

As patient absolutely refused to allow the eye to be dislocated for the purpose of having it photographed, preparations were made to have photographs taken when under a general anaesthetic.

On January 7th, 1907, under chloroform anaesthesia, the eye, and tumour of the nerve, shown enlarged in Fig. 4, were removed and photographs were taken. On account of the



FIGURE TWO

muscular relaxation accompanying the use of the anaesthetic, spontaneous dislocation of the eye did not occur, (See Fig. 2), but with the finger pressed lightly above and behind the eye, it could readily be pressed forward, as shown in Fig. 3. Patient



FIGURE THREE

recovering slightly from the anaesthesia, during the photographing process, developed marked Blepharospasm with the result that the eye was dislocated forward fully half an inch