

RUSSIANS CAPTURE 1,000 PRISONERS ON SATURDAY

French EASILY REPULSE ATTACK MADE AS COUNTER MOVE TO SATURDAY VICTORIES

Britain SWINGS INDUSTRIAL PENDULUM BACK TO AGAIN REGISTER ITS PRE-WAR EXPORT EXPANSION

Waves OF BRITISH TROOPS SWEEP ON GERMAN POSITIONS ON SOMME, REPORTS BERLIN

German FOOD CONDITIONS STEADILY INCREASE IN SEVERITY AS BRITISH BLOCKADE CONTINUES

BRITISH ADVANCE IN WAVES AGAINST LINES OF GERMAN POSITIONS

Three Attacks Made Yesterday, Says Official Report From Berlin.

FOUR DRIVES BY FRENCH Teutons, in Referring To the Assaults, Say Allies Were Unsuccessful.

BIG BRITISH VICTORY

By Smashing Drive They Wrest Positions From the Crown Prince's Army.

Berlin, Jan. 29.—Via Vayville.—British troops, advancing in three waves, attacked German positions north of Arras yesterday, the war office announced. On the Verdun front four attacks were made by the French. The text of the statement reads:

Western front: Army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht, which was heavily fighting activity during the day, in the morning the French tried to advance by a surprise, without artillery preparation, against the positions on Hill 304, which was held by the German 1st and 2nd divisions. The attack was repulsed with the infliction of severe losses on the enemy.

West of Fromelles, east of Neuville-St. Vaast, on the north bank of the Aisne, and north of Vichy-Sur-Aisne, enterprises by hostile raiding detachments were unsuccessful. The British outposts were captured.

GERMAN ATTACK ON ALSACE LINE IS EASILY FOILED

French Frustrated Move Made On Hartmans-Weilerkopf Trench.

BRINGS DOWN AEROPLANE New French Pilot Wins Mention by Fifth Aerial Victory.

SURPRISE ATTACK WINS Quick Move in Verdun Sector Brings Important Local Success.

Paris, Jan. 29.—French troops last night easily repulsed an attempted attack by the Germans on a trench at Hartmans-Weilerkopf, Alsace, today's war office statement announced.

During the night, numerous patrol engagements took place in the Champagne and at various points along the Alsace front.

"Numerous patrol encounters occurred last night, especially in the Champagne, at Eparges and at various places on the front line. A German attack on one of our trenches at Hartmans-Weilerkopf was repulsed easily.

"Yesterday Lieut. Gastin brought down a German aeroplane of the Albatross type. This is the fifth machine brought down by this pilot up to the present time. Last night our airplanes threw down projectiles on the railway stations at Athies, Saveroy and Etterlées."

The official French statement issued Sunday afternoon said:

"On the left bank of the River Meuse there was grenade fighting in the vicinity of the eastern slope of Hill 304.

"In the night, the French effected a coup de main last evening between Les Eparges and the Calonne trench which was completely successful. We found numerous German machine guns, enemy trenches and seized important booty.

"In Lorraine there were artillery duels in the sector of the forest of Bezaux. The German planes were brought to earth by the fire of our anti-aeroplane guns."

The official statement from headquarters continued:

"The usual cannonade occurred along the whole front, particularly lively in the regions of Verdun and Alsace."

Saturday's Statement.

The official communication issued by the war office yesterday night reads:

"Quite spirited artillery actions have taken place on the left bank of the Meuse in the region of Hill 304 and Le Mont-Homme. On the right bank in the sectors of Louvemont and Bois Caurelles.

"In Lorraine our batteries destroyed a German machine gun position in the Parrot forest. There is nothing to report on the rest of the front."

Vigorous artillery fighting occurred Friday night on the Verdun front, in the region of Eparges and Hill 304. German defence works were subjected to an intense fire, the war office communication of today reports.

Five German airplanes were brought down.

Belgian Sunday communication:

"Spirited artillery actions took place especially in the direction of Ramscappelle, Dixmude and Het Sas. In the sector of Het Sas there was violent bomb fighting."

Gwynemer's 30th Machine.

"During the night of January 26, French scouting airplanes delivered a number of aerial attacks, during the course of which five airplanes of the enemy were brought down. Two of these were brought down by the 30th machine gun of the Gwynemer and the other near Nonfalcone. Two others were brought down at Trosley-Bréville and Carlepont, in the Oise, and a fifth machine, attacked by Lieut. Gwynemer, was brought down within our lines near Doullens, and the aviators were taken prisoner."

"It has been confirmed that during the day of January 25 the enemy airplane attacked by Lieut. Gwynemer was destroyed by this pilot, near Goyencourt. These two recent victories bring to 30 the number of German airplanes which Gwynemer has vanquished up to the present time."

Two French airplanes on January 25 bombed the railroad station and certain military factories at Ham. Fire and heavy explosions resulted from this attack.

WEST POSITIONS FROM GERMANS WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE, JAN. 27.—Via London, Jan. 27.—From a staff correspondent of the Associated Press, London, Jan. 27, the following news is received:

Weather conditions, a gallant attack was made today by English troops against a strong German point on the Somme, resulting in the capture of six officers and more than 300 men. The Germans apparently did not anticipate an attack and were somewhat off guard, owing, perhaps, to heavy frost and strong blizzard sweeping over the snow.

[Continued On Page Three.]

NEUTRALS WILL MEET TO DISCUSS PEACE AND WAR INTERESTS

Scandinavian Initiative Followed by Move of Netherlands to Join Conference.

London, Jan. 29.—Confirming the report that the Dutch minister at Stockholm had been directed to participate in a conference of neutral nations, the Danish newspaper Politiken is quoted by the correspondent at Copenhagen of the Exchange Telegraph Company as saying that Sweden's invitation to Holland to participate was the outcome of a meeting held in Christiania, Norway, last autumn. It is intended to discuss the coming conference, the correspondent adds, the interests of neutrals during the war as well as the attitude of neutrals during peace negotiations. The date for holding the conference has not been fixed.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 27; lowest, 18.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 36; lowest, 19.

TOMORROW MUCH COLDER.

Toronto, Jan. 29.—8 a.m. Forecasts.

Today—Southerly winds; mild, with occasional rain.

Tuesday—High northwest winds, and becoming much colder; light snow.

Temperatures.

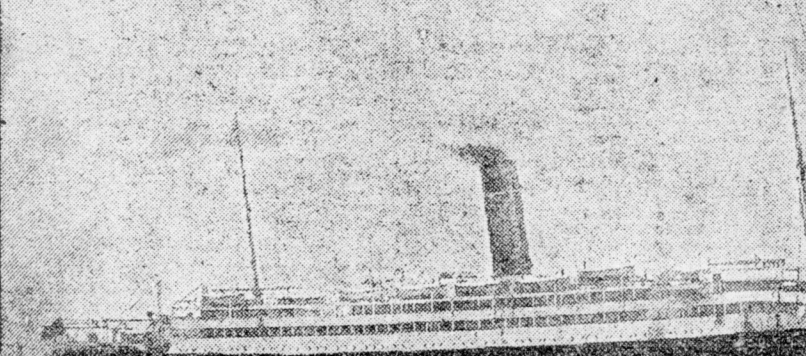
The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Toronto	34	24	Snowy
Winnipeg	12	4	Clear
Port Arthur	14	6	Cloudy
Parry Sound	16	8	Cloudy
Toronto	10	2	Cloudy
Ottawa	10	2	Cloudy
Montreal	8	0	Cloudy
Quebec	8	0	Cloudy
Father Point	2	-22	Clear
Minus (—) means below zero.			

A storm is developing over the Great Lakes.

The weather has again turned extremely cold in the Western Provinces and continues very cold in Eastern Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, while in Western Ontario it is mild and in Quebec is moderating.

SENT TO BOTTOM BY MINE OR TORPEDO



Advertiser Illustration.

St. Laurentic, a British auxiliary cruiser, went down off the Irish coast on Thursday. She was a magnificent vessel, and has brought more than one London resident across the ocean. Among those who have travelled on the Laurentic is H. B. Hughes, of 29 Alexander street. He left Liverpool on April 26, 1913, and was delayed for three days off the banks of Newfoundland by an ice field which blocked the Laurentic. This field was three miles wide. Mr. Hughes has several authentic photographs of the Laurentic, showing that, as illustrated above, she had only one funnel, not two.

ARMY EQUIPMENT NOW COMPLETE; BRITISH FACTORIES WILL TURN TO EXPORT PRODUCTION ONCE MORE

Wonderful Consolidation of Plants Under Government Control Permits Slackening in the Manufacture of Field Pieces, and Work to Check Decline in the British Exchange Rate.

London, Jan. 17.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—The high water mark has now been reached and passed in making British guns, shells and all kinds of ammunition for the allied armies.

This fact now presents the large problem of diverting this production into new and useful channels, by which England will again supply the outside world with goods, thus diminishing the steady outflow of gold and checking the decline in the British exchange rate.

At the ministry of munitions, the board of trade inquiries by the Associated Press brought out some interesting facts on the maximum point reached in guns and shell production, and the need now of turning to more lines of domestic production and exports.

These facts were given out:

"There are now 4,623 private factories and works, ordinarily employed in various useful kinds of metal production, which have been taken over by the Government and are now 'controlled' works. These are in addition to the regular Government factories. There are 2,225,000 employees working in these 'controlled' and Government factories making guns and shells.

This enormous production has now reached the point where the equipment of the army is approximately complete in some of the main lines, such as light field pieces, so that the manufacture of small metal goods usually complete in the last few weeks of the year is further increased. The establishment of pieces of the 4.5 calibre is also practically complete. In trench mortar ammunition and gun production has been so developed that any further increase seems unnecessary.

"The number of 'controlled' factories making the one article of munitions is more than half of all the factories usually employed in metal industry, making all kinds of iron and steel goods from a nail up to steel beams, steel rails and all kinds of machinery, as well as infinite varieties of small metal goods usually exported by England.

"The number of people employed in this one industry of gun and shell making is a large percentage of the total British working population. The entire membership of all the trades unions last year was about 5,000,000. Continued on Page Nine.

WHOLE ESTATE OF WILLIAM GRAY, M. P., LEFT TO HIS WIDOW

Total Assets Amount To Sum of \$16,655.

MRS. GRAY IS EXECUTRIX King's Quicksilver Mine Large Stock Holdings, With Total of \$6,250.

The will of the late William Gray, M.P., which was drawn up on January 3, 1903, has been entered in the surrogate court for probate, and shows that the total amount to be received by his wife, Clara, the only beneficiary and executrix, is \$16,655. The entire assets, including life insurance, are bequeathed to his wife. The amount of cash in banks is shown as \$4,593.03, and life insurance \$3,700, distributed in three equal parts.

A chattel mortgage held on property in Arizona represents \$393, and a promissory note for \$537 are two separate items mentioned.

Of his stock holdings, the largest is that held in the King's Quicksilver Mine of California, representing \$5,250. In the Ontario Loan and Trust Company he held stock amounting to \$815.50, and \$100 in the London Curling Club.

Personal effects are valued at \$150.

GENERAL WALTER LONG KILLED IN ACTION

Distinguished Son of Parliamentarian Gives Life to Cause.

London, Jan. 29.—Brig. Gen. Walter Long, who has been mentioned in dispatches twice for the present European war, was killed in action on Saturday. The general was a son of Walter Hume Long, member of Parliament and president of the local Government board in the late Asquith cabinet.

Brig. Gen. Long was born in 1873. He entered the army in 1893 and served in the South African campaign, when he won the Distinguished Service Order, the Queen's Medal with two clasps and the King's Medal with two clasps.

LEAVES FOR INDIA—J. Douglas Omund, until recently assistant secretary of the Ottawa Y. M. C. A., who has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Omund of Oxford street, left at noon today for New York on his way to India to engage in Y. M. C. A. work. It is expected that Mr. Omund will be assigned work with the British expeditionary forces in Mesopotamia for the duration of the war.

SLAV RUMANIAN SWEEP BRINGS MORE THAN 1,000 PRISONERS SATURDAY

Battle Southwest of Kerpölung Ends Disastrously For Teutons.

BLOW UP TURK POSITIONS

Raid in Galicia Successful—More Prisoners Being Taken.

RETIRE WEST OF RIGA

Pressure of Allies There Forces Teutons To Give Way and Retreat.

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In their offensive movement in Galicia, south of Berezany, the Russians captured and blew up a number of trenches held by the Teutons, afterwards withdrawing to the original Russian lines, where attacks launched by the Turks were twice repulsed. The statement reads:

"In the Riga region the enemy's activity was limited to fire directed on our trenches.

"Take First Line.

"Southwest of the village of Kerpölung, 6-2 miles south of Berezany, our troops, during Friday night, gained possession, after bayonet fighting, of the enemy's first-line trenches. Notwithstanding a number of desperate counterattacks by the Turks, which were repulsed with great enemy losses, our troops exploded six enemy mine galleries, demolished his trenches and withdrew to our original positions. During our occupation of the enemy's trenches we captured one officer and 25 men of the Turkish 1st and 2nd divisions.

"Rumanian Front: During the battle of Saturday northeast of Jacobeni, our troops captured 30 officers and more than 1,000 men.

"Front: The situation is unchanged."

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"Eastern Front, Front of Prince Leopold's Group, Front of Aa (Riga region) the fighting activity.

"Turkish troops of the 15th Corps, which is distinguished for its valor, repulsed the Zlota-Lipa Russian attacks which were launched with strong masses after a heavy fire. At one place a speedy counter-attack cleared a portion of the enemy, while in pursuing him a number of prisoners were taken.

"German raiding troops on the Narajava (Galicia), per Wladimir Press—Russian forces after artillery preparation assumed the offensive yesterday against the Austro-German fortified positions on both sides of the Kimpölung-Jacobeni road near the northwestern frontier of Moldavia, and afterwards fighting broke through the Teuton lines along a front of nearly two miles, says the official statement to report.

"Macedonian Front: There have been no important events."

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REV. ARTHUR CARLISLE'S BROTHER ON LAURENTIC

Member of Crew of Sunken Auxiliary Cruiser—Relatives Have No Word of Safety.

Among the members of the crew of the ill-fated steamer Laurentic, was James Carlisle, chief engineer, brother to Rev. Arthur Carlisle of Windsor, formerly of this city, and Miss Carlisle of the public library in Ireland, connected with the Royal Navy for many years. Relatives have not yet received any word concerning him.

ORDERS FORFEITURE OF NATURALIZATION PAPERS

London, Jan. 29.—According to the Mail, the home secretary will submit to Parliament a bill authorizing the forfeiture of the citizenship of undesirable naturalized British subjects. The Mail says that during the war scores of naturalized citizens have been protesting in acts unfriendly to Great Britain. Some of these persons were formerly Germans and Austrians, others were Dutch, Belgian, American and Scandinavian.

KINGSTON BOY KILLED

Rifle in Own Hands Brings Death to 12-Year-Old.

Kingston, Jan. 29.—Ed. Gordon, aged 12, son of Wm. Gordon, who accidentally shot himself on December 23rd, died today. With his brother he went out shooting squirrels when the rifle was accidentally discharged. He was a son of Wm. Gordon.

IMMEDIATE DRIVES ESSENTIAL IF WAR IS TO BE VICTORY

Dismember Austria and Flood Alsace, Says General.

London, Jan. 29.—(New York Times).—The intense must act without losing an instant, says Deputy Marzani, who is a general who has done excellent work at the front. He urges the adoption of a concerted, practical plan, either aiming at the dismemberment of Austria by attacking her simultaneously from the Carso, the Balkans and Galicia, or making the small metal goods usually exported by England.

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GERMANS CLAIM TO HAVE TORPEDOED BIG TROOPSHIP

Say Transport Sent To Bottom in Mediterranean.

SANK OIL TANKER, TOO British Boat Garfield Listed as Part of Its Spoils.

Berlin, Jan. 29.—Via Wireless telegraph.—The sinking of a transport ship filled with troops, and a German submarine on January 26 was announced today by the German war office. The vessel sank in ten minutes.

The following announcement was issued by the German war office:

"A German submarine in the Eastern Mediterranean on January 9 sank a fully laden steamer carrying 2,500 tons of food and supplies, and a British oil tanker. The captain of the Garfield was made prisoner."

"The same submarine on January 25, about 250 miles east of Malta, sank a British transport ship, the Matheran, which was carrying 7,654 tons of troops and supplies, and a British oil tanker. The captain of the Garfield was made prisoner."

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NEARLY ALL LIEUTENANTS EAGER TO GET OVERSEAS

Replies Continue to Come in to Headquarters Expressing Willingness.

Replies, both by mail and wire, continue to arrive daily at military headquarters, Wolsey Barracks, from qualified subalterns who have not received appointments for overseas service.

Many qualified lieutenants have changed their place of residence, and it is taking some time for the letters, asking whether they are now willing to serve overseas, to reach the headquarters. The letters were addressed to all qualified lieutenants in the infantry, cavalry and artillery.

Apparently it is the object of the military authorities to find appointments overseas for every possible man.

Practically every man who has replied has stated that he is now more than glad of a chance to go overseas. In a very few cases men have answered that exceptional reasons, domestic or financial affairs, prevented them from offering their services at the present moment. These cases are, however, an exception, as practically every man has reported as most anxious to serve overseas.

Information has also been obtained that a very large percentage of qualified officers who did not receive appointments have already gone over as N. C. O.s or privates.

OLD LINE PRESBYTERIANS PREPARE TO FIGHT UNION

Prominent Toronto Minister Appointed Executive Secretary of Antis.

[Special to The Advertiser].—Toronto, Jan. 29.—It was officially announced today that Rev. Dr. Andrew Roberson, who recently resigned the ministry of St. James Square Presbyterian Church, had been appointed executive secretary of the Presbyterian Association. This association is another branch of the old-line Presbyterians to prevent organic union of Eschylarism, Methodist and Congregational churches of Canada. Legal counsel has been retained. Another secretary will be appointed tomorrow at a meeting in Montreal.

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