FARMERS!

REJOICE AND BE GLAD!

For we have Creamers, Strainer Pails, Dairy Thermometers, Milk Pans and innumerable other goods

AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES!

A trial will convince you.

LEMONT & SONS

Fredericton, June 5th, 1888.

SCIATICA, NEURALGIA, NERVOUS HEADACHE,

TAPLEY'S REMEDY

WILL RELIEVE AND CURE.

Persons who have been troubled with the above Distressing Complaints, and never Anticipated a Cure, have found it in using this Remedy, and scores of cures from one to twenty year's standing, are vouched for by most reliable persons in various sections of the country.

For Sale by all Druggists.

Fredericton March 6th, 1888

EDGECOMBE & SONS,

YORK STREET, - - FREDERICTON

Now is the Time to Leave Your Orders for

SLEIGHS & PUNGS.

We Have on Hand, and are Finishing Up, 200 Double Seated and Single Seated Pungs and Sleighs, which we are Determined to Sell Out at

PRICES THAT WILL ANYWHERE DEFY COMPETITION.

Leave Your Orders Early.

EDGECOMBE & SONS.

Fredericton Oct. 6th, 1887.

ATTENTION!

S. L. MORRISON has in Stock a Large Lot of

SUGAR

Bought before the recent advance which he is selling at the Lowest Prices during the Christmas Trade.

POWDERED, STANDARD GRANULATED, EXTRA C, YELLOW C, YELLOW EXTRA C.

ALSO:

A large Stock of Christmas Goods, such as NEW RAISINS, (Several Qualities), NEW CURRANTS, NEW CANDIED PEEL, NEW FRUIT, APPLES, ORANGES, LEMONS, GRAPES, FIGS and NUTS, PURE SPICES CANNED GOODS and CONFECTIONERY.

S. L. MORRISON.

Opposite City Hall, Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B

Fredericton Dec. 13th, 1887.

When the Spring Time Comes

GENTLE ANNIE

SEND YOUR

YOUNG MAN

To W. E. SEERY'S and have him order a SPRING SUIT and OVERCOAT.

For style and finish my work cannot be surpassed.

The Spring and Summer Fashion Plates are in now, so order early before the rush commences.

Cutting for Ladies and Gents attended to promptly.

W. E. SEERY, WILMOT AVE.

Fredericton, Feb. 21st, 1888.

R. COLWELL,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

Carriages, Wagons, Sleighs and Pungs built to order in the latest and most durable styles. Material and workmanship of the best. Particular attention given to painting, trimming and repairing Carriages, etc.

Terms, etc., to give satisfaction.

FACTORY

KING STREET, FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, Oct. 9th

LAURANCE'S

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses

AT A BARGAIN.

I have a lot of LAURANCE'S BEST ENGLISH GLASSES, both in Glass and Pebbles, which I will sell at 20 per cent. LESS THAN COST. This is a rare chance to secure a first-class article at a LOW PRICE.

GEO. H. DAVIS,

Cor. Queen and Regent Streets, Fredericton, N. B.

Fredericton, Oct. 5th, 1887

A NEW FOUND PEOPLE.

A Tribe of Long Haired Blacks in Africa. Interesting Discoveries.

Lieut. Lienart, who accompanied Capt. Van Gele in his recent journey which solved the greatest remaining problem of African geography, has returned to Brussels, bringing full details of the trip by steamer for ninety-nine days on the Mobangi river. The expedition proved that the Mobangi is identical with the Welle-Makua river, and is, therefore, the greatest northern tributary of the Congo.

On Oct. 27 last the expedition, composed of four white men and fifty-seven native boatmen and soldiers, left Equator Station, on the Congo, and started up the Mobangi on the little steamer En Avant, the first vessel launched on the Upper Congo. The steamer had in tow a native war canoe with a capacity of 100 men, on which a part of the expedition was quartered. About 450 miles up the river they reached the Zongo rapids, the furthest point attained by Grenfell, and there their explorations began. In the next thirty miles they passed a series of five rapids, at two of which they were compelled to take the machinery out of their vessel, unship the paddle wheels and drag her up with great difficulty on rollers over land. Three weeks were required to pass these rapids, above which the broad, majestic river did not offer a single noteworthy obstruction in the 200 remaining miles of the ascent. The country, writes Capt. Van Gele, is very beautiful. The river, which for long stretches is over a mile in width, with an average depth of twenty feet, is bordered by high hills, on whose gentle slopes are hundreds of huts, which, in the distance, have the appearance of chalets. Here and there are seen in the branches of lofty cottonwood trees buildings made of branches and grass, which are used merely as posts of observation, and which doubtless gave rise to the romantic rumors Grenfell brought home of aerial dwellings on the Upper Molangi. The first new tribe the explorers discovered were the Bakombe, who are said to extend over a large region between the Mobangi and the Congo.

The Bakombe are remarkable among all the black races of Africa for their unusual growth of hair, which many of them arrange in the form of large chignons. Others wear their hair down their backs in many long, thin braids, which are frequently fastened together. Capt. Van Gele makes the surprising statement that he saw some persons with hair nearly five feet long. Lieut. Lienart says he saw some women who tied their long braids around their arms, and that this remarkable custom did not inconvenience them at all as they engaged in their usual occupations. No such abundant head coverings have been found among any other tribes in Africa.

For about 140 miles, midway between 4 degs. and 5 degs. north latitude, and north of the big bend of the Congo, the river flows almost due west, and new tribes are met along the banks. Capt. Van Gele calls this stretch of the Mobangi valley the most fertile and populous part of Africa he has visited. "I have not seen elsewhere," he writes, "such an affluence of provisions. Everywhere are endless supplies of bananas, maize flour, sorghum, sweet potatoes, arachides, yams, beans, sugar cane, sesamum, tobacco, honey, sheep, goats and fowls. My men had poultry in the pot every day. Our boat was sometimes loaded down with presents of food, and throughout the journey I did not touch one of the sacks of rice that I had taken with me from the equator."

Here the river is at its widest and it is thickly dotted with islands, all inhabited and under cultivation. Conical huts, like those among some tribes of the Upper Wella-Makau, begin to appear by thousands. They are grouped in villages, sometimes forming wide streets that are very neatly kept, and again built in large circles in the center of which is a high mound of earth from which their speakers address the popular assemblages. The largest of these tribes is the Banzy, who as workers in iron are equaled by few African tribes. Their iron products are noteworthy for their great variety and superior workmanship. They make lance and arrow heads, harpoons, axes, hoes, spades, knives, bracelets, chains, pipe bowls, beads, little bells and many other articles. They are also skillful workers in ivory, and everywhere the explorers saw artistically turned ivory bracelets and pins a foot long. The Banzy is the only tribe found in Central Africa whose women deface their upper lip by the insertion of the pelele, a practice that is very common among the tribes east and south of Nyassa.

These large tribes for about 150 miles along the river were very friendly, though they had never seen white men before. They were frightened neither by the steamer nor by the shots that were often fired at the ducks and other game in the stream. Often fleets of thirty or forty canoes would paddle out to the steamer, offering food for sale. At the town of the head chief in the Banzy tribe another rapid barred the way, and it was necessary to tow the steamer up stream by means of a stout cable. The natives gathered by thousands to watch the operation. They pointed out spots where dangerous rocks lurked under the surface. They hauled in their fish nets that were in the way, and laid hold of the cable with right good will, while the fetich men on the bank made favorable invocations. When the En Avant was safely past the rapids the natives raised enthusiastic cheers, and many of them shook hands with the Europeans, and felicitated them upon their success. —Brussels Cor. New York Sun.

Skinning Birds While Alive.

It is found that to receive the highest price for the skins of birds worn on the hats of the women "they must be skinned alive." So the hunters and traffickers are trapping the sweet songsters, and skinning them with half a song in their throats. Now look at the lovely creatures on your hat, and see the whole process. Think it over, then put on your hat, and take a stroll in the park or orchard, and imagine the process going on with your pet orioles, bobolinks and tanagers. No wonder one writer says: "I cannot bear the sight, nor the thought, of the bloody handed wretch that I saw at this occupation." Ah, but how about those who wear the birds!—Times-Democrat.

Wonders of the Sun.

A comparison of all the results of these labors of so many able men during so many years proves that the sun is nearly ninety-three millions of miles from the earth and that the fiery globe itself is so large that if a number of worlds as big as ours were held together like beads on a string 340 of these world beads would be required to girdle it around in one line.

Three hundred and forty pins' heads thus strung together would go around your head with some to spare. Therefore, the sun is as much bigger than the world as your head is bigger than a pin's head.

How many worlds would it take to cover the whole surface of the sun? As many as the number of pins to cover a pin cushion as big as your head. How many worlds to fill the space occupied by the sun? This is easily calculated when we know the sun's diameter, 860,000 miles. In round numbers a million and a quarter of our worlds would occupy a space equal to the whole size of the sun.—Professor Williams in Youth's Companion.

Spearing Suckers in the Mud.

Spearing suckers by torchlight is a sport much practiced on the western bank of the Passaic river for a distance of several miles. Every night the torches can be seen flashing along shore as far as the eye can reach, and the effect is peculiar and very pleasing. The fish always lie close in shore at night, and as they are of a sluggish nature, and can be quite easily seen by the aid of the torches, some of the more skillful oarsmen secure a large number in a short time. Some nights there will be an almost continuous line of torches for the distance of a mile. Spearing suckers is the tamest and most stupid manner of taking fish, still fishing with angle worms ranking next, and is regarded by sportsmen as being about on a par with pot hunting for game; the highest form is casting for trout, bass or other game fish.—Paterson Guardian.

NYE AT THE CAPITAL.

HE DISCOURSES ON THE METHODS OF WASHINGTON BARBERS.

His Harrowing Experience with a Safety Razor—An Interesting Conversation He Overheard in the Tonsorial Chair—The Heat and Hotels of Washington.

When I got off the Pennsylvania train yesterday I went to a barber shop before I did anything else. I have a thick, Venetian red, chinchilla beard, which grows very rapidly, and which gives me a funny appearance every twenty-four hours, unless I place myself frequently in the hands of the barber. At first I used to shave myself, but I cut myself to pieces in such a sickening manner, without seeming to impede the growth of the rich and foxy beard, that until last summer I gave up being my own barber. At that time I was presented with a safety razor, which the manufacturer said would not cut my face, because it was impossible for it to cut anything except the beard. The safety razor resembles in appearance several other toilet articles, such as the spoke shave, the road scraper, the can opener, the lawn mower and the turbine water wheel, but it does not look like a razor. It also looks like a carpet sweeper some, and reminds me of a monkey wrench. It is said that you can shave yourself on a train if you will use this instrument. I tried it once last winter while going west. In fact, I took the trip largely to see if one could shave on board the train safely with this razor. I had no special trouble. At least I did not cut off any features that I cared anything about, but I was disappointed in the results and also in the length of time consumed in cleaning the razor after I got through. I was shaving myself only from Forty-second street to Albany, but it took me from Albany to Omaha to pull the razor apart and to dig out the coagulated lather and the dear, dead whiskers. I now employ a valet, whose name is Patrik McGloria. He irons my trousers, shaves and dresses me and mows the lawn.

I did not fall into a very gaudy barber shop.

It was a plain structure, with beautiful sarsaparilla pictures here and there on the walls and a faint odor of rancid pomatum and overworked hair restoratives.

There were three chairs richly upholstered in two ply carpeting of some inflammatory hue, with large vines and the kind of flowers which grow on carpets but nowhere else. I have seen blossoms woven into ingrain carpets, varying in color from a dead black to the color of a hepatized lung, but I have never seen one that reminded me of anything I ever saw in nature. The chair I sat in also had springs in it. They were made of selections from the Washington monument.

The barber who waited on me asked me if I wanted a shave. A great many barbers ask me this during the year. Sometimes they do it from habit and sometimes they do it to brighten up my life and bring a smile to my wan cheek. As I have no hair, the thinking mind naturally and by a direct course of reasoning arrives at the conclusion that when I go into a barber shop and climb into a chair, I do so for the purpose of getting shaved and not with the idea of having my fortune told or my deposition taken. Still barbers continue to ask me this question and look at each other with ill concealed mirth.

I said yes I would like a shave unless he preferred to take my temperature or amuse me by making a death mask of himself. He then began to strap a large razor with a double shuffle movement and to size me up at the same time. He was a colored man, but he had lived in Washington a long time and knew a great deal more than he would if his lot had fallen elsewhere. He spoke with some feeling and fed me with about the most unpalatable lather I think I ever participated in. He also did an odd thing when he went for the second time over my face. I never have noticed the custom outside of that shop. Most barbers, in making the second trip over a customer's face, mosten one side at a time with a sponge or the damp hand as they go along, but in this case a large quantity of lather was put in my ear, and, as he needed it, he took out what he required from time to time, using his finger like a paint brush and spreading on the lather as he went along. So accurately has he learned to measure the quantity of lather which an ear will hold that when he got through with me and I went away there was not over a tablespoonful in either ear and possibly not that much.

While I sat in the chair I heard a man, who seemed to be in about the third chair from me, saying that a certain bill numbered so and so had been referred to a certain committee and would undoubtedly be reported favorably. If so, it would in its regular order come up for discussion and reach a vote so and so. I was charmed with the man's knowledge of the condition of affairs in both houses and the exact status of all threatened legislation, because I always have to stop and think a good while before I can tell whether a bill originates on the floor of the house or in the rotunda.

I could not see this man, but I judged that he was a senator or sergeant-at-arms. He talked for some time about the condition of national affairs, and finally some one said something about evolution. I was perfectly wrapped up in what he was saying, and remembered distinctly how he referred to Herbert Spencer's definition of evolution as a change from indefinite, incoherent homogeneity to definite, coherent heterogeneity through continuous differentiations and integrations.

When I arose from my chair and looked over that way I saw that the gentleman who had been talking on the condition of congressional legislation was a colored hotel porter of Washington, who was getting shaved in the third chair, and the man who was discussing the merits of evolution was the colored man who was shaving him.

As spring warms up the air about Washington the heating apparatus about the Capitol building begins to relax its interest, and now you can visit most any part of the stately pile without being scrambled in your own embonpoint.

I believe this unnatural heat to be the cause of much ill health among our law makers, and I freely admit that the unhealthy surroundings of Washington and the great contrast between the hot air of the capitol and the cold air outside have done a great deal towards keeping me out of the senate. The night air of Washington is also filled with malaria, and is much worse than any night air I have ever used before.

I am staying at the —— house, which has been recently refitted and refurnished, has electric bells, a bath room, elevator and moderate rates. It is a splendid hotel. I leave the name blank, and the proofreader can insert the name of any hotel in Washington which he thinks the above glowing description would apply to.—Bill Nye's Washington Letter to New York World.

Sage Advice.

A young man who was about to start in business on Michigan avenue went to an old retired merchant the other day to secure business advice.

"How much cash have you got?" was the blunt inquiry.

"About $300."

"And how much stock will you put in?"

"About $2,000."

"Um! Then your first move must be to engrave your name on the flagstone in front of your store, your next to paint your signs on all the fences for ten miles around the city."

"And why, O Sage?"

"That the public six months hence may recall the fact that you went into business instead of going into a lunatic asylum! Good morning, sir!"—Detroit Free Press.

Room for All.

Mormon Bishop pointing from the car window to a circus tent—There, my daughter, is something which will be new to you.

Favorite Daughter—How nice that is! Why don't we have that kind at home?

"That kind! Why, what do you think it is?"

"A family umbrella."—Omaha World.

Face to Face.

"You wouldn't think," he said, indicating a gentleman across the street, "that that ordinary, commonplace looking person has many times stared death unflinchingly in the face."

"Why, no! Is he a desperate character?"

"Not very; he's an undertaker."—New York Sun.

Emulation.

Little Tommy Roach, who has great genius and may be a comic artist some day, has been told that Benjamin West made a brush from the hair of a cat's tail. Thomas succeeds in making a brush, but the cat has lost all enthusiasm.—Life.

ODDS AND ENDS.

"Doctor, you ought to take a vacation." "My dear fellow, I tried that once and it proved most disastrous. It was at least six weeks after I came back before my patients got into the way of being sick again. I tell you it doesn't pay for a man to let his business go at loose ends."

PERFECT HEALTH—Can only be attained by carefully attending to the laws of nature as expressed in the wants of the system. To do this successfully requires the use of Burdock Blood Bitters occasionally, to secure the regulating and strengthening effect of this splendid medicine.

"Who's there?" said Jenkins, one cold winter night, disturbed in his repose by some one knocking at the street door." "A friend," was the answer. "What do you want?" "Want to stay here all night." "Queer taste, ain't it? But stay there by all means," was the benevolent answer.

HOW IT WORKS.—The mode of operating of Burdock Blood Bitters is that it works at one and the same time upon the Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Blood, to cleanse, regulate and strengthen. Hence its almost universal value in chronic complaints.

The late George Sturge, of England, left more than $1,250,000 for various charities.

THE DEAF HEAR.—After eight years suffering from Deafness, so bad that I was unable to attend to my business, I was cured by the use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil. With gratitude I make this known for the benefit of others afflicted. Harry Ricardo, Toronto, Ont.

Mr. Bright was recently seen wearing a coat not of the conventional Quaker pattern.

A GOOD OFFER.—Is made by the proprietors of Hagyard's Yellow Oil, who have long offered to refund every cent expended for that remedy if it fails to give satisfaction on fair trial for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sore Throat and all painful complaints for which it is recommended.

The material used in opium smoking is called a 'clay out." Nothing could be more appropriate.

UNITED POWER.—Burdock Blood Bitters unites in one combination remarkable powers as a tonic, blood-purifying, system-regulating and cleansing medicine. It has no equal in its power of curing all Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bowels and Blood.

Adam never had a mother in law. His wife needed no assistance in making trouble in the family.

BE ON YOUR GUARD—Against sudden Colds, irritating Coughs and Soreness of the Throat. Keep Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam at hand for these prevalent troubles of Winter and Spring. It is the best safeguard.

Women are contradictory creatures. When they say they will give you a piece of their mind they give you no peace.

A Good Investment

is that which yields large returns from a small outlay. Reader, the way is clear! No speculation, no chance, big returns! If you are like most of mankind you have somewhere a weakness—don't feel at all times just as you'd like to—headache today, backache to-morrow, down sick next week—all because your blood is out of order. A small outlay and what large returns! You invest in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and soon pure, fresh blood courses through your veins, and you are another being!

He held her hand and her fingers pressed
But he never spoke of love,
For he was a clerk, and at her request
He was trying on a glove.

Living Witnesses!

Ask anyone who has used Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets as to their merits. They will tell you that pimples, blotches and eruptions disappear; that constipation—that bane of disorders—is relieved; that the appetite is restored; that the whole system is renovated and regulated beyond any conception by these little wonder workers. Being purely vegetable, they are perfectly harmless; being composed of concentrated, active ingredients, they are powerful! Purge and purify the system and disease will be unknown. Of all druggists.

Undertaker (to widow, after the funeral)—"I trust, my dear madam, that you found my services satisfactory?" Widow—"Oh, yes, Mr. Mould, I was very much pleased with everything."

He Did Not Get an Audience.

The Listener has heard another characteristic story of the great Russler, generalissimo of the house of Smith, Smyth & Co. Russler now has in attendance in his anteroom a colored man of distinguished appearance, who serves as a sort of a breakwater to the mighty flood of business that is supposed to continually roll in upon the great man of affairs. The other day an old friend and companion of Russler's, a plain, rustic sort of fellow, took it into his head to call and congratulate him on his rise in the world. They had been hail fellows well met all their past life, and the old friend felt it would be always so between them. He called, and was confronted by the colored porter.

"I want to see Russler," said the old friend.

"Cahd, sah," said the porter, icily.

"Card? I haven't got any card," said the visitor, "I don't carry 'em."

"Have to pass in your cahd, sah, befo' you kin see Mr. Russler."

The visitor tore a bit of paper out of a notebook and wrote his name on it. "There," he said, "I guess that'll do."

The colored man glanced at it rather askance, but took it in to the inner sanctuary. In a few minutes he returned with a condescending smile on his face.

"Mr. Russler, sah," said he, "will grant you a audience in three-quahtahs of an hour."

The visitor was some moments in catching his breath.

"An audience!" he exclaimed. "And in three-quarters of an hour! Well, I'm afraid when the time is up he won't find his 'audience.' I've got other fish to fry meantime. Tell his highness, please, that I'll have to attend at the palace some other day; I've got a load o' taters that's got to be sold. Good day!"—Boston Transcript.

Heavy Artillery.

Bagley—I see that all the great guns they are building nowadays are rifled.

Gagley—Not all. Some of the 'great guns' of society that I have talked to lately are nothing but "smooth bores."—Life.

The Extreme.

Mabel (a stranger in town)—Is Maude Hiffy a girl who cares much for style?

Mamie—Style! I should think so. Why, they say the affected thing eats her meals off a fashion plate.—New Haven News.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

RICHLY Rewarded are those who read this and then act; they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made and are now making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make $5 and upwards per day, who is willing to work. Either sex, young or old; capital not needed; we start you. Everything new. No special ability required; you, reader, can do it as well as any one. Write to us at once for full particulars, which we mail free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland Maine

BREADMAKER'S YEAST.

THE BREAD MAKER 5c YEAST

BREAD made of this Yeast took 172 First Prizes at Ontario Fall Shows in 1887.

Over 10,000 ladies have written to say that it surpasses any yeast ever used by them.

It makes the lightest, whitest, sweetest bread, rolls, buns and buckwheat pancakes.

Bakers in nearly every town in Canada are using it.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

DEEP Sea Wonders exist in thousands of forms, but are surpassed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallet & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free, full information how either sex of all ages, can earn from $5 to $25 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 in a single day at his work. All succeed.

The Lime Kiln Club.

"It ar' my dooty to explain," said Brother Gardner, as the hall grew quiet, "dat the Hon. Gawge Washington Jones, of Memphis, arrove hear two days ago on purpose to deliber a lecktur' befo' dis club. De name of his lecktur' ar. 'How an' When to Economize.' I had a chance to look de gem'lan ober an' size him up, an' las' night I walked him down to de ribber, pinted across to Canada an' told him to skip. He skipped. Sich of you as had your moufs all ready fur sumthin' good, will no doubt feel a bit disappinted until I furder explain. By a keerful study of de Hon. Jones I diskibered most of his pints.

"I found dat he was economizin' on boot heels to buy mo' brass watch chain.

"He was makin' one shirt las' him doorin' de spring semn in order to buy fo' pink collars which reached up to his ears.

"He hadn't any underclothes, but he had a galvanized watch dat run twenty-six hours to de day.

"He was barfut in his butes, but he wore a glass diamond dat nebber cost less dan thirty cents.

"He hadn't any obercoat, but he wore a pair o' bewtiful yaller kid gloves dat made ebery street kyar hoss stop dead in his tracks.

"While he didn't carry a comb nor brush, he stecked out wid a blue handkerchief on which de czar of Russia might have ached to blow his nose.

"He showed me a dozen blank checks on varus banks dat he was luggin' arour' fur show, but it took his las' nickle to git across to Canada.

"He had a bewtiful way of speakin' to you, but three different policemen war gwine to him in fur a suspicious character.

"While he hadn't had a good squar' meal fur two weeks, he was armed wid a dozen cheap cigars to make a show on de streets.

"I looked ober him, an' under him, an' all arun' him, an' I cum to de conclushun dat we didn't want any of his hints on economy. I didn't want to seem too cold and severe wid him, an' arter turnin' de subjick ober in my mind I decided dat de United States was an onhealthy climate fur his system."

On motion of Waydown Bebee the thanks of the club were tendered the president for his action in the case, and a resolution of sympathy was extended to Pickles Smith for having loaned the Hon. Jones $2 in cash without security.—Detroit Free Press.

The Rhyme of the Doglet.

Two lovers linger ing on a stooplet,
Beneath the stars so still and grand—
In dreams he saw the wedding hooplet
Of gold upon her tiny hand.

He slightly leaned upon his canelet,
A timid youth, and frail to see,
And in his heart he felt a pinlet,
For love was young and so was he!

They had partaken of a creamlet,
As lovers will when they are twain,
And now were busy on the schemelet
Of where and how to meet again.

Meanwhile, unto the lone back yardlet
Her father sneaked; a chain let go,
Alack, fond love, and, alack, hardlet
That must relate this tale of woe!

The youth went bounding like a goatlet,
With yell and shriek he outward sped.
The dog returned. A piece of coatlet
Hung from his mouth. Love's dream was dead.

—Madeline S. Bridges in Judge.

The Course of True Love Etc.

He—Here, dear Beatrice, far, far from the busy haunts of men, where no eye can see nor no voice reach us, let me assure you——

(It was at this particular moment that a well known exclamation reached their ears.)—Life.

She Sized Him Up.

The local newspaper of Seymour, Conn., says that a citizen of that place recently drove out to Zoar bridge to see the ice heaps still remaining. At the toll gate was a young woman "with strong attractions for a white horse," as the editor puts it, and the citizen thought he might safely quiz her a bit. She answered all his questions demurely and with no apparent thought of malice, but when, having had his little joke, he asked her what it cost to go over the bridge, the answer came back: "If you could read that sign you'd see for yourself. Hog, one cent; jackass, two. Give us two cents!"—New York Sun.

It Might Be Done.

Mrs. Peterby (to new servant)—The last servant had a habit of going into the parlor with her young man and sitting there the whole evening. Have you a young man?

New Servant—No, mum; but I might get one with such inducements offered.—Judge.

Fraternal.

She—No, Mr. Brown, you need not hope. I can never be more than a sister——

He—A sister! Lend me five dollars.—Detroit Free Press.

The Other Kind.

She—Sorry to miss you the other night when you called, but I was at a progressive euchre party and won a prize.

He (with much meaning)—Ah, but you might have done the same at home!

She—True—but I never play for the Booby.—Life.

OVER WORKED Women.

For "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated school teachers, milliners, seamstresses, housekeepers, and over-worked women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all restorative tonics. It is not a "Cure-all," but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent Specific for all those Chronic Weaknesses and Diseases peculiar to women. It is a powerful, general as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, and imparts vigor and strength to the whole system. It promptly cures weakness of stomach, indigestion, bloating, weak back, nervous prostration, debility and sleeplessness, in either sex. Favorite Prescription is sold by druggists under our positive *guarantee*. See wrapper around bottle. **Price $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.**

A large treatise on Diseases of Women, profusely illustrated with colored plates and numerous wood-cuts, sent for 10 cents in stamps. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SICK HEADACHE, Bilious Headache, and Constipation, promptly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. 25c. a vial, by druggists.

WE WANT POTATOES.

WE HANDLED 60,000 BUSHELS POTATOES LAST SPRING.

And made money for our Shippers. Having decided to sell in small lots from Store, to get outside prices, we want a few more good shippers Write us and ship to

HATHEWAY & CO.

General Commission Merchants,

22 CENTRAL WHARF, BOSTON, MASS

Members Chambers of Commerce, Established 1868

Boston, Oct. 4th, 1887

FOR A GOOD Substantial, Sensible PRESENT! —IN— FURNITURE GO TO ADAMS'

AND GET An Easy Chair, Platform Rocker, Splint Chair & Rocker, Carpet Rocker, Student's Chair.

—ALSO—

Cabinets, Music Stands, Work Tables, Fancy Stands, Foot Rests, Shaving Cases, Slipper Boxes, etc.

CHILDREN'S PRESENTS — High and Low Chairs and Rockers, in Carpet, Cane, Perforated, Willow and Splint; Rocking Horses, Bureaus, Bedsteads, etc.

BARGAINS—A great variety of Fancy and Useful Articles in Wooden Ware from 25 cts. up.

ADAMS'

COUNTY COURT HOUSE SQUARE

Fredericton, Dec. 19th

"GOLDEN FLEECE."

THE CHEAP SALE.

—OF—

DRESS GOODS, PRINTS, COTTON, HAMBURGS, TWEEDS, HOMEPUNS, CRETONNES, FLANNELS,

Still Continues. Also, a Lot of

DRESS GOODS

For 8 and 10 Cents, former price, 25 and 30 cents.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF

T. A. SHARKEY.

Fredericton, Oct 4th, 1887

FAIRBANK'S YELLOW OIL CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults.

IMPORTANT.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELLERY,

MARKED DOWN TO SUIT ALL.

GOODS ALL NEW.

A FINE LINE OF SILK CHAINS AT F. J. McCAUSLAND'S

Fredericton, Dec. 15th, 1887

'88 SPRING '88

NEW GOODS

JUST ARRIVING AT THE "IMPERIAL HALL."

ALL THE NEWEST SHADES AND DESIGNS.

Fancy Trowserings, Fancy Suitings and Diagonals. A nice line of

OVERCOATINGS

for Spring and Summer wear.

CALL AND SEE THEM. PRICES LOW. GOOD FIT GUARANTEED.

ALSO

NEW HATS,

All the Latest Styles. Call and Examine

Gents' Furnishings always on hand.

THOMAS STANGER,

280 QUEEN STREET FREDERICTON N. B.

Fredericton, March 1st. 1888.

A. LIMERICK & CO.

York street, Fredericton.

GASFITTING & PLUMBING

Attended to in all its branches.

HOT AIR FURNACES PUT UP IN LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

With Dumb Register for ventilation. Hot and Cold Air.

Creamers, Milk Pans, and Strainers.

A. LIMERICK & CO.

Desires to inform the public that he has a Large Stock of the above articles, which he will sell Wholesale or Retail, cheaper than ever offered in the market before. Remember these Goods are of our own manufacture, and are of the very best material. Parties wanting Creamers or Milk Pans would do well by calling and examining before purchasing elsewhere.

Fredericton, April 12, 1888.

To Travellers

Northern and Western RAILWAY.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect June 5th, 1888.

TRAINS RUN ON EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

A Passenger and Freight Train will leave Gibson every morning (Sunday excepted) for Chatham.

LEAVE GIBSON

6:30 a.m: Marysville, 6:45; Manzer's Siding, 7:10; Durham, 7:25; Cross Creek, 8:5; Boiestown, 9: 0; Doaktown, 10: 0; Upper Blackville, 11:20; Blackville, 11:50; Upper Nelson Boom, 12:45 p.m; Chatham Junction, 1:0; arrive at Chatham, 1:50.

RETURNING LEAVE CHATHAM

7:00, a.m: Chatham Junction, 7:40; Upper Nelson Boom, 7:55; Blackville 8:00; Upper Blackville 8:30; Doaktown, 10:45; Boiestown, 11:45; Cross Creek, 12:0 p.m; Durham, 1:40; Manzer's Siding, 1:55; Marysville, 2:20; arriving at Gibson at 2:30.

Connections are made at Chatham Junction with the I. C. Railway for all points East and West, and at Gibson with the N. B. Railway for all Western points and St. John, and at Cross Creek with Stage for Stanley.

THOMAS HOBEN, Superintendent.

Gibson, N. B., June 2nd. 1888.

New Brunswick R'ly COMPANY.

ALL RAIL LINE.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS

IN EFFECT APRIL 2ND, 1888.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

—:LEAVE FREDERICTON:—

6 00 A. M.—Express for St. John and intermediate points for McAdam Junction Vanceboro, Bangor, Portland, Boston and points west, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque Isle, Grand Falls, Edmundston, and points north.

11 30 A. M.—For Fredericton Junction St. John and points east.

3 25 P. M.—For Fredericton Junction, St. John and points East

—:ARRIVE AT FREDERICTON:—

8 55 A. M.—From Fredericton Junction and from St. John and all points East.

2 15 P. M.—From Fredericton Junction, Vanceboro, Bangor, Portland, Boston and points West; St Andrews, St. Stephen, Houlton and Woodstock.

7 25 P. M.—Express from St. John and intermediate points.

—:LEAVE GIBSON:—

8 00 A. M.—Express for Woodstock, and points north.

—:ARRIVE AT GIBSON:—

5 55 P. M.—Express from Woodstock and points north.

H. D. McLEOD, Supt. Southern Division. | F. W. CRAM, General Manager

A. J. HEATH, General Pass. and Ticket Agent.

St. John, N. B., March 29th, 1887.

TRY OUR

R. F. B.

$1.00

UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS!

They are Reinforced Front and Back, and the best quality and fitting Shirt in the market.

FOR SALE BY US ONLY.

C. H. THOMAS & CO,

224 QUEEN STREET.

N. B.—Our terms for these Shirts at the above price are Cash, when booked we will charge $1.10.

C. H. THOMAS & CO

Fredericton, May 19.

JUST RECEIVED:

BATH SPONGES, Assorted Sizes

CARRIAGE SPONGES, Assorted Sizes.

FINEST TURKEY SPONGES Assorted Sizes.

SLATE SPONGES, All Sizes.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE.

DAVIS & Co

STAPLES

DRUGGISTS,

Cor. Queen & York Sts., Fredericton

Fredericton, Oct 4th, 1887

FOR SALE.

Hemlock and Spruce Boards, ROUGH AND PLANED.

Ash Boards, Spruce Scantling, Clapboards, Cedar Shingles.

Apply to

A. F. Randolph & Son.

Fredericton March 13th, 1888.

STEAMER FLORENCEVILLE.

Steamer Florenceville will leave Fredericton for Woodstock and intermediate Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 a. m. Returning will leave Woodstock every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m.

WM. GIBSON, Agent.

Fredericton, May 8th, 1888.