evergreen fenced in is called a "garden" by the Newfoundlander. and in such localities Fox and White-throated Sparrows, Rubycrowned Kinglets, Robins, Black-poll and Magnolia Warblers, Purple Finches, Thrushes and Alder Flycatchers were nesting commonly. A few hundred yards beyond, Pine Grosebeaks, Water Thrushes, Winter Wrens, Redpolls, Black-throated-green Warblers and Chickadees were breeding and several pairs of Wilson's Snipe had their nests in bogs not more than 200 vards away from dwellings. Generally speaking, birds raise their young where food is most abundant, and this, no doubt, accounts, to a great extent, for the confluence of different species within the zone of civilization during the breeding season. Further inland, the country is less settled and bird life is not so congested. Up on the "barrens" one is forcibly struck by the comparative absence of birds, Gulls, Yellowlegs, and Least Sandpipers being in the majority.

The following is a list of the birds observed:

Loon. On May 28th, a female specimen was shot by a sectionman. The oviduct contained two eggs. The bird is common.

Black Guillemot. Saw several flying a hundred yards off shore at St. George's Bay.

GLAUCOUS GULL. A few miles inland from St. George's Bay six or seven pairs of these birds were breeding on small islands in a lake. On June 3rd, the nests, which were placed on large boulders near the water, contained two or three badly incubated eggs.

GREAT BLACK-BACKED GULL. One pair had their nest in the same locality as the small colony of Glaucous Gulls referred to above. On June 3rd, the three eggs were ready to hatch.

Herring Gull. Common. Their breeding grounds were not visited, but large numbers were observed feeding in St. George's Bay.

Common Tern. Hundreds noted in St. George's Bay the first week in June.

BLACK DUCK. On June 3rd, a nest containing ten incubated eggs was found on a small island in a lake a few miles inland from the sea.

BITTERN. Eight specimens were noted. Probably fairly common.

WILSON'S SNIPE. Abundant. A pair, or more, were found nesting in all the bogs we visited. Many nests with eggs were found the early part of June. The nests were merely depressions in moss lined with a few feathers and tops of grasses. While searching for nests of this species I came