; 19,957 in 1832; and 15,302 in 1833; total 50,225; averaging 16,742 chals. yearly for three years. They do not raise more coal than is sufficient to keep a stock for one summer's shipping; but have capabilities of raising and shipping 40,000 chaldrons annually, which could be increased if required. The present mine-winding-engine is twenty four horse power, depth of shaft sixty yards; another twenty horse power winding engine is being erected; and a seventy horse power pumping engine will be put up next summer, depth of shaft one hundred and twelve yards. There is a large foundry, for either iron or brass, with a twenty horse power engine, and a blowing apparatus equal to fifteen horse power; it also drives a circular saw, turns a lathe, and pumps; is intended to drive one gang of eight saws and another of two saws; can also be connected to a boring apparatus, capable of boring cylinders, &c. up to three feet six inches diameter.—*N.-Scotia Almanack.*

Boston, Jan. 17.—A Resolution was UNANIMOUSLY passed the Senate of the United States, on Wednesday last, declaring that *it is inexpedient at present to adopt any Legislative measure in regard to the state of affairs between the United States and France.*—We congratulate our readers, (says the National Intelligencer), and the country at large, on the prompt and judicious decision of the Senate.

North eastern boundary.—The President has sent a message to the House of Representatives declining to communicate the correspondence relative to the boundary question, on the ground that it might be injurious to the public interest, the negociation being still pending.

Fifty thousand copies of John Quincy Adam's Oration on the life and character of Lafayette, delivered on the 6th inst. before the President and both Houses of Congress, have been ordered to be printed by the House of Representatives. The delivery of the oration occupied a period of three hours.

Large and valuable cargo.—The British ship Adam Lodge, Capt. Pace, cleared yesterday at our Custom House, contains a cargo of 1725 bales cotton, 65 tierces rice, 870 barrels tar, &c. &c. Value 94,200 dollars.—*Charleston Courier.*

Sir Pulteney Malcolm has completed a code of signals for the use of the merchant service. At the present moment, the code invented by Captain Marryat is much in use, though not considered to be sufficiently extensive for the purposes of general communication.—*Naval and Military Gazette.*

Errata.—In the Grand Jury's address to Judge Parker, in our last paper, second paragraph, 5th line, for *partial* read "paternal,"—and in his Honor's reply, second paragraph, 5th line, for *increasing* read "unceasing."

MARRIED,

At Portland, on the 24th instant, by the Rev. S. Busby, Mr. Michael Fisher, to Mary P., fourth daughter of the late Israel Merritt, Esquire, both of Portland.

On Saturday evening, by the Rev. Robert Wilson, A. M., Mr. Patrick Ryan, to Miss Agnes M'Cain, both of Sussex Parish, King's County.

Last evening, by the same, Mr. James Campbell, of the Parish of Hampton, King's County, to Miss Janet M'Dougal, of this parish.

At Sussex Vale, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. H. N. Arnold, Mr. John G. Tobin, of this City, to Catherine, youngest daughter of Mr. Samuel Ketchum, of the former place.

At Fredericton, on the 30th ult., by the Rev. J. Black, A. M., Mr. David Parent, to Miss Wilhelmina Campbell, of Kingsclear.—On the 16th inst. by the same, Mr. Stephen King, to Miss Sarah Beattie, both of Fredericton.

At Kisaway Ridge, on the 15th inst., by the Rev. Enoch Wood, Wesleyan Missionary, Mr. Joshua Snow, to Miss Sarah Dunphy.

At Sheffield, on the 15th inst., by the Rev. A. Desbrisay, Wesleyan Minister, Mr. James Plummer, to Miss Elizabeth Palmer, daughter of Mr. Abijah Palmer, all of that place.

At Miramichi, by the Rev. James Souter, Mr. Hugh M'Kay, of the Parish of Northesk, to Miss Catherine Tushie, of Newcastle.

DIED,

On Thursday morning, in the 31st year of his age, Mr. John Peel, (blockmaker.)

On Friday morning, after a painful illness of ten days, Anne Alice, consort of Mr. John Hammond, aged 23 years, deeply regretted by her family and friends.

On Friday, William Johnston Stockton, fifth and only son of Mr. Christopher Lockhart, aged 1 year and 8 months.

At Andover, Carleton County, on the 3d inst. Elizabeth, infant daughter of Mr. Abraham C. Hammond, aged 1 month and 27 days;—and on the 10th, Elizabeth, wife of Mr. A. C. Hammond, and eldest daughter of the late Simon Hammond, Esq. of Kingsclear.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

CLEARED,

Ship John & Robert, Stephenson, Liverpool, timber.
Edmond, Strang, Liverpool, timber.
Portland, Leadbeter, Cork, timber.
Brig Lancaster, Walker, Hull, timber.
Sch'r Atalanta, Lancaster, Philadelphia, salt.
Moro, Hinds, Philadelphia, salt.

Schooner Jane, Brown, of and for this port, from Philadelphia, arrived at Gloucester, on the 10th inst. with loss of bowsprit, jib, and other damage.

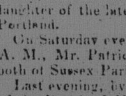
Jan. 10, off Little Egg Harbor, schr Congress, from St. John for Baltimore.

Arrived at Savannah, 2d inst. ship Samuel, Jamieson, of this port, from Liverpool.

H. M. Packet Bresles, sailed from Halifax for Falmouth on Sunday last.

TO LET,
From the 1st May next:
ONE Half the HOUSE fronting on Prince William-street, near the Market Square.
W. H. STREET & RANNEY.
St. John, 27th January, 1835.

SOAP.
500 BOXES best Liverpool SOAP, just received per ship *Liverpool*, for sale low in lots, by RATCHFORD & LUGRIN.
27th January.

FOR LIVERPOOL—DIRECT.

The fine new copper fastened Ship
CHINA,
618 Tons Register;
ISAAC BELL, Commander.—Will Sail for the above Port on or about the 5th of February;—has superior accommodations for from 10 to 15 Passengers. For further particulars enquire of the Master on board, or of JOHN ROBERTSON.
20th January, 1835.

BUILDING LUMBER.
The Subscribers have for Sale at Gilbert's Wharf,
SEASONED clear Pine Boards and Plank;
Ditto Merchantable ditto ditto;
Refuse Pine and Spruce ditto ditto;
Spruce SCANTLING, assorted.
—ALSO—
A large quantity of unseasoned Clear and choice Merchantable Pine Lumber—which will be sold in lots of 5000 feet or upwards, at reduced prices, *before Storing.* Application may be made to Mr. JOSEPH FAIRWEATHER, or to
27th Jan. RATCHFORD & LUGRIN.

MUSICAL TUITION.
MRS. BLATCH has a vacancy for *one* Pupil.—The earliest applicant will be received.
St. John, January 20th, 1835.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And for sale at the Book Store of Mr. JOHN M'MILLAN, *Prince William-street:*
"The Rising Village,"
WITH OTHER POEMS.
BY OLIVER GOLDSMITH.
(In one Vol. 18mo. bound in silk, with gilt edges.)
January 17, 1835.

Commercial Bank of New-Brunswick,
23d DECEMBER, 1834.
PUBLIC NOTICE
IS hereby given, that an Instalment of Forty-Five per cent. is required of the Stock holders, to be paid in on or before the 11th day of April next. It being the intention of the Directors, owing to the very heavy pressure in the Money Market, to commence Discounting as soon as the above Instalment is paid in, it is requested that the Stock holders will not be later than the time specified, as they must be aware that the business of the Bank cannot commence until the above Instalment is paid in. Should any of the Stockholders be disposed to pay a further Sum on account of their Stock, they will be allowed Interest for the same at Six Per Cent. per annum, for a period not exceeding a year, or until there is another Instalment called for—provided that the whole amount that may be offered does not exceed £25,000. Should the applications exceed that Sum, the *first* will have a preference. The Interest to commence on the first day of March next. H. GILBERT, *President.*

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS.
THE Subscriber being actively engaged in the Shipment of GOODS to the British Colonies, in America, on Commission, takes occasion to offer his services in this line to the Merchants of St. John, N. B., and begs leave to refer them to Messrs. J. & H. KINNEAR, and MR. L. H. DEVEBER, Merchants of that City.
B. C. T. GRAY, MERCHANT,
December 30. *London.*

GOODS at reduced prices.
THE Subscribers intending to sell off their present STOCK at very reduced prices, purchasers will find it to their advantage to favour them with a call. PARKS & HEGAN.
13th December.

D. & P. HATFIELD
Have recently received an assortment of
BRITISH GOODS,
Suitable for the Season,—consisting of:
SUPERFINE, Forest, Habit, and Pilot CLOTHS, Kerseys and Cassimeres, Petershams and Flushings, bales Slops; Flannels, plain and twilled; Blankets, Carpeting, Calicoes, white and grey Cottons Tartans, Merinos, Bombazetts, Bombazeens, Camblets, black Veil Crape, Cassimere Shawls, Linens Selinos; Writing, Wrapping, and Sheathing PAPER, and Nails; Soap, Candles—common and wax wicks; Loaf Sugar, HARDWARE, Anchors and Chains, &c. &c. —IN STORE—
8000 Bushels Liverpool SALT.
☞ All which will be disposed of on moderate terms, for approved payment.
St. John, 4th November, 1834.

SUGAR.
Just received, per Emperor, from Jamaica;
16 HOGSHEADS and Five Tierces Bright *SUGAR*, now landing, and for sale at reasonable rates.
30th December. JOHN M. WILMOT.

FLANNELS, SERGES, & BLANKETS.
200 PIECES red and white FLANNELS, 66 do. milled white Serges,
16 pieces milled white Kerseys,
50 do. red Serges; 200 pairs Blankets.
For sale by S. WIGGINS & SON.
4th November.

RUM & SUGAR.
Just received ex brig Edwin from Jamaica:
40 PUNCHEONS of well flavoured RUM, —proof 19;
15 Hogsheads good SUGAR;
For sale on reasonable terms by
20th Jan.—2i E. BARLOW & SONS.

RUM! RUM! RUM!
Received per schooner Lavinia from Halifax:
20 PUNCHEONS Jamaica and Demerara RUM, of superior strength and flavor, for sale by the subscriber.
January 17. JOHN WALKER.

WANTED,
ONE or Two Journeymen MOULDERS.—Good encouragement will be given. Apply to the Subscriber at the St. John Foundry.
13th January. ROBERT FOULIS.

FOR SALE,
A FIRST rate full-sized BILLIARD TABLE, complete with Cues, Balls, Counters, &c.—Also, a new set of numbered POOL BALLS. Enquire of GEORGE SCAMMELL.
13th January.

Fire Insurance Stock.
TWENTY SHARES of the Capital Stock of the *Saint John Fire Insurance Company*, for sale, if immediate application be made to the subscriber. JOHN V. THURGAR.
10th January, 1835.

Goods, per barque Liverpool:
20 CASES plain and printed Cottons; 1 truss cotton Ticks, Diaper, and Haberdashery; 1 do. worsted Knitting Yarn; 1 do. Maddalin Binds; 1 do. worsted fringe Silk; 1 do. Worsteds; 2 boxes Jewellery; 300 dozen each of Jacknives, Pocket Knives, Penknives, Shoeknives, and Scissors; 100 do. Table Knives and Forks; 100 do. Britannia Metal Tea and Table Spoons; 20 do. G. Steel Hand Saws; with a variety of Hardware.
20th January, 1835. JOHN KERR.

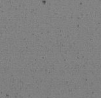
NOW LANDING,
15 PUNS. high proof Jamaica RUM, 100 barrels prime do. SUGAR;
For sale by CROOKSHANK & WALKER.
17th January.

COAL.
100 CHALDRONS LIVERPOOL COAL,—For sale cheap, by
Jan. 13. JAMES T. HANFORD.

AUCTION SALES.

On THURSDAY *next, the 29th instant, at 11 o'clock, the Subscriber will Sell at his Auction Room:*
PIECES superfine, second, and Pilot CLOTHS; do. Moleskin; do. Vesting; Grandrills; Linen Sheeting; Damask Table Cloths; Printed Cottons and Ginghams; Embose'd Furniture Cottons; white and color'd Muslins; Lining Cottons; white and fancy color'd Table Covers; Ribbons; Worsted Binding; Bobbinetts; white Counterpanes; Cotton and Thibet Shawls; pieces black and white Nett; Stays and Stay Laces; Gentlemen's silk Stocks; Mecklan Lace; white and color'd Cotton Hose; white and color'd Tapes; Ladies' worked Tippets; pieces Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs; Cotton Balls and Reels; Paste Boards; Men's strong Shoes; and
A variety of HARDWARE,
consisting of—Tea and Bread Trays, Snuffers and Trays, Knives and Forks, Table and Tea Spoons, Carpenter's Rules, Lead Pencils, Snuff Boxes, Looking Glasses, Buttons, Pins, Beads, &c.:
A Ladies' Rose Wood WORK BOX.
—ALSO—
Cordage; white, green, and black Paints; kegs Snuff; kegs Mustard; 1 Brass Grate; 3 Birch Bedsteads; a Hot Air Stove; a quantity of Earthenware; Pipes, half-pipes, and quarter-casks of Red and White WINE, and half-pipes best HOLLANDS.
☞ *A Credit of Three Months on Purchases over £15, and Four Months over £30, will be given, on Approved Endorsed Notes.*
27th January. T. L. NICHOLSON.

Cognac Brandy, Geneva, Wines, &c.
BY AUCTION.
On FRIDAY *next, the 30th instant, by the Subscriber at his Auction Room:*
PIPES Cognac BRANDY,
2 hhds. pale Hollands GENEVA,
6 half-pipes Sicily Madeira WINE, of excellent quality; 10 bags black Pepper, each 56lb.,
50 boxes Muscatel RAISINS,
10 small kegs fresh Cooking Raisins,
25 drums fresh FIGS; 26 barrels prime Genessee FLOUR, for family use,
12 kegs Cut NAILS, &c. &c.
—AT PRIVATE SALE—
20 puncheons fine flavoured Demerara RUM.
January 27. JOHN V. THURGAR.

HOUSE—BY AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY next, the 31st inst., at 1 o'clock, will be offered by the Subscribers, at their Auction Room:—The well known Brick Building, formerly owned by Mr. ROBERT WELCH, situate in Church-street, and now occupied by Mr. GEORGE SCAMMELL. The Building cost upwards of £1400—is in good repair—and is subject to a ground rent of £28 per annum, for — years, *at the expiration of which, the proprietor of the ground is obliged to pay for the building by appraisement.* It will now be put up at £400, and if no advance be offered, will immediately afterwards be Leased by Auction for one or more years. ☞ TERMS at Sale.
27th January. RATCHFORD & LUGRIN.

SHOPS—TO LET BY AUCTION.
On MONDAY *next, the 2d February, at 11 o'clock, on the premises:*
THOSE Two commodious SHOPS, underneath the Masonic Hall, at the head of King-street—excellent Stands for either Town or Country Business.
JOHN KERR, *Auctioneer.*
27th January, 1835.

On TUESDAY *next, the 3d February, at 11 o'clock the Subscribers will Sell at their Auction Room:*
150 BRLS. first quality Navy BREAD, Hhds. and brls. Jamaica SUGAR,
3 tons Pot and Pearl Barley,
50 kegs Mustard; 4 tons Cordage, assorted,
20 boxes Mould and Dipt CANDLES,
50 kegs Green Paint; 200 reams Wrapping Paper.
—ALSO—
2 bales double Rose BLANKETS,
2 ditto Brown Cottons; 150 pcs. dark Calicos,
50 ditto Fine Broad Cloths and Cassimeres, assorted colors; 20 ditto Sattinetts,
50 ditto Tartan Plaids; 100 do. Silk Bandannas,
500 ditto Gimp Lace and Footings,
10 ditto CARPETING;
With an assortment of other GOODS.
TERMS:—£10 *and under, Cash;* £10 *to* £50, *Three Months;* £50 *to* £100, *Four Months;* £100 *and upwards, Six Months—Approved Endorsed Notes.* GREGG & HALL.
27th January.

TO BE SOLD—AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
On FRIDAY *the 20th day of February next, on the Premises—the following*
REAL ESTATE
Belonging to the Estate of the late SAMUEL WIGGINS:

LOT No. 1.—The HOUSE and Premises—with Yard—fronting on Water-street.
LOT No. 2.—The STORE fronting on Ward-street, with another directly in rear thereof, and Lumber Yard between them.
LOT No. 3.—The undivided Half of the WATER LOT, and WHARF thereon, fronting on Ward-street, and extending to low water mark.
An Alley-way passes from Ward to Water-streets, along the upper side of these Premises, making a direct communication with each.
Also, at the same time and place:
A Double PEW in the South Aisle of Trinity Church, N. J. and No. 6.
☞ Terms and other conditions made known at the time of Sale. JOHN KERR,
20th January, 1835. *Auctioneer.*

NEW GOODS.
JAMES HOWARD, MERCHANT TAILOR and DRAPER, *Prince William-street*, has just received a fresh supply of
BROAD CLOTHS & CASSIMERES,
PILOT CLOTHS and PETERSHAMS;
Also—One Piece of *Water-proof CLOTH*, for Top COATS—*a new and beautiful article.*
All of which will be sold cheap for Cash, or made up into Garments at the shortest notice.
☞ Gentlemen are politely invited to call & examine.
15th November, 1834.

Ex Mary-Ann, from Halifax:
2 BALES of dark PRINTS,
1 do. 10-4 double rose BLANKETS,
1 do. Tartan PLAIDS,—For sale low.
Jan. 13. GREGG & HALL.

W. D. W. HUBBARD
HAS just opened a case of superior French MERINOS; Green, Claret, Dark Brown, Hair, Cinnamon do. Easterhazy and Coburg, at the low price of 4s 3d and 4s 6d.
He will also sell his Stock on hand at reduced prices.
Sixty firkins of first quality BUTTER, which will be sold low.
No. 3, Sands' Brick Building,
December 6, 1834.

COFFEE.
A FEW Bags prime St. Domingo COFFEE for sale by
16th Dec. RATCHFORD & LUGRIN.