

prison dresses, such as are prescribed by Rule 16 of the rules of the House of Commons. That the gaoler be allowed to get a sufficient number of Prison Rules, necessary for use, printed.

3rd. We do recommend that the Clerk of this Council do advertise for tenders for feeding and supplying the prisoners confined in the County Jail of these United Counties, and that he would have authority to do so.

4th. We have laid before the memorial of Mr. Samuel Bothwell, contractor for the new jail, and have also heard him upon the subject. Mr. Bothwell laid before your Committee a certificate from Mr. G. A. Kester, Clerk of the said Works, to the effect that the Jailor's house, and coping of yard walls is 32,500 cubic feet. Also a certificate from John Marion, dealer in stone, that the same, furnished from Bathurst, he considers worth 26 1/2 per foot. Also the certificate from Ralph Davidson, dealer in the same stone, that he had represented to Mr. Bothwell, when making out his tender that this stone could be produced at 16 a foot; but he finds by his experience that it is worth 45 cents.

Your Committee, in view of Mr. Bothwell's statement in his memorial, that he estimated the same stone used by him at 14 a foot, cannot doubt but that he would sustain considerable loss therein, as set out in his memorial, to which we refer for particulars.

Mr. Hagart, a member of Committee, states on being referred to by Mr. Bothwell, that at the time of last meeting of Council, he was applied to by Mr. Bothwell in reference to this subject, with a view of bringing the same before the Council, but Mr. Bothwell says that Mr. Howry, the architect, advised him to complete the contract and then apply to the Council for an allowance against his loss.

We recommend that the memorial of Mr. Bothwell do lie over until the next meeting of the Council, to enable this Committee and through them the Council, further to investigate the matter.

On request of the Sheriff, we recommend that the room formerly used as a kitchen, by the jailer, be allowed him to store goods in under seizure.

Council Room, Perth, Jan. 28, 1864.
Wm. DORAN, Chairman.
Wm. DORAN, [under].
W. ROBERTSON, [protest].
A. COPE.

In amendment,
Mr. Robertson moved, seconded by Mr. Dods, and

Resolved,—That after the words "Mr. Bothwell," in the last clause, the whole be struck out and the following substituted:—"that your Committee cannot entertain the idea of granting any increase upon the original contract price."

Carried upon the following division, viz:
Yeas—Messrs Robertson, Purdon, Clumbers, Guthrie, Conn, McGregor, Stanley, Spalding, Kippen, Dods, McDougall, Clark, Scott, Tait, and Dickson—15.
Nays—Messrs. Hagart, Buell, Cook, and Doran—4. (The Reeves of Lanark only voting.)

The Report as amended was then put and adopted.

Mr. McGregor moved, seconded by Mr. Conn, and

Resolved,—That the Railway Committee now appointed by By-law, are hereby instructed to obtain, if possible from the reconstructed Brookville and Ottawa Railway Company, a special and sufficient guarantee or security for all interest due, and to secure, on debentures against the United Counties of Lanark and Renfrew, to the Government, up to the 31st day of December, 1866.

The Council then adjourned to ten o'clock A. M., to-morrow.

ROBERT R. SMITH, Warden.

January 30.

The Council assembled this morning a quorum present, and the Warden in the chair.

The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read, adopted and the Warden signed them.

The Treasurer submitted two Reports which were read and referred to the Finance Committee. [N. B.—The business being nearly finished, these reports were let stand over to next Session.]

Mr. Robertson presented a Report from the Finance Committee, which was read and adopted as follows:

To the Warden and Councilors of the United Counties of Lanark and Renfrew in Council assembled:

Your Committee on Finance to whom was referred the following accounts and statements, having carefully examined the same, beg leave to submit the following Report and recommend that the accounts hereto appended be paid, viz:

J. D. Kellock & Co., for Oil, Turpentine &c. \$13 99 1/2
George Corry blacksmith work..... 8 00
W. & C. W. Botsford, Store..... 8 05
Wm. Butler, Store Pipes, Tin Dish-pan &c..... 34 69

Account of Perth Board of Public Instruction..... 18 74
" Lanark "..... 18 90
" Falkland "..... 18 50
" Carleton Place "..... 21 90

James Shaw, 2 Stores for Gaol..... 22 00
A. Kippen, work on Sheriff's Rooms, &c..... 124 84 1/2

Gaoler's account, Stone Breading, &c., for Gaol..... 132 18
Robert Menzies, Carpenter work..... 15 40
Roaf & Downey, for Legal services on the Bail System, the Brookville & Ottawa Railway Company and the Municipalities..... 57 90

Sheriff's account for 1863..... 137 00
J. E. Nelson, advertising Meeting of Board of Public Instruction, Renfrew..... 4 76

Wm. Gill, cleaning Court House..... 5 90
Calra & Scott, advertising Meeting of Board of Public Instruction, Renfrew..... 7 89

George Ross, Salary as Clerk to the Board of Public Instruction, Renfrew, for 1863..... 16 00

Your Committee have also had under consideration, as account from George Ross, claiming a balance of \$40, as Secretary to the Board of Public Instruction, County of Renfrew, with other contingent expenses, and also the amount of \$16, being Salary as such Secretary for 1863. Your Committee are of opinion that the \$50 voted the said George Ross at last October Session, is sufficient to cover all claims legally due him up to June, 1862; and would recommend that he be paid only the sum of \$16, being the amount allowed him by said board as a salary for 1863.

Your Committee deem it their duty to direct the attention of the Council to the tardiness manifested by the Committees appointed during the June Session of 1862, to inspect the Books of the Brookville & Ottawa Railway Company, to submit a report or statement of the expenditure of the money drawn by them from the Treasurer of this Council, which was also under consideration, as there are still many members of said committee of inspection in the present month of April, and are hereby requested to furnish to this Council a full statement of the actual necessary expenses incurred by them while engaged in the discharge of their duties as such committee, and of the amount drawn by them from the Treasurer, said statement to be furnished during the present Session of Council.

Your Committee would further state that a considerable amount of dissatisfaction has been expressed by the members of your Committee from Renfrew, regarding the justice of charging the County of Renfrew, with any share of certain alterations made in the Sheriff's department, and while your Committee admit that there is some force in the objections made, while yet both Counties equally participate in their united capacity in the benefits and advantages accruing from said alterations they consider it impracticable to make any division in the charges referred to.

Your Committee have also had before them an account from Dr. Nichol as Jail Surgeon, which they recommend to be handed to the Quarter Sessions for payment, and to Mr. Bothwell, when making out to them for their consideration, a memorial from the same party requesting an increase of Salary as Gaol Surgeon, on account of the increased labor devolving upon him, in accordance with the new rules and regulations regarding Prisons. Your Committee would recommend that his salary be increased to eighty dollars (\$80) instead of forty dollars per annum.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. ROBERTSON, Chairman.
E. HARRINGTON,
R. LAW,
J. McD. CHAMBERS,
A. COPE.

Resolved.—On motion of Mr. Code, the By-law for the payment of all sums of money granted or allowed at this Session of Council, had the blanks filled in, in accordance with the report of Finance Committee, was read a second time.

Resolved.—On motion of the same party the By-law was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Murray moved, seconded by Mr. Tait, and

Resolved.—That the clerk be, and is hereby authorized, to procure immediately from the proper quarter the Weights and Measures for the County of Renfrew, and the deficiency of the County of Lanark, and to have the same repaired by this Council in January Session of 1863.

Mr. McDougall moved, seconded by Mr. Kippen, and

Resolved.—That the clerk of this Council be authorized to write to Edward Blake, Esq., of Toronto, requesting him to transmit, by express, the mortgage given to the Brookville and Ottawa Railway Company to these Municipalities, as well as any other papers relating thereto, which have been given to him by representatives of this Council.

Moved by Mr. Robertson, seconded by Mr. Doran, and

Resolved.—That, whereas, the office assigned to the Sheriff, having been assigned to C. Rice, Esq., Deputy Clerk of the Crown and there being no shelves or pigeon holes in said office for filing away papers or documents, the Gaol committee be, and they are hereby authorized, to have put up in said office such shelves and pigeon holes as may be necessary for said office.

Moved by Mr. J. Smith, seconded by Mr. Curwell, and

Resolved.—That the clerk of this Council do notify John Hagart, chairman of the Railway committee, appointed at the June Session, 1862, to make and hand into this Council at the June Session, a statement of how the money was expended that was drawn from the Treasury by him, as chairman of the said committee.

Mr. Robertson moved, seconded by Mr. Harrington, and

Resolved.—That the Warden, Clerk and Treasurer be, and they are hereby required, to carry on in their true intent and meaning, all motions resolutions and By-laws passed during the present Session of Council.

Mr. Law moved, seconded by Mr. Clark, and

Resolved.—That Messrs. Hagart, Buell, and the Warden be a committee on printing and that they be authorized, after every meeting of Council, to give out the printing of this Council, inclusive of the minutes, By-laws, and Reports and that the same be done in pamphlet form, or otherwise, as may be deemed most advisable; and that at least twelve copies for each Municipality be provided.

On motion of Mr. Code the Warden left the chair and Mr. Chambers took it, and Mr. Code moved, seconded by Mr. Doran, and

Resolved.—That the thanks of this Council be, and the same are hereby tendered to Robert R. Smith, Esq., Warden of these United Counties for the able and satisfactory manner in which he has presided over this Council during the present Session.

The Warden resumed the chair, and Mr. Code reported the foregoing resolution as carried unanimously.

The Warden then returned thanks, and the Council then adjourned to Tuesday, the 31st day of June next.

Memo. of transactions, Brookville and Ottawa Railway Company in reference to the interest of five cents on the \$ assumed by them on behalf of Lanark and Renfrew.

The first year of the interest, '59 \$13,067.25
Of which the Company paid from funds at their credit, after paying the Municipalities for Clergy Reserve money, 1865-7..... 1,366.88
Advanced by Company, \$8,500 } 10,000.00
do. do. \$1,500 } 1,700.00
Paid by the Counties, 1859..... 1,700.00

The interest for 1860 amount..... \$13,701.55
Paid by the Railway Comp'y, 1860 2,000.00
Counties paid..... 11,701.55

The Comp'y further paid in Jan. '61, towards interest of '60, \$1,94.98
Nothing paid by the Government for '61, '62, '63, amounting to \$42,945.50

WM. FRASER, County Treasurer, L. & R. County Treasurer's office, Perth, Feb. 1st, 1864.

The recent severe weather in the West, besides destroying the fruit trees, killed most of the grape vines in Missouri and other States.

On Saturday night last, or early on Sunday morning a foreigner known as the "Dane," who had resided in this place for several months, packed up his goods and chattels, and after borrowing all he could from his neighbors, left for the States. He was, however, overtaken within a few miles of Prescott by a constable, and divested of a part of his moveables; but which, also not of much value and will go but a short way in paying his numerous liabilities. It appears that during his short stay in this place he had contracted debts to the amount of between two and three hundred dollars. We think it would be well for all parties if the credit given him were carefully done away.

The Herald.

CABLETON PLACE.
Wednesday, Feb. 24th, 1864.

The War Commenced.

THE GERMANS IN SCHLESWIG.
REPULSE OF THE AUSTRIANS
AND PRUSSIANS.
A GREAT BATTLE EXPECTED.

The news from Europe is highly important. The war has actually commenced, and where the destructive demon may cease its ravages, no one knows. For months past the chances of peace and war have been wavering in the balance but it appears from the following items of news that hostilities have actually commenced:

Schleswig, Feb. 3, Friday, 6.30 p. m.—At three o'clock this afternoon the Austrians attacked the position of Bistore, one English mile South of Schleswig. The Danes held their ground. There was sharp fighting till after dark. The King of Denmark walked towards the outposts. No casualties are known. The Danes lost one field piece. The firing continues. Another attack is expected to-morrow. The wounded are being brought in.

The Times says the question whether the state of war on the part of Austria and Prussia against Denmark, now definitely existing, is such as to imperil the ships of these nations at present in the ports of this country, if they should put to sea and meet with Danish cruisers, has been a subject of serious discussion. On the part of Prussia's interest, there is apparently no dissent upon the subject, and German commerce will likely soon pass into the hands of neutrals.

There is great anxiety in England for a meeting of Parliament, to learn the policy of the Government on the Danish question. The Morning Herald asserts that Government will do nothing to give a satisfactory answer. We are told that a verbal promise made by Mr. Brooks to any farmer along the line was more valued than the promise of any man belonging to the road.

This shows the confidence reposed in Mr. Brooks by the public. We affirm as a fact which cannot be contradicted, that he has long held this position, and never abused it. The interest of the road requires the continuance of his services. The interest of all the ratepayers of the municipalities require the continuance of his services. There has been sufficient chiselling connected with the road already. It is time all underhand work was put an end to. What the ratepayers want to know, and what they have a right to know, is—who is responsible for Mr. Brooks' dismissal? Can Mr. Richardson give the public any information on the subject, and at the same time inform the municipalities how many of the new Directors have a personal and direct interest in the road, and to what amount?

We are pleased to observe that "donation parties" and presentations to ministers are becoming quite common, now, in all the churches. On Wednesday evening last, one was given to the Rev. Wm. McGill, in Mirickville; which is said to have been a very pleasant affair, and was attended by persons from several different congregations. It was got up as a slight testimonial of the high esteem in which Mr. McGill is held by the people of that village.

On Thursday evening, another affair of this kind took place at Easton's Corners, in which the Rev. W. E. Johnston was handsomely treated by his friends.

Soiree of St. Andrew's Church.

To the Editor of the C. P. Herald.

MR. EDITOR.—Soirees appear to be the general order of the day, and no doubt this system of entertainment proves amusing and instructive to those participating in them; and highly commendable when appropriated to laudable objects.

Being informed through the medium of your paper, that one of this kind comes off in the new Church lately erected in Almonte. Prompted by curiosity, and the anticipation of spending an evening profitably, we start, to-morrow, to the place, and in rapid motion, through wreaths and hills of snow, barely escaping several turnovers. After a hard time, the physical features of what appeared to be a large town loomed in the distance, but immeasurably diminishing as we approached. Soon we are at the place longed for, falling, far from the usual landmarks, the terminus of a railway, and the terminus of a long-winded article. I will forbear. Notwithstanding the unusual severity of the evening the building is soon nearly filled. On the platform are several Rev. Gentlemen, and upon a higher elevation a Choir, and a musical band, and the auxiliary vocal organs of modern style, led by Mr. Thompson, the musical champion of Almonte. Presently the chairman called upon Mr. McMorine, senior, to open the proceedings. (Mr. J. Rossmore officiated in this capacity.) He then called on the choir for music. Then came soft strains of music warbling through the building, accompanied by the full force of vocal organs, now swelling into full chorus, the annunciation of a charming piece of music called, (Star like a stream.)

But hark! what is coming? All eyes are turned towards the vestibule, attendant distributing the dishes, others accompanied with uncouth like vessels with copious effusions of tea, and servers filled with fantastic budgets of choice eatables; in all making a luxuriant banquet tempting to the palate of the most fastidious receiver, and shows that the ladies belonging to the Church, are up to the eyes in the art of preparing a good dinner. At length, ample justice being done to the good things, the cups are collected and we are ready for the musical and literary entertainment. Mr. McMorine is first called. Said he was not prepared to make a speech, as he expected speakers from a distance to entertain the audience, and thought he would have nothing to do but listen. (I may here remark that on account of the inclemency of the weather some of the speakers did not get out, but others present volunteered to contribute to the entertainment.) After a few complimentary remarks he takes his seat. The gentleman next forward, apparently cordially received by the audience, and a modest share of confidence in the merits of his theme, which was the "Value of Intem-

perance. After describing some of the evils, showing some of the remedies provided, and the former position. The next called was Mr. D. Ward. This gentleman expressed a degree of defiance to go upon the platform. Said he was afraid to face so many ladies, but he showed himself to be, at least, "a dry, expatiating on the success of the evening, the comfort of a good church, the peculiarities of the full development of the musical organs, and finally, by making a good hit at non-attendants. The next was Mr. Vuill. After a few remarks on temperance, and temperance societies, he regains his seat. The chairman called on Mr. Patterson, senior. After a few congratulatory remarks from him the Rev. Mr. Morrison of Brookville, in an able address winds up the speaking for the evening. Between each address was occupied by the choir playing and singing, a choice piece of music. The singing was good, the speaking fair, the music pleasant, and the result delightful. After the usual vote of thanks, all returned to their homes, carrying with them the indications of cordiality, pleasure and happiness. SIGMA.

Appleton, Feb. 17, 1864.

To the Editor of the C. P. Herald.

Appleton, 18th Feb., 1864.

MR. EDITOR.—In looking over your paper of the 17th inst., I find that a correspondent from Ramsey has been lamenting over the sad state of municipal affairs, and it certainly is a great pity your correspondent has not got a subject with which he can deal, as he seems quite willing to write for the edification of the public; but for want of that knowledge he must write on a subject he does not understand. He quotes chapter after chapter of the Municipal Act, and so forth, big sounding phrases, but will have to go to Perth once more to get the interpretation of the law on arbitrations, as the statute quoted by him has reference to real property, not personal, as in Mr. Campbell's case. And having no real fault to find with the council, he has to resort to personalities and falsehoods, and a mass of argument that requires no great genius.

Your correspondent must have met with some sad disappointment. Can it be that his little monopolizing ideas have got a check at the hands of the council. Some appointment must have been made, or perhaps the pet road through Wolf Grove has been opened the past year, as there can be little doubt but his selfish propensities have been interfered with in some way. And as it respects the ability of the late council they seem to have understood their business so well, both mechanically and financially, that for every dollar expended on roads and bridges they were obliged to get its full value back, and also seemed to know that in contracting for the hay bridge at Almonte, a proper foundation was necessary, and had the proper arrangements made with the contractor for that purpose. And is it not surprising that your correspondent did not give their predecessors chapter and verse on so plain a subject, and not allow them to build up the bridge, for when the flood came the hay bridge was swept away, because it was not founded on a rock. Where was your correspondent when former councils borrowed money for public improvements and laid on a special tax to pay off the debt in seven years, and allowed five years to pass and not one shilling of the debt paid; and also took from the funds, and made appropriations to themselves, as overseers of highways contrary to law.

I did not intend, Mr. Editor, on setting out to say much respecting the ability of the late or former council, but am, as it were, drawn in from the nature of the argument. I intended more particularly to contradict the lying assertions and misrepresentations of your correspondent, for in place of an unwillingness on the part of the council of 1863 to have their proceedings published, and in court investigation, and it only requires their proceedings to be understood to be appreciated. But to refer more particularly to your correspondent's side opinion on Mr. Campbell's horse case. The council had legal advice that they were not responsible; Mr. Campbell had advice to the contrary, so the case that is so dear to your correspondent; the two lawyers viewed in different ways. Under these circumstances it is to be wondered at that the council was divided on the question and consequently agreed to leave the matter to arbitration. What a pity that the Ramsay Luminary was not at hand, to give them chapter and verse for their guidance. And as for the petition case, it is only like a drowning man grasping at straws. The document spoken of I believe, was presented before the council signed by one person, which would have taken, as the saying goes, a Philadelphia lawyer, or your Ramsay correspondent would not doubt have been able to explain what was the purport of it, as it required something, it ordered something, and advised something, and this was the respectfully worded petition. But your wily correspondent wishes to leave a false impression on the public mind, a position for which he appears to be highly gifted, and I suspect that his plotting and scheming propensities have been the means of bringing him in contact with the council of 1863. I am afraid, Mr. Editor, I have trespassed too long on your space.—And, in conclusion, would recommend Mr. Observer to adopt the prayer of one (who is said by some to be wise): O! that some power see the gift to give us, to see ourselves as others see us. &c. By the by, Mr. Editor, I suspect he thinks his own reason superior to knowledge derived from an invisible source. TAUH.

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I notice in your paper of last week, over the signature of "Spectator," which might have been more properly called Spectacles, a communication from a luminary in that township village of Arnprior, who would best himself, that all the respectables of Arnprior were at a Quadrille party in the Town Hall on the Friday night following the Frolics of the Council. Although I grant the special-edited gentleman of having a majority of the performers connected with the concert in aid of the funds of St. Andrew's Church, in attendance on the night referred to, yet he wishes to draw a line of demarcation between the Quadrille party and Frolics of the Council, and then the learned luminary ventures that all the respectables of Arnprior were there. Alas! we might say for the moral respectables. Now allow me, though neither a critic or a fanatic, to inform learned Spect, that the respectables of Arnprior, Fitzroy or Ottawa are not to be found in the ball-room; but they were not there from any of those unexcusable places, though some of them figured at the concert. Neither is it in my opinion the place to seek health and refreshment. Who if he be indisposed is foolishly enough to seek the crowded ball-room for health and refreshment, or to promote good feeling or sociability, but rather the contrary, as this party was not an exception. But hark! says Mr. Spect imbibed pretty freely, and like most folks in that state, thought all was serene, until daylight told that the Spectacles had disappeared, and also the pale brandy and some other questionable liquors. The gentleman next forward, apparently cordially received by the audience, and a modest share of confidence in the merits of his theme, which was the "Value of Intem-

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Appleton, 18th Feb., 1864.

MR. EDITOR.—In looking over your paper of the 17th inst., I find that a correspondent from Ramsey has been lamenting over the sad state of municipal affairs, and it certainly is a great pity your correspondent has not got a subject with which he can deal, as he seems quite willing to write for the edification of the public; but for want of that knowledge he must write on a subject he does not understand. He quotes chapter after chapter of the Municipal Act, and so forth, big sounding phrases, but will have to go to Perth once more to get the interpretation of the law on arbitrations, as the statute quoted by him has reference to real property, not personal, as in Mr. Campbell's case. And having no real fault to find with the council, he has to resort to personalities and falsehoods, and a mass of argument that requires no great genius.

Your correspondent must have met with some sad disappointment. Can it be that his little monopolizing ideas have got a check at the hands of the council. Some appointment must have been made, or perhaps the pet road through Wolf Grove has been opened the past year, as there can be little doubt but his selfish propensities have been interfered with in some way. And as it respects the ability of the late council they seem to have understood their business so well, both mechanically and financially, that for every dollar expended on roads and bridges they were obliged to get its full value back, and also seemed to know that in contracting for the hay bridge at Almonte, a proper foundation was necessary, and had the proper arrangements made with the contractor for that purpose. And is it not surprising that your correspondent did not give their predecessors chapter and verse on so plain a subject, and not allow them to build up the bridge, for when the flood came the hay bridge was swept away, because it was not founded on a rock. Where was your correspondent when former councils borrowed money for public improvements and laid on a special tax to pay off the debt in seven years, and allowed five years to pass and not one shilling of the debt paid; and also took from the funds, and made appropriations to themselves, as overseers of highways contrary to law.

I did not intend, Mr. Editor, on setting out to say much respecting the ability of the late or former council, but am, as it were, drawn in from the nature of the argument. I intended more particularly to contradict the lying assertions and misrepresentations of your correspondent, for in place of an unwillingness on the part of the council of 1863 to have their proceedings published, and in court investigation, and it only requires their proceedings to be understood to be appreciated. But to refer more particularly to your correspondent's side opinion on Mr. Campbell's horse case. The council had legal advice that they were not responsible; Mr. Campbell had advice to the contrary, so the case that is so dear to your correspondent; the two lawyers viewed in different ways. Under these circumstances it is to be wondered at that the council was divided on the question and consequently agreed to leave the matter to arbitration. What a pity that the Ramsay Luminary was not at hand, to give them chapter and verse for their guidance. And as for the petition case, it is only like a drowning man grasping at straws. The document spoken of I believe, was presented before the council signed by one person, which would have taken, as the saying goes, a Philadelphia lawyer, or your Ramsay correspondent would not doubt have been able to explain what was the purport of it, as it required something, it ordered something, and advised something, and this was the respectfully worded petition. But your wily correspondent wishes to leave a false impression on the public mind, a position for which he appears to be highly gifted, and I suspect that his plotting and scheming propensities have been the means of bringing him in contact with the council of 1863. I am afraid, Mr. Editor, I have trespassed too long on your space.—And, in conclusion, would recommend Mr. Observer to adopt the prayer of one (who is said by some to be wise): O! that some power see the gift to give us, to see ourselves as others see us. &c. By the by, Mr. Editor, I suspect he thinks his own reason superior to knowledge derived from an invisible source. TAUH.

To the Editor of the C. P. Herald.

I notice in your paper of last week, over the signature of "Spectator," which might have been more properly called Spectacles, a communication from a luminary in that township village of Arnprior, who would best himself, that all the respectables of Arnprior were at a Quadrille party in the Town Hall on the Friday night following the Frolics of the Council. Although I grant the special-edited gentleman of having a majority of the performers connected with the concert in aid of the funds of St. Andrew's Church, in attendance on the night referred to, yet he wishes to draw a line of demarcation between the Quadrille party and Frolics of the Council, and then the learned luminary ventures that all the respectables of Arnprior were there. Alas! we might say for the moral respectables. Now allow me, though neither a critic or a fanatic, to inform learned Spect, that the respectables of Arnprior, Fitzroy or Ottawa are not to be found in the ball-room; but they were not there from any of those unexcusable places, though some of them figured at the concert. Neither is it in my opinion the place to seek health and refreshment. Who if he be indisposed is foolishly enough to seek the crowded ball-room for health and refreshment, or to promote good feeling or sociability, but rather the contrary, as this party was not an exception. But hark! says Mr. Spect imbibed pretty freely, and like most folks in that state, thought all was serene, until daylight told that the Spectacles had disappeared, and also the pale brandy and some other questionable liquors. The gentleman next forward, apparently cordially received by the audience, and a modest share of confidence in the merits of his theme, which was the "Value of Intem-

perance. After describing some of the evils, showing some of the remedies provided, and the former position. The next called was Mr. D. Ward. This gentleman expressed a degree of defiance to go upon the platform. Said he was afraid to face so many ladies, but he showed himself to be, at least, "a dry, expatiating on the success of the evening, the comfort of a good church, the peculiarities of the full development of the musical organs, and finally, by making a good hit at non-attendants. The next was Mr. Vuill. After a few remarks on