FREE OFFER.

e body of Mrs. Rena Milton, whose a occurred in St. John, was brought libert Mines on Friday and buried the home of Wm. M. Govang.

pewell Hill, Oct. 4—Mrs. H. E. Dee will hold her post-nuptial receptation and the control of the co ter Payne and Asa Prosser left to o join the 64th battalion at Sus-

at Riverside on Sunday. Can hers was in charge of the Anglic ches in Albert county for seve s, and old friends were glad to

pewell Hill, Oct. 6—The following are of Golden Rule Division, No. 51, of Temperance, have been elected the new quarer: J. M. Tingley, W. Henry E. Tingley, W. A.; Mary E. hibald, R. S.; Ella Rogers, A. R. S.; ny Tingley, F. S.; Mrs. J. E. Rogers, av Tingley, F. S.; Mrs. J. E. Rogers, surer; Mrs. Alex Rogers, chapiain; Robinson, C.; Arpah Russel, A. C.; ald Rogers, I. S.; Aubrey Russell, O. Fred G. Moore, P. W. P. illiam Curry, of Mountainville, left week for Amherst.

ANDOVER

lover, Oct. 4-Mr. and Mrs. A. E.

hn Anderson, who was the guest of daughters, Mrs. H. H. Tibbits and William Curry, returned to his e at The Barony, on Tuesday, acpanied by Mrs. Curry, who will visit dis in York county for several weeks. W. Niles, Alex Stevenson, Harry le, H. L. Alcorn and George Bishop rned on Monday from a successful B. Porter and Miss Grace Porter t Monday in Woodstock.
iss Beatrice Gillett returned on Monfrom a pleasant visit in Frederic-

ed Baird, who has been visiting leriction for the past two weeks,

ed on Thursday, and leaves today the Ogilvy Camps at Gulquac. he annual meeting of the Andover Perth branch of the Red Cross Sowas held in the Masonic Hall on mesday afternoon. The officers elector the new year are as follows: President, Mrs. James Tibbits; vice-president, dover), Mrs. H. H. Tibbits; vice-ident (Perth), Mrs. J. Weldon; ctary, Mrs. D. Reed Bedell; treasurer, N. J. Wootten. nator Baird, who spent part of last ed on Thursday, and leaves today

ntor Baird, who spent part of last in Woodstock, returned on Priday. iss Bessie E. Kilburn, Kilburn, was guest of Mrs. A. Herbert Baird last

iss Alice Perry returned to her e in Grand Falls on Friday, after a c's visit with her aunt, Mrs. Bruce

Thursday Mrs. J. W. P. Dickison rtained at a birthday party for her daughter, Jean.

daughter, Jean.

de Wednesday afternoon Mrs. A. HerBaird entertained at a very enble tea in honor of her guest, Miss
tie Day of St. John. Among those
ent were Mrs. Harold L. Alcorn,
Pearl Waite, Miss Grace Porter,
Janet M. Curry, Miss Millicent CarMiss Rose F. Hoyt, the Misses Bessie
Gertrude Kilburn.

Gertrude Kilburn. urchie Stewart left on Saturday for fax, where he will spend the winiss Beatrice Welling left on Thurs-for Chicago, where she has accept-

position as librarian in the Unin Wednesday Mrs. Harry McAlary the misfortune to fall and sprain ankle very badly. H. Tibbits received a telegram

rsday, containing the good news that laughter, Miss Gertrude Tibbits, had ergone a successful operation at the tford Hospital.

rs. Huggard, Houlton, spent part of week, the guest of her sister, Mrs. S. Sutton.

r. and Mrs. Pyne, of Fitchburg, w guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Sp several days of last week.

. and Mrs. A. H. Baird, accomed by their guest, Miss Hattie Day. ontinued on page 5, third column.)

Direct Appeal of British Red Cross Meets Response Here

Provincial Society Acts on Lord Lansdowne's Cable and Decides to Join in National Movement on October 21-Suggestions Asked For.

Thursday, Oct. 7.

St. John and the province of New Brunswick have now had a request for aid in this tremendous war, that every day seems spreading, that is the most direct and insistent that has come since the first soldier left Canada. It is the appeal of the British Red Cross Society, the parent body so far as the empire

appeal of the British Red Cross Society, the parent body so far as the empire is concerned, for aid as generous and as soon as possible.

His Honor Lieut.-Governor Wood received the following cablegram from the Marquis of Lansdowne, who from 1883 to 1888 was governor-general of Canada, in his capacity of president of the British Red Cross Society:

"I beg to inform you that the British Red Cross Society and the Order of St. John, in view of the great demands upon their resources, both in France and in the Near East, have decided to make an appeal throughout the empire by street and other collections upon October 2j. The money received from this appeal will be devoted entirely to relieve the sufferings of our wounded soldiers and sailors from home and overseas at the various seats of war. From all parts of the king's dominions we have already received generous assistance in our work, but in the increase of British and overseas forces at the front there is a corresponding increase in our expenditure and we shall be truly grateful to you if you will help us by organizing an appeal and sending us the proceeds is a corresponding increase in our expenditure and we shall be truly grateful to you if you will help us by organizing an appeal and sending us the proceeds for the objects I have named. I shall be greatly obliged if you will kindly communicate the foregoing to your government. Their Majesties the King and Queen and Her Majesty Queen Alexandra are giving us their gracious patronage and I trust that you also will be able to see your way to help."

Signed, Lansdowne, President of the British Red Cross Society, 83 Pail

At the request of the lieutenant-governor a meeting of the Provincial Red Cross Society was held at the mayor's office last night, when the lieutenant-governor submitted the telegram and mentioned the need. His honor added that he had wired the governor-general and his excellency had given his approval, with the hope that the effort would meet with success. He added that he trusted that the whole province would take the matter up, as this was to be a dominion-wide appeal and New Brunswick could not be left behind in any ap-

The president of the provincial branch, Mayor Frink, was requested to communicate with the different organizations throughout the city that have been engaged in patriotic work, especially the ladies' societies, expressing the desire of the lieutenant-governor that they should co-operate in the movement. As the time for preparation is short his worship added that it would need all the energy and activity that could be put into the scheme. Yet as the need was obviously imperative he thought the city would rise to the occasion.

Any money received would be remitted to the provincial treasurer, Lady Tilley, to be forwarded to the lieutenant-governor. Details of the collection

will have to be worked out later and any proposals that may be made by those

FORMER FREDERICTON MAN WITH GRENADIER GUARDS

Among the officers General Meighen has selected for his special overseas battalion; the "Canadian Grenadier Guards, is Capt. H. LeRoy Shaw, whose boyhood and a great part of whose youth was spent in and near Fredericton. Capt. Shaw, who was provincial manager for the imperial Life Assurance Company, until he enlisted under General Meighen, began his active connection with the militia when the war broke out, joining the First Regiment in Montreal. When General Meighen was authorized to raise his "Guards" battalion, Capt. Shaw offered his services which were immediately accepted.

who offer themselves elsewhere. The height standard of the regiment is 5 feet 5 inches, and the physical examination is exceptionally rigid. The regiment will wear the special uniform and insignia of the Grenadier Guards. Several New Brunswickers have already been accepted.

CAPT. H. LeROY SHAW, formerly of St. John, who has joined General New Brunswickers have already been accepted.



Frederiction, N. B., Oct. 5-A lary

LIEUT, F. M. SMITH EXPECT SMALL N HOSPITAL WITH LUMBER CUT **GUNSHOT WOUNDS**

Lieutenant Francis Morton Smith, of

Lieutenant Francis Morton Smith, of this city, who was reported missing by the war office last Saturday, is in No. 6 General Hospital at Rouen, France, suffering from gunshot wounds in the upper arm and leg. A message to this effect was received by Mrs. R. Morton Smith, his mother, yesterday afternoon. It came from the war office, London, and read as follows:

"Regret to inform you that 2nd Lieutenant Francis Morton Smith, York and Lancaster Regiment, admitted No. 6 General Hospital, Rouen, Sept. 28, with gunshot wounds in upper arm and leg. Will report any further news."

Even this relieves to some extent the anxiety of his people at home. On hast Saturday Mrs. Smith received the word that he was missing and it being surnised that he had taken part in the great drive, more serious consequences were feared. At that time he had been at the missing between Sept. 25-27, and he was admitted to the hospital on Sept. 28, so that in all probability the casualty occurred in the advance movement which was at its height at that period.

Friends of Lieutenant Smith in this city will be gratified indeed to learn that no more serious fate has befallen him.

"Had any military experience?"

"Had any military experience?"

"Had any military experience?"

"W. R. Fitzmaurice has been appointed without appointing any committee. was received by Mrs. R. Morton Smith, and the control of the humber market, the stocks in hand, the scarcity of tonnage, and the from the war office. Lendon, and read as follows:

"Regret to inform you that 2nd Lieuwher and Lancaster Regiment, admitted No. 6 General Hospital, Rouen, Sept. 28, with gunshot wounds in upper arm and leg with the anxiety of his people at home. On hat Saturday Mrs. Smith received the word. The missing had it being surmised that he had taken part in the great drive, more serious consequences were feared. At that time he had been at the drive, more serious consequences were feared. At that time he had been at the drive, more serious consequences were feared. At that time he had been at the was a conference between the executive front only three weeks. He was reported missing between Sept. 25-27, and the minister in the was admitted to the hospital on Sept. 28, to that in all probability the casualty the casualty of the control of the course and the minister in the was at its height at that period.

Friends of Lieutenant Smith in this time front only three weeks. He was reported in the advance movement which was at its height at that period.

Friends of Lieutenant Smith in this time front only three weeks are consequences?"

"Had any military experiences?"

"W. R. Fitzmaurice luss been appointing any company that the composition of the course of the cou

by Sir Wilfrid's return to health.

Sir Wilfrid's attitude during the war has been a subject of especial pride to his friends and of comfort and satisfaction to the whole country. Whatever lesser men have said or done, Sir Wilfrid has laid aside all party feeling or manoeuvring during this menacing crisis in our history. He stood squarely and publicly behind the government in its preparations to put Canada with the fighting forces of the empire, and he has eased his eloquent and persuasive voice, again and again, to assist recruiting—even at times of keen physical suffering on his own part. He may be said to have gone straight from the firing line of the recruiting platform to his hospital bed.

As a life-long lover of liberty and a devotee of democracy, Sir Wilfrid was constitutionally prepared to fight Prussianism with all his strength. He put the case in a nut-shell at Sherbrooke, "This war is," he said, "a contest between German institutions and British institutions. British institutions mean freedom.

German institutions mean despotism. That is why we as Canadians have such a vital interest in this war." At the very outbreak of the war, speaking in the house of commons, he described the Allied cause as a fight for freedom an democracy against tyranny and autocracy. The whole Canadian people will be glad

As I have already declared. I am

SIR WILFRID'S RECOVERY

The recovery of Sir Wilfrid Laurier from his tedious experiences in the hostal will be a matter for genuine rejoicing throughout the Dominion. Sir Wil-

frid is a great, a potent and a striking ligure in our public life. Even the tem-

porary incapacity of so important a factor in our national affairs creates a feeling of uneasiness—a sense of something lacking—which has been happily relieved

CZAR FERDINAND OF BULGARIA.

ocracy against tyranny and autocracy. The whole Canadian people will be glad that so valiant a soldier for constitutional liberty is once more able to bear arms.

PERMANENT HOSPITAL ERECTED AT VALCARTIER CAMP

IN ALBERT COUNTY

Liberals Win in Hopewell and Conservatives in Harvey-

cil Elected by Acclamation.

Hopewell Hill, Oct. 5-Hopewell par

PATRIOTIC AUCTION ON;

PUMPKIN SELLS FOR \$300

Tuesday, Oct. 5.
The patrotic auction is on:
The strate auction is on:
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The strate auction is o

Austrian Emperor Dangerously III

Rome, Oct, 6—It is said on good authority that Emperor Franz Josef of Austria is dangerously ill and that the Austrian Crown Prince has been called to Vienna. In addition to the heir to the throne it is said Baron Von Burian, the Austro-Hungarian minister and Count Tisza, the Hungarian prefer also have been called to the capital.

The news, it is stated, has been

The news, it is stated, has been kept secret up to this time, for fear of the influence it might have upon the international situation.

Sussex, N. B., Oct. 4—At the recruiting meeting held this evening at Berwick by Rev. M. E. Conron and J. D. Mc-Kenna, three names were added to the honor roll—Murray Northrup, John Cook and Dawson Leiper. The outlook from this section is most promising.

Tomorrow evening a meeting will be held at Lower Millstream.

KINGS COUNTY MAN GETS FIVE YEARS

Hampton, N. B., Oct. 5—The October session of the Kings county court opened here this morning, Judge Jonah on the bench. There was only one case, a criminal one, the King against Alexander Whitenect. The prisoner pleaded guilty and was sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. William D. Turner appeared for the crown and the prisoner was not represented. The court was adjourned sine die.

ONLY TWO CONTESTS | CANADIANS IN STIFF MARCH FROM SEA COAST

Balance of Municipal Coun- Rev. E. B. Hooper, Formerly Chaplain of 26th, Writes of First Days in France

> Hopes to Go Back to New Brunswick Battalion Within Three Months-Getting Used to Booming of Big Guns-Young Men Who Loiter at Home Slaves Either of German Rule or of Contempt of Their Fellows.

The following letter has been received by a friend in St. John from Chaplain E. B. Hooper, who is in France with the 2nd Canadian Division:

"My last official act before leaving the 26th battalion was to have a celebration of holy communion in the Soldier's Club, which was deeply impressive and, I trust, helpful and stimulating to all. It was for the whole brigade and officers and men were invited and many came. I then took a taxi and, with my luggage, went off to the 6th Field Ambulance Camp. I there met my brother chaplain, Captain Edward Guay, who is a French-Canadian chaplain and Roman Catholic. He is a capital companion and we are the greatest friends. He speaks-English very imperfectly and I try French with far less success, and the result is often roars of laughter. Our tent was struck an hour after my arrival and for the rest of the day and through the night we were without a roof to cover us, save that for two hours we got into a pile of blankets left in the quartermaster's and snatched a little sleep. The night was wet, but cleared up about midnight, and from that hour till the present we have had

"Without breakfast we marched down to the railway station and entrained in the early morning; and with heavy haversack, water bottle, field glasses and overcoat it was somewhat of a trial and strain. We reached our port of embarkation at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. While the baggage and wagons were being. boarded Captain Guay and I went up into the town, had a good dinner and returned to the ship in good time for the sailing which took place at 6.30 o'clock. VISITED MUSEUM AND ART GALLERIES.

"We chaplains had a comfortable cabin, and soon after supper went to bec and slept soundly for ten hours, which was a blessing to us after our long and deepless night before leaving. We reached the large port of destination early, out did not leave the ship until nearly 9 o'clock, and it was 12.30 o'clock before we marched off to our temporary camp in the outskirts of this old French city. We had a march of about three miles to reach camp. In the afternoon Father Guay and I went into the town, had a real good time visiting museums and art galleries and looking about, finally winding up with a splendid dinner at one of the principal hotels. We returned to camp at 9 o'clock, and, lying on the floor of our tent with one blanket over us, spent an uncomfortable night with sleep broken by the hardness of the bed. Up at 5 a. m. and marched off to the railway station at 6, two miles this time, but without breakfast. We got things into the train and went into the town for breakfast. We got back to the station much refreshed, and at 10.15 our long railway journey began. We were fortunate in having a first class carriage assigned to us, but all the men traveled in freight cars. They were very cheerful and happy and stood the journey well. The train consisted of about lifty cars with one big locomotive It was an interesting journey lasting twenty hours. The country was interesting and at many points beautiful, but not to be compared with the wondrous beauty of England, or at least that part of England through which we passed in June in going from Devonport to East Sanding, in Kenti. We stopped for an hour to rest soon after leaving Rouen about 3 in the afternoon. The men got rations and coffee, and we two chaplains went up the road to a little Estaminet," where we got some fried eggs and bread and butter and some very refreshing light French wine.

"From there we journeyed on, and, speaking for the chaplains, we did not have anything more to eat until 9 o'clock the next morning. We reached our detraining point on a very fine warm day at 5 a. m. The train being unloaded by 7 o'clock, we fell in and started on our march of twenty miles towards the

"With empty stomachs and a hot sun it was a very severe march—the first six or seven miles before we halted for breakfast. The officers were all mounted and did not suffer as we did who had to march on foot. However, by permi of the colonel, when the unit fell in to resume the march at 11 a, m., Captain Guay and I remained behind and after some inquiries found a family who were the proud possessors of a large grey mare and churette which we promptly engaged to take us after the unit. Fourteen miles was the length of the journey and a more awful shaking I was never subjected to before. The roads are of cobblestones, the cart was heavy, almost springless, with two wheels and a sort of hood over it, such as you see in pictures. The country was lovely, the day very line, and the scenes we witnessed en route full of interest to us who had come from the dear land of Canada. We reached our stopping place of 5 in the evening. The men did well, but were awfully tired.

FIRST SOUND OF THE BOOMING GUNS.

"I forgot to say that while we were detraining we heard for the lirst time the deep booming of heavy guns, and it added not a little to the excitement which we all felt, knowing that every step of that long march carried us just that much nearer to the lines where this dreadful game of war is being played. It was 10 o'clock on Saturday night before we chaplains had secured a satisfactory billet. We are together and this morning we started out to conduct our services, he the mass for the Roman Catholics and I the service for the Protes. tants. It is a splendid thing that at this time, while we value our religion more deeply than ever, we are as brothers in cordiality and affection. Roman Catholic and Anglican we are men for a' that, and can wish each other Godspeed

IN COUNTRY ONCE OCCUPIED BY HUNS.

"This part of the country was once occupied by Germans. The very house we live in was occupied by German soldiers. Now, thank God, they are a good many miles from here. It sounded strange this morning to have divine service punctuated with the booming of distant cannon. I am going out in a few min-utes to post this letter a mile away, and to find the 26th, my beloved battalion, who are not much further.

BACK TO 26TH SOON.

"I am told that I shall go back to my boys of the 26th in about three months. I shall welcome it, for they are mine and I am their's in heart and soul. I hope to see my own son, too. I do not know just when we shall advance to the firing line, but it is well for us to approach by degrees to that inferno; our ears getting accustomed to the terrible sound and our eyes to the sight of wounded

men. We may change our camp any day,

"I hope that all people in St. John and New Brunswick will hold the 26th and
myself in loving remembrance and in prayer. More things are wrought by
prayer than this world dreams of.' AND TO YOUNG MEN STILL HOLDING BACK WHEN KING AND EMPIRE NEED THEM, I WOULD SAY: COME BE MEN TODAY OR BE FOREVER SLAVES IF NOT TO THE IRON hand of german rule at least to the contempt of all RIGHT THINKING LOYAL CITIZENS. READ KITCHENER'S RECENT SPEECH AND PREMIER ASQUITH'S, AND THEN ASK YOURSELVES IF ANY REAL MAN OF MILITARY AGE AND FITNESS CAN HOLD BACK? THE ANSWER IS NO! BY ALL THAT IS HOLY, JUST AND FREE UNDER BRITISH RULE, NO!"

REDROSE FA "is good tea"