

HAVELOCK STANDARD

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HAVELOCK, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JAN. 4, 1899.

\$1.00 PER YEAR.

FOUR MAXIM WHEELS

Will be Forwarded From England to Replace the Broken Ones.

HAMILTON MEN LEAVE TO-DAY.

Winnipeg Men Also En Route Preparations at Ottawa for Dispatching the second Contingent—Hamilton Preparing a Big Celebration—Orangeville's Generosity to its Own Contingent.

Ottawa, Jan. 2.—Hon. Dr. Borden was in communication yesterday with the High Commissioner's Office in London, and received a cable informing him that four spare wheels for Maxim guns had been sent forward to South Africa to Col. Otter. Two of the wheels on the Maxim guns had been broken, and this is to replace them and to have two on hand ready for use. Col. Otter cabled to the Militia Department in the first instance, asking for the wheels. Another cable was received, from Lord Strathcona stating that as only three Maxim guns were to be had to accompany the present contingent from Canada to South Africa, and that a fourth was wanted and could not be had, a Colt gun would be forwarded instead. So that there will be three Maxim guns, and one Colt on galloping carriages.

Although it was a departmental holiday there were no signs of it around the Militia Department. All the chief officers were busy at work all day with matters pertaining to the contingent. Lieut.-Col. Macdonald, the chief director of stores, who deservedly earned so much praise for the prompt and efficient way in which he arranged for the departure of the first contingent, is leaving nothing undone to merit the approval of all parties in outfitting and equipping the second contingent. Yesterday he forwarded to Halifax 125 belt tests complete, 2,500 blankets, 300 sets of saddlery, besides head ropes and numerous other articles. Hon. Dr. Borden and Lieut.-Colonel Pinault, his deputy, were also in their offices the greater part of the day.

LEAVING HAMILTON TO-DAY.

Hamilton, Jan. 2.—The local members of the second contingent will leave for Kingston this afternoon, and will be given a good send-off by the field battery and the 13th Batt., as well as by the citizens in general. They will leave on the 3.40 train and will be joined here by the St. Catharines section of the contingent. Orders have been issued to the 4th Field Battery and the 13th Batt. by their respective commanders. Major J. S. Hendrie and Lieut.-Col. McLaren, to turn out in honor of the South Africa soldiers this afternoon. The 13th will parade at 2.45 and the battery boys about the same time at the gun sheds. Numerous presents have been made to the members of the contingent who belong to this city. Yesterday was spent in saying good-byes.

WINNIEPEG'S QUOTA LEAVES.

Winnipeg, Jan. 2.—With only 24 hours' notice 18 men of the battery contingent from Winnipeg left yesterday for Kingston en route to the Transvaal. Thousands of citizens were at the depot and cheered and cheered again as the train left for the east. The men are a fine-looking lot and will do credit to Canada.

ENTHUSIASM AT ORANGEVILLE.

Orangeville, Ont., Jan. 2.—An enthusiastic meeting was held yesterday afternoon in the Town Hall to bid farewell to Maitland E. Stewart, familiarly known as "Dime," who has enlisted to serve with the Mounted Infantry of South Africa. Although it was not known of "Dime's" enlistment until 8.30, when the evening train arrived from Toronto on Saturday, before midnight a purse of \$250 was subscribed, which was presented yesterday to Mr. Stewart at the Town Hall in the presence of some 700 patriotic citizens. Mayor Walsh occupied the chair and delivered an able and touching address, at the same time presenting the purse to Mr. Stewart, who replied briefly, but with great feeling. Mr. Walsh was followed by Dr. Barr, M. P. P. for Dufferin; W. H. Hunter, Joseph Pattullo, Rev. R. W. Dickie, Dr. Lewis, J. E. Booth, John Neil, Mayor-elect Still, Richard Allen, G. J. Brett and others, all of whom delivered speeches pregnant with patriotic sentiments and eulogy of Mr. Stewart and of Mr. J. J. Hubbard, another citizen of the town, who enlisted, but, owing to orders, to report for duty on Saturday evening, was unfortunately not able to be present. It may be mentioned, however, that Mr. W. H. Hunter, one of the largest and most popular farmers in this section, presented Mr.

Stewart with his campaign horse, and that he was also, before leaving, presented with a purse and an insurance policy of \$1,000, which was paid for by the Town Council. It is the intention of the County Council at its next meeting to insure Mr. Stewart for \$1,000, to be disposed of as he may direct. Fully 2,000 people gathered at the C. P. R. depot to give Mr. Stewart a last handshake, and he was carried beyond sight and hearing, perhaps for a last time, amid the strains of "Soldiers of the Queen."

ORILLIA'S QUOTA.

Orillia, Ont., Jan. 2.—The town of Orillia gave her quota to the second contingent for South Africa a great send-off yesterday. The departing volunteers were Messrs. C. N. Hoy and Clem B. Newton, who came up from Montreal, where they had enlisted, to say good-bye to their parents and friends. An immense crowd turned out to cheer the boys as they boarded the train. The Citizens' Band escorted the Town Council and prominent citizens to the depot, and played music suitable to the occasion. Mr. James B. Tudhope, Mayor-elect, said a few words of farewell on behalf of the town, and presented each of the boys with \$25. As the train moved slowly out, three rousing cheers were given and the National Anthem sung.

MOTIVE'S RAISED OBJECTIONS.

Toronto, Jan. 2.—In compliance with orders received from Ottawa to continue recruiting for the second troop of A Squadron and the artillery, Surgeon-Major Nattress, P.M.O., yesterday examined and passed five men—four for the mounted infantry and one for the artillery. The men will be sworn in to-day, and the recruiting station will remain open until further notice.

Owing to objections being raised by their parents, two of the men who had been sworn in for artillery will be compelled to remain at home. One of them is under age, and his mother positively refused to allow him to accompany the contingent, and his name will be struck off the list. The other one will be allowed by the officers to go, providing he can gain the consent of his people.

THE TRANSPORT IS ON HAND.

Halifax, N.S., Jan. 2.—The steamer Montezuma has arrived from New Orleans to take the troops to South Africa.

MR. BRUCH ON THE WAR.

Montreal, Jan. 2.—Archbishop Bruch, in the course of a sermon preached in St. James' Cathedral at the special midnight mass in celebration of the holy year, alluded to the present war in South Africa. It was a matter of regret that the holy year should not have been opened with universal peace. But, instead, fear and unrest were in all hearts. The nation whose flag protected them had entered upon a war, the consequences of which must affect them. Already their sons had departed for the field of battle, and others would soon join. His Grace made an earnest invocation for the speedy restoration of peace.

LATEST DUTCH PLOT.

Hiding on Foot With Object of Seizing Cape Town and Decks

Cape Town, Dec. 31.—Ugly rumors are in circulation of a Dutch rising, with the object of seizing Cape Town and the docks and capturing the Governor of Cape Colony, Sir Alfred Milner. The centre of the movement is said to be Paarl, a village about 30 miles from Cape Town, where a meeting of the Afrikaner Bund was held yesterday. A similar meeting was held at Richmond on Dec. 28, and it is reported that the members of the Bund in these two towns are acting in concert.

The members of the Bund at Wellington and the Dutch in Clan William district are said to be armed with Mausers, and to be anxious to use them in behalf of the Boers.

Although the stories of a rising are discredited, the police and military are taking ample precautions.

THE FRENCH SHORE QUESTION.

Modus Vivendi Will Be Passed Unanimously by Both Houses.

London, Jan. 2.—The second edition of The Times publishes a despatch from St. John's, Newfoundland, dated Dec. 31, saying:

"All the political parties agree that a renewal of the modus vivendi for another year is a measure which will unanimously pass both Houses about April 15. All the colonists are united in a desire to assist the Empire by every possible means."

IT IS A GREAT RELIEF.

The fear that Newfoundland would refuse to renew the modus vivendi has been a bugbear to the Imperial Government, many of the authorities declaring that it constituted the gravest possibility of complications with France. Thus the news that the modus vivendi will be renewed has been received with the greatest relief.

\$30,000 IN DEBT

The Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto.

A Charitable Institution Caring for Sick and Crippled Children from All Parts of the Province of Ontario.



Group of Six Patients now in the Hospital.—(From a photograph.)

With another year's work added to the twenty-two years of its existence, the Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, has sent out its report of the good that it has done. In 23 years the Hospital has nursed and treated 3,000 pain-stricken children, which is a great record. Last year over 5,000 children were treated in the indoor and outdoor departments. The fame of the Hospital has traveled far indeed, for the little patients are brought to its doors from all parts of the province. Some marvellous cures have been effected by its skillful physicians, while many a little crippled child has recovered the use of deformed limbs under the care of its surgeons. No expense is spared in any single case when there is the least hope of such expenditure proving beneficial.

The better to procure the appliances needed in curing the deformities of many little patients, the Hospital Trustees have this year added a very important department to the Hospital. A building adjoining the large Hospital on College street was purchased, and in it were placed the machinery and material needed for the making of all kinds of appliances needed in different cases of surgery. An expert workman has been secured from New York to superintend the making of these appliances to the exact measurements and design submitted by the surgeons attending each case.

The results have been eminently satisfactory. Not only is it possible to get these appliances quickly and correctly made for each patient, but the expense has been greatly reduced, and endless savings will be effected. Many of the little patients come from homes where every dollar is needed for every day needs, and where the parents could not possibly afford to supply the braces, supports and orthopedic apparatus, let alone secure the attendance of the eminent surgeons who dedicate their services to the Hospital.

Picture the improvement that must follow to a crippled child piteously suffering from some spinal disease, lying perhaps in a dark corner on a hard bed, and attended lovingly but intermittently by a hard working mother. Picture the improvement in that child's prospects of recovery when taken into the bright atmosphere of a hospital ward, where it will be carefully and tenderly nursed and where every care of modern surgical and medical science will be given it.

It would make one's heart ache to see the surroundings of discomfort where some of these little lives have been slowly ebbing away until word of the Hospital's existence has brought a promise of health to the child and the pleasure of hope to the parents. We take pleasure in telling our readers of this noble institution, for who knows but some of the little ones within this district may even now have need of its services! The Trustees desire us to announce that the doors of the Hospital are thrown wide open to receive any sick or crippled child under 14 years of age who could be benefited by its

skill. And its services are free to little children whose parents cannot afford the small fee charged. None are refused admission. For this Hospital was founded in 1875 by great-hearted men and women, who saw the need of the special care necessary for sick, destitute and friendless children, little ones who, through misfortune, disease and poverty could not help themselves, though to-day its fame has spread, and many of the Hospital patients come from stately homes as well as humble dwellings. What charity has so great a claim on the sympathies of men, women and children!

The Hospital is one of the largest institutions of its kind in the world. In it there is accommodation for 200 children. To-day there are more than 100 patients in the cots—babies, boys and girls.

In close affiliation with the Hospital is The Lakeside Home for Little Children, the convalescent branch, where all the patients who can be moved are taken to spend the warm summer months. The Lakeside Home was a gift of a Toronto gentleman to the Hospital. It is located on the south-west corner of Toronto Island, and the situation is a breezy and health-giving one.

This great charity is supported by the voluntary contributions of the people of Ontario. The ordinary expenditure last year was over \$50,000. Yet, thanks to the generosity of the public, this expense was met, and \$25,000 was paid off the mortgage, which had been retarding and harassing the work for years.

There is still left a mortgage of \$25,000 and a bank overdraft of \$5,000, or a total debt of \$30,000. If the friends of the Hospital are just a little more liberal this year, that huge indebtedness will be lifted, and the Hospital for Sick Children will swing into the twentieth century free from debt.

The Trustees are making a special Christmas appeal for money to discharge this debt. They know they have the kindly sympathy of every one for a mother charity, which stands erect, with arms outstretched, ready to gather into its embrace the sick and ailing little creatures who are entitled to health, the first great need to a fair start on life's journey.

They will be pleased to send a report of any required particulars to any reader of this paper.

All they ask is a dollar from each kind heart—or more if you feel you can spare it.

A donation of \$100 will support a cot in the Hospital for one year.

A donation of \$2,000 will endow a cot for all time.

And \$1 is an appreciable gift. For many dollars will follow yours. He who gives quickly gives twice.

Through the columns of the Toronto Evening Telegram each donation will be acknowledged, as well as in the Annual Report. J. Ross Robertson, Chairman of the Hospital Trust, Toronto, to whom donations may be sent, will also send written acknowledgment of any donations as soon as received.

Dr. Marchaux's Remedies

Detroit, Mich. Windsor, Ont.

Are Guaranteed to CURE.

They Have Stood The Test For Ten Years.

No. 4.

Sure cure for boils, skin diseases, blackheads, and pimples.

No. 17.

Sure cure for Kidney and Bladder troubles, wetting the bed etc.

No. 20.

Sure cure for Headache, Neuralgia, Faceache and Toothache.

No. 44.

Sure cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago—this is the only remedy that will effect a positive cure.

TRY IT.

TESTIMONIAL.—(Copy.)

Our Medical, Advisory Department, under the personal supervision of Dr. Louis Marchaux, is free to every sufferer. If you cannot visit them in person, consult them by mail. It costs them you nothing but the postage. Write them fully just how you feel—tell us in your own words.

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A. L. R. WILSON.

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Free to all.

I, W. HILL, of the City of Windsor in the County of Essex do solemnly declare that I have been troubled for years with Rheumatism, and was treated by four of the leading Doctors of this City and received no relief. I was recommended by a friend to try Dr. Marchaux's No. 44, and after six weeks treatment I am able to be out again and follow my occupation as carpenter and contractor. Previous to taking your medicine I was totally disabled. I have lived here for 19 years and my friends are surprised to see me out again. Wishing you success I remain,

Yours Truly GEO. W. HILL. Declared before me the 5th of Nov. 98. Alex. Bartlett, Police Magistrate. For sale at A. G. Davidson's.