FREIGHT CARS

In 1896, the total number of freight cars in use for traffic was 25,515, with a total tonnage capacity of	473,877 tons.
In 1907, there were in use 32,019 freight	•
cars with a total capacity of	896,035 tons.
An increase over 1896 of	6,504 cars.
and in tonnage capacity of	422,158 tons, or 80.1%

The following table shows the tonnage capacity for the years mentioned, with the percentages of increases:—

Year.	Total No. of Cars.	Tonnage Capacity.	Average Capacity per car.	Percentage of increase over 1896	
				Tonnage Capacity.	Per Car.
1896	25,515	473,877	18.57		
1900	25,34I	534,819	21.10	12.7	13.6
1904	28,689	733,915	25.58	54.9	37.8
1907	32,019	896,035	28.00	89.1	50.8

The above figures include Canada Atlantic Railway equipment, which being largely of old type, and small capacity, unfavorably affect the comparisons.

The following statement gives in a summarized forr the amount expended under the foregoing heads:—

the amount expended under the rosebonie menes.	
New Rails.	\$12,737,215
New Double Track	9,089,994
New General Office Buildings	1,050,000
New Stations	795,881
New Engine Houses	608,405.
New Coal Chutes	356,471
Renewing Bridges	7,712,072
New Engines	6,055,715
New Passenger Cars	1,911,495
New Freight Cars	12,646,500
Total	\$52,963,748