stone fence round the chapel. The Holy Communion was then administered by the Bishop, assisted by the arch-deacon and others of the clergy, and the solemn service was as a round the solemn service. was as usual terminated with the episcopal benediction.

In the evening divine service was again celebrated.—
The Rev. G. Townsend said the evening prayers and the Rev. J. Elwell preached from "Psalm xxiv. 3 4. Who shall ascend into the hill of the Lord, or who shall rise up in his holy place? Even he that hath clean hands and a pure heart and that heath both hill up his mind unto vanity.

For the first pure heart, and that hath not lift up his mind unto vanity, nor sworn to deceive his neighbour." By similar request this excellent discourse will be printed together with the Bishop's sermon. The music in both services was extremely well selected and admirably performed by a very large of the services was extremely well selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and admirably performed by a very large of the selected and the select large choir of nearly thirty singers, without organ accom-paniment, conducted by Mr. John Stephens. The hymns, canticles, and psalms for the day were chanted antiphonally, the singers being seated on opposite sides of the middle passage, and taking the verses alternately. The chanel chapel was crowded in the evening, but in the morning not one third of the persons who came could gain admit-tance. The erection of such a building, and under such commetances, is an event worthy of being recorded in the history of this newly erected diocese, and will, no doubt, under the divine blessing, be made productive of much good to the interest of the Church therein.—St. John's Chronicle.

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UNITED STATES.

CONSECRATION OF THE CHAPEL OF THE HOLY INNOCENTS. On Thursday, 25th March, the Festival of "The Annuciation of the blessed Virgin Mary," this Chapel was consecrated to the religious uses of St. Mary's Hall. The writer of this article has had the privilege of attended to the religious uses of the left to the religious uses of St. Mary's Hall. enjoy similar services: but never has it been his lot to solemnic. solemnity, with which this simple, yet beautiful, sanctuary was set apart, for their worship, "out of the month" of whom, it is written, "Thou hast perfected praise."

Through the appointment of a gracious Providence, one of the first real Spring days shed its brightness upon the scene. And, however we may try to rise above such influences, the spirit of man must feel, even in his holy engagements, the cheer of the blessed sunshine, or the gloom, with which a cloudy sky overshadows him. The following Clergy assembled in the Principal's Room, at

following Clergy assembled in the Principal's Room, at St. Mary's Hall, viz: the Rev. Messrs, Morehouse, Starr, A. B., Paterson, Adams, Germain, Hallowell, Lybrand, Morgan, Beasley, Talbot, E. N. Lightner, and Ogilby, of Pennsylvania; Messrs. Braden, Vinton, and Johnson, of New York; and the Rev. Mr. Thackara, of Georgia.—All these Classrs all discounting the All these Clergy, clad in surplices, found room in the After the chapel had been duly consecrated by the Bi-

After the chapel had been duly consecrated by the Bishop, the Rev. Mr. Germain, reading "the Sentence of Consecration," morning prayers were said by the Rev. A very stilking and delightful feature in the service was the music. The Psalter, as well as the "Te Deum," Benedictus," and responses in the Ante-communion seraedictus," and responses in the Ante-communion sere, was chanted by a choir, mainly composed of the pustoff St. Mary's Hall and Burlington College. All who ould appreciate the melody of these young voices, as they pined with harmonious concert in "Hosannas to the Son of Davids." vid," must have felt how truly that blessed Saviour and declared, that out of the mouth of such praise was The Bishop's sermon was such as might be Expected from him, on an occasion when his heart was stirred from him, on an occasion when his near was and the influence of such a holy place, as that now set apart, in advancing its high and immortal purposes, were exhibited with an eloquence and power, and with an hearts of the youngest, as well as the oldest, present.

Several punity of St. Mann's Hall, with one from the Several pupils of St. Mary's Hall, with one from the then administered to a large number of the pupils, with

their teachers; and to many, from the numerous congregation, with which the new sanctuary was filled.

The chapel is indeed suited to its ble sed purpose; of simple, chaste and solemn beauty. The moment it is entered, you feel that it is a holy place. It is most happily designed to foster reverence in the youthful worshippers. And it is now we shall and this unexpensive chancl will d, if it answers that end, this unexpensive chapel wil one of the most useful Teachers of the day. Oh, when the time come, that will enable us to build temples or the Eternal God, without measuring out each trifling ment, or even some needful parts of a "glorious sand ry," by some petty scale, marked by dollars and cents. a nor our day, "the Chapel of the Holy Innocents" is much may be done for the glory of God, with little means. at is built in the pointed gothic style, with open roof, and stained glass windows. The chancel window is the gift of one published. one noble heart. It is not quite complete; but the ign, part of which is executed, is most beautiful and propriate. The walls are in imitation of stone, and the od-work. oming out for the Chapel, from a friend of the Bishop's, The arrangement of the Church is simple complete. Prayers are read from the platform, out-Bible, the railing, where stands the Lectern, with its rich sionary, gift of another friend of the Bishop's.—Mis-

Selection of News by the Cambria.

PARLIAMENTARY.

The principal interest of the Parliamentary proceedings reas usual, to Ireland. The battle in the popular branch the Legislature is still a Poor-law for that country. The nent measure has been debated at great length, and amid much opposition. But the bill is now safe—so far, at fast, as the House of Commons is concerned. The bill has ther through its most critical stage—the committee and the ling, will take place after the recess. In the House there is no reason to believe that it will fare worse the other House. The calamity which has overtaken and, will, when the present storm is blown over, prove of

Lord Morpeth has introduced an important bill into Parlia which proposes to establish a board in London, for pro-ing the health of towns, and regulating all measures bearing a that ob: on that object. The bill proposes to secure for the poorer asses, the advantages of improved air, light and water. The ctails of the measure are volumnious; like the Poor Law Bill, its working and the control of the measure are volumnious. spot, subject to the supervision of the head body in London.

The Central Relief Committee of the Society of Friends in Dublin have received 7000l. per Cambria, from their brethren in American Mr. Bain is about to erect his electrical clock in the tower of Wendham Church, with power of motion to be incessantly maintained by a perpetual electric current derived from the earth.

The duration of the treaty under which the Grand Duchy of urg was admitted into the Zollverein, has been pro-The admiralty has given notice, that masters and mates of Il transport and convict ships will be required to have passed

The Pope has ordered general gas-works to be constructed beyond the walls of Rome, in order to light the streets, and

The Queen of the French has forwarded some articles to be at a grand bazaar, which is to be opened at Cheltenbam, aid of the distressed Irish.

the year 1846, the total value of silk goods exported was 7.577, of which amount £596,180 formed the official value eign silk manufactures shipped from the United King-

e total value of the coinage at the Mint between the 13th tuary, 1845, and the 13th of July, 1846, was 8,124,7041. gold, 7,177,770l. 8s.; silver, 947,034l.

Cobden is at present in Naples, where Baron de Rothsthe head of the house in that city, has given him a ban-which quet, the head of the house in that city, has given him a series, which Prince Oscar of Sweden honoured with his presence

Ouring the past week, potatoes were imported into London United States, and the British Colonies in North America. vessel has arrived in London with 2000 barrels of flour nice. Athough corn has frequently been imported to city, flour had not previously been imported thence. reatest activity prevails in the ship-building yards of and, in nd, in consequence of the extraordinary demand for essels, to be engaged in the timber and corn trade. Trade is reviving in Paisley,—so much so, that the relief

expect to be able to cut of 200 portions per day of run on the Paris savings bank not only continues but see. The deposits on the 21st and 22nd ultimo amounted 1986, and the withdrawal to 859,767,—a difference of

Board of Admiralty have entered into a contract with usula and Oriental Navigation Company for armed, thers to Vigo, Oporto, Lisbon, Cadiz, and Gibraltar, to 7th, 17th, and 27th of each month, from Southampton. cratic Pacifique states that on the day when the y convention between France and Russia was signed, rmanby dined with M. Guizot, his lordship being in

Ignorance of the whole proceeding.

Great Western steamship was put up to action at the y's office on Thursday last, and withdrawn, the biddings ing reached the reserved price of £25,000. She cost

ing of Denmark has addressed a rescript to the Minisnance, authorizing him to apply all the duties on con-n as well as the excise duties on necessaries, to the re-ie indigent, during the six months ending on the 1st of her next

accredited delegation from the natives of the Hudson's mpany's territories, urging their complaints against the ny. They complain of illegal oppression, and of neglect part of the Company to provide for the moral advance-

was permitted to publish the debates of the Austrian Diet.

The original manuscript of Sir Walter Scott's Rob Roy was sold in London on the 23rd ult., for £82.

The Norwegian herring fishery for this year is ended, and on the public some as splendid paintings and works as could be produced by any city of its size in the world."—Brit. Canadian. the whole 250,000 tons have been put into salt.

John Barton, a private in the Royal Marines, has been sen-

Jews in the army shall be allowed to rise to the rank of lieute-A Hanoverian paper states that it is intended to make free ports of the harbours of Harburgh and Geest.

During the last ten years, commissions in the army have been conferred upon 376 non-commissioned officers.

Greater activity now prevails in the ship-building trade at Perth than hus been witnessed for several years past.

It is said that Government intends to introduce a bill for the

entire prohibition of burials in towns.

The Courier Français announces that M. Guizot is about to rist the baths of Hombourg; this journey is to coincide with the arrival of Prince Metternich at Johanisberg.

The New York line-of-packet-ship Constitution, arrived in the Mersey, on the first trip from New York, on the 20th ult.

She is a magnificent vessel. The senate of Frankfort has suspended the duty upon the uport of rice until September next. Most of the other states import of rice until September next. Most of the other of the Zollverein have already taken the same measure.

EMIGRATION TO AMERICA.

On the 25th, Mr. Vesey wished to know if the governmen had made any preparation, or had it in contemplation to assist poor persons emigrating from Ireland upon their arrival at Quebec. He believed that upwards of 400 families were now preparing in one part of Ireland to proceed abroad, without the has it was not pro-bable that they would be enabled to collect together more than a sufficient sum to carry them across the Atlantic, it would therefore be desirable if the Government could afford them any

Mr. Hawes said, that there was a fund in Canada available Mr. Hawes said, that there was a fund in Canada available for the sick and destitute emigrants who might be landed there. This fund was, however, very small, arising mainly from a tax upon the emigrants, and with a vote taken with the estimates for Canada, and required considerable care in its distribution. He did not auticipate that the fund at present existing in Canada available for Canada, and required considerable care in its distribution. He did not auticipate that the fund at present existing in Canada available for Canada, showever, very small, arising mainly from a tax upon the emigrants, and with a vote taken with the estimates for Canada, and required considerable care in its distribution. He did not auticipate that the fund at present existing in Canada would be found sufficient for the purpose. He would add, that during the last year the number of emigrants to North America had been quarads of 125,000, the system of emigrants and provision for the liberality with you have made provision for the exigencies of the purpose. The fredericton papers mention that the value of imports into New Brunswick in 1846, is stated at £377,683 sterling—and the exports for the same year at £210,742—showing a balance in favour of the Province of £166,941 sterling. 108

Among the emigrants, and with a vote taken with the extimates for the same year at £210,742—showing a balance in favour of the Province of the Province of the Province of the Province of the part which it was the appear of the paper will be found at £377,683 sterling—and the exports for the same year at £210,742—showing a balance in favour of the Province of the Province of the paper will be found at £377,683 sterling—and the exports for the same year at £210,742—showing a balance in favour of the Province of the Province of the paper will be found at £377,683 sterling—and the exports for the same year at £210,742—showing a balance in favour of the Province of the paper will provide in the same ratio, would produce upwards of 26 bushels.

Among the expo tion had been found to work well, and in general no complaints

were made of their condition.

The Houses of Parliament adjourned on the 31st of March

will convey 298 to Boston. A curious fact connected with the desire to emigrate is the large quantities of potatoes that some of the emigrants have taken with them. At present good sound seed potatoes sell in Cork at 2s. 6d. the weight of 21 lbs. The otatoes which the emigrants are taking off would readily bring s. 9d. in the market—one penny per pound.

Notwithstanding this excessive price, and that Indian meal,

is considerably chesper and more portable, the preference is given to the potato. In four vessels no fewer than 336 cwts. have been taken. In the 8t. Lawrence there were 1725 lbs.; Globe, 2560 lbs.; Isabell, 210 lbs.; and Ovando, 2552 lbs. total, 7044 lbs. of potstoes. This article of food is not, of course, that supplied by the passage brokers, but the private THE COBOURG STAR'S EXTRAS — We again vetue store of the passengers for consumption on the voyage.-

Colonial.

Clarke, Mus. Bac., K. C., a work, which breathes the true spirit of old English church music, and reflects the highest spirit of our bigins in church music, and renects the nignest credit on the science of the composer. It was effectively given by the vocalists, and ably accompanied on the organ, an instrument fulls entitled to the high commendations which have been bestowed on its power and tone. We gladly avail ourselves of the opportunity to congratulate our fellow citizens and the inhabitants of this portion of the Province, on being able to procure amongst themselves, organs, second in finish and effiency to none that foreign or distant builders can supply on

the same terms.

The beautiful trio, "Awake, thou lute and harp," admirably sung by two ladies and Mr. Humphreys, and tastefully accompanied by Mr. Hyde, was probably the most effective piece executed during the evening. Haydn's solo and chorus, "The marvellous works," introduced a pupil of Mr. J. P. Clarke, Miss Staines, who made a most successful debut. Her voice Miss Staines, who made a most successful action is of great compass and purity of tone. The simple and graceful sir, "When childhood's gay dreams" was given by Mr. Humphreys in most excellent style, and elicited an enthusiastic encore. Nor must we omit mentioning, that the orchestral accompaniments, written, we understand, by Mr. Clarke, were

executed with the greatest nicety and finish.

In the elaborate Duet—"Quis est Homo," from the Stabat Mater, the audience were again delighted by the Ladies, who had taken part in the Trio. The voice parts were all that the most critical could desire, but we missed the orchestral accompaniments, the want of which could not be supplied by any performer, however finished, on any Piano Forte, however

In the second part, we heard for the first time in Toronto, wo pieces from Beethoven's noble Oratorio "Mount Sinai," The Chevalier is unquestionably a worthy pupil and successor of the great Haydr. The Recitative and Afr, sung by Mr. of the great Haydr. The Recitative and Air, sung by Mr. Humphreys is as graceful and exquisite a specimen of melody as is the Quartette "Teach me O Lord" of harmony.

Mr. Humphreys' execution of the first was faultless. In the second, Miss Staines confirmed the favourable impression which

she had made in the previous part. The Piano Forte accompaiments of both pieces were given by Mr. Clarke with his usual

The magnificent chorus-"Worthy is the Lamb," was istly admired, but it was not executed with as great precision as the choruses in the first part.

The favourite air—" Consider the Lilies," was received with

immense applause. It was beautifully sung by one of the ladies, who had so kindly consented to promote the object of the society by giving their valuable aid, and was excellently

There are the admirable designs and water colourings by our architects, the oil paintings of native artists, drawings and miniatures innumerable; and we fully agree with a writer in the Toronto Herald that the exhibition is "highly creditable to the artists of Toronto and Canada, and certainly gives to the gaze artists of Toronto and Canada, and certainly gives to the gaze artists of Toronto and Canada, and certainly gives to the gaze artists.

John Barton, a private in the Royal Marines, has been senmed to death for having struck a serjeant.

The emperor of Russia has issued a ukase declaring that
lor, of the firm of Freeland & Taylor, was driving three ladies
The horse, a young and

Sir,—The extraordinary fatality which, for the last three
was nearly being attended with fatal consequences. Mr. Tayyears, has visited the potato in all parts of the world, and in a
great measure led to the dreadful suffering from famine which An Accident took place on Monday last, in this city, which been managed but for the breaking of one of the sharts of the carriage, when the animal became restive and ran away at a furious rate. Mr. Taylor tried to keep him straight down Wellington-St., but he made a short turn into Yonge-street, which swung the carriage round against the side walk, dashing it to fragments, and throwing out all the parties. Mrs. Freeland was thrown with such violence against the window of Messrs. Gilmor and Coulson's wholesale warehouse, as to break in the sash; she was severely cut in the bead. Mr. Taylor received the most severe injuries, having his head badly cut, his finger broken, and several contusions on the body. The other two ladies were a good deal bruised; but we are glad to learn that all are recovering from their wounds.—Ibid.

We have not been able to ascertain the exact amount collected at the Theatre for the Relief Fund last week, but it is said to have been about £30.—Ibid.

The extreme improbability of the potato being applicable for general use, during the next few years, urges the necessity of seeking a substitute among those vegetables which combine great nutriment with abundant production.

Among the various substitutes which have been suggested in lieu of the potato, the Jerusalem artichoke (Helianthus tuberosus) seems to have been less prominently put forward the most severe injuries, having his head badly cut, his finger broken, and several contusions on the body. The other two ladies were a good deal bruised; but we are glad to learn that all are recovering from their wounds.—Ibid.

We have not been able to ascertain the exact amount collected at the Theatre for the Relief Fund last week, but it is said to have been about £30.—Ibid.

The Extreme improbability of the potato heing applicable for general use, during the next few years, urges the necessity of seeking a substitute among those vegetables which combine the cultivation of hour received His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor came down to the Council Chamber, in the customary state, to close the Legislat

IRISH EMIGRATION .- The English papers of March 12th, per Washington Irving, at Boston, mention that in Ireland the disposition towards emigration is rapidly increasing, and all along the lines which lead from the interior to the ports of embarkation a continued stream flows towards the west. It is announced in the Cork papers, that over 200 tenants of the Duke of Devonshire, in the south of Ireland, many of them holding large farms, and all of them in comfortable circumstances, are about to emigrate; and so great is the stream from the north-west of Ireland, that the Royal Canal Company have found it necessary to put on an additional packet-boat for the exclusive use of Emigrants from Sligo, Donegal, Leitrim, Longford and Westmeath.—Herald.

yesterday contains a proclamation proroguing the Provincial Parliament to Wednesday the second day of June for the Despatch of Business.

The Houses of Parliament adjourned on the 31st of March to the 12th of April, for the Easter holydays. Lord John Russell gave notice that on the 16th of April he should move the Irish Relief Bill to its third reading, and also the Bill for the improvement of waste lands.

EMIGRATION FROM CORK.—Hundreds of comfortable looking farmers, of young women and men, all decently clad, continue to arrive daily, with the view of emigrating to America. In such numbers do they come, that the rapidible. A few ressels have sailed for New York and Boston, with emigrants; others are ready to follow, and ten more are preparing for the same destination. Among those who have sailed and are now ready to start, are the Mary T., Rundlett, for New York, 115 passengers; Conte Poteski, ditto, 74 ditto; Henry Paterson, ditto, 52 ditto; St. Lawrence, and in charity with all men, and alluded to the union of the results of the continue of the ST. GEORGE'S DAY .- The sons of Old England in King-

-We are happy to hear that Thomas M. Simons, Esq., of Hamilton, is to be appointed one of the Engineers to the Great Western Railroad Company. He is a gentleman of considerable experience as well as talent in his profession, and will make

a valuable officer.—Cobourg Star.

[We have no doubt that the opinion of our contemporary will be borne out by the future professional services of the gentle-man who has received this appointment.—ED. CHURCH.]

FALL WHEAT.—We are sorry to see our fall wheat looking o bad just now. Many fields which we have reen will have

Canada, because they are printed in the States. Loyalty must thus be very superficially rooted. We opine, however, that the Lirish and Scotch relief funds, took place on last Friday evening, in the University Hall; and the efforts of the Society to provoke a rich musical treat for the occasion were, we rejoice

Canada, because they are printed in the States. Loyalty must thus be very superficially rooted. We opine, however, that thus be very superficially rooted. We opine, however, that thus be very superficially rooted. We opine, however, that thus province is to be feared from the ambition and selfishness of extreme political parties within the Province than from Yankee "reprints" of English news.—Arous.

value of the protective duty of 3s. on each quarter of wheat coming into the province, than that it keeps money in the province, and prevents the scarcity of which we at present complain. The manner in which this is effected, we shall now explain. Last year an act passed the provincial legislature admitting the importation of wheat duty free, on condition that it should enter under bond, to be ground into flour for exportation. The passage of this act immediately opened a new chan-nel of commerce between this province and the Western States, whereby the merchants, millers and forwarders here, became the customers of our cute neighbours; and established agencies in customers of our cute neighbours; and established agencies in the west for the purchase of United States wheat. For the purpose of carrying on this trade, they were obliged to draw largely on the banks, principally by letters of credit; and the paper money thus advanced by our chartered banks was transmitted to Ohio or elsewhere, in a western direction, to the correspondents there, to enable them to make the required purchases. Shortly after the commencement of this traffic, it was found that the paper money so transmitted, was returned by the United States holders on the banks here for redemption, and that a constant drain of specie from the province, became a necessary accompaniment of that one-sided species of free trade in which we permitted ourselves stupidly, and by legislative tinkering, to become the customers of a foreign country on such buyers with the hard money of the province, and nothing but the specie will they take for their wheat. What shopkeeper would refuse to do business with his resident neighbour on such terms. There is in this no truck system. There is the hard money, the legitimate sinews of business, going out of the pronce, in exchange for the surplus produce of foreigners. however, is free trade, the crooked kind, by which the country is impoverished, in order that a few millers and forwarders may have a channel in which to speculate. But we come now to the consequences. This drain of specie pressing hard on the banks, constrains them to contract their ordinary discount basis. basiness; the accommodation to the public is thereby dimin-ished; the smaller dealers complain of the want of ordinary accommodation, to enable them to buy the farmers' produce; and the farmers in their turn are obliged to submit to corresponding disadvantages, though in a year of high prices such as the present these disadvantages are not perceptible. here solved the riddle, and loosed the Gordian knot that has nere solved the radde, and loosed the Gordan and which has environed the scarcity of money in Canada, and which has puzzled many well-intentioned persons. If we would make money plenty, we must prevent it from flowing out of the province; and to do this latter, we must repeal the free bonding and grinding act of last session. The cause and the consequen

the society by giving their valuable aid, and was accompanied by Mr. Hyde.

The greatest novelty of the evening was the performance of the Grand Hallelujah Chorus by the Band of the 81st Regiment, for which it was arranged by Mr. Crozier. Of this it is sufficient to say, that the high reputation of this splendid Band was fully sustained.

The brilliant duet—"Ah se puoi" from Mose in Egitto"

The brilliant duet—"Ah se puoi" from Mose in Egitto"

was given in masterly style by a Lady and Mr. Humphreys, was given in masterly style by a Lady and Mr. Humphreys, was given in masterly style by a Lady and Mr. Humphreys, was given in Masterly style by a Lady and Mr. Humphreys, w ing shot in North America. The white Pelican is a native of Africa, and the Pelicans of America, according to Buffon, are brown, so that this wanderer must have flown a long way from The Governor General's wish is similar to that which has been to the similar to that which has been the similar to the si Queen' sung as solo by Mr. Humphreys, and as chorus by the members of the vocal department, with organ accompaniments. Although the terms of approbation in which we have expressed ourselves are strong, we feel persuaded that no person of cultivated musical taste, who had the pleasure of being present on the occasion, will think that our language exceeds what is justly due. We have, indeed, heard but one opinion expressed, that of unqualified gratification.

For our next we hope to be able to procure a statement of the proceeds.—Patriot

The Fine Arts exhibition will be open until the 1st of May; and on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, of next week, the contraction of the bird has been suffed by Mr. Chambers of the city, at whose tican now be seen with outstretched wings and distended pouch, as large as life, and with a plumage as bright and beautiful as when it soared over the surface of the calm blue sea.—Hamilton Spectator.

his native shores before he made his final descent upon our beach. Ornithologists represent these birds as being exceedingly indolent and voracious. They never leave their resting place except when impelled by hunger, which seems not to be very seldom. Their flights are confined to the coasts or over the seldom. Their flights are confined to the coasts or over the surface and their descendants, in carrying on the Government of the Province.

Even under the Military Government of General Murray this was the case, and in his report of 1765 was acted upon by the British Government and British Government of the ver since the capitulations and cession of Canada, to wit; to be the ver since the capitulations and cession of Canada, to wit; to be the ver since the capitulations and cession of Canada, to wit; to be the ver since the capitulations and descend madesion of Canada is a transition of the british subjects and their descendants, in carrying on the Government of the Province.

Even under the Military Government of General Murray this was the case, and in his report of 1765 was acted upon Queen" sung as solo by Mr. Humphreys, and as chorus by the members of the vocal department, with organ accompaniments.

Ornithologists represent these birds as being exceedingly indoverse the capitalations and cession of Canada, to wit; to Hamilton Spectator.

Another of those splendid spectacles in which the people of We have not entered upon a detailed account or criticism of light can be thrown upon this worn out subject; nothing that Lord Sydenham made overtures for such a union, and his suc-Another of those splendid spectacles in which the people of Liverpool justly take delight, was exhibited on the 21st ult, in the launch from the iron ship-building yard of Mess'rest are very large proportion of our columns, and where all cases to do them justice would as hitherto been said by any of its advocates has proved, nor require a very large proportion of our columns, and where all cases to do them justice would say the works of art exhibited; because to do them justice would say the despite that the farmer can possibly benefit by its operation.—

Thomas Vernon & Co., Toxteth-park, of a very beautiful iron steamer, named the Guadalquiver, built for an enterprising company at Havanah, and intended to ply among the West India Islands.

A subscription has been set on foot in London for the purpose of creeting a statue in honour of the Queen Dowager.

For the first time, on the 14th ult., the Augsburgh Gazette was permitted to publish the debates of the Austrian Diet.

(To the Editor of the British Colonist.)

SUBSTITUTE FOR POTATOES.

owerful animal, though rather difficult to drive, could have een managed but for the breaking of one of the shafts of the arriage, when the animal became restive and ran away at a fu-

after reaping of the crop.

This vegetable is more hardy than the potato, and does not sustain any injury from the most inteuse frost. Its large leaves and stalks induce the supposition that it draws most of its nourishment from the atmosphere. According to Dr. Darwin, its seeds will not ripen in Great Britain, but it may be a controlled to the season. in common garden mould, on a space of twenty square yards; found it necessary to put on an additional packet-boat for the exclusive use of Emigrants from Sligo, Donegal, Leitrim, Longford and Westmeath.—Herald.

The Fredericton papers mention that the value of imports into New Brunswick in 1846, is stated at £377,683 sterling—and the exports for the same year at £210,742—slowing a

salutary shade to such culinary vegetables as require it in the midsummer months, as lettuce, turnips, strawberries, &c." Its power of resisting the frost is equalled by the success with which it withstands the drought-two qualities alike useful in a Canadian climate.

April 17, 1847. I am, Sir, your obedient Servant,

T. Rundlett, for New York, 115 passengers; Conte Poteski, ditto, 74 ditto; Henry Paterson, ditto, 52 ditto; St. Lawrence, ditto, 101 ditto; Isabella, ditto, 47 ditto; Globe, for Boston, 177 ditto; and the Ovando, ditto, 121 ditto.

From this it will be seen that while five vessels are bound for New York, there are only two for Boston, and the proportion of passengers is as two to three; in other words, while five of the approaching season, have passed away, and compliance in making improvements and in many instances obliges him to cultivate a three mational the land-holder in making improvements and in many instances obliges him to cultivate a multiple of the erops of the approaching season, have passed away, and complete the condition of the time enjoined upon them the further duty of living at peace and in many instances obliges him to cultivate a multiple of the cross of bodied men who could be placed upon land. A splendid-field for the expenditure of a few of those millions, now going only to sustain life for a season, and from which there will be no return. It will all be eaten. Contrast this with the fruits of Halifax Times. an expenditure which would add thousands to the number of our yeomanry. How many of our best farmers left Britain with less than £20 in their pockets, and how many arrived in Canada with scarce a shilling? If so much can be done with very little money, it might be well to consider how many others could be located, or set to work at our rail roads, with a certain prospect of becoming landowners, if they be industrious, for a million of money. There is reason to fear the consequences which may ensue and affect the whole British world, from the acknowledgments to the Editor of the Cobourg Star for an Extra, with the Cambria's news. We have noticed some very absurd remarks of the Toronto Herald, on the subject of the Star's extras." Our Toronto contemporary appears to be afraid that the extras of our Cobourg Contemporary will republicanise Canada, because they are printed in the States. Loyalty must thus be very superficially rooted. We only however, the

evening, in the University Hall; and the efforts of the Society to provoke a rich musical treat for the occasion were, we rejoice to say, crowned with brilliant success, as was abundantly testified by the applause of a crowded and fashionable audience.

The arrangements were such as to secure comfort and order, and to gratify not merely the ear but the eye. An immendation and the state of the two most dais, with ascending platforms, occupied one side of the room. In front of this was the Piano-forte; in the rear the Organ, decorated with banners, towered up to the ceiling, and before, and on either side of it, the members of the Vocal and Instrumental departments, to the number of one hundred, were ranged in tiers.

The first piece was the beautiful movement, with which Mozart's symphony in C. opens. It was well and steadily played. Of the other two instrumental pieces, viz., the first and last movements of Becthover's symphony in D., we for the stand last movements of Becthover's symphony in D., we for the stand last movements of Becthover's symphony in D., we for the sarely of money in the province. Now, there is no more dained and without predominance on the part of the wind instruments.

The second piece of the first part was an anthem, by J. P. Bugland; prevent its recurrence in Ireland; and in some measure spare the necessity for future drains upon the treasury; such as are called for this year. If all this could not be done, much of it might, and if there is economy in leaving it unattempted it is an economy which costs Britain a million a month. If any inconvenience were felt here in consequence of a large influx of receive under a Government scheme of colonization.

A General Church Society Peterboro', on o'clock, A.M.

A full attention influx of people, under a Government scheme of colonization it would be less than that which we are now endeavouring to guard against, of casual emigration. Acting in concert with, guard against, of casual emigration. Acting in concert with, and under the authority of the Home Government, it would be easier to provide for five thousand people than one thousand under the present circumstances. We hope the subject will be

> portance to us, as well as to Britain, and to the good cause of charity. - British Canadian. LAKE ST. PETER .- The following correspondence has been nded in for publication, by the Secretary to the Montreal

taken up with energy in the approaching session of our Legislature, and the attention of the Imperial Government called to

it by that means, if by no other. It is a subject of vital im-

Board of Trade :-PUBLIC WORKS, Montreal, 27th March, 1847. SIR,-I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your etter of the 17th instant, addressed to the Chief Comm uesting certain information relative to the Works for deeping Lake St. Peter. In reply I am directed to state, for the preparations are now, and have for some time, been making, to ence the work with vigour on the opening of the navigation, and that every possible exertion will be made to obtain a channel of 150 feet in breadth with 14 feet depth of water in as

short a time as circumstances will permit.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your very obedient servant, THOMAS A. BEGLY. F. A. WILLSON, Esquire, Secretary Montreal Board of Trade, { Montreal.

PUBLIC WORKS. Montreal, April 17, 1847. Sin,-I have the honor to acknowlege the receipt of your letter of the 15th inst., addressed to the Chief Commissi relative to the opening of the Lachine Canal, and in reply I am directed to acquaint you, for the information of the Council of the Board of Trade, that the Commissioners, being anxious to afford every facility to the Trade, have had all the necessary arrangements made for the opening of the Canal as soon as the season will admit, and they anticipate no obstruction to the season will admit, and they anticipate no obstruction to the

passage of vessels through it, the moment the river and lakes above are navigable. I have the honor to be, Sir, Your very obedient servant, THOMAS A. BEGLY, F. A. WILLSON, Esq.,) tary Board of Trade,

Montreal.

the rooms will be open by gas light from half past 7 to 10 p.m.

The effect of light is very good, and the evening exhibitions will enable many, who could not otherwise have the opportunity, to visit this interesting collection.

Hamilton Spectator.

We understand that Mr. Hamilton Merritt is about to publish his views upon free trade, in a series of letters, to appear in the Niagara Chronicle. We cannot imagine what new large proportion of descendents of the first colonists of Canada.

same desire still prevails. It is, indeed, the duty of every Covernment which deserves the name. Whether this duty is likely to be more successful now than under the arrangements of 1842, may be doubtful; but it is at least desirable that it

One thing certain is, that the British Government is strong enough to do justice in Canada, if it only knows how .- Quebec

NOVA SCOTIA.

the part of all, zealously to discharge their Legislative duties to

Besides the careful revision and renewal of numerous expirleaves and stalks induce the supposition that it draws most of its nourishment from the atmosphere. According to Dr. Darwin, its seeds will not ripen in Great Britain, but it may be advantageously propagated like the potato. It can be eaten boiled or baked, and is either way a most excellent and nutritious article of food, and before the potato was known, it was held in high estimation. Thirty sets were planted last spring Elective Franchise, but likewise makes more effectual provision for the maintenance of the public peace; and that which has for its object to endeavour to extend to all Her Majesty's subjects of these colonies the great benefit which must flow from an unrestricted interchange of their respective productions and manufactures, -and I feel a pride in the part which has been taken by Nova Scotia in the introduction of this import

It is also my pleasing duty, on the part of our Gracious Sovereign, sincerely to thank you for the liberality with which you have made provision for the exigencies of the public service in all its branches.

Mr. President and honourable Gentlemen.

the majority, for the handsome manner in which they had sup-ported him in his arduous duties during the last four years. He contended that he had acted impartially during that period— and concluded with bidding them an affectionate farewell.—

Commercial. (COMPILED EXPRESSLY FOR THIS PAPER.) Wheat, #9 60lbs. p.
Oats, #9 34lbs.
Barley, #9 48lbs.
Peas
Flout, Superfine, †
Fine
Beef, #9 fb ...
100 lbs.
Bacon ...
100 lbs.
100 l ushel. . - 2 . 002 . 7 50 802 4 4 222000-4 30050 000000000 0000 :::::: 200000 - 0000 ::::::

0000 CHURCH SOCIETY.

A General Meeting for the formation of a Branch of the Clrurch Society for the District of Colborne, well be held at Peterboro', on Tuesday, the 25th May next, at half past 10 A full attendance of the Clergy of that and the neighbour-

-01000

Midland Clerical Association.

The Members of this Association will please take notice, that the next meeting will take place, (D. V.) at Belleville, Wednesday the 19th, and Thursday the 20th, of May

SALTERN GIVINS, Secretary. Mohawk Parsonage, 24th April, 1847.

Information Wanted.

MR. HENRY PENTLAND is anxious to know in what part of this Diocese his two younger Brothers are, who came to this country, last year, from the South of Ireland. A letter containing any information respecting them will be thankfully received. His address is MR. HENRY, PENTLAND, Care of the Rev. J. Grier, Belleville.

Belleville, 27th April, 1847. TO PARENTS.

TO PARENTS.

A N ENGLISH LADY residing at West End, wishes to employ a few hours in the day in the Education of a limited number of Young Children; being foud of Children she prefers taking them at an early age. Application made by letter only, to A.B., Office of this Paper.

Toronto, April 21, 1847.

GOVERNESS.

The Directors will then proceed to Lend or Advance by Ticket, One Thousand Pounds of the Funds of the Society, or such further sum as may be at their disposal, which will be put up to competition in single sums of £100, and is manner already provided for by the Directors.

The Secretary will be in attendance at Six o'clock, P.M., to allow Members to pay up, before the Chair is taken.

By Order of the Board,

W. C. ROSS,

Secretary and Treasurer.

A LADY capable of giving Instruction in the usual branches of an English education, will be happy to engage in a family as Resident Governess. Apply to the Office of this Paper.

20th April, 1847. FIRE ASSURANCE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in the event of the STOREHOUSES and OUTBUILDINGS in rear of the North Side of King Street, (which were destroyed by Fire on the Morning of the 18th Instant, and which so greatly endangered the safety of a large portion of the City,) being rebuilt of Wood, the Companies represented by the undersigned, will not renew, after the expiration of their present terms, Policies covering buildings contiguous thereto, or their contents.

(Signed) T. W. BIRCHALL,

(Signed) T. W. BIRCHALL,

(Signed) T. W. BIRCHALL,

Managing Director British America Assurance Co.

JOHN RAINS. Secretary Home District Mutual Fire Insurance Co. MOFFATT MURRAY & Co.

Agents Phanix Co. JOHN RIDOUT. Agent for the Alliance Co.
ROBERT BEEKMAN, Agent for the Montreal Assurance Co. Toronto, 22nd April, 1847.

JOHN THORPE'S BRITISH HOTEL, GUELPH.

HOUSE Comfortable and Commodious; Larder at all times well supplied; Cellar of the choicest. Excellent Stabling. The MAIL STAGE daily to Preston, Galt, and Hamilton, and every other day from Fergus and Elora to LETTERS received to Thursday, April 29: Hamilton, and vice versa.

Horses and Carriages ready at a moment's notice.

LAKE ONTARIO.

THE ROYAL MAIL LINE OF STEAMERS. WILL leave Toronto for Kingston, touching at Cobourg (weather permitting) every day (Sundays excepted), at 12 o'clock noon, precisely, until the 10th day of June next; and from the 10th of June to 10th September, at 1, P. M., precisely; from 10th September, to close of the Season, at 12, Will leave Kingston for Toronto, every afternoon (Sundays

excepted) at 5 o'clock precisely.

Royal Mail Office, {
Toronto, April 15, 1847.

THE STEAMER AMERICA WILL leave Toronto for Rochester, touching at Cobourg and intermediate Ports (weather permitting), every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY Morning at Eleven

Will leave Rochester Landing for Toronto, touching at Cobourg and intermediate Ports, (weather permitting), every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY Morning, at Eight

Luggage and Parcels at the risk of the owners, unless booked and paid for as Freight.

The Proprietor will not, in addition to the ordinary exemption from liability, hold himself responsible for any property lost in said Steamer, owing to accidental fire or collision with

any other vessel Royal Mail Office, Toronto, April 22, 1847.

THE STEAMER ECLIPSE

WILL leave Hamilton for Toronto, daily, (Sundays excepted), at Half-past Seven, A.M., and will leave Toronto for Hamilton, at Half-past Two, P.M., (weather Toronto, March 22, 1847.

THE STEAMER ADMIRAL WILL leave Toronto daily (weather permitting) for Niagara, Lewiston and Queenston, (Sundays excepted)

at Eight, A.M. Toronto, March 22, 1847. BURLINGTON LADIES' ACADEMY. THE SUMMER SESSION will commence on THURS-DAY, the 13th day of May, 1847.

For particular information, attention is respectfully invited to the Circular of the School, which may be obtained by application to the Principal. D. C. VAN NORMAN,

Hamilton, April 13, 1847. Young Ladies' Seminary.

MRS. CROMBIE begs to announce to her former patrons, and the public generally, that she has re-opened her Seminary for the Tuition of Young Ladies, and that the busiess thereof is now in active operation.

Terms of Tuition, and other particulars made known on ap

ication to Mrs. Crombie at the Grammar School, Nelson Street. Toronto, 27th Oct., 1846.

BOARD

CLASSICAL AND MERCANTILE EDUCATION. IN the family of a Gentleman, who has engaged a Tutor for the education of his own children, Four Youths would be admitted to study with them in all the English Branches, French, Latin, Greek, Algebra, Mathematics, with Mercantile Accounts, Drawing and Music, if required. The course of Teaching pursued would qualify them for one of the advanced Forms in Upper Canada College. His residence is situated in the most healthy part of the West end of this City, and the strictest attention would be paid to their morals, he lomestic comfort.

For particulars, application may be made to Mr. Champion, at the Church Depository; or to Mr. Rowsell, King Street.

Toronto, Feb. 25, 1847.

501-tf TEACHER WANTED. WANTED for the Boy's PAROCHIAL SCHOOL, CORN-

WALL, a Teacher competent to instruct in the usual Branches of a good common English Education. He must be a Member of the Church of England. Apply, (if by letter post-paid,) to REV'D. HENRY PATTON, Rector of Cornwall.

FARM FOR SALE.

In the Township of Charlotteville, Talbot District, CITUATED within half a mile of the Town of Vittoria, and within three miles of Port Ryerse, on Lake Erie; a Public Road on each end, and one side, containing 254 acres of Land, 200 of which are in good fence of the best materials, cedar and chestnut rails; 140 acres fenced in suitable fields, and under the highest state of cultivation, being clovered and manured for thirty years past on the best system of farming. manured for thirty years past on the best system of farming.

The Land is free from stumps and roots; the soil varying from a sandy to a strong heavy loom; with a good ORCHARD, of most kinds of fruit; with a large DWELLING HOUSE, large Barn, Carriage House, extensive Sheds, and other outbuildings. It is one of the most healthy locations in the Province. A large proportion of the purchase money may remain vince. The only cause on mortgage for a term of years, if required. The only cause of this property being offered for sale is, the owner wishes to

J. POTTS. Vittoria, Talbot District,

April 12, 1847.

PORTRAIT

OF THE LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO. BEAUTIFULLY ENGRAVED BY WARNER, FROM A PAINTING BY G. T. BERTHON.

Proofs 20s. Prints 12s. 6d.

HE above ENGRAVING is now ready, and the Subscribers for PROOFS will be supplied with their copies imme-

A variety of FRAMES, suitable for this PLATE, have been prepared, varying in price from 18s. to 30s., and are for sale at HENRY ROWSELL,

King Street, Toronta. March 17 1947 PIANO FORTES. THE Subscribers have received, on Consignment, four GRAND SQUARE MAHOGANY PIANO FORTES, having

Metallic Strung Plates, with all the recent improvements, and made expressly for this climate—the Manufacture of COLLARD & COLLARD, London. For sale chesp.
THOS. CLARKSON & Co. Toronto, Nov. 23, 1846.

TORONTO BUILDING SOCIETY. EIGHTH LOAN MEETING. THE EIGHTH LOAN MEETING will take

le.
DAY EVENING, the 3rd May, 1847, at Seven o'clock, p.m., at which the Tenth Monthly Instalments will be re-

Secretary and Treasurer. Toronto, April 15th 1847. NOTICE.

DARTIES Subscribing for Shares in the TORONTO BUILD-ING SOCKETY, are required to pay, in addition to the back Instalments and Fees, a Premium of One Pound Ten Shillings per Share, until the first Monday in May next; after which date an increased amount of Premium will be demanded.

TORONTO BUILDING SOCIETY.

By Order, W. C. ROSS. Secretary and Treasurer Toronto, April 8, 1847.

BIRTH. At Toronto, on the 27th instant, the wife of the Rev. T. B. Phillipps, of Nevis, of a daughter. MARRIED

At St. Paul's, Wilton Place, London, H. Herries Creed, Esq., eldest son of the Rev. H. K. Creed, of Corse, Gloucestershire, and nephew of the Right Honble. J. C. Herries, to Frances, youngest daughter of the late Honble. W. Grasett, of Seven Oaks, Kent, and of Golden Grove, Barbadoes, DIED

W. L. Perrin, Esq., Affy, wife of Henry James Askin, Esq. of London, C.W., and third daughter of W. P. Patrick, Esq., Montreal, aged 25 years.
On Sunday the 18th, at the Carrying Place, Mary, the beloved wife of the Hon. Robert Wilkins.

In Toronto, on Sunday the 25th inst., at the residence of

Benj. H. White, Esq., rem, (with thanks); B. Seymour, Esq., rem; Mr. Richard McAmis rem.; Rev. John Wilson; 489 D. Burn, Esq.; John Miller, Esq.; Mr. Thos. Ryall, No. 17.