in the second edition, dated 1778.] Tadousac, in this Gazetteer, is said to be "a place of great traffic and resort for the wild natives, who bring hither large quantities of furs to exchange for woollen cloths, linen, iron and brass utensils, ribbons and other trinkets. The mouth of the river on which it stands is defended by a fort erected on a rock almost inaccessible."

In 1765, Major Robert Rogers published in London "a Concise Account of North America, containing a description of the several British Colonies on that Continent, &c." Major Rogers' account of the particular locality which we inhabit, is as follows:-"The country on the west and north of the lake (Ontario), down to the River Toronto (Humber), which is about 50 miles, is very good. At the west end (of this lake) a river runs in, from which are carrying-places both to Lake St. Clair and Lake Erie, or to rivers that flow into them. The country upon the lake between St. Lawrence (where the St. Lawrence leaves the lake) is inhabited or owned by the Mississagas, and, by the fair and lofty timber upon it, is a good soil. Here is likewise great plenty of grape vines. By one of the branches of the River Toronto (the Humber) is an easy communication with the rivers flowing into Lake Huron. Upwards of a hundred miles from Toronto, at the north-easterly corner of the lake, the River Cataraqui flows into it: there are likewise several smaller streams between these. From Cataraqui is a carrying-place to the Attawawas River, which joins St. Lawrence near Montreal. This country is also owned by the Mississagas, as far northward as Cataraqui: they likewise claim all the west side of Lake Ontario, and north of Lake Eric, but live a roving unsettled life, literally without any continuing city or abiding habitation, as hath been already remarked of them." Major Rogers further reports that "in the rivers round Lake Ontario are salmon in great plenty during the summer season; and at the entrance of the River St. Lawrence (i.e. at Kingston) are, during the winter season, an abundance of a kind of fish called white fish, which seem to be peculiar to this place, there being none such anywhere else in America, excepting some few at Long Point; nor can I learn that any such are to be seen in Europe. In summer they disappear, and are supposed to be during that season in the deep water, out of soundings. They are about the size of shad, and very agreeable to the palate. Here is great plenty of water fowl, and game of all kinds common to the climate. In a word, the country round this lake is