

- (b) in the case of an accused person, such evidence is produced as would, according to the law of the requested Party, justify his committal for trial if the offence had been committed in the territory of the requested Party.

Article 10

1. A person claimed may be released if a request for his extradition, and the documents referred to in Article 7, are not received within forty-five days from the date of his apprehension, or within such further time as a judge or other judicial authority may direct.

2. The release, under this Article, of the person claimed shall not prevent extradition proceedings again being initiated if, subsequent to the time mentioned herein, the documents and other evidence required are received.

Article 11

1. In extradition proceedings pursuant to this Agreement, the judge or other judicial authority of the requested Party will admit as evidence

- (a) warrants or copies thereof issued in the territory of the requesting Party;
- (b) sworn depositions or affirmations of witnesses taken in the territory of the requesting Party, or copies thereof;
- (c) judgements, certificates or other judicial documents stating the fact of conviction and sentence, or copies thereof, issued in the territory of the requesting Party;

if they purport to be certified to be the original or true copy by a judge, magistrate or officer of the requesting Party and are authenticated

- (d) by the oath or affirmation of some witness;
- (e) by being sealed with the official seal of the Minister of Justice or other Minister of the requesting Party; or
- (f) in any other manner for the time being permitted by the law of the requested Party.

2. A document purporting to be authenticated in accordance with this Article shall be deemed to be an authentic document and to have been signed or certified by a person competent to do so.

Article 12

A person claimed shall not be extradited from Canada until after the expiration of fifteen days, and from Israel until after the expiration of thirty days, from the date of his committal for extradition or, if proceedings are taken to test the validity of the committal, until after the final decision is given in such proceedings.

Article 13

1. If extradition is granted the requested Party shall promptly notify the requesting Party and shall cause the person claimed to be surrendered to the persons who are authorized by the requesting Party to receive him.

2. If so requested, the person claimed shall be sent by the requested Party to the point of embarkation in the territory of that Party which the diplomatic or consular agent of the requesting Party shall indicate.