imported peas. It is satisfactory to know that the demand for coppered peas is not largely in evidence in Canada; and that the colouring of peas with copper is not known to Canadian industry.

The conditions under which copper is permitted as a colouring material in peas, require (1) That the copper in the peas shall not exceed 80 parts per million. (3) That the copper in the imbedding liquid shall not exceed 10 parts per million. (3) That declaration of the presence of copper shall be made on the label.

Our work shows that no noteworthy excess of copper in the peas themselves occurs in any of these samples.

Excess of copper in the imbedding liquid is found in five samples. The amount varies from 20 to 78 parts per million.

The presence of copper is declared in three samples. Twenty-three samples contain copper without mention of this fact on the label.

I beg to recommend publication of this report as Bulletin No. 366.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your chedient servant,

> A. McGILL, Chief Analyst.

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