## VOL. XXXII.—NO. 17.

## MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1881.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

TWO WOMEN.

A grandma sits in her great arm chair ; Baimy sweet is the solt spring air Through the latticed, lilac shadowed pane She looks to the orchard beyond the lane. And she catches the gleam of a woman's dress As it flutters about in the wind's caress. "That child is glad as the day is long— Her lover is coming, her lite's a song." Up from the orchard's flowery bloom Floats fragrance faint to the the dark'ning

Where grandma dreams till a tender grace And a softer light steal into her face. For once again she is young and fair, And twining roses in her hair. Once again, blithe as the lark above, she is only a girl and a girl in love! The years drop from their weary pain; She is clasped in her lover's arms again; The last faint glimmers of daylight die; Stars tremble out of the purple skye Ere' Dora flits up the garden path, Sadly afraid of the grandma's wrath. With rose-red cheeks and flying hair She nestles down by the old arm-chair. 'Grandma, Dick says, may we—may—I—'
'The faltering voice grows strangely shy, But grandma pressed the little hand: "Yes, my dearle, I understand! "He may have you, darling!" Not all in Did grandma dream she was a girl again ! She gently twisted a shining curl; "Ah, me! the philosophy of a girl!

"Take the world's treasures—its noblest, best-And love will outwelgh all the rest!" And through the casement the moonlight cold streams on two heads, one gray, one gold.

# IRELAND

The Land War.

#### A DETERMINED PEOPLE

London, Nov. 30 .- It is stated that in con-Mr. Forster, the Chief Secretary, has definitely | dynamite. decided to remain in Dublin throughout the colleagues of the ministry is necessary. Mr. O'Donnell arrived at Londonderry,

Ireland, last night, and addressed an enormous crowd. He advised the electors to vote against the nominee of the "Coercion Government" for member of Parliament.

Roscommon have refused to pay rent. They the landlords refuse. The Land Court, so declare they will not apply to the Land Court.

Land Leagues are being opened in Great Britain at the rate of a dezen a week. Kellen, a barrister, has been arrosted under the Coercion Act.

Michael Boyton has been released from Kilmainham Jail on account of ill-health. He was conveyed to the hospital.

A Dublin correspondent states that the three new legal sub-commissioners under the Land Act are Mr. Foley, Queen's Counsel, and Messrs. Roche and Wiley.

The landlords are making strong representations to the Government in favor of pushgenerally believe that during the period when litigation is pending no rents will be paid. CHICAGO, Dec. 1 .- At the Irish National Convention, the following despatch from

Patrick Egan, Paris, received tuncultous applause :- "Have just learned from confidential agent in Ireland, that a most careful estimate has been prepared, and it is now ascertained that tenants on five thousand properties, representing a rental of \$10,000,-000 a year, have already refused rent in compliance with the League manifesto."

Chas. Dawson, Home Rule M. P., has

been elected Lord Mayor.

London, Dec. 1.—The Standard's Dublin correspondent says :- "It appears highly pro- He describes the Land Court as a Star Chambable that in a fortnight hence hunting in Ireland will be entirely stopped, and £1,000,-000 will be diverted into other channels."

The Times, in a leading article, says :in the aspect of Irish affairs.'

ing Mary Deane during the riots, after the swore he didn't fire at all. The Crown soliciby the Queen's Bench.

Dublin, Dac. 2 .- At evictions yesterday at Beerhaven, Miss Reynold, a member of the Ladies League, preceded the sheriff and admise by which they would be re-instated as caretakers, as they would get no aid from the League. Her interference was successful in one case. Miss Reynold was loudly cheered, Hugh Sweeny, Land Leaguer, has been

arrested. Mr. Sexton, member of Parliament for Land League, who was released from prison on the 1st ult., will leave London to-night for Paris, where he will remain until Parliament opens. He is much improved in bealth

At the regular weekly meeting of the Ladies' Land Lesgue in Dublin it was an sions continues, but the one decision award telegraphed from Paris that the circular was nounced that since the last meeting £66 had ing improvements to landlord is denounced issued by him.

been received for the general fund and £119 for the prisoners' maintenance fund .

Dublin, Dec. 2.—The latest advices from the Land Court show that there are to this date 55,000 applications and they are increasing at the rate of 500 each day. There are now as many applications from Galway and Mayo as from Ulster. A vast number too are from Kerry while the indications from Limerick and Tipperary are encouraging. But Cork, Waterford and Wexford are behind and Clare, Cavan, Kings and Louth are not much better. These indications show that wherever the Commissions go applications begin to pour in, while the people in these Counties not yet visited are awaiting their coming before actually applying. There is no doubt that as soon as the ten Commissions which have been appointed get to work the applications will greatly increase. But alongside of this splendid rush of applications, how insignifi-cant thus far seems the results. There have been only 178 decisions as the result of four weeks work, being at the rate of 21 decisions per day by each commission. It is calculated from this that the ten commissions would only be able to adjucate on 7,825 cases per year, sitting six days in the week without vacation, Thus it would take over six years to decide the cases already before the Court. But before the year is passed there will be at least 150,000 applications. So if this unhappy country could stand the strain the dawn of a new century would still find the Land Commissioners whittling away at the rents with their accustomed vigour. The friends of the Land Court say it is simply a question of multiplying the number of Commissions. There ought to be one in every county in Ireland. Meantime there is a deadlock.

LONDON, Dec. 4. - Miss Reynolds, who has been conspicuous at Brerelaven for advocacy of "no rent," has been served with a summons charging her with aiding and abetting criminal conspiracy to prevent payment of rent.

The tenants of Lord Templemore, in Wexford, and Lords Dunsandie and Clanconnell have refused payment until the imprisoned suspects are released.

The report from Limerick of the recent attempt to blow up the lodge of a house belonging to a gentleman named Considine is declared to be a hoax.

The Court of Queen's Bench has quashed proceedings against sub Inspectors O'Brien and Rouchier, who commanded the police at Ballyragget riot, against whom a verdict of wilful murder was returned by the Coroner's

jury.
It is reported that an exiction expedition will shortly be made to the islands along the namely, that rents in Uteter should be cost. The most important of these is Divis, reduced to Griffith's valuation. This in the inhabitants of which are believed to be developments in Ireland determined to resist and to be possessed of Sub-Commissioners so far, and Mr. Parnell

DUBLIN, Dec. 5 .- It is goverally believed winter, except when consultation with his here that the present crisis is the most important of the whole land movement, for the people have clinched with the Government, and have thus far successfully resisted all the strength of coercion. It is a startling fact that two-thirds of the rents are not being paid, and that the tenants have no intention of Dublin, Nov. 30 .- A thousand tenants in | paying them without heavy reductions, which slow to act, is as yet not ready whatever for the troubles. The Government did not expect this, believing that for few decisions landlord and tenants would settle between themselves. The actual significance of the situation is this: The Government have employed the force demanded by the landlard. and the conciliation demanded by the Liberals, and both have thus far failed. The people did not wonder at the strength of the Land League while permitted to have its own way, but now test force is being used disorder continues, and

the country is experiencing a reign of terror. In the Eastern counties the Assizes have be ing work under the Act rapidly, as they gun and the Judge spoke of the great increase of crime. He said that threatening letters and intimidation were everywhere on the increase. Certainly the situation is most critical here. The Liberal Irish policy and the existence of the Liberal Government is trembling in the balance. The N. Y. Herald's opinion expressed some time ago

that Mr. Parnell's arrest was a mistake, is

being every day vindicated. London, Dec. 3 .- Evidences multiply that the Conservatives are bent on turning the Irish troubles to party advantage. Attacks on the Government are more bitter than ever. Lord Bandolph Churchill's speech surpasses in violence all his previous performances. ber of spoliation; its members as highwaymen; its proceedings as shameless plunder, and the Irish policy of the government as a Quaker quackery. Lord Randolph Churchill " From the resolution of the Government in says openly what increasing numbers of Tories regard to the meeting of Parliament we infer say privately. The Standard, which is often that hopes are entertained of a rapid change | moderate and sometimes almost impartial, berates the Government for its in-Brilmuller 'Dec. 2 .- A coroner's jury found difference amid Irish disturbances, and constable Sullivan guilty of murder in shoot- summons Mr. Gladstone's colleagues to show some sign of independence. It comorder to cease firing had been given. Sullivan plains that the country is governed from Hawarden, and asks why no Cabinet Countor declared the verdict would be quashed cils are held and what this dictatorship of inefficiency will result in It offers Tory support to grant further powers, if necessary. to keep order. A disposition is seem in more than one quarter to make the most vised the people not to conclude a compro- of Irish outrages so as to inflate English feeling. Unhappily, the truth is bad enough.

Government does not increase proportionately. Meanwhile O'Donnell's announcement of the substantial identity of the Tory and Home Rule party as regards Ireland is neither denied nor confirmed by the Tories. Leading Sligo County and of the executive of the Tory organs, however, without giving public adhesion to the proposed bargain, have taken up the compensation for landlords cry, which they are practically urging on the same line as O'Donnell, and are esgerly accepting his help at the Londonderry election. The outcry against the Sub Commis-

Outrages multiply and the energy of the

in Ulster as a confiscation of tenants rights. Evelyn Ashley's case supplies a specimen of the present system of Tory attacks. Ashley is apparently selected because he is a mi mber of the Government. The Standard as published a long letter, alleging high renus and harsh management on his estate. Fint this, like many similar accounts, was based wholly upon tenants testimony, and was refuted when the facts on the other side were published, even the lrish organs admitting Ashley's explanation to be conclusive.

Dublin, Dec. 5.—At a macking of Kildukin Land League to-day, a resolution was passed adopting the "no rent" manifesto. Several members were expelled for paying rent.

The Land League system is being openly reorganized under the name of the "Political Prisoners' Aid Society." Several meetings of this new organization were held on Senday In the neighbourhood of Dublin.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—A Dublin correspondent says the conspiracy against the payment of rent is extending. Intimidation, boycotting and threats are prevalent throughout a large

area of territory. The Pall Mall Gazetie discussing various remedies suggested for the state of Ireland, such as the suspension of jury trials, &c., comes to the conclusion that there are insuperable objections to all of them. "We may have to weit three years before the beginning of subsidence of the present ferment. We should prepare our minds and shaps our policy accordingly.'

MR. PARNELL ON THE LAND COURT DECISIONS.

On Nov. 5, Mr. Parnell was visited in Kilmainham Jail by Judge Little and Mr. George Delaney, two prominent members of the Home Rule League. They found that Mr. Parnell had almost entirely recovered in the holding. from a recent sudden and severe illness. He was not, however, as strong as when he entered the prison, and they say " the changed conditions of his life are producing visible

Mr. Parmell entered freely into conversation with his visitors. The rule that Land League policy and business should not be discussed was rigorously observed, but the working of the Land Act and the decisions of the Sub-Commissioners were unreservedly discussed. In raply to the question what he though: of the Belfast and Castleblayney judgments, Mr. Parnell stated that the reductions of rent made by the Sub-Commissioners agree with the estimate he had formed. substance seemed to be the view of the believes that as a consequence large numbers of the Northern tenants will resort to the Land Court.

What about the South ?" was asked. Mr. Parnell replied-"1 believe the reductions in the South will probably not be as large as in the North, and I fear will not satisfy the tenants who appeal to the court.

That, at all events, is my opinion." Asked how he thought the reduction of rents generally to Griffith's valuation would affect the landlords, Mr. Pernell said he thought the effect would be to drive many of the landowners into actual bankruptcy, while others would be reduced to great extremity. The bulk of the landlords had mortgages, charges and claims upon their estates, reachng in the outregete to summe equal to the rental of the Government valuation, and when the actual rental was lessened to that standard a state of things would ensue which would compel the Government to adopt a plan of buring out the landlords, or else they would be confronted with a claim for compensation for the landlords, whose living, in fact, depends upon their exaction of rack-rents above the Government valuation. The soundness of the policy of land reform based upon the transformation of tenants into proprietors would then become plain even to the most inveterate opponents. Reference having been made to the mass of business now bafore the Land Commission, Mr. Parnell expressed his conviction that the appointment of six additional sub-commissioners would not remove the block. "It should not be iorgotten," Mr. Parnell added, "that an enormous amount of money will be spent in law costs if the Land Court is invoked to the extent that you (the visitors) appear to beliave. You say that 500,000 tenants will require to have a fair rent fixed. If they go to the court the cost upon each will be at east some pounds, and millions will thus go into the pockets of lawyers." Replying to the observation that such an

expenditure upon costs would hardly be made by the tenants, Mr. Parnell agreed in that view, and said it was probable that a great number of tenants would arrange the rent question with their landlords instead of going o law. In connection with the resort to the Land Court, the furtherance of appeals and defraying of costs, all the advantage, the hon. gentleman felt, lay with the landlord party, who had organized their power and resources for the business, while the tenantry were without any organization.

Passing from the topic of the Land Court. Mr. Parnell, answering an interrogation as to the dietary supplied to the political prisoners. made this statement: "The costs of maintaining the suspects now in jails through the country is not less than £400 per week. This is a heavy burden upon the people, and we are now considering whether we shall not all in a little time centent ourselves with the prison fare allowed by the Government while we remsin in prison.

A circular, purporting to be signed by Mr. P. Egan, is being circulated in the South of Ireland, urging the farmers to meet the Government with a determined passive resistance: to avoid the Land Court; to pay no rent, and to hold the harvest. Mr. Egan has

### LATEST IRISH MAIL NEWS.

[From the Cork Herald, Nov. 12.] The dead body of a farmer named Danies Cullothy was found on the public road near

Traice, 11 Nov. It is stated that the tenants on Lord Dillon's estate have decided to pay no rents until Mr.

Parnell is released. The Marquis of Waterford sent 22 hunters to England on Saturday via Holyhend. His

lordship leaves for England to-morrow. Some tenants on the properties of the Wallis and Leader, minors, near Millstreet, are seeking a reduction of their rents under the

Land Act. The Rev. Mr. Rylett, Mr. C. J. Dempsey, Ulster Examiner, and Mr. John Duddy are going to Kilrea, in Derry, to open the electioneering campaign against the Solicitor-

Lord O'Hagan on Wednesday formally retired from the office of Lord Chancellor. His successor will enter on the office to-day. Twenty-one new barristers were called to the bar yesterday.

Union at Londonderry yesterday, and having given an explanation of his political principles, was adopted as the candidate of the party. The Land League will contest the cent, but no Conservative candidate has as yet been announced.

The sub-sheriff of the county Cork on Friday made a large selzure of cattle for rent near Fermoy. The sale of the cattle realized the required amount (£316). A descent was made on two other farms, but not a beast could be found on them. In each of these cases notice was at once served on the tenant of the landlord's intention to sell the interest

At a meeting of St. James' branch of the Ladies' Land League, held on Monday in Dublin, a resolution condemning the recent partoral of Archbishop McCabe was passed. The members present pledged themselves not of the regular clergy. The police will protecute all the leaders who were present.

At the County Court House, Ennis, on Monday, two brothers named David and Edward Flanagan were charged with having fired shots into the House of James Maloney, of Ratheloouey, on October 22nd, about an hour before the latter's brother was shot dead in his house, situate in the immediate neighbourbood. The trial was adjourned for a week to Commissoner, with Mr. O'Shaughnessy, generable the detectives to investigate the mat-tleman farmer, and Mr. Haughton, landed protar.

The strike at the Cork Butter Exchange the Committee of Merchants having acceded to the demands of the men. The accumulated receipts of butter during the three days' suspension of business amounted to 7,000 firkins, notwithstanding that many of the butter merchants had countermanded their supplies from the country pending the settlement of the dispute.

Lord Elcho writes to say that, seeing the result of the working of the Land Act in the recent decisions in Ulster, he will, failing action on the part of the Government, next session introduce a bill enabling the State to compensate and buy out the Irish landlords. This, he says, is the only way to remedy the wrong Mr. Gladstone has done the loyal landof Ireland, and to lighten the blow struck at the security of property.

The Sub-Commissioners appointed on Monday comprise four Protestants, four Roman Catholics, and a member of the Society of Friends. Mr. Ulick Barke is son of a Protestant landlord in the West of Ireland; Mr. Gerald Fitzgerald is son of Mr. Justice Fitzgerald; Mr. M Devitt is author of an important book on the Land Act, and is brother of a Catholic Bishop. He was for a time Attorney-General of Queensland.

Nine additional Assistant Commissioners under the Land Act were appointed on Monday, three of them being barristers. These latter are :- Messrs. Gerald Fitzgerald M'Devitt, and Ulick Burke. These Com, missioners will form themselves into three Sub-Commissioners, and will at once enter on their duties in order to clear away as quickly as possible the immense number of cases that have accumulated under the Land Act.

At a special l'etty Sessions held in Charleville on Saturday, before Mr. Clifford Lloyd, R.M., James M'Carthy, Daniel O'Connell, and Daniel Leonard were charged with riot at Milford, on the evening of Saturday, 2nd October. A party of policemen were passing through the town, and a crowd, among whom it is alleged the prisoners were, hooted after them. The prisoners were allowed out on their own recognizances, the Rev. W. Fitzgerald giving an undertaking as to the good order of the district in the future.

At the meeting of the Queenstown Town Commissioners on Monday, a letter was read from the Local Government Board, stating that the Lord Lieutenant had referred to them a file of papers calling their attention to the backward sanitary arrangements of the lodging houses in the town, and the spread of fever, and suggesting that it might become necessary to take steps to prevent the embarkation of emigrant passengers at Queenstown, so long as there was a probability of their carrying infection abroad. Mr. Doran strongly repudiated the imputation that emigrants contracted infection in the lodging houses in the town. After a warm discussion a resolution was adopted in favor of placing the town under the clauses of the Common Lodging Houses Act.

The arbitrators appointed to adjudicate on the wages dispute at the Cork Butter Exchange on Tuesday failed to agree. An um-pire was consequently called in; he declined the arbitrators led to a recommendation that, tionality. while the men had no legal or implied claim

on the back wages, the Committee of Merchapts should reconsider their demand, in consequence of the cheerful manner in which the reduction in wages had been accepted by

The members of the Charleville Ladies' Lan. League who met on Sanday found the doors of the Land League Rooms, in which they usually mot, had been closed by order of the Glee Club, who had become the tenants of the Rooms since the suppression of the Land League. They then decided to hold the meeting in the street, but the policemen ordered them to "move on," and the resolutions, which were in condemnation of the Government, were proposed and carried by the members while they were walking through the streets.

The decisions of the Sub-Commissioners in the North, reducing the rent some thirty per cent, have caused great alarm amongst the landlord class, and their organs in the Press contain many letters protesting against what they contend is the injustice of these decisions. The Dublin correspondent of the Times also writes pretty much to the same effect to that paper. Lord Monck, however, warmly defends Le decisions, as he maintains that the estate Mr. Porter, Q.C., the new Solicitor-General in question (the Crawford estate) presented all for Ireland, attended a meeting of the Liberal the worst features that the Land Act was meant to deal with.

At the Millstreet Petty Sessions, on Monday, Thomas R. M'Carthy, teacher of the Land League school, was bound to be of good behaviour on a charge of marshalling a crowd in a street and obstructing a policeman who endervoured to disperse them, on Nov. 2nd. The defendant alleged that he was only conducting the school children to Mass. Timothy Murphy was charged with Whiteboyism, but the evidence against him being insufficient be was discharged. Afterwards a girl named Annie Moynihan was arrested in the town for shouting "boycott" after a woman who gave evidence against Murphy.

The Rev. Mr. O'Dwyer attended at the Limerick City Police Court on Saturday, and made inquiry of the Magistrates as to what efficial steps had been taken towards aiding in the discovery and punishment of the policeto attend the parochial churches in future, men who had been guilty of excesses on the but to confine themselves to those in charge occasion of the late affrays between the people and the police. The answer not satisfying therev. goutleman, he made some sharp observations upon the official tendency to screen offending policemen, and thereupon ensued a very warm exchange of language between Father O'Bwyer and one of the magistrates. Mr. Hall, who brought the colluquy to a close by informing his reverence he defied him.

Mr. J. G. MacCarthy, Legal Assistant prietor, the other Assistant Commissioners as- | Scranton Assistant Secretaries. sociated with him, opened their court at Claremorris on Monday, Mr. MacCarthy read a statement as to the scope and objects of the Act he was called on to adminster. There were only four cases entered for hearing. Three of these were withdrawn in consequence of the non-attendance of the applicants. These were Land League test cases. Mr. MacCarthy expressed satisfaction at learning that one solicitor had served 700 of applications under the Act that morning. After disposing of some routine business, the Commissioners adjourned The Sub-Commissioners at to Balling. Monaghan and Downpatrick also sat on Tuesday and heard several cases, but reserved judgment. The Sub-Commission at Limerick was opened by Mr. Reeves, QC, Legal Assistant Commissioner, assisted by Mr. C. O'Keeffe and Mr. Rice. The court heard evidence in a case in which a hotel proprietor in Castleconnell seeks a reduction of rent for a farm he holds from a Limerick merchant. The commissioners will visit the lands and then give judgment. One of the cases entered was referred to arbitration by consent. In another case the litigants were two parish priests. The Assistant Commissioners for the South

of Ireland took their seats in the County Court-house, Limerick, on Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, when the Chairman, Mr. Robert Reeves, Q.C., delivered judgment in the claim for a reduction of rent heard on Tuesday. The tenant was Mr. William Enright, Castleconnell, and the landlord Mr. Timothy Ryan, of Limerick. The holding contained about three and a half Irish acres near Castleconnell, at the yearly rent of £19 2s 6d. The lands had been held under a lease which lepsed about eleven years ago, and the application was to fix a fair rent. It was contended for the tenant that the land was poor and not worth more than two pounds an acre, while for the landlord it was held that the tenant had detoriated the value of the holding by systematic abuse, not manuring year after year, taking crops of meadow-ing off it. The Court, consisting of the Chairman and the two other Assistant-Commissioners, Messrs Richard Rice and Cornelius O'Keeffe, visited the farm on Tuesday and yesterday Mr. Reeves announced the unanimous declaion, fixing the fair rest at £9 11s 3s., thus reducing the yearly rent exactly one half. Notice of appeal against the decision was given.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT. THE NORMANDY HOTEL, Rue d L'Echelle.

James McNahara, Esq., 162 Monufacturer Street,

St. Gabriel Village. Montreal: Dear Sir,-I am duly in receipt of your esteemed favor of Oct. 21 containing draft value £24 12: 0d from the St. Gabriel Branch of the I. N. Lund League.

Please accept on your own behalf, and convey to the various officers and members of your branch, my warmest thanks for their practical help.

The struggle in Ireland is going on most hopefully, and all our friends, both in prisen and out, feel sanguine of an early and complete victory not only for the cause of the to act officially, but a conference he had with | tenant farmer, but for the cause of Irish na-Yours faithfully,

PATRICK EGAN.

LEAGUERS AT CHICAGO.

Opening of the Irish National Convention. Chicago, Ili., Nov. 29 1881 .- Aiready about seven hundred delegates have arrived to attend the Irish National Convention, which meets at eleven a. m. to-morrow. M: the Eastern and New England deleg 'is Catholic clergymon. Among the able of the lay delegates t P. C. Collins and M. T. Donoht ton; Major Haggerty, Judge and John Devoy, of New York. West are the Mayors of Dubi Denver; Father Fauning, of Ill' Rev. Dr. Bell, a St. Louis Episcopar man, and Mayor Sheil, of Arkansas. tralian delegate is here in the person o atlar

arrived to-night. It is expected that when the Convention assemble: to-more there will be at least 1,200 delegates in at and, uco. Curcago, Nov. 30 —The Irish National Convention essembled this morning in Mc-Cormick's Hall at 12 o'clock. The hall was tastefully decorated with flags and festoons of eyergreens. The convention was called to order by John F. Finerty, of Chicago, who

McCabe, who assisted John Boyle O'hailly is

his escape from a penal settlement in Au.

tralia. Father Shochy and Mr. Healy, M.P.,

road the call. "This convention," said Mr. Finerty, "is called to show England that the 2,000,000 of Irishmon in America are ready to go as far with the Irishmen in Ircland as they were ready to go, and as much further as they were determined to go. This convention will say to England that she shall not strangle Iroland in the broad light of the civilization of the Nineteeth century. We want to say to the American people that, though we meet in behalf of Ireland, we are none the less true to America."

ORGANIZING THE CONVENTION.

General Collins took the piatform and nominated Hon. William J. Hynos of Chicago for temporary Chairman.

Mr. fignes was elected, and said that he appreciated the purpose of the convention which had marshaled representatives of all the patriotic associations of Irish in this country. He understood that the hands of their brothren on the other side were to be uplifted in their struggle. The Irish people must be recognized here, us well as at home, as capable of self-government.

Joseph B. Ronayne of Massachusetts was elected temporary Secretary, and Michael flo-gan of Pittsburg and Mayor T V Powderly of

Committees were appointed as follows: On Permanent Organiz dergast of Illinois; Judge Rooney of New York; M V Gannon of Iowa; Edward Linch of Massachusetts; Rev Dr Riley of Michigan; N J Glesson of Ohio; Patrick Dunleyv of Ponnsylvania. On Rules—William Conolly of New York; F. H. Maguire, Conada; Lawrence Harmon, Illinois; William H Campbell, Massachusetts; Joseph P Judge, Missouri; Mr Kelly, Minnosota; Mr. Sheehau, Maine.

On Credentials-Alabama, P C Hannon; Arkansas, John A Shields; California, W Mc-Garry; Colorado, J W Mulivily; Connecticut, Martin Myers; Illinois, Frank Agnew: Indiana, John F O'Beilly; Iowa, M G Griffin; Kansas, Edward Carroll; Kentucky, Llichael Minturn; Louisiana, John Fitzpatrick: Maine' E J McGillieuddy : herviene, John Ricau : Massachusette, Thomas Hateley; Michigan, John C Donally; Minnesota, Jas P Konnedy; Missouri, A. F. Brown; Nebrasko, W. Mc-Laughlin; New Hampshire; Thomas Connelly; New Jersey, James Brennan, New York, William B Wallace; Ohio, P G Elliott; Pennsylvania, Morgan Sheehy; Rhode Island, Rev J G Fox ; Tennessee, Thomas Moffat; Vermont, F W Magetry; Virginia, W H Ward; Wisconsin, Richard Burke; District of Columbia, J D O'Connor; Canada, J A Kilroy.

It was decided that no proxies should be recognized. The ladies present were voted the privilege of the platform.

Cuicago, Dec. 1.—At the Irish Convention the Rev. Dr. Betts, Episcopalian clergyman, of St. Louis, was elected president. was some objection on religious grounds, but Father Sheeky and others insisted that political and not religious matters were before the Convention. The afternoon was consumed in routine business. Over 800 delegates are

At the Irish National Convention it was decided that Canada is entitled to representa-

The Irish National Convention assembled at noon. Win. J. Hynes, of Chicago, was chosen permanent chairman.

Chicago, Dec. 3 .- The Irish Convention dopted resolutions reciting the grievances of the people of ireland, and expressing determination to aid and support the Land League. An address of sympathy and encouragement was also adopted. The Convention discussed a proposition to send an instalment of \$205,000 to Ireland.

OBITUARY.

On Thursday last Mr. John Brady, an old resident of this county, died of paralysis of the brain, aged 53 years. Deceased was born in tue county of Prescott, and came to Oxford county in the year 1847. For several years past he has been a resident of Flint. Mich, but latterly he had been a keen sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism, and was unable to attend to his business duties. The funeral of the deceased took place from the residence of his brother, James Brady, Esq., Oxford street, on Saturday morning last, and was attended by a large number of the friends and acquaintances of the deceased. Mr. Hugh Brady, of Chicago; Mr. Angus Brady, of Bothwell, and Mrs. Thomas, of Michigan, were here to take a last sad farewell of their departed brother. Deceased leaves one boy only .- Ingersoll Chronicle.