RECOMMENDATION p. 20

Canada should encourage the UN to develop more opportunities for open multilateral consultations with senior UN policy and operational staff, in order to balance off the preferential access provided to the Permanent Five and other major UN powers.

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RECOMMENDATION p. 21

Canada should suggest that Troop Contributing Nations meetings become fixed weekly sessions chaired by the USG for peacekeeping or a representative, with additional sessions convened by the USG when necessary. These meetings should take place in a physical environment that lends itself to open and frank discussions aimed at achieving consensus on the most appropriate ways to move forward.

RECOMMENDATION p. 23

Canada should encourage debate both within Canada and within the UN so as to educate the public and policy makers as to the very real likelihood of peacekeepers and humanitarian workers being killed in the line of duty. Only then can informed decisions be taken to engage and stay engaged when the inevitable happens.

RECOMMENDATION p. 23

Canada should encourage the holding of working meeting of UN troop contributing nations, humanitarian agencies, and human rights agencies (UN and NGO), to create standard operating procedures and model Rules of Engagement for UN peacekeeping and humanitarian missions. This should feed into similar processes for 'RoEs' for UN humanitarian assistance or human rights mission members.

RECOMMENDATION p. 24

The Canadian Armed Forces should lead by example in carrying out more extensive training for all its members on peacekeeping in general, and the cultural and political contexts of peacekeeping specifically. In addition, its standby troops and individuals designated to take on individual roles such as Force Commander, should receive additional intensive training that is more specific to the country and society that they will be operating in. The issues of conflict resolution, humanitarianism and human rights must be integral to this training.

RECOMMENDATION p. 28

Canada should encourage other developed countries to also contribute to the OAU special fund for conflict resolution, with levels premised upon the willingness and capacity of the OAU to undertake regional conflict prevention and resolution.

RECOMMENDATION p. 29

Canada should encourage the UN to provide space on every UN African crisis intervention or peacekeeping mission for an OAU Secretariat observer/trainee. The expectation would be that this person will take what they learn back to the OAU and train and educate others. In this same vein, the OAU should second operational staff to such functional divisions or agencies as DPKO